





Access to State-Funded^a Public Benefits in West Virginia for Survivors,

Based on Immigration Status^b By: Daniel Enos and Leslye E. Orloff^e (With Updates by Mary Ann McLean) May 22, 2019 (Updated March 27, 2024)

	VAWA Self- Petitioners, Battered Spouse Waivers, ¹ Lawful Permanent Residents, and Naturalized Citizens	Refugee, Asylee, T Visa, ² Afghans, ³ Ukrainians ⁴	T Visa ⁵ / Continued Presence ⁶	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) ⁷	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) ⁸	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. ⁹	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented
	Qualified	Immigrant ^d	HHS Certification		Lawfully Prese	nt	Limited Benefit	ts Eligibility ¹⁰
TANF (Cash Assistance)	VAWA: Eligible with prima facie determination,	<u>Refugee/Asylee:</u> Eligible for TANF <i>for</i>	Human trafficking victims eligible: with HHS	Not eligible. ²³	Eligible after receiving lawful permanent	Eligible after receiving lawful permanent residency, subject to	No federal eligibility. ²⁸	Not eligible. ²⁹

^a Federally funded public benefits are in non-italicized typeface and state-funded public benefits are italicized.

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^b The chart shows eligibility based on immigration status. Applicants must also meet all other program eligibility requirements, such as income/resource limits. Children and other family members included in an individual's immigration application receive the same access to public benefits as the applicant. When children qualify for federal or state public benefits, immigrant parents can file child-only benefits applications on their children's behalf. Congress exempted from the public charge ground of inadmissibility immigrant victims applying for immigration relief and lawful permanent residency through the following immigration benefits programs: VAWA self-petitioning (as defined in footnote "d"), VAWA cancellation of removal, VAWA suspension of deportation, U visas, and T visas. For technical assistance on benefits access for immigrant survivors please contact the National Immigrant Women's Advocacy Project, American University, Washington College of Law (202) 274-4457 or info@niwap.org. NIWAP would like to thank Michelle Aronowitz and Dean's Fellows Alexandra Brown and Sandeep Purewal for their work in developing these state public benefits charts.

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^d See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(a)-(c) (Qualified immigrants are: **lawful permanent residents (LPRs)**(For up-to-date details on LPR benefits eligibility see National Immigrant Law Center, Table 1, Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs (March 2023) <u>https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/</u> and NIWAP's Public Benefits Map https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/benefits-map); refugees; asylees; persons granted withholding of deportation/removal, conditional entry (as in effect prior to Apr. 1, 1980), humanitarian parolee; Cuban/Haitian entrants; and certain battered immigrants. A battered immigrant is someone who: (1)(a) has been battered or subjected to extreme cruelty in the U.S. by a U.S. citizen or LPR spouse, parent or step-parent or member of the spouse/parent/step-parent's family residing in the same household as the immigrant and the spouse/parent/step-parent consented to or acquiesced in such battery or cruelty, and there is a substantial connection between the battery or cruelty and the need for the public benefits, and (b) has been approved or has a petition or self-petition pending which sets forth a prima facie case for certain immigrant visa classifications, suspension of deportation, or cancellation of removal; or (2) is a victim of trafficking or a family member of a trafficking victim who has been granted T visa status or whose T visa application sets forth a prima facie case.). For discussion of prima facie determinations by immigration judges in suspension of deportation and cancellation of removal cases for battered immigrants, see OFFICE OF THE CHIEF IMMIGRATION JUDGE, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, OPERATING POLICY AND PROCEDURE MEMORANDUM 97-9; MOTIONS FOR "PRIMA FACIE" DETERMINATION AND VERIFICATION REQUESTS FOR BATTERED SPOUSES AND CHILDREN, http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/prima-facie-verification-requests/ (last visited Mar. 2, 2018).

Naturalized Image: Citizens	
Subject to five-year har for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996 ¹¹ (may be subject to determination, eligible subject to five-year bar for decensing). ¹² Syears regardless of date of entry. ¹² (may be subject to determination, eligible under the Victime Trafficking and Vicine e Protection determination, eligible to the subject to determination, eligible subject to five-year bar for determination, eligible to the subject to determination, eligible subject to five-year bar for determination, eligible to the subject to determination, eligible subject to five-year bar for determination, eligible subject to five-year bar for determination, eligible subject to five-year bar for determination, eligible to the sume extent as refugees and thus are eligible to determination; fixed etermination; fixed	

Child Careasyles or refugees are are qualified immigrants where are qualified immigrants elighb for Child Care bro child care. for Child Care bro child care. for Child Caresettings subject o immigrants, where immigrants, where <th></th> <th>VAWA Self- Petitioners, Battered Spouse Waivers,¹ Lawful Permanent Residents, and Naturalized Citizens Children with prima</th> <th>Refugee, Asylee, T Visa,² Afghans, ³ Ukrainians ⁴ Children who are</th> <th>T Visa⁵/ Continued Presence⁶ Human trafficking</th> <th>Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA)⁷ Eligible for</th> <th>Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS)⁸ Eligible for CCDF-</th> <th>U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval.⁹ Eligible for CCDF-</th> <th>U Visa Applicants Eligible for CCDF-</th> <th>Undocumented Eligible for</th>		VAWA Self- Petitioners, Battered Spouse Waivers, ¹ Lawful Permanent Residents, and Naturalized Citizens Children with prima	Refugee, Asylee, T Visa, ² Afghans, ³ Ukrainians ⁴ Children who are	T Visa ⁵ / Continued Presence ⁶ Human trafficking	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) ⁷ Eligible for	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) ⁸ Eligible for CCDF-	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. ⁹ Eligible for CCDF-	U Visa Applicants Eligible for CCDF-	Undocumented Eligible for
bar for those who	Child Care	facie determination and child lawful permanent residents are qualified immigrants eligible for Child Care Development Fund (CCDF)-funded child care. ³⁰ TANF-funded childcare subject to five-year bar for immigrants who entered on or after August 22, 1996. ³¹ <u>Naturalized citizens:</u> Eligible without restrictions. ³² <i>In WV, VAWA self-</i> <i>petitioners with</i> <i>prima facie</i> <i>determinations and</i> <i>lawful permanent</i> <i>residents who are</i> <i>battered immigrants</i> <i>are eligible for</i> <i>TANF-funded child</i> <i>care without regard</i>	 <u>asylees or refugees</u> are eligible for CCDF-funded child care. Eligible for TANF-funded child care for five years.³⁴ <u>T visa</u>: Eligible for CCDF-funded child care and TANF-funded child care under the Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000 to the same extent as refugees.³⁵ Children who are T visa holders or applicants with prima facie (bona fide) determination are eligible for CCDF-funded child care.³⁶ They are also eligible for TANF-funded child care subject to five-year bar for those who entered on or after August 22, 	victims with an HHS Certification (based on continued presence or a bona fide determination on a T visa application) or an HHS eligibility determination (under 18) are eligible for CCDF-funded child care and TANF-funded child care. ³⁸ Family members with T visa status eligible for CCDF- funded child care and TANF-funded child care, no need for HHS Certification or eligibility	CCDF-funded child care open to all immigrants, when: (1) Child care is provided in settings subject to public educational standards, including public or private pre- kindergarten or public and private child care provided after school or during school holidays; (2) Child care is subject to Head Start performance standards; or (3) Eligibility for child care services is determined by a nonprofit	funded child care open to all immigrants, when: (1) Child care is provided in settings subject to public educational standards, including public or private pre-kindergarten or public and private child care provided after school or during school holidays; (2) Childcare is subject to Head Start performance standards; or (3) Eligibility for child care services is determined by a nonprofit charitable organization. ⁴¹ Upon receiving lawful permanent residency, eligible as for CCDF-funded child care. ⁴² Also eligible for TANF- funded child care subject to five- year	funded child care open to all immigrants, when: (1) Child care is provided in settings subject to public educational standards, including public or private pre- kindergarten or public and private child care provided after school or during school holidays; (2) Childcare is subject to Head Start performance standards; or (3) Eligibility for child care services is determined by a nonprofit charitable organization. ⁴⁴ Upon receiving lawful permanent residency, eligible as for CCDF- funded child care. ⁴⁵ Also eligible for TANF- funded child care subject to five-year bar for those who entered on or after	funded child care open to all immigrants, when: (1) Child care is provided in settings subject to public educational standards, including public or private pre- kindergarten or public and private child care provided after school or during school holidays; (2) Child care is subject to Head Start performance standards; or (3) Eligibility for child care services is determined by a nonprofit charitable	CCDF-funded child care open to all immigrants, when: (1) Child care is provided in settings subject to public educational standards, including public or private pre- kindergarten or public and private child care provided after school or during school holidays; (2) Child care is subject to Head Start performance standards; or (3) Eligibility for child care services is determined by a nonprofit charitable

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Child Care					entered on or after August 22, 1996. ⁴³			
SNAP (Food Stamps) ⁴⁹	Eligible with VAWA prima facie determination or lawful permanent residence, subject to an additional condition, e.g.: five years residency, younger than 18, elderly, (if lawfully residing in the U.S. on 8/22/96 disabled, or if Lawful Permanent Resident	Refugee/Asylee: Eligible with no time limitations. ⁵² <u>T visa:</u> Eligible with prima facie (bona fide) determination on T visa application, subject to an additional condition (e.g., five-years residency, under 18, elderly, or disabled). ⁵³ Also eligible under the Trafficking	Human trafficking victims are eligible: with an HHS Certification (based on continued presence or a bona fide determination on a T visa application) or with an HHS eligibility determination (under 18). ⁵⁵	Not eligible.	Eligible upon receiving lawful permanent residency, subject to an additional condition, ⁵⁸ e.g.: under 18, ⁵⁹ five years residency, ⁶⁰ 40 qualifying work quarters, ⁶¹ or disabled. ⁶²	Eligible upon receiving lawful permanent residency, subject to an additional condition, ⁶³ e.g.: under 18, ⁶⁴ five years residency, ⁶⁵ 40 qualifying work quarters, ⁶⁶ elderly, ⁶⁷ or disabled. ⁶⁸	Not eligible.	Not eligible.

	VAWA Self- Petitioners, Battered Spouse Waivers, ¹ Lawful Permanent Residents, and Naturalized Citizens	Refugee, Asylee, T Visa, ² Afghans, ³ Ukrainians ⁴	T Visa ⁵ / Continued Presence ⁶	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) ⁷	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) ⁸	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. ⁹	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented
SNAP	with 40 quarters of work credit. ⁵⁰ <u>Naturalized citizens:</u> Eligible without restrictions. ⁵¹	Victims Protection Act to the same extent as refugees. ⁵⁴	Family members with T visa status eligible without HHS certification or eligibility determination. ⁵⁶ These human trafficking victims are eligible to the same extent as refugees and thus are eligible with no additional conditions. ⁵⁷					
The Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children (WIC)	education for low-inco regard to immigration meet the WIC residen- eligible based on parti In West Virginia appli	ome pregnant, breastfeedin status or naturalized citize cy requirement. ⁷⁰ Applicar cipation in certain program	ng, and non-breastfeedi enship. ⁶⁹ Applicants m ints must also have an in ins (TANF, SNAP bence WIC office(s) in the con	ng postpartum won nust live in the state ncome at or below efits, Medicaid). ⁷¹ <i>unty in which they</i>	nen, and to infants and o in which they apply, bu an income level or stand reside. ⁷² The income ela	States for supplemental foo children up to age five who a at are not required to live the dard set by the State agency o <i>igibility requirement for a pa</i>	re found to be at nutrit re for a certain amount or be determined autom	ional risk, without of time in order to natically income-
Purchase Health Insurance on Exchanges ^e	Eligible with VAWA prima facie determination facie determination, ⁷⁴ as a	<u>Refugee:</u> Eligible. ⁷⁷ <u>Asylee</u> : Eligible; applicants eligible if	Human trafficking victims eligible: with an HHS Certification	Not eligible. ⁸³	Eligible upon filing SIJS application. ⁸⁴	Eligible upon U visa, bona fide determination, ⁸⁵ or wait list approval. ⁸⁶	Not eligible. ⁸⁷	Not eligible. ⁸⁸

^e Under the Affordable Care Act, in "mixed status" households, each family member may have different eligibility for exchanges and subsidies. NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS: THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT & MIXED-STATUS FAMILIES (rev. 2014), <u>https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/11/FAQ-ACA-and-mixed-status-families-2014-12-1.pdf</u>.

	VAWA Self- Petitioners, Battered Spouse Waivers, ¹ Lawful Permanent Residents, and Naturalized Citizens	Refugee, Asylee, T Visa, ² Afghans, ³ Ukrainians ⁴	T Visa ⁵ / Continued Presence ⁶	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) ⁷	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) ⁸	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. ⁹	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented
Health Care Exchanges	lawful permanent resident, ⁷⁵ or naturalized citizen. ⁷⁶	granted work authorization; applicants under 14 eligible if application pending at least 180 days. ⁷⁸ <u>T visa:</u> Eligible with prima facie (bona fide) determination on T visa application. ⁷⁹	 (based on continued presence or a bona fide determination on a T visa application), or with an HHS eligibility determination (under 18).⁸⁰ Family members with T visa status eligible without HHS certification or eligibility determination.⁸¹ These human trafficking victims are eligible to the same extent as refugees and thus are eligible regardless of date of entry.⁸² 					
Child Health Insurance Program (CHIP) ⁸⁹	Eligible with VAWA prima facie determination or lawful permanent residence if arrived prior to August 22, 1996 and subject to five-year bar for those who arrived	Refugee/Asylee: Eligible, exempt from five-year bar. ⁹³ <u>T visa</u> : with HHS certification or eligibility determination, immediately eligible under the Victims of	Human trafficking victims are eligible with an HHS certification (based on continued presence or a bona fide determination on a T visa application) or eligibility	Eligible for emergency Medicaid regardless of immigration status. ¹⁰¹	Eligible upon receiving lawful permanent residency, subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996. ¹⁰²	If entered prior to August 22, 1996, eligible upon attaining lawful permanent residency. ¹⁰⁴ If arrived on or after August 22, 1996, eligible upon receiving lawful permanent residency, but subject to five-year bar. ¹⁰⁵	Eligible for emergency Medicaid regardless of immigration status. ¹⁰⁸	Eligible for emergency Medicaid regardless of immigration status. ¹⁰⁹

	VAWA Self- Petitioners, Battered Spouse Waivers, ¹ Lawful Permanent Residents, and Naturalized Citizens	Refugee, Asylee, T Visa, ² Afghans, ³ Ukrainians ⁴	T Visa ⁵ / Continued Presence ⁶	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) ⁷	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) ⁸	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. ⁹	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented
CHIP	on or after August 22, 1996. ⁹⁰ Naturalized citizens eligible. ⁹¹ <i>In West Virginia,</i> <i>lawfully present</i> <i>children and</i> <i>pregnant children</i> <i>(including VAWA</i> <i>self-petitioners,</i> <i>children included in</i> <i>VAWA self-</i> <i>petitions, and all</i> <i>lawful permanent</i> <i>residents) are</i> <i>eligible for medical</i> <i>assistance.</i> ⁹²	Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000 to the same extent as refugees. ⁹⁴ <u>T visa holders and T visa applicants</u> with prima facie (bona fide) determinations eligible as qualified immigrants, subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996. ⁹⁵ <i>In West Virginia,</i> <i>lawfully present</i> <i>children and pregnant</i> <i>children (including</i> <i>refugees, asylees and</i> <i>T visa applicants with</i> <i>prima facie</i> <i>determinations) are</i> <i>eligible for medical</i> <i>assistance.</i> ⁹⁶	determination (under 18). ⁹⁷ Family members with T visa status are eligible without HHS Certification or eligibility determination. ⁹⁸ These human trafficking victims are eligible to the same extent as refugees and are exempt from five- year bar. ⁹⁹ In West Virginia, lawfully present children and pregnant children (including T visa applicants with prima facie determination T visa and continued presence) are eligible for medical assistance. ¹⁰⁰		In West Virginia, lawfully present children and pregnant children (including children who have filed SIJS applications) are eligible for medical assistance. ¹⁰³	In West Virginia, lawfully present children and pregnant children (including U visa holders and U visa applicants based on a bona fide determination ¹⁰⁶ or wait- list approvals) are eligible for medical assistance. ¹⁰⁷		
Full-Scope Medicaid ¹¹⁰	Eligible with VAWA prima facie determination or lawful permanent	<u>Refugee/Asylee</u> : Eligible <i>for seven</i> years from date of	Human trafficking victims are eligible to the same extent as refugees and are	Eligible for emergency Medicaid regardless of	Eligible for emergency Medicaid regardless	Eligible for emergency Medicaid regardless of immigration status. ¹²⁸	Eligible for emergency Medicaid regardless of	Eligible for emergency Medicaid regardless of

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Full-Scope Medicaid	residence if arrived prior to August 22, 1996 and subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996. ¹¹¹ Naturalized citizens eligible. ¹¹² Eligible for emergency Medicaid regardless of immigration or citizenship status. ¹¹³ <i>In West Virginia,</i> <i>VAWA self-</i> <i>petitioners with</i> <i>prima facie</i> <i>determinations are</i> <i>eligible for medical</i> <i>assistance without</i> <i>regard to their date</i> <i>of entry.</i> ¹¹⁴ <i>In West Virginia, as</i> <i>lawfully present</i> <i>persons (including</i> <i>VAWA self-</i> <i>petitioners with</i> <i>prima facie</i> <i>determination and</i> <i>lawfully present</i> <i>persons (including</i> <i>VAWA self-</i> <i>petitioners with</i> <i>prima facie</i> <i>determination and</i> <i>lawful permanent</i> <i>residents) are</i>	entry exempt from five-year bar. ¹¹⁶ <u>T visa:</u> with HHS certification or eligibility determination, immediately eligible under the Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000 to the same extent as refugees for seven years. ¹¹⁷ <u>T visa holders and T visa applicants</u> with prima facie (bona fide) determinations eligible as qualified immigrants, subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996. ¹¹⁸ <i>In West Virginia, lawfully present persons (including refugees, asylees and T visa applicants with bona fide determinations) are eligible for medical assistance while pregnant.¹¹⁹</i>	exempt from the five-year bar with an HHS Certification (based on continued presence or a bona fide determination on a T visa application) or eligibility determination (under 18). ¹²⁰ Family members with T visa status eligible without HHS Certification or eligibility determination. ¹²¹ Eligible for emergency Medicaid regardless of immigration status. ¹²² <i>In West Virginia,</i> <i>as lawfully present</i> <i>persons (including</i> <i>T visa applicants</i> <i>with bona fide</i> <i>determinations and</i> <i>trafficking victims</i> <i>with continued</i> <i>presence) are</i>	immigration status. ¹²⁴	of immigration status. ¹²⁵ Eligible after receiving lawful permanent residency, subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996. ¹²⁶ <i>In West Virginia,</i> <i>lawfully present</i> <i>persons (including</i> <i>SIJS applicants) are</i> <i>eligible for medical</i> <i>assistance while</i> <i>pregnant.</i> ¹²⁷	If entered prior to August 22, 1996, eligible upon attaining lawful permanent residency. ¹²⁹ If arrived on or after August 22, 1996, eligible upon receiving lawful permanent residency, subject to five-year bar. ¹³⁰ <i>In West Virginia,</i> <i>lawfully present persons</i> <i>(including U visa holders and U visa applicants with deferred action based on a bona fide</i> <i>determination</i> ¹³¹ or wait- <i>list approvals) are</i> <i>eligible for medical</i> <i>assistance while</i> <i>pregnant.</i> ¹³²	immigration status. ¹³³	immigration status. ¹³⁴

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Medicaid	eligible for medical assistance while pregnant. ¹¹⁵		eligible for medical assistance while pregnant. ¹²³						
Victims of Crime Act (VOCA) Compensation Family Medical Leave Act – State	lost wages, counseling status or naturalized ci	he Victims of Crime Act provides compensation to crime victims for costs associated with the crime victimization. Costs covered by VOCA include compensation for medical bills, st wages, counseling sessions, crime scene clean up, and reimbursement for many other expenses. VOCA compensation is available to crime victims without regard to immigration atus or naturalized citizenship. ¹³⁵							
Law Education- Federal Benefits: Federal Student Aid, Grants and Loans ¹³⁷ FAFSA	VAWAs with prima facie determinations and all lawful permanent residents, eligible. ¹³⁸ Naturalized citizens, eligible. ¹³⁹	Refugees, Asylees, and T visa holders or T visa applicants with prima facie (bona fide) determination, an HHS Certification or eligibility letter are eligible for federal student aid. ¹⁴⁰	Human trafficking victims eligible: with an HHS Certification (based on continued presence or a bona fide determination on a T visa application), or with an HHS eligibility determination (under 18), and family members with T visa status, are eligible for federal student aid. ¹⁴¹	Not eligible for federal student aid. ¹⁴²	Eligible for federal student aid upon receipt of lawful permanent residency. ¹⁴³	Eligible for federal student aid upon receipt of lawful permanent residency. ¹⁴⁴	Not eligible for federal student aid.	Not eligible for federal student aid.	
Education- State Law	All children, without regard to immigration status or citizenship are eligible to attend public elementary and secondary (K-12) schools. State schools may not request citizenship or immigration status information and may not bar students from enrolling in public elementary or secondary schools based on the citizenship or immigration status of the student, their parent or their guardian. ¹⁴⁵ Eligible to apply for and enroll in state funded colleges and universities without regard to immigration status. ¹⁴⁶ In West Virginia, immigrant students domiciled in the state are eligible for in-state tuition and access to institutional aid and scholarships if they are lawful permanent residents, asylees, refugees, U & T visa holders, or immigrants with pending applications for lawful permanent residency (including VAWA self-petitioners, and SIJS recipient children). ¹⁴⁷								

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Supplemental Security Income (SSI) ¹⁴⁸	Eligible with VAWA prima facie determination or lawful permanent residence if received SSI on August 22, 1996, or lawfully residing in the U.S. as of that date and now disabled. ¹⁴⁹ May also be eligible with a prima facie determination if currently receiving SSI based on an application filed before 1979. ¹⁵⁰ Eligible upon receiving lawful permanent residency if credited with 40 quarters of work, ¹⁵¹ subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996. ¹⁵² Naturalized citizens, eligible. ¹⁵³	Refugees/Asylees: InWV, Eligible with aseven-year limit.154Trafficking victims:Eligible under theVictims ofTrafficking andViolence ProtectionAct of 2000 to thesame extent asrefugees.155T visa156:Eligible as aqualified immigrantwith prima facie (bonafide) determination onT visa application ifreceiving SSI onAugust 22, 1996, orlawfully residing inthe U.S. as of that dateand now disabled.157May also be eligible ifcurrently receiving SSIbased on anapplication filedbefore 1979.158	Human trafficking victims: with an HHS Certification (based on continued presence or a bona fide determination on a T visa application) or with an HHS eligibility determination (under 18), or family members with T visa status (no need for HHS certification or eligibility determination) are eligible to the same extent as refugees. ¹⁵⁹	Not eligible.	Eligible upon receiving lawful permanent residency if credited with 40 quarters of work, ¹⁶⁰ subject to five-year bar, for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996. ¹⁶¹	Eligible upon receiving lawful permanent residency if: credited with 40 quarters of work ¹⁶² subject to five- year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996; or if receiving SSI as of August 22, 1996; or if lawfully residing in U.S. as of that date and now disabled. ¹⁶³ Lawful permanent residents may also be eligible if currently receiving SSI based on an application filed before 1979. ¹⁶⁴	Not eligible. ¹⁶⁵	Not eligible. ¹⁶⁶
Driver's License ¹⁶⁷	Under the REAL ID A agency for official pur satisfactory evidence of Verification for Entitle	Not eli	gible.					

	VAWA Self- Petitioners, Battered Spouse Waivers, ¹ Lawful Permanent Residents, and Naturalized Citizens	Refugee, Asylee, T Visa, ² Afghans, ³ Ukrainians ⁴	T Visa ⁵ / Continued Presence ⁶	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) ⁷	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) ⁸	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. ⁹	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented
Driver's License	Process" and consider West Virginia requires • Two forms s • Proof of leg • Ac Er vis • Proof of Soc	ccepted proof includes: I-5	tion for issuance of a a dency 51 Alien Registration Form I-94 , Valid re-en ttes (including U and T	lriver's license. ¹⁷³ Card, a valid Temp ntry permit Form I- ^r visas), Employma	The following document porary I-551 stamp in a j 327, I-94 with proper re ent Authorization Docum	tation is required ¹⁷⁴ : foreign passport (with efugee or asylee marking, a ment ¹⁷⁵		
Professional & Occupational Licenses Housing, Health, and Other Services Necessary to Protect Life or Safety	occupational license Certain federally assis citizenship and may ne term shelter or transiti abandoned children; c protective services, or assistance (e.g., WIC) or safety; activities de conditions. ¹⁷⁸ <i>In West Virginia, Deph</i> <i>homeless, and homele</i>	es including whether or ted programs providing se ot withhold those services onal housing for the home risis counseling and interv violence and abuse prever ; medical and public health signed to protect the life o	not work authorizati rvices necessary to pro- based on immigration less, or for victims of e ention programs; servi- ntion; soup kitchens, co n services (including for r safety of workers, ch <i>clopment administers th</i> <i>to those at risk of hom</i>	on is sufficient o otect life or safety r status. ¹⁷⁷ Program domestic abuse, sec ces and assistance ommunity food bar oderally qualified h ildren and youths, the Emergency Solu- base construction of the second the entergency Solu- tage construction of the second the second of the second of the second of the second the second of the second of the second of the second of the second the second of the second of t	r required. nust make those services s considered necessary f cual assault, stalking, da relating to victims of do aks, senior nutrition prog ealth centers); mental he or community residents; tions Grant (ESG) and p Virginia's Office of Eco	s or policies regarding im s available without regard to for the protection of life or sa ting violence, or human traff mestic violence or other crir grams and other nutritional p ealth, disability, or substance programs to help individual provides street outreach, she nomic Opportunity provides	immigration status or n afety include, but are no ficking, or for runaway, ninal activity, child pro rograms for persons rea abuse assistance neces s during periods of adv <i>lter, and rapid re-hous</i>	naturalized ot limited to: short , abused or tection, adult quiring special ssary to protect life erse weather <i>ing services to the</i>

	VAWA Self- Petitioners, Battered Spouse Waivers, ¹ Lawful Permanent Residents, and Naturalized Citizens	Refugee, Asylee, T Visa, ² Afghans, ³ Ukrainians ⁴	T Visa ⁵ / Continued Presence ⁶	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) ⁷	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) ⁸	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. ⁹	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented
Public and Assisted ¹⁸¹ Housing ¹⁸² and Low-Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC) Housing ¹⁸³	VAWA Self- Petitioners Eligible. Upon filing VAWA self-petition, applicant cannot be denied HUD public or assisted housing unless and until a final determination of ineligibility. ¹⁸⁴ USDA rental housing follows HUD procedures for processing VAWA self-petitions, ¹⁸⁵ so should be eligible for all USDA rental housing unless and until a final determination of ineligibility. Regardless of immigration status, eligible for USDA Section 515 Rural Rental Housing (without Rental Assistance), ¹⁸⁶ and USDA Section 514/516 Farm Labor Housing if immediate family member of eligible tenant. ¹⁸⁷	Refugee/Asylee, T visa holder or T visa applicant with prima facie (bona fide) determination eligible for: HUD public and assisted housing; ¹⁹⁶ USDA Section 515 Rural Rental Housing; ¹⁹⁷ USDA Section 521 Rural Rental Assistance; ¹⁹⁸ USDA Section 514/516 Farm Labor Housing if immediate family member ¹⁹⁹ or remaining household member ²⁰⁰ of eligible domestic farm laborer. Upon receiving lawful permanent residency USDA Section 514/516 Farm Labor Housing. ²⁰¹ <i>In West Virginia, may be eligible to live in Low Income Housing Tax Credit property.²⁰²</i>	Human trafficking victims with an HHS Certification (based on continued presence or a bona fide determination on a T visa application), or with an HHS eligibility determination (under 18), and family members with T visa status (no need for HHS certification or eligibility determination), ²⁰³ are eligible for: HUD public and assisted housing ²⁰⁴ and USDA rental housing. ²⁰⁵ In West Virginia, may be eligible to live in Low Income Housing Tax Credit property. ²⁰⁶	Eligible for USDA Section 515 Rural Rental Housing (without Rental Assistance), ²⁰⁷ and Section 514/516 Farm Labor Housing if immediate family member of eligible domestic farm laborer. ²⁰⁸ <i>In West</i> <i>Virginia, may</i> <i>be eligible to</i> <i>live in Low</i> <i>Income</i> <i>Housing Tax</i> <i>Credit</i> <i>property.</i> ²⁰⁹	Eligible for USDA Section 515 Rural Rental Housing (without Rental Assistance), ²¹⁰ and Section 514/516 Farm Labor Housing if immediate family member of eligible domestic farm laborer. ²¹¹ Upon receiving lawful permanent residency, ²¹² eligible for HUD ²¹³ and USDA ²¹⁴ rental housing. ²¹⁵ <i>In West Virginia,</i> <i>may be eligible to</i> <i>live in Low Income</i> <i>Housing Tax Credit</i> <i>property.</i> ²¹⁶	Eligible for USDA Section 515 Rural Rental Housing (without Rental Assistance), ²¹⁷ and Section 514/516 Farm Labor Housing if immediate family member of eligible domestic farm laborer. ²¹⁸ Upon receiving lawful permanent residency, ²¹⁹ eligible for HUD ²²⁰ and USDA ²²¹ rental housing. ²²² <i>In West Virginia, may be</i> <i>eligible to live in Low</i> <i>Income Housing Tax</i> <i>Credit property.</i> ²²³	Eligible for USDA Section 515 Rural Rental Housing (without Rental Assistance), ²²⁴ and Section 514/516 Farm Labor Housing if immediate family member of eligible domestic farm laborer. ²²⁵ <i>In West Virginia,</i> <i>may be eligible to</i> <i>live in Low Income</i> <i>Housing Tax</i> <i>Credit property.</i> ²²⁶	Eligible for USDA Section 515 Rural Rental Housing (without Rental Assistance), ²²⁷ and Section 514/516 Farm Labor Housing if immediate family member of eligible domestic farm laborer. ²²⁸ <i>In West Virginia,</i> <i>may be eligible to</i> <i>live in Low</i> <i>Income Housing</i> <i>Tax Credit</i> <i>property.</i> ²²⁹

	VAWA Self- Petitioners, Battered Spouse Waivers, ¹ Lawful Permanent Residents, and Naturalized Citizens	Refugee, Asylee, T Visa, ² Afghans, ³ Ukrainians ⁴	T Visa ⁵ / Continued Presence ⁶	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) ⁷	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) ⁸	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. ⁹	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented
Public and Assisted Housing and LIHTC	Upon filing self- VAWA self- petition, remaining household member of eligible domestic farm laborer eligible to continue to occupy USDA Section 514/516 Farm Labor Housing unit. ¹⁸⁸ Lawful permanent residents are eligible for public and assisted housing ¹⁸⁹ and for USDA Section 514/516 Farm Lab or Housing; ¹⁹⁰ USDA Section 521 Rural Rental							
	Assistance. ¹⁹¹ Naturalized citizens are eligible for public and assisted housing ¹⁹² and for USDA Section 514/516 Farm Lab or Housing; ¹⁹³ USDA Section 521 Rural Rental Assistance. ¹⁹⁴							

	VAWA Self- Petitioners, Battered Spouse Waivers, ¹ Lawful Permanent Residents, and Naturalized Citizens	Refugee, Asylee, T Visa, ² Afghans, ³ Ukrainians ⁴	T Visa ⁵ / Continued Presence ⁶	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) ⁷	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) ⁸	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. ⁹	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented	
Public and Assisted Housing and LIHTC	In West Virginia, may be eligible to live in Low Income Housing Tax Credit property. ¹⁹⁵								
Income Tax Credits	<u>Child Tax Credit</u> : Immigrants with social security numbers or Individual Taxpayer Identification Numbers (ITINs) who care for dependent children under the age of 17 are eligible to claim a child tax credit on their income taxes. ²³⁰ A qualifying child must be a citizen, national, or resident of the U.S with an SSN or an Individual Taxpayer Identification Number (ITIN). ²³¹ Immigrants eligible to receive social security numbers include naturalized citizens, lawful permanent residents, refugees, asylees, and VAWA self-petitioners, T visa applicants with bona fide determinations, and wait-list approved U visa applicants once they are granted work authorization. Any immigrant without regard to immigration status can obtain an ITIN. ²³²								
	 <u>Child and Dependent Care Tax Credit:</u> Immigrants with social security numbers or Individual Taxpayer Identification Numbers (ITINs) can claim a child or dependent care tax credit on their income taxes when they care for— A dependent child under the age of 13, A spouse who is unable to physically or mentally care for themselves, or An individual who is unable to care for themselves, mentally or physically who has lived with the taxpayer for at least six months.²³³ The child or dependent must have a social security number or ITIN.²³⁴ Immigrants eligible to receive social security numbers include naturalized citizens, lawful permanent residents, refugees, asylees, and VAWA self-petitioners, T visa applicants with bona fide determinations and wait-list approved U visa applicants once they are granted work authorization. Any immigrant without regard to immigration status can obtain an ITIN.²³⁵ 								
Earned Income Tax Credit (EITC)	VAWA self- petitioners, lawful permanent residents, and naturalized citizens who ²³⁶ : have been granted work authorization or who are granted lawful permanent residency, have lived in the U.S. for at least 183 days during the tax year, ²³⁷ have a	Refugees, asylees, asylum applicants, and T visa holders with work authorization or lawful permanent residency who: have lived in the U.S. for at least 183 days during the tax year, ²⁴¹ have a social security number valid for work, ²⁴² and have earned income during the tax year ²⁴³ are eligible for the	Recipients of T visa bona fide determinations or continued presence who: are granted work authorization, have lived in the U.S. for at least 183 days during the tax year, ²⁴⁵ have a social security number valid for work, ²⁴⁶ and have	DACA applicants who: are granted work authorization, have lived in the U.S. for at least 183 days during the tax year, ²⁴⁹ have a social security number valid for work, ²⁵⁰ and have	SIJS recipients granted lawful permanent residency who: have lived in the U.S. at least 183 days during the tax year, ²⁵³ have a social security number valid for work, ²⁵⁴ and have earned income during the tax year ²⁵⁵ are eligible	Once granted lawful permanent residency ^a or work authorization U visa holders and U visa applicants with deferred action (based on bona fide determinations or wait-list approval) who have lived in the U.S. for six months, a who have a social security number valid for work, a and who are earning income	Not eligible.	Not eligible.	

	VAWA Self- Petitioners, Battered Spouse Waivers, ¹ Lawful Permanent Residents, and Naturalized Citizens	Refugee, Asylee, T Visa, ² Afghans, ³ Ukrainians ⁴	T Visa ⁵ / Continued Presence ⁶	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) ⁷	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) ⁸	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. ⁹	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented
EITC	social security number valid for work, ²³⁸ and have earned income during the tax year ²³⁹ are eligible for the earned income tax credit (EITC). ²⁴⁰	earned income tax credit (EITC). ²⁴⁴	earned income during the tax year ²⁴⁷ are eligible for the earned income tax credit (EITC). ²⁴⁸	earned income during the tax year ²⁵¹ are eligible for the earned income tax credit (EITC). ²⁵²	for the earned income tax credit (EITC). ²⁵⁶	are eligible for the earned income tax credit (EITC). ^a		
Legal Services ²⁵⁷	An immigrant who (or whose child) is battered or subjected to extreme cruelty ²⁵⁸ inside or outside of the United States ²⁵⁹ is eligible for legal assistance from Legal Services	Refugee/Asylee: Refugees and Asylees are eligible for legal assistance on any matter the Legal Services Corporation (LSC)-funded agency handles. ²⁷⁰ <u>T visa:</u>	An immigrant victim of severe forms of human trafficking with (or seeking) HHS Certification, ²⁷⁷ and family members with (or applying for) T visa status, ²⁷⁸ are	A DACA recipient who is (or whose child is) battered or subjected to extreme cruelty, ²⁸³ or is a victim of	Eligible for LSC- funded legal assistance when the child has suffered battering or extreme cruelty, ²⁹¹ or sexual assault or trafficking in the U.S., ²⁹² on matters related to the abuse. ²⁹³	An immigrant who has (or whose child has) been granted, applied for, or qualifies to apply for U visa status and a family member eligible to apply for U visa status ³⁰⁰ is eligible for legal assistance from Legal	An immigrant who has (or whose child has) applied for, or qualifies to apply for U visa status and a family member eligible to apply for U visa status ³⁰⁹ is eligible for legal assistance	An immigrant victim who is (or whose child is), battered or subjected to extreme cruelty, ³¹⁶ or is a victim of sexual assault or trafficking in the

	VAWA Self- Petitioners, Battered Spouse Waivers, ¹ Lawful Permanent Residents, and Naturalized Citizens	Refugee, Asylee, T Visa, ² Afghans, ³ Ukrainians ⁴	T Visa ⁵ / Continued Presence ⁶	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) ⁷	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) ⁸	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. ⁹	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented
Legal Services	Corporation (LSC)- funded agencies on matters related to the abuse. ²⁶⁰ Eligible for legal assistance on any matter the LSC- funded agency handles upon receiving lawful permanent resident status, ²⁶¹ or spouses, parents, and unmarried children under age 21 of U.S. citizens ²⁶² become eligible for full representation on any matter upon filing an application for lawful permanent residency. ²⁶³ Lawful permanent residency. ²⁶⁴ and naturalized citizens ²⁶⁵ are eligible for full representation. Eligible for Office of Violence Against	An immigrant who has been (or whose child has been) a victim of trafficking in the U.S, including a T visa holder, ²⁷¹ is eligible for legal assistance on any matter the LSC- funded agency handles. ²⁷² Eligible for Office of Violence Against Women funded Legal Assistance ²⁷³ for victims of domestic violence, sexual assault, stalking ²⁷⁴ or dating violence. ²⁷⁵ Must be at least 11 years old. ²⁷⁶	eligible for legal assistance on any matter the LSC- funded agency handles. Eligible for Office of Violence Against Women funded Legal Assistance ²⁷⁹ for victims of domestic violence, sexual assault, stalking ²⁸⁰ or dating violence. ²⁸¹ Must be at least 11 years old. ²⁸²	sexual assault or trafficking in the U.S., ²⁸⁴ is eligible for legal services from LSC- funded agencies ²⁸⁵ on matters related to the abuse. ²⁸⁶ Eligible for Office of Violence Against Women funded Legal Assistance ²⁸⁷ for victims of domestic violence, sexual assault, stalking ²⁸⁸ or dating violence. ²⁸⁹ Must be at least 11 years old. ²⁹⁰	Eligible for legal assistance on any matter the LSC- funded agency handles upon receiving LPR status, ²⁹⁴ or, for the spouse, parent or unmarried child under 21 of a U.S. citizen, upon filing an application for LPR status. ²⁹⁵ Eligible for Office of Violence Against Women funded Legal Assistance ²⁹⁶ for victims of domestic violence, sexual assault, stalking ²⁹⁷ or dating violence. ²⁹⁸ Must be at least 11 years old. ²⁹⁹	Services Corporation (LSC)-funded agencies ³⁰¹ on matters related to the crime victimization. ³⁰² Eligible for legal assistance on any matter the LSC-funded agency handles upon receiving LPR status, ³⁰³ or, for the spouse, parent or unmarried child under 21 of a U.S. citizen, upon filing an application for LPR status. ³⁰⁴ Eligible for Office of Violence Against Women funded Legal Assistance ³⁰⁵ for victims of domestic violence, sexual assault, stalking ³⁰⁶ or dating violence. ³⁰⁷ Must be at least 11 years old. ³⁰⁸	from Legal Services Corporation (LSC)-funded agencies ³¹⁰ on matters related to the crime victimization. ³¹¹ Eligible for Office of Violence Against Women funded Legal Assistance ³¹² for victims of domestic violence, sexual assault, stalking ³¹³ or dating violence. ³¹⁴ Must be at least 11 years old. ³¹⁵	U.S., ³¹⁷ is eligible for legal services from LSC-funded agencies ³¹⁸ on matters related to the abuse. ³¹⁹ Eligible for Office of Violence Against Women funded Legal Assistance ³²⁰ for victims of domestic violence, sexual assault, stalking ³²¹ or dating violence. ³²² Must be at least 11 years old. ³²³

	VAWA Self- Petitioners, Battered Spouse Waivers, ¹ Lawful Permanent Residents, and Naturalized Citizens	Refugee, Asylee, T Visa, ² Afghans, ³ Ukrainians ⁴	T Visa ⁵ / Continued Presence ⁶	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) ⁷	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) ⁸	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. ⁹	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented
Legal Services	Women funded Legal Assistance ²⁶⁶ as a victim of domestic violence, sexual assault, stalking ²⁶⁷ or dating violence. ²⁶⁸ Must be at least 11 years old. ²⁶⁹							
Weatherization Assistance Program (WAP) and Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP)	Eligible for weatherization assistance (WAP) for families living in multi-unit dwellings, without regard to immigration status. ³²⁴ Eligible for LIHEAP heating/cooling assistance and single-family weatherization assistance upon receipt of VAWA prima facie determination, lawful permanent residence, or naturalized citizenship. ³²⁵	Eligible for weatherization assistance (WAP) for families living in multi-unit dwellings, without regard to immigration status. ³²⁶ Refugees, asylees, T visa holders, and T visa applicants with prima facie (bona fide) determination eligible for LIHEAP heating/cooling assistance and single- family weatherization assistance. ³²⁷	Eligible for weatherization assistance (WAP) for families living in multi-unit dwellings without, regard to immigration status. ³²⁸ Human trafficking victims with HHS Certification (based on continued presence or a bona fide determination on a T visa application) or with HHS eligibility determination (under 18), are considered refugees and thus are eligible for	Eligible for weatherization assistance (WAP) for families living in multi-unit dwellings, without regard to immigration status. ³³⁰	Eligible for weatherization assistance (WAP) for families living in multi-unit dwellings, without regard to immigration status. ³³¹ Eligible for LIHEAP heating/cooling assistance and single-family weatherization assistance upon receiving lawful permanent residency. ³³²	Eligible for weatherization assistance (WAP) for families living in multi-unit dwellings without, regard to immigration status. ³³³ Eligible for LIHEAP heating/cooling assistance and single- family weatherization assistance upon receiving lawful permanent residency. ³³⁴	Eligible for weatherization assistance (WAP) for families living in multi-unit dwellings, without regard to immigration status. ³³⁵	Eligible for weatherization assistance (WAP) for families living in multi-unit dwellings, without regard to immigration status. ³³⁶

	VAWA Self- Petitioners, Battered Spouse Waivers, ¹ Lawful Permanent Residents, and Naturalized Citizens	Refugee, Asylee, T Visa, ² Afghans, ³ Ukrainians ⁴	T Visa ⁵ / Continued Presence ⁶ LIHEAP	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) ⁷	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) ⁸	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. ⁹	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented
WAP and LIHEAP			heating/cooling and single-family weatherization assistance. ³²⁹					
Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Assistance ³³⁷	emergency disaster rel immediate threats to li	lief, including: search and ife, property, public health	rescue, emergency mee and safety. ³³⁸	dical care, mass ca	re and shelter, resources	ration status. These services for essential needs such as f le for households that are no	ood, water and medicin	ne, and reduction of
Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA)- Restricted Programs ³⁴⁰	Upon receipt of VAWA prima facie determination, , lawful permanent residence, or naturalized citizenship ³⁴¹ : Eligible for FEMA Assistance Programs, Individuals and Households Program (IHP), and Disaster Unemployment Assistance (DUA). ³⁴² Eligible for Emergency	FEMA Assistance Programs, Individuals and Households Program (IHP), Disaster Unemployment Assistance (DUA): open to <u>Refugees</u> , <u>Asylees</u> , <u>T visa</u> <u>applicants</u> with prima facie (bona fide) determination. ³⁴⁴ Emergency SNAP open to <u>Refugees/Asylees (no</u> five-year bar), ³⁴⁵ and <u>T</u> <u>visa applicants</u> with prima facie (bona fide) determination_ subject to five-year bar, unless	Human trafficking victims eligible: with HHS Certification (based on continued presence or a bona fide determination on a T visa application) or with HHS eligibility determination (under 18) or family members with T visa status (no need for HHS certification or eligibility determination). ³⁴⁷	Not eligible.	Upon receiving lawful permanent residency: Eligible for FEMA Assistance Programs, Individuals and Households Program (IHP), and Disaster Unemployment Assistance (DUA). ³⁴⁹ Eligible for Emergency SNAP, subject to five-year bar, unless under 18 years of age; can be credited with 40 quarters of work	Upon receiving lawful permanent residency: Eligible for FEMA Assistance Programs, Individuals and Households Program (IHP), and Disaster Unemployment Assistance (DUA). ³⁵¹ Eligible for Emergency SNAP, subject to five- year bar, unless under 18 years of age; can be credited with 40 quarters of work earned by the individual, parents, or spouse; or lawfully residing on August 22, 1996 and either receiving disability-related benefits	Upon receiving lawful permanent residency: Eligible for FEMA Assistance Programs, Individuals and Households Program (IHP), and Disaster Unemployment Assistance (DUA). ³⁵³ Eligible for Emergency SNAP, subject to five-year bar, unless under 18 years of age; can be credited with 40 quarters of	Not eligible. ³⁵⁵

	VAWA Self- Petitioners, Battered Spouse Waivers, ¹ Lawful Permanent Residents, and Naturalized Citizens	Refugee, Asylee, T Visa, ² Afghans, ³ Ukrainians ⁴	T Visa ⁵ / Continued Presence ⁶	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) ⁷	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) ⁸	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. ⁹	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented
FEMA Restricted Programs	Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP), subject to five-year bar, unless under 18, or lawfully residing on August 22, 1996 and either receiving disability-related benefits or born before Aug. 22, 1931. ³⁴³	under 18, or lawfully residing on August 22, 1996 and either receiving disability- related benefits or born before Aug. 22, 1931. ³⁴⁶	These human trafficking victims are considered refugees and thus are eligible for FEMA Assistance Programs, Individual and Households Program (IHP), Disaster Unemployment Assistance (DUA), and Emergency SNAP. ³⁴⁸		earned by the individual, parents, or spouse; or lawfully residing on August 22, 1996 and either receiving disability-related benefits or born before Aug. 22, 1931. ³⁵⁰	or born before Aug. 22, 1931. ³⁵²	work earned by the individual, parents, or spouse; or lawfully residing on August 22, 1996 and either receiving disability-related benefits or born before Aug. 22, 1931. ³⁵⁴	
Unemployment Insurance ³⁵⁶	Eligible for UI upon receipt of work authorization, lawful permanent residence, or citizenship. ³⁵⁷	Refugee: Eligible for UI upon receipt of work authorization. ³⁵⁸ Asylee: Eligible for UI upon grant receipt of work authorization. ³⁵⁹ <u>T Visa:</u> Eligible for UI upon receipt of work authorization. ³⁶⁰	Eligible for UI upon receipt of HHS certification or eligibility letter and work authorization. ³⁶¹	Eligible for UI upon receipt of work authorization. ³⁶²	Eligible for UI upon receipt of work authorization. ³⁶³	Eligible for UI upon receipt of work authorization. ³⁶⁴	Not eligible. ³⁶⁵	Not eligible. ³⁶⁶

³ Extending Government Funding and Delivering Emergency Assistance Act, Pub. L. 117-43, 135 Stat. 344, 377 (2021) (Afghans granted humanitarian parole between July 31, 2021, and September 30, 2023 — and their spouses and children, and parents or guardians of unaccompanied children granted parole after September 30, 2022 — also are eligible for federal benefits to the same extent as refugees. Eligibility for this group continues until March 31, 2023, or the end of their parole term, whichever is later.). *See* OFF. OF REFUGEE RESETTLEMENT, U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH AND HUM. SERV., *Fact Sheet: Benefits for Afghan and Iraqi Special Immigrant Visa (SIV) Holders or SQ/SI Parolees* <u>https://www.acf.hhs.gov/orr/fact-sheet/benefits-afghan-and-iraqi-special-immigrant-visa-siv-holders-or-sq/si-parolees</u> (last visited November 29, 2023) (Iraqi and Afghan special immigrant visa holders (SIV) and special immigrant parolees (who have applied for SIV status) are eligible for federal benefits to the same extent as refugees.) *See also The Administration for Children and Families Office of Refugee Resettlement Policy Letters on Public Benefits for Afghan Refugees* (November 29, 2023) <u>https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/orr-policy-letters-afghan-refugees</u> (Contains HHS Policy Letters and Fact Sheets regarding Afghan Refugees).

⁴ Department of Homeland Security, President Biden to Announce Uniting For Ukraine, a New Streamlined Process to Welcome Ukrainians Fleeing the Russian Invasion of Ukraine, DEP'T OF HOMELAND SEC. (April 21, 2022) <u>https://www.dhs.gov/news/2022/04/21/president-biden-announce-uniting-ukraine-new-streamlined-process-welcome-</u>

ukrainians (Ukrainians paroled into the U.S. between February 24, 2022, and September 30, 2023 – and their spouses and children, and parents, guardians or primary caregivers of unaccompanied children paroled into the U.S. after September 30, 2023 – are eligible for federal benefits to the same extent as refugees.); *See The Administration for Children and Families Office of Refugee Resettlement Policy Letters on Public Benefits for Ukrainian Refugees* (November 29, 2023) <u>https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/orr-policy-letters-ukrainian-refugees</u> (Contains HHS Policy Letters and Fact Sheets regarding Ukrainian Refugees).

⁵ See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b)(1) (Bona fide T visa applicants with HHS certification, trafficking victims under 18 with HHS eligibility determination, and family members with T visa status are eligible for public benefits to the same extent as refugees.); Classification for Victims of Severe Forms of Trafficking in Persons; Eligibility for "T" Nonimmigrant Status, 81 Fed. Reg. 92266, 92278 (Dec. 19, 2016) (effective Jan. 18, 2017) (to be codified at 8 C.F.R. pts. 212, 214, 245, 274); New Classification for Victims of Severe Forms of Trafficking in Persons; Eligibility for "T" Nonimmigrant Status, 67 Fed. Reg. 4784, 4789-91 (Jan. 31, 2002) (to be codified at 8 C.F.R. pt. 103), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/federal-register-new-classification/.

⁶ See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b)(1)(E)(i)(II)(bb) (Immigrants with HHS certification that their continued presence is needed to effectuate prosecution of human traffickers are eligible to receive public benefits to the same extent as refugees.); OFFICE ON TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS, U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., OTIP-FS-16-01, CERTIFICATION FOR ADULT VICTIMS OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING FACT SHEET 1 (2016), https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification%20Fact%20Posting%20%282%29.pdf.

⁷ See DACA, NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR. (last visited Mar. 2, 2018), https://www.nilc.org/issues/daca/ (DACA is "deferred action" for certain undocumented youth who came to the United States as children.).

⁸ See 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(27)(j) (Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) allows certain youth immigrant survivors of abuse, abandonment, and/or neglect by a parent to obtain legal immigration status.).

⁹ See CTR. FOR MEDICARE & MEDICAID SERV., U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., MEDICAID AND CHIP COVERAGE FOR "LAWFULLY RESIDING" CHILDREN AND PREGNANT PERSONS 2 (2010), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/pb-gov-hhslawfullyresidingmedicaid-07-01-10-also-in-qualified-immigrants/ (Upon receipt of deferred action U visa applicants are considered lawfully present.). U visa applicants receive deferred action which provides formal protection from deportation when they receive a bona fide determination or wait-list approval from U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS). See ,NIWAP, New DHS U Visa Bona Fide Policy Provides Earlier Access Deferred Action and Work Authorization To Applicants and NIWAP New Study Provides Evidence-Based Support for These New DHS Policies (June 14, 2021) <u>https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/transforming-lives-study-21.</u>

¹⁰ State benefits agencies are only allowed to ask for immigration status and social security number information for the family members who is the applicant for the benefit. *See* NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR, *Privacy Protections in Selected Federal Benefits Programs* (Feb. 21, 2018) https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2018/03/privacy-protections-fed-programs-tbl-2018.pdf (providing guidelines on what information a State may request from a parent applying on behalf of a child applicant); *see also* Anna Pohl, Hema Sarangapani, Amanda Baran, and Cecilia Olavarria, *Chapter 4.3: Barriers to Accessing Services: The Importance of Advocates Accompanying Battered Immigrants Applying for Public Benefits* (Jul. 10, 2013), <u>https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/ch4-3-importance-advocates</u>; *see also Policy Guidance Regarding Inquiries Into Citizenship, Immigration Status and Social Security Numbers In State Applications For Medicaid, State Children's Health Insurance Program (Schip), Temporary Assistance For Needy Families (Tanf), and Food Stamp Benefits, U.S. DEP'T HEALTH & HUM. SERV. (Mar. 24, 2006),* https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/pb-gov-hhsgacitizenshippolicyguidance-03-24-06.

¹¹ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c).

¹² 8 U.S.C. 1631(f) (Qualified immigrants who have been battered or subjected to extreme cruelty by a spouse, a parent or a member of the spouse's or parent's family are exempt from deeming for 12 months. The exemption from deeming may be extended if the battered immigrant obtains an order from a judge or a ruling from the U.S. Department of Homeland Security recognizing the battering or extreme cruelty the immigrant victim suffered.) (Interim Guidance on Verification of Citizenship, Qualified Alien Status and Eligibility Under Title IV of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, Att'y Gen. Order No. 2129-97, 62 Fed. Reg. 61,344, at 61,371 (Nov. 17, 1997)), https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/1997-doj-interim-guidance-

¹ VAWA self-petitioner for public benefits purposes includes: VAWA self-petitioners, battered spouse waiver applicants, applicants for relief under VAWA Cuban Adjustment Act ("VAWA CAA"), VAWA Haitian Refugee Immigration and Fairness Act ("VAWA HRIFA"), VAWA Nicaraguan and Central American Relief Act ("VAWA NACARA"), VAWA cancellation of removal, VAWA suspension of deportation, and battered spouses and children with approved I-130 visa applications filed by their abusive citizen spouse, parent or step-parent. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c); 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(51).

² See 8 U.S.C. §§ 1641(b)(2)-(3), (c)(4) (Asylees, Refugees and trafficking victims and family members of trafficking victims with T visa status or a pending T visa application setting forth a "prima facie" (bona facie) case for eligibility); Classification for Victims of Severe Forms of Trafficking in Persons; Eligibility for "T" Nonimmigrant Status, 81 Fed. Reg. 92266, 92279, 92304, 92307 (Dec. 19, 2016) (effective Jan. 18, 2017) (to be codified at 8 C.F.R. pts. 212, 214, 245, 274) (Prima facie/bona fide determinations on T visa applications are made by the Department of Homeland Security.).

benefits/. See Catherine Longville and Leslye Orloff, Public Benefits: What is "Deeming" and What Are its Exceptions, (January 13, 2015), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/deeming-fact-sheet/. Applicability of Public Charge and Deeming Rules to Immigrant Survivors and Their Children Eligible for Healthcare Subsidies, in NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (April 9, 2015), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/public-charge-deeming/

¹³ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c).

¹⁴ 8 U.S.C. 1631(f) (Qualified immigrants who have been battered or subjected to extreme cruelty by a spouse, a parent or a member of the spouse's or parent's family are exempt from deeming for 12 months. The exemption from deeming may be extended if the battered immigrant obtains an order from a judge or a ruling from the U.S. Department of Homeland Security recognizing the battering or extreme cruelty the immigrant victim suffered.) (Interim Guidance on Verification of Citizenship, Qualified Alien Status and Eligibility Under Title IV of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, Att'y Gen. Order No. 2129-97, 62 Fed. Reg. 61,344, at 61,371 (Nov. 17, 1997)), <u>http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/1997-doj-interim-guidancebenefits/</u>. See Catherine Longville and Leslye Orloff, *Public Benefits: What is "Deeming" and What Are its Exceptions*, (January 13, 2015), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/deeming-factsheet/. Applicability of Public Charge and Deeming Rules to Immigrant Survivors and Their Children Eligible for Healthcare Subsidies, in NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (April 9, 2015), <u>http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/public-charge-deeming/</u>

¹⁵ DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV, Administration for Children and Families, Office of Family Assistance, Q & A: Immigrants (August 20, 2019),

https://www.acf.hhs.gov/ofa/faq/q-immigrants. (Q2: Does the five-year bar for certain newly arrived qualified aliens apply to all federally-funded TANF benefits (e.g., including benefits that do not meet the definition of assistance)? "A service that is only available to the financially needy would not meet the AG criteria and could be provided only to otherwise eligible citizens and qualified aliens." TANF is such a program.)

¹⁶ Battered spouses or children of U.S. citizens and lawful permanent residents including VAWA self-petitioners, VAWA cancellation or removal applicants, and Battered Spouse Waiver recipients have no 5 year limitation. W VA DEP'T OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES, *WV Income Maintenance Manual, Chapter 18, Aliens, Refugees and Citizenship, B. WV Works 1. Eligible Alien* available at https://www.wvdhhr.org/bcf/policy/imm/immanualchanges/455/ch18_4.pdf (Last visited Aug 25, 2022)

¹⁷ Five year limit imposed on asylees, refugees, and human trafficking victims and other eligible immigrants. Battered spouses or children of U.S. citizens and lawful permanent residents including VAWA self-petitioners, VAWA cancellation or removal applicants, and Battered Spouse Waiver recipients have no 5 year limitation. WV DEP'T OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES, *WV Income Maintenance Manual, Chapter 18, Aliens, Refugees and Citizenship, B. WV Works 1. Eligible Alien* available at https://www.wvdhhr.org/bcf/policy/imm/immanualchanges/455/ch18_4.pdf (Last visited Aug 25, 2022); 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(b)(2)(A)(ii); 1613(b)(1). Federal eligibility for refugees and asylees extends for the first five years after attaining that status. However, if they have attained lawful permanent resident status with 40 qualifying work quarters, they will already have satisfied the five-year bar for eligibility as an LPR by the time their refugee/asylee benefit period for TANF ends. *See* 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(b)(2)(C), 1613(b)(2). Or, in some states their eligibility as a refugee or asylee continues past this five-year limit. *States can also continue to provide benefits once the mandated five year federal coverage period for refugees and asylees ends. See* Nat'l Immigration Law Ctr., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Ct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. Since refugees, and asylees and trafficking victims with continued presence or who are T visa applicants are not required under U.S. immigration laws to have a sponsor, they are not subject to sponsor deeming. *See* OFFICE OF FAMILY AssistANCE, U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., *TANF-ACF-PI-2003-03 (Deeming of Sponsor's Income and Resources to A Non-Citizen)* (April 17, 2003), <a href="htt

¹⁸ See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b)(1); Classification for Victims of Severe Forms of Trafficking in Persons; Eligibility for "T" Nonimmigrant Status, 81 Fed. Reg. 92266, 92278 (Dec. 19, 2016) (effective Jan. 18, 2017) (to be codified at 8 C.F.R. pts. 212, 214, 245, 274); New Classification for Victims of Severe Forms of Trafficking in Persons; Eligibility for 'T' Nonimmigrant Status, 67 Fed. Reg. 4784, 4789-91 (Jan. 31, 2002) (to be codified at 8 C.F.R. pt. 103), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/federal-register-new-classification/. TANF benefits for refugees are available without a five-year waiting period, but are limited to five years. However, if the refugee attains lawful permanent resident status with 40 qualifying work quarters, they will already have satisfied the five-year bar for eligibility as a lawful permanent resident by the time their refugee/asylee benefit period for TANF ends. See 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(b)(2)(B). Or, they may be eligible as a veteran and/or member of a veteran's family, for which neither the five-year bar nor the five-year time limit applies. See 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(b)(2)(C), 1613(b)(2). Or, in some states their eligibility as a refugee or asylee continues past this five-year limit. See NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table ovrw fedprogs/. Since refugees, asylees and trafficking victims with continued presence or who are T visa applicants are not required under U.S. immigration laws to have a sponsor, they are not subject to sponsor deeming. See OFFICE OF FAMILY ASSISTANCE, U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., TANF-ACF-PI-2003-03 (Deeming of Sponsor's Income and Resources to A Non-Citizen) (April 17, 2003), https://www.acf.hhs.gov/ofa/resource/policy/pi-ofa/2003/pi2003-2htm-0. ¹⁹ In effect T visa holders and T visa applicants with bona fide determinations are eligible to the same extent as refugees for the first 5 years. After 5 years T visa holders qualify for continued access as qualified immigrants will have had that status for sufficient time to have met the 5 year bar if they entered the U.S. after August 22, 1996. IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct, 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economicsupport/table ovrw fedprogs/; 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(4). An applicant with a military connection is eligible as a matter of federal law, without the five-year bar. See 8 U.S.C. § 1612(b)(2)(C), 1613(b)(2). Federal law does not require states to impose the five-year time limit to trafficking victim eligibility as a qualified immigrant. Since refugees, asylees and trafficking victims with continued presence or who are T visa applicants are not required under U.S. immigration laws to have a sponsor, they are not subject to sponsor deeming. See OFFICE OF FAMILY ASSISTANCE, U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., TANF-ACF-PI-2003-03 (Deeming of Sponsor's Income and Resources to A Non-Citizen) (April 17, 2003), https://www.acf.hhs.gov/ofa/resource/policy/piofa/2003/pi2003-2htm-0.

²⁰ OFFICE ON TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS, U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., OTIP-FS-16-01, CERTIFICATION FOR ADULT VICTIMS OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING FACT SHEET 1 (2016), https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification%20Fact%20Sheet%20Posting%20%282%29.pdf. See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS certification. Applicants under age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certification)).

²¹OFFICE ON TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS, U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., OTIP-FS-16-01, CERTIFICATION FOR ADULT VICTIMS OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING FACT SHEET 1 (2016), https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification%20Fact%20Sheet%20Posting%20%282%29.pdf. *See* 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS certification. Applicants under age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certification)). Since refugees, asylees and trafficking victims with continued presence or who are T visa applicants are not required under U.S. immigration laws to have a sponsor, they are not subject to sponsor deeming. <u>https://twww.acf.hhs.gov/ofa/resource/policy/pi-ofa/2003/pi2003-2htm-0</u>

²² OFFICE ON TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS, U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., OTIP-FS-16-01, CERTIFICATION FOR ADULT VICTIMS OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING FACT SHEET 1 (2016), https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification%20Fact%20Sheet%20Posting%20%282%29.pdf. See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b).

²³ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.

²⁴ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1). SIJS applicant with a military connection is eligible without five-year bar. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1612(b)(2)(C), 1613(b)(2).

²⁵ 8 U.S.C. 1631(f) (Qualified immigrants who have been battered or subjected to extreme cruelty by a spouse, a parent or a member of the spouse's or parent's family are exempt from deeming for 12 months. The exemption from deeming may be extended if the battered immigrant obtains an order from a judge or a ruling from the U.S. Department of Homeland Security recognizing the battering or extreme cruelty the immigrant victim suffered.) (Interim Guidance on Verification of Citizenship, Qualified Alien Status and Eligibility Under Title IV of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, Att'y Gen. Order No. 2129-97, 62 Fed. Reg. 61,344, at 61,371 (Nov. 17, 1997)). http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/1997-doj-interim-guidance-benefits/see Catherine Longville and Leslye Orloff, *Public Benefits: What is "Deeming" and What Are its Exceptions*, (January 13, 2015), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/1997-doj-interim-guidance-benefits/ See Catherine Longville and Leslye Orloff, *Public Benefits: What is "Deeming" and What Are its Exceptions*, (January 13, 2015), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/charge-deeming/. Qualified immigrants may also be exempt from deeming when they naturalize, when they can show they are credited with 40 qualifying quarters of work, when they qualify for the up to 12 month exception for indigence, or have another form of immigration status does not require sponsorship. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1631; DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERVS., OFF. OF FAM. ASSISTANCE, *TANF-ACF-PI-2003-03 (Deeming of Sponsor's Income and Resources To A Non-Citizen)*, (2003), https://www.acf.hhs.gov/ofa/resource/policy/pi-ofa/2003/pi2003-2htm-0

²⁶ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table ovrw fedprogs/. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).

²⁷ 8 U.S.C. 1631(f) (Qualified immigrants who have been battered or subjected to extreme cruelty by a spouse, a parent or a member of the spouse's or parent's family are exempt from deeming for 12 months. The exemption from deeming may be extended if the battered immigrant obtains an order from a judge or a ruling from the U.S. Department of Homeland Security recognizing the battering or extreme cruelty the immigrant victim suffered.) (Interim Guidance on Verification of Citizenship, Qualified Alien Status and Eligibility Under Title IV of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, Att'y Gen. Order No. 2129-97, 62 Fed. Reg. 61,344, at 61,371 (Nov. 17, 1997)). http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/1997-doj-interim-guidance-benefits/see Catherine Longville and Leslye Orloff, *Public Benefits: What is "Deeming" and What Are its Exceptions*, (January 13, 2015), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/deeming-fact-sheet/; *Applicability of Public Charge and Deeming Rules to Immigrant Survivors and Their Children Eligible for Healthcare Subsidies, in* NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (April 9, 2015), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/public-charge-deeming/. Qualified immigrants may also be exempt from deeming when they naturalize, when they can show they are credited with 40 qualifying quarters of work, when they qualify for the up to 12 month exception for indigence, or have another form of immigraiton status does not require sponsorship. 8 U.S.C. § 1631; DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERVS., OFF. OF FAM. ASSISTANCE, *TANF-ACF-PI-2003-03 (Deeming of Sponsor's Income and Resources To A Non-Citizen)*, (2003), https://www.acf.hhs.gov/ofa/resource/polic

²⁸ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.

²⁹ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR.., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.

³⁰ In determining Child Care Development Fund direct eligibility for subsidized child care, eligibility is based on then citizenship or immigration status of the child. The immigration status of the child's parent or parents is not relevant to this determination. Citizen and qualified immigrant children are directly eligible for all CCDF funded child care, including but not limited to child care provided by non-profit charitable organizations. U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Verification of Citizenship and Immigration Status by Non-Profit Organizations and Head Start Grantees, in OFFICE OF CHILD CARE (May 2, 2008), https://www.acf.hhs.gov/occ/resource/pi-2008-01; NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare_pp116-17_053106.pdf. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c).

³¹ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare_pp116-17_053106.pdf. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c).

³² Administration for Children and Families, Office of Family Assistance, Q & A: Immigrants, DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV (August 20, 2019),

https://www.acf.hhs.gov/ofa/faq/q-immigrants.. (Q2: Does the five-year bar for certain newly arrived qualified aliens apply to all federally-funded TANF benefits (e.g., including benefits that do not meet the definition of assistance)? "A service that is only available to the financially needy would not meet the AG criteria and could be provided only to otherwise eligible citizens and qualified aliens." TANF is such a program.)

³³ TANF recipients in West Virginia receive TANF-funded childcare subsidies. *State Of West Virginia FY 2018 State Plan For Temporary Assistance For Needy Families* (Page 30) available at https://dhhr.wv.gov/bcf/Reports/Documents/StatePlan_TANF%20black_2018.pdf (Last visited Aug, 24, 2022)Battered spouses or children of U.S. citizens and lawful permanent residents including VAWA self-petitioners, VAWA cancellation or removal applicants, and Battered Spouse Waiver recipients have no 5 year limitation. WV DEP'T OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES, *WV Income Maintenance Manual, Chapter 18, Aliens, Refugees and Citizenship, B. WV Works 1. Eligible Alien* available at https://www.wvdhhr.org/bcf/policy/imm/immanualchanges/455/ch18_4.pdf (Last visited Aug 25, 2022)

³⁴ Five year limit imposed on asylees, refugees, and human trafficking victims and other eligible immigrants. WV DEP'T OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES, *WV Income Maintenance Manual, Chapter 18, Aliens, Refugees and Citizenship, B. WV Works 1. Eligible Alien* available at https://www.wvdhhr.org/bcf/policy/imm/immanualchanges/455/ch18_4.pdf (Last visited Aug 25, 2022)See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(2)-(3). NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare_pp116-17_053106.pdf.

³⁵ See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b)(1); NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare_pp116-17_053106.pdf.

³⁶ See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(4). NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare_pp116-17_053106.pdf.

³⁷ See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(4). NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare_pp116-17_053106.pdf.

³⁸ OFFICE ON TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS, U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., OTIP-FS-16-01, CERTIFICATION FOR ADULT VICTIMS OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING FACT SHEET 1 (2016), https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification%20Fact%20Sheet%20Posting%20%282%29.pdf; NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare_pp116-17_053106.pdf. See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS certification. Applicants under age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certification)).

³⁹ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare_pp116-17_053106.pdf; Benish Anver & Leslye E. Orloff, *Immigrant Crime Victim Child Care Access*, NAT'L IMMIGRATION WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (Mar. 13, 2013),

http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/pb-chart-childcare/; OFFICE ON TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS, U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., OTIP-FS-16-01, CERTIFICATION FOR ADULT VICTIMS OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING FACT SHEET 1 (2016), https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification%20Fact%20Sheet%20Posting%20%282%29.pdf. See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b).

⁴⁰ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare_pp116-17_053106.pdf.

⁴¹ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare_pp116-17_053106.pdf.

⁴² In determining Child Care Development Fund direct eligibility for subsidized child care, eligibility is based on then citizenship or immigration status of the child. The immigration status of the child's parent or parents is not relevant to this determination. Citizen and qualified immigrant children are directly eligible for all CCDF funded child care, including but not limited to child care provided by non-profit charitable organizations. U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Verification of Citizenship and Immigration Status by Non-Profit Organizations and Head Start Grantees, in OFFICE OF CHILD CARE (May 2, 2008), <u>https://www.acf.hhs.gov/occ/resource/pi-2008-01</u>. NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare_pp116-17_053106.pdf. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c).

⁴³ 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(b)(2)(A)(ii); Eligibility is based on the citizenship or immigration status of the child. The immigration status of the child's parent or parents is not relevant to this determination. U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Verification of Citizenship and Immigration Status by Non-Profit Organizations and Head Start Grantees, in OFFICE OF CHILD CARE (May 2, 2008), <u>https://www.acf.hhs.gov/occ/resource/pi-2008-01</u>. NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), <u>https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare pp116-17 053106.pdf</u>. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).

⁴⁴ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare_pp116-17_053106.pdf.

⁴⁵ In determining Child Care Development Fund direct eligibility for subsidized child care, eligibility is based on then citizenship or immigration status of the child. The immigration status of the child's parent or parents is not relevant to this determination. Citizen and qualified immigrant children are directly eligible for all CCDF funded child care, including but not limited to child care provided by non-profit charitable organizations. U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Verification of Citizenship and Immigration Status by Non-Profit Organizations and Head Start Grantees, in OFFICE OF CHILD CARE (May 2, 2008), <u>https://www.acf.hhs.gov/occ/resource/pi-2008-01</u>. NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare_pp116-17_053106.pdf. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c).

⁴⁶ 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(b)(2)(A)(ii); Eligibility is based on the citizenship or immigration status of the child. The immigration status of the child's parent or parents is not relevant to this determination. U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Verification of Citizenship and Immigration Status by Non-Profit Organizations and Head Start Grantees, in OFFICE OF CHILD CARE (May 2, 2008), <u>https://www.acf.hhs.gov/occ/resource/pi-2008-01</u>. NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006),

https://www.pilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare_pp116-17_053106.pdf. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1). American University, Washington College of Law ⁴⁷ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare pp116-17 053106.pdf.

⁴⁸ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare_pp116-17 053106.pdf.

⁴⁹ See FOOD & NUTRITION SERV., U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM (SNAP) (2017), https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/eligibility (As with most public benefits, to obtain food stamps, individuals must also meet resource, income, and employment requirements. There is a pre-screening tool to determine if an individual might be eligible for nutrition assistance.); See also SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018). (In general, non-citizens who have lived in the U.S. for 5 years or more, are blind or disabled, are under the age of 18, were admitted for lawful permanent residence with 40 qualifying quarters or are lawfully residing and are on active duty in the U.S. Army, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard or honorably discharged are eligible.)

⁵⁰ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table ovrw fedprogs/; SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24. 2018); See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c); See also 8 U.S.C. § 1612(a)(1)-1612(a)(2). Battered immigrants are not subject to deeming for at least 12 months, with the possibility of extension. See Guidance on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, at 31, available at https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/eligibility/non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Apr. 29, 2023)

⁵¹ Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Guidance on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, at 4, https://fnsprod.azureedge.net/sites/default/files/snap/Non-Citizen Guidance 063011.pdf (last accessed Mar. 13, 2019).

⁵² Refugees, asylees and T visa holders do not have any seven year limit on access to SNAP benefits. W VA DEP'T OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES, WV Income Maintenance Manual. Chapter 18.4, Aliens, Refugees and Citizenship, Benefits Programs A. SNAP 3 available at https://dhhr.wv.gov/bcf/Services/familyassistance/PolicyManual/Documents/Chapter%2018/ch18 4.pdf (Last visited Aug 25, 2022); W VA DEP'T OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES, WV Income Maintenance Manual, Chapter 18.4, Aliens, Refugees and Citizenship, Benefits Programs A. SNAP 3 available at https://dhhr.wv.gov/bcf/Services/familyassistance/PolicyManual/Documents/Chapter%2018/ch18 4.pdf (Last visited Aug 25, 2022); See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(2)-(3). See 8 USC \$1612(a)(2)(A) and (L); See also Nat'l Immigration Law Ctr., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table ovrw fedprogs/; 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(2)-(3). See also Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Guidance on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, at 31, https://fns-prod.azureedge.net/sites/default/files/snap/Non-Citizen Guidance 063011.pdf (last accessed Mar. 13, 2019). https://fns-prod.azureedge.net/sites/default/files/snap/Non-Citizen Guidance 063011.pdf

⁵³ 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(4); NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table ovrw fedprogs/; SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018).

⁵⁴See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (1). Eligible to the same extent as refugees. (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS certification. Applicants under age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certification)). NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table ovrw fedprogs/; SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018).

⁵⁵ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in GUIDE to IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011). https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018);. See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS certification. Applicants under age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certification)).

⁵⁶ OFFICE ON TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS, U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., OTIP-FS-16-01, CERTIFICATION FOR ADULT VICTIMS OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING FACT SHEET 1 (2016), https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification%20Fact%20Sheet%20Posting%20%282%29.pdf. See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b).

⁵⁷ 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b). Applicants over age 18 require an HHS certification. Applicants under age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certification). See NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table ovrw fedprogs/; SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018).

⁵⁸ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011). https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018).

⁵⁹ SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018).

⁶⁰ SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018). Five-year residency includes time in qualified status prior to turning 18. When SIJS children become qualified immigrants, they may be exempt from deeming when they naturalize, or if they can show they are credited with 40 qualifying quarters of work, or if they are eligible for a 12 month exception for indigence, or have another form of immigration status does not require sponsorship. 8 U.S.C. § 1631; Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Guidance on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, at 31-33, https://fns-prod.azureedge.net/sites/default/files/snap/Non-Citizen Guidance 063011.pdf (last accessed Mar. 13, 2019).

⁶¹ SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018). (Although eligibility based on 40 work guarters includes work performed by applicant, spouse, and parents while the applicant was under 18, SIJS youth are generally not able to satisfy this condition.).

⁶² SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018). May be subject to deeming.

⁶³ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table ovrw fedprogs/; SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018).

⁶⁴ SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018). (Eligible children are exempt from sponsor deeming.).

⁶⁵ SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018). (Five-year residency includes time in qualified status prior to turning 18.). May be subject to deeming.

⁶⁶ See SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018). (Although eligibility based on 40 work quarters includes work performed by applicant, spouse, and parents while the applicant was under 18, SIJS youth are generally not able to satisfy this condition.).

⁶⁷ SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018). (Born on or before August 22, 1931 and lawfully resided in the U.S. on August 22, 1996.). May be subject to deeming.

⁶⁸ SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018). May be subject to deeming.

69 42 U.S.C.S. § 1786; Women, Infants, and Children (WIC), U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC. FOOD & NUTRITION SERV., https://www.fns.usda.gov/wic/women-infants-and-children-wic (last visited June 14, 2018).

⁷⁰ WIC Contacts, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC, FOOD & NUTRITION SERV., https://www.fns.usda.gov/wic/wic/contacts (last visited June 14, 2018).

⁷¹ WIC Eligibility Requirements, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC. FOOD & NUTRITION SERV., https://www.fns.usda.gov/wic/wic-eligibility-requirements (last visited June 14, 2018).

⁷² Local Agency Sites, W.VA. WIC, http://ons.wvdhhr.org/Applicant/LocalAgencySites/tabid/1150/Default.aspx (last visited July 5, 2018).

⁷³ Eligibility Requirements, W.VA. WIC, http://ons.wvdhhr.org/Applicant/EligibilityRequirements/tabid/1146/Default.aspx (last visited July 5, 2018).

⁷⁴ 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c); HealthCare.gov, Immigrants, Immigration status and the Marketplace (last visited November 29, 2023) (Listing immigrants with which immigration statuses are legally able to use the Marketplace); See NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., "LAWFULLY PRESENT" INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE UNDER THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT 5 (2012, rev. 2016), https://www.nilc.org/wpcontent/uploads/2015/10/lawfully-present-imm-categories-ACA-2016-07.pdf.

⁷⁵ 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c); HealthCare.gov, Immigrants, Immigration status and the Marketplace (last visited November 29, 2023) (Listing immigrants with which immigration statuses are legally able to use the Marketplace); See NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., "LAWFULLY PRESENT" INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE UNDER THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT 5 (2012, rev. 2016), https://www.nilc.org/wpcontent/uploads/2015/10/lawfully-present-imm-categories-ACA-2016-07.pdf.

⁷⁶ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., "LAWFULLY PRESENT" INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE UNDER THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT 5 (2012, rev. 2016), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/lawfullypresent-imm-categories-ACA-2016-07.pdf. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c).

⁷⁷ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., "LAWFULLY PRESENT" INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE UNDER THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT 2 (2012, rev. 2016), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/lawfullypresent-imm-categories-ACA-2016-07.pdf. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(2).

⁷⁸ Cindy Mann, CTR. FOR MEDICARE & MEDICARD SERV., U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., MEDICARD AND CHIP COVERAGE FOR "LAWFULLY RESIDING" CHILDREN AND PREGNANT PERSONS 3 (2010), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/pb-gov-hhslawfullyresidingmedicaid-07-01-10-also-in-qualified-immigrants/. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(3); 45 C.F.R § 152.2(5) (2017) ("A pending applicant for asylum under section 208(a) of the INA (8 U.S.C. § 1158) or for withholding of removal under section 241(b)(3) of the INA (8 U.S.C. § 1231) or under the Convention Against Torture who has been granted employment authorization, and such an applicant under the age of 14 who has had an application pending for at least 180 days.").

⁷⁹ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., "LAWFULLY PRESENT" INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE UNDER THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT 5 (2012, rev. 2016), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/lawfullypresent-imm-categories-ACA-2016-07.pdf. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(4).

⁸⁰ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., "LAWFULLY PRESENT" INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE UNDER THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT 5 (2012, rev. 2016), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/lawfullypresent-imm-categories-ACA-2016-07.pdf. See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS certification. Applicants under age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certification)).

⁸¹ OFFICE ON TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS, U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., OTIP-FS-16-01, CERTIFICATION FOR ADULT VICTIMS OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING FACT SHEET 1 (2016),

https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification%20Fact%20Sheet%20Posting%20%282%29.pdf. See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b).

⁸² NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., "LAWFULLY PRESENT" INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE UNDER THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT 5 (2012, rev. 2016), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/lawfullypresent-imm-categories-ACA-2016-07.pdf. See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS certification. Applicants under age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certification)).

⁸³ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., "LAWFULLY PRESENT" INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE UNDER THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT 1, 1 n.4, 4-5 n.8 (2012, rev. 2016), https://www.nilc.org/wpcontent/uploads/2015/10/lawfully-present-imm-categories-ACA-2016-07.pdf (DACA recipients are the only deferred action recipients not eligible for insurance under the ACA.).

⁸⁴ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., "LAWFULLY PRESENT" INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE UNDER THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT 5 (2012, rev. 2016), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/lawfully-present-imm-categories-ACA-2016-07.pdf.

⁸⁵ U visa bona fide determinations come with deferred action which is protection from deportation and which makes U visa applicants eligible for health care as lawfully residing immigrant. Cindy Mann, CTR. FOR MEDICARE & MEDICAID SERV., U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., MEDICAID AND CHIP COVERAGE FOR "LAWFULLY RESIDING" CHILDREN AND PREGNANT PERSONS 3 (2010), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/pb-gov-hhslawfullyresidingmedicaid-07-01-10-also-in-qualified-immigrants/.

⁸⁶ Cindy Mann, CTR. FOR MEDICARE & MEDICAID SERV., U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., MEDICAID AND CHIP COVERAGE FOR "LAWFULLY RESIDING" CHILDREN AND PREGNANT PERSONS 3 (2010), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/pb-gov-hhslawfullyresidingmedicaid-07-01-10-also-in-qualified-immigrants/; Carly Erickson & Leslye E. Orloff, *U-Visa Victim Benefits under the Affordable Care Act (ACA)*, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (June 18, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/u-visa-healthcare-aca/.

⁸⁷ Carly Erickson & Leslye E. Orloff, U-Visa Victim Benefits under the Affordable Care Act (ACA), NAT'L IMMGR. WOMEN'S ADVOC. PROJECT (June 18, 2014),

http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/u-visa-healthcare-aca/; NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., "LAWFULLY PRESENT" INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE UNDER THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT 5-6 (2012, rev. 2016), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/lawfully-present-imm-categories-ACA-2016-07.pdf.

⁸⁸ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., "LAWFULLY PRESENT" INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE UNDER THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT 1 (2012, rev. 2016), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/lawfully-present-imm-categories-ACA-2016-07.pdf (DACA coverage limited to those "lawfully present" in the United States).

⁸⁹ Footnotes in this section contain additional details on health care subsidies, including co-pays that may be required. They contain further state by state information on health care access for immigrant survivors of domestic and sexual violence. See MORGAN, LEWIS & BOCKIUS, LLP Chapter 17.1: Emergency Medicaid – Urgent Medical Services for Immigrant Crime Victims and Children, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (December 2016), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/ch17-1-emergencymedicaid; see id. Chapter 17.2: Coverage for Forensic Costs for Immigrant crime Victims: Medical Coverage and Services (February 12, 2017) http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/ch17-2-forensiccoverageimmvictims; see id. Chapter 17.3: Post-Assault Healthcare and Crime Victim Compensation for Immigrant Victims of Violence (June 13, 2017) http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/ch17-3-postassault-healthcare-compensation; see id. Chapter 17.4: Pre-Natal and Child Health Care for Immigrant Victims and Their Children (February 17, 2017) http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/ch17-4-prenatal-care.

⁹⁰ 42 C.R.F. § 435.406(2)(i); 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c); NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.

⁹¹ Health Case.gov, Immigrants, Coverage for U.S. Citizens and U.S. Nationals (last visited November 29, 2023) https://www.healthcare.gov/immigrants/immigrants/.NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., "LAWFULLY PRESENT" INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE UNDER THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT 5 (2012, rev. 2016), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/lawfully-present-imm-categories-ACA-2016-07.pdf. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c).

⁹² W. Va. Code Ann. § 9-5-12; Battered spouses or children of U.S. citizens and lawful permanent residents including VAWA self-petitioners, VAWA cancellation or removal applicants, and Battered Spouse Waiver applicants are eligible for Medicaid in West Virginia without regard to their date of entry and with no lime limitations. Children included in their abused parent's application are also eligible. VAWA self-petitioner children are also eligible for CHIP as lawfully present qualified immigrants (*C. Medicaid 2.B.1*) W VA DEP'T OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES, *WV Income Maintenance Manual, Chapter 18, Aliens, Refugees and Citizenship, C. Medicaid 2A & B. Medicaid Eligible Aliens* available at

https://dhhr.wv.gov/bcf/Services/familyassistance/PolicyManual/Documents/Chapter%2018/ch18_4.pdf (Last visited Aug 25, 2022); NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table: Medical Assistance Programs for Immigrants in Various States in GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS* 122-23, 126-27 (4th ed. 2002, table rev. Jan. 2018), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/11/med-services-for-imms-in-states.pdf.

⁹³ 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(b)(2)(A); 1613. Federal eligibility for Medicaid for refugees and asylees extends for the first seven years after attaining that status; however, in most states their eligibility can continue past this seven-year limitation, since by seven years they may have become lawful permanent residents with 40 qualifying quarters of work credit and will have satisfied the five-year bar to access to Medicaid. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1612(b)(2)(B). Or, they may be a veteran and/or a member of a veteran's family, for whom the five-year bar and seven-year limit do not apply. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1612(b)(2)(C), 1613(b)(2). States can also continue to provide benefits once the mandated seven-year federal coverage period for refugees and asylees ends. *See also* Nat'l Immigration Law Ctr., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct.

2011), <u>https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/</u>. See state law citations in this chart to identify if this state provides benefits for asylees and refugees beyond the seven-year limitation.

⁵⁴ 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b)(1). Human trafficking victims with HHS certification or an HHS determination letter are eligible as refugees for 7 years. To continue to receive benefits once 7 years has passed since they received their HHS certification or HHS determination letter, they will need to file for and be granted a T visa. This allows them to continue to qualify for public benefits as qualified immigrants. So long as the trafficking victim files for a T visa soon after receiving HHS certification or determination, they should gain qualified immigrant status and the 5-year bar will be completed prior to reaching the 7-year limit on refugee benefits. States can also continue to provide benefits once the mandated seven-year federal coverage period for refugees and asylees ends. *See also* Nat'l Immigration Law Ctr., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), <u>https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/</u>. *See* state law citations in this chart to identify if this state provides benefits for asylees and refugees beyond the seven-year limitation.

⁹⁵ See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(4).

⁹⁶ W. Va. Code Ann. § 9-5-12; Refugees and asylees who are children are eligible for CHIP as qualified non-citizens and as lawfully present children; W VA DEP'T OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES, WV Income Maintenance Manual, Chapter 18, Aliens, Refugees and Citizenship, C. Medicaid 2.A & B Medicaid Eligible Aliens available at

https://dhhr.wv.gov/bcf/Services/familyassistance/PolicyManual/Documents/Chapter%2018/ch18_4.pdf (Last visited Aug 25, 2022); NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table: Medical Assistance Programs for Immigrants in Various States in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 122-23, 126-27 (4th ed. 2002, table rev. Jan. 2018), https://www.nilc.org/wp-

content/uploads/2015/11/med-services-for-imms-in-states.pdf.

⁹⁷ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. *See* 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS certification. Applicants under age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certification)). *See also* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(4). Human trafficking victims with HHS certification or an HHS determination letter are eligible as refugees for 7 years. To continue to receive benefits once 7 years has passed, since they received their HHS certification or HHS determination letter, they will need to file for and be granted a T visa. This allows them to continue to qualify for public benefits as qualified immigrants. So long as the trafficking victim files for a T visa soon after receiving HHS certification or determination, they should gain qualified immigrant status and the 5-year bar will be completed prior to reaching the 7-year limit on refugee benefits.

⁹⁸ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; OFFICE ON TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS, U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., OTIP-FS-16-01, CERTIFICATION FOR ADULT VICTIMS OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING FACT SHEET 1 (2016), https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification%20Fact%20Sheet%20Posting%20%282%29.pdf. *See* 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b).

⁹⁹ 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b)(1). Bona fide T visa applicants with HHS certification, trafficking victims under 18 with HHS eligibility determination, and family members with T visa status are eligible for public benefits to the same extent as refugees. NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. *See* 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS certification).

¹⁰⁰ Trafficking victims are eligible for CHIP to the same extent as refugees. W. Va. Code Ann. § 9-5-12; W VA DEP'T OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES, WV Income Maintenance Manual, Chapter 18, Aliens, Refugees and Citizenship, C. Medicaid 2.A & B Medicaid Eligible Aliens available at

https://dhhr.wv.gov/bcf/Services/familyassistance/PolicyManual/Documents/Chapter%2018/ch18_4.pdf (Last visited Aug 25, 2022); NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table: Medical Assistance Programs for Immigrants in Various States in GUIDE to IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS* 122-23, 126-27 (4th ed. 2002, table rev. Jan. 2018), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/11/med-services-for-imms-in-states.pdf.

¹⁰¹ NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.

¹⁰² NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).

¹⁰³ Children who have filed applications for Special Immigrant Juvenile Status are eligible for CHIP in West Virginia. W. Va. Code Ann. § 9-5-12; W VA DEP'T OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES, WV Income Maintenance Manual, Chapter 18, Aliens, Refugees and Citizenship, C. Medicaid 2.B.7 Medicaid Eligible Aliens available at

https://dhhr.wv.gov/bcf/Services/familyassistance/PolicyManual/Documents/Chapter%2018/ch18_4.pdf (Last visited Aug 25, 2022); NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table: Medical Assistance Programs for Immigrants in Various States in GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS* 122-23, 126-27 (4th ed. 2002, table rev. Jan. 2018), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/11/med-services-for-imms-in-states.pdf.

¹⁰⁴ 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1). NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.

¹⁰⁵ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).

¹⁰⁶ U visa bona fide determinations come with deferred action which is protection from deportation and which makes U visa applicants eligible for health care as lawfully residing immigrant. Cindy Mann, CTR. FOR MEDICAID SERV., U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., MEDICAID AND CHIP COVERAGE FOR "LAWFULLY RESIDING" CHILDREN AND PREGNANT PERSONS 3 (2010), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/pb-gov-hhslawfullyresidingmedicaid-07-01-10-also-in-qualified-immigrants/.

¹⁰⁷ Children who are U visa holders, who have filed or who are including in their parent's U visa applications that have received bona fide determinations or waitlist approvals that include deferred action and/or work authorization are eligible for CHIP in West Virginia. W. Va. Code Ann. § 9-5-12; W VA DEP'T OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES, *WV Income Maintenance Manual, Chapter 18, Aliens, Refugees and Citizenship, C. Medicaid 2.B.7 Medicaid Eligible Aliens* available at https://dhhr.wv.gov/bcf/Services/familyassistance/PolicyManual/Documents/Chapter%2018/ch18_4.pdf (Last visited Aug 25, 2022); NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table: Medical Assistance Programs for Immigrants in Various States in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 122-23, 126-27 (4th ed. 2002, table rev. Jan. 2018), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/11/med-services-for-imms-in-states.pdf.

¹⁰⁸ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.

¹⁰⁹ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.

¹¹⁰ Footnotes in this section contain additional details on health care subsidies including co-pays that may be required. They contain further state by state information on health care access for immigrant survivors of domestic and sexual violence. *See* MORGAN, LEWIS & BOCKIUS, LLP *Chapter 17.1: Emergency Medicaid – Urgent Medical Services for Immigrant Crime Victims and Children*, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (December 2016), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/ch17-1-emergencymedicaid; *see id. Chapter 17.2: Coverage for Forensic Costs for Immigrant crime Victims: Medical Coverage and Services* (February 12, 2017) http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/ch17-2-forensiccoverageimmvictims; *see id. Chapter 17.3: Post-Assault Healthcare and Crime Victim Compensation for Immigrant Victims of Violence* (June 13, 2017) http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/ch17-3-postassault-healthcare-compensation; *see id. Chapter 17.4: Pre-Natal and Child Health Care For Immigrant Victims and Their Children* (February 17, 2017) http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/ch17-4-prenatal-care.

¹¹¹ 42 C.R.F. § 435.406(2)(i); 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c); NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.

¹¹² Immigrants, Coverage for U.S. Citizens and U.S. Nationals, HEALTHCARE.GOV (last visited November 29, 2023) https://www.healthcare.gov/immigrants/immigrants/immigrants/.NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., "LAWFULLY PRESENT" INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE UNDER THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT 5 (2012, rev. 2016), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/lawfully-present-imm-categories-ACA-2016-07.pdf. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c).

¹¹³ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), <u>https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/</u>.

¹¹⁴ W. Va. Code Ann. § 9-5-12; Battered spouses or children of U.S. citizens and lawful permanent residents including VAWA self-petitioners, VAWA cancellation or removal applicants, and Battered Spouse Waiver applicants are eligible for Medicaid in West Virginia without regard to their date of entry and with no lime limitations. Children included in their abused parent's application are also eligible. W VA DEP'T OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES, *WV Income Maintenance Manual, Chapter 18, Aliens, Refugees and Citizenship, C. Medicaid 2A. Medicaid Eligible Aliens* available at https://dhhr.wv.gov/bcf/Services/familyassistance/PolicyManual/Documents/Chapter%2018/ch18_4.pdf (Last visited Aug 25, 2022); NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table: Medical Assistance Programs for Immigrants in Various States in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 122-23, 126-27 (4th ed. 2002, table rev. Jan. 2018), https://www.nilc.org/wpcontent/uploads/2015/11/med-services-for-imms-in-states.pdf.

¹¹⁵ W. Va. Code Ann. § 9-5-12; W VA DEP'T OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES, *WV Income Maintenance Manual, Chapter 18, Aliens, Refugees and Citizenship, C. Medicaid 2.C. Medicaid Eligible Aliens* available at https://dhhr.wv.gov/bcf/Services/familyassistance/PolicyManual/Documents/Chapter%2018/ch18_4.pdf (Last visited Aug 25, 2022). NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table: Medical Assistance Programs for Immigrants in Various States in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 122-23, 126-27 (4th ed. 2002, table rev. Jan. 2018), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/11/med-services-for-imms-in-states.pdf.

¹¹⁶ West Virginia imposes a 7 year limitation on refugee and asylee access to Medicaid. However once refugees and asylees gain lawful permanent residency they can continue to qualify for Medicaid beyond the seven year limit. W VA DEP'T OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES, *WV Income Maintenance Manual, Chapter 18, Aliens, Refugees and Citizenship, C. Medicaid 2 Medicaid Eligible Aliens* available at https://dhhr.wv.gov/bcf/Services/familyassistance/PolicyManual/Documents/Chapter%2018/ch18_4.pdf (Last visited Aug 25, 2022); 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(b)(2)(A); 1613. Federal eligibility for Medicaid for refugees and asylees extends for the first seven years after attaining that status; however, in most states their eligibility can continue past this seven-year limitation, since by seven years they may have become lawful permanent residents with 40 qualifying quarters of work credit and will have satisfied the five-year bar to access to Medicaid. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1612(b)(2)(C), 1613(b)(2). States can also continue to provide benefits once the mandated seven-year federal coverage period for refugees and asylees ends. *See also* Nat'l Immigration Law Ctr., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), <u>https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table ovvw fedprogs/. *See* state law citations in this chart to identify if this state provides benefits for asylees and refugees beyond the seven-year limitation.</u>

¹¹⁷ 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b)(1). W VA DEP'T OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES, *WV Income Maintenance Manual, Chapter 18, Aliens, Refugees and Citizenship, C. Medicaid 2 Medicaid Eligible Aliens* available at https://dhhr.wv.gov/bcf/Services/familyassistance/PolicyManual/Documents/Chapter%2018/ch18 4.pdf (Last visited Aug 25, 2022). Human trafficking victims with HHS certification or an HHS determination letter are eligible as refugees for 7 years. To continue to receive benefits once 7 years has passed since they received their HHS certification or HHS determination letter, they will need to file for and be granted a T visa. This allows them to continue to qualify for public benefits as qualified immigrants. So long as the trafficking victim files for a T visa soon after receiving HHS certification or determination, they should gain qualified immigrant status and the 5-year bar will be completed prior to reaching the 7-year limit on refugee benefits. States can also continue to provide benefits once the mandated seven-year federal coverage period for refugees and asylees ends. *See also* Nat'l Immigration Law Ctr., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), <u>https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-</u> support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. *See* state law citations in this chart to identify if this state provides benefits for asylees and refugees beyond the seven-year limitation. ¹¹⁸ *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(4).

¹¹⁹ W. Va. Code Ann. § 9-5-12; W VA DEP'T OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES, *WV Income Maintenance Manual, Chapter 18, Aliens, Refugees and Citizenship, C. Medicaid 2.C. Medicaid Eligible Aliens* available at https://dhhr.wv.gov/bcf/Services/familyassistance/PolicyManual/Documents/Chapter%2018/ch18_4.pdf (Last visited Aug 25, 2022). NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table: Medical Assistance Programs for Immigrants in Various States in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 122-23, 126-27 (4th ed. 2002, table rev. Jan. 2018), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/11/med-services-for-imms-in-states.pdf.

¹²⁰ W VA DEP'T OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES, *WV Income Maintenance Manual, Chapter 18, Aliens, Refugees and Citizenship, C. Medicaid 2.C. Medicaid Eligible Aliens* available at https://dhhr.wv.gov/bcf/Services/familyassistance/PolicyManual/Documents/Chapter%2018/ch18_4.pdf (Last visited Aug 25, 2022); NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. *See* 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS certification. Applicants under age 18 require an HHS eligibility for Federal Programs in GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT eligibility for Fede

¹²² NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), <u>https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/</u>.

¹²³ W. Va. Code Ann. § 9-5-12; W VA DEP'T OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES, *WV Income Maintenance Manual, Chapter 18, Aliens, Refugees and Citizenship, C. Medicaid 2.C. Medicaid Eligible Aliens* available at https://dhhr.wv.gov/bcf/Services/familyassistance/PolicyManual/Documents/Chapter%2018/ch18_4.pdf (Last visited Aug 25, 2022). NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table:* NIVAP American University, Washington College of Law
28 *Medical Assistance Programs for Immigrants in Various States in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 122-23, 126-27 (4th ed. 2002, table rev. Jan. 2018), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/11/med-services-for-imms-in-states.pdf.

¹²⁴ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.

¹²⁵ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.

¹²⁶ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).

¹²⁷ W. Va. Code Ann. § 9-5-12; W VA DEP'T OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES, *WV Income Maintenance Manual, Chapter 18, Aliens, Refugees and Citizenship, C. Medicaid 2.C. Medicaid Eligible Aliens* available at https://dhhr.wv.gov/bcf/Services/familyassistance/PolicyManual/Documents/Chapter%2018/ch18_4.pdf (Last visited Aug 25, 2022). NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table: Medical Assistance Programs for Immigrants in Various States in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 122-23, 126-27 (4th ed. 2002, table rev. Jan. 2018), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/11/med-services-for-imms-in-states.pdf.

¹²⁸ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.

¹²⁹ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20, footnote 7 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), <u>https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/</u>.

¹³⁰ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).

¹³¹ U visa bona fide determinations come with deferred action which is protection from deportation and which makes U visa applicants eligible for health care as lawfully residing immigrant. Cindy Mann, CTR. FOR MEDICARE & MEDICAID SERV., U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., MEDICAID AND CHIP COVERAGE FOR "LAWFULLY RESIDING" CHILDREN AND PREGNANT PERSONS 3 (2010), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/pb-gov-hhslawfullyresidingmedicaid-07-01-10-also-in-qualified-immigrants/.

¹³² W. Va. Code Ann. § 9-5-12; W VA DEP'T OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES, *WV Income Maintenance Manual, Chapter 18, Aliens, Refugees and Citizenship, C. Medicaid 2.C. Medicaid Eligible Aliens* available at https://dhhr.wv.gov/bcf/Services/familyassistance/PolicyManual/Documents/Chapter%2018/ch18_4.pdf (Last visited Aug 25, 2022). NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table: Medical Assistance Programs for Immigrants in Various States in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 122-23, 126-27 (4th ed. 2002, table rev. Jan. 2018), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/11/med-services-for-imms-in-states.pdf.

¹³³ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.

¹³⁴ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), <u>https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/</u>.

¹³⁵Victims of Crime Act (VOCA) compensation for crime victims is a program providing services necessary to protect health and safety of crime victims that helps victims heal and overcome the emotional and financial impact of crime victimization on their lives. VOCA compensation is separate from and does not fall within the definitions of "federal public benefit" or "state public benefit" under U.S. public benefits laws and thus is open to all crime victims without regard to immigration status. *See*, Joye E. Frost, Office for Victims of Crime, U.S. Department of Justice, Letter ro Cassie T Jones Alabama Crime Victims' Compensation Commission (July 2, 2010) available at https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/ojp-ovc-letter-on-access-to-voca-victim-compensation-7-2-2010; For an overview of what types of victim compensation are covered by VOCA compensation programs in each state *see*, Leslye Orloff, Katelyn Deibler and Annie Roebuck, *Post-Assault Healthcare and Victims of Crime Act Coverage for Domestic and Sexual Violence Victims* (July 18, 2018) available at: https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/post-assault-coverage-chart; and : Sarah Andrews, Vanessa Brown, Aurora de Heer, Joseph Leonard, Ryan Lighty, Katherine O'Keefe, Celia Soehner, William Springer, Josh Sterling, Linda Way-Smith, Beau Yanoshik, Morgan Lewis and Bockius, LLP and NIWAP, *Post-Assault Healthcare and Crime Victim Compensation for Immigrant Victims of Violence – Medical Coverage and Services for Immigrants* (July 13, 2018) available at https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/ch17-3-postassault-healthcare-compensation for Immigrant Victims of Violence – Medical Coverage and Services for Immigrants (July 13, 2018) available at <

¹³⁷ See generally OFFICE OF FED. STUDENT AID, U.S. DEP'T OF EDUC., FEDERAL STUDENT AID HANDBOOK 2016-2017 (2016),

https://ifap.ed.gov/fsahandbook/attachments/1617FSAHbkActiveIndexMaster.pdf (The information in this section applies to all student financial aid including grants and loans.).

¹³⁸ OFFICE OF FED. STUDENT AID, U.S. DEP'T OF EDUC., MANY NON-U.S. CITIZENS QUALIFY FOR FEDERAL STUDENT AID (last visited Mar. 5, 2018),

https://studentaid.ed.gov/sa/eligibility/non-us-citizens; Daniel T. Madzelan, OFFICE. OF POST-SECONDARY EDUC., U.S. DEP'T OF EDUC., ELIGIBILITY FOR TITLE IV AID FOR "BATTERED IMMIGRANTS-QUALIFIED ALIENS" AS PROVIDED FOR IN THE VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN ACT (2007), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/pb-govmemovawapetitionsgrantsloans-6-4-10/. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c); OFFICE OF FED. STUDENT AID, U.S. DEP'T OF EDUC., FEDERAL STUDENT AID HANDBOOK 2016-2017 1-33, 1-34 (2016), https://ifap.ed.gov/fsahandbook/attachments/1617FSAHbkActiveIndexMaster.pdf.

¹³⁹ OFFICE OF FED. STUDENT AID, U.S. DEP'T OF EDUC., FEDERAL STUDENT AID HANDBOOK 2022-2023 (2022), <u>https://fsapartners.ed.gov/knowledge-center/fsa-handbook/2022-2023/vol1/ch2-us-citizenship-eligible-noncitizens</u> (Naturalized citizens are eligible for financial aid).

¹⁴⁰ OFFICE OF FED. STUDENT AID, U.S. DEP'T OF EDUC., MANY NON-U.S. CITIZENS QUALIFY FOR FEDERAL STUDENT AID (last visited Mar. 5, 2018), https://studentaid.ed.gov/sa/eligibility/non-uscitizens. *See* 8 U.S.C. §§ 1641(b)(2)-(3), (c)(4); OFFICE OF FED. STUDENT AID, U.S. DEP'T OF EDUC., FEDERAL STUDENT AID HANDBOOK 2016-2017 1-29 (2016), https://ifap.ed.gov/fsahandbook/attachments/1617FSAHbkActiveIndexMaster.pdf.

¹⁴¹ OFFICE OF FED. STUDENT AID, U.S. DEP'T OF EDUC., MANY NON-U.S. CITIZENS QUALIFY FOR FEDERAL STUDENT AID (last visited Mar. 5, 2018), https://studentaid.ed.gov/sa/eligibility/non-uscitizens. See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b); OFFICE OF FED. STUDENT AID, U.S. DEP'T OF EDUC., FEDERAL STUDENT AID HANDBOOK 2016-2017 1-33 (2016),

https://ifap.ed.gov/fsahandbook/attachments/1617FSAHbkActiveIndexMaster.pdf.

¹⁴² OFFICE OF FED. STUDENT AID, U.S. DEP'T OF EDUC., MANY NON-U.S. CITIZENS QUALIFY FOR FEDERAL STUDENT AID (last visited Mar. 5, 2018), https://studentaid.ed.gov/sa/eligibility/non-uscitizens.

¹⁴³ OFFICE OF FED. STUDENT AID, U.S. DEP'T OF EDUC., MANY NON-U.S. CITIZENS QUALIFY FOR FEDERAL STUDENT AID (last visited Mar. 5, 2018), https://studentaid.ed.gov/sa/eligibility/non-uscitizens. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).

¹⁴⁴ OFFICE OF FED. STUDENT AID, U.S. DEP'T OF EDUC., MANY NON-U.S. CITIZENS QUALIFY FOR FEDERAL STUDENT AID (last visited Mar. 5, 2018), https://studentaid.ed.gov/sa/eligibility/non-uscitizens. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).

¹⁴⁵ Plyler v. Doe 457 U.S. 202 (1982); U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION, STUDENTS, IMMIGRATION STATUS, AND THE RIGHT TO PUBLIC EDUCATION (JUNE 20, 2021) <u>https://blog.ed.gov/2021/07/students-immigration-status-and-the-right-to-public-education/</u>.

¹⁴⁶ U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement, Memo: Undocumented Students Authorized to Enroll in Post-Secondary Educational Institutions (July 24, 2008)

https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/pb-gov-dhsundocstudentpost2ndeduaccess-7-24-08. This law applies to all states except those that have implemented state laws or policies that limit or deny enrollment in public colleges or universities which are Alabama, Georgia and South Carolina. (Current as of July 2021). See, NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., Current State Laws and Policies on Access to Higher Education for Immigrants (July 2021) <u>https://www.nilc.org/issues/education/eduaccesstoolkit/ed</u>

¹⁴⁸ SOC. SECURITY ADMIN., UNDERSTANDING SUPPLEMENTAL SECURITY INCOME SSI ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS – 2017 EDITION (2017), https://www.ssa.gov/ssi/text-eligibility-ussi.htm (While the chart shows eligibility to apply for SSI benefits by immigration status, those with qualified immigration statuses must also meet all other eligibility requirements. To obtain SSI benefits individuals must be aged 65 or over, blind, or disabled; and have limited income, limited resources, be a resident of one of the 50 states, DC, or Northern Mariana Islands, and not be absent from the country for a full calendar month, in addition to other requirements.).

¹⁴⁹ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; SOC. SECURITY ADMIN., SPOTLIGHT ON SSI BENEFITS FOR ALIENS (2017), https://www.ssa.gov/ssi/spotlights/spot-non-citizens.htm. *See* 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(a)(2)(E) (prior SSI), 1612(a)(2)(F) (current disability), 1641(c) (battered immigrant).

¹⁵⁰ See 8 U.S.C. § 1612(a)(2)(H).

¹⁵¹ Noncitizen Eligibility for Federal Public Assistance: Policy Overview, CONGRESSIONAL RESEARCH SERVICE, Alison Siskin, Specialist in Immigration Policy (Dec. 12, 2016) (p. 10, note a), https://fas.org/sgp/crs/misc/RL33809.pdf. In 2018, \$5,280 = 4 quarters of work credit. https://www.ssa.gov/oact/cola/QC.html.

¹⁵² NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; SOC. SECURITY ADMIN., SPOTLIGHT ON SSI BENEFITS FOR ALIENS (2017),

https://www.ssa.gov/ssi/spotlights/spot-non-citizens.htm. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1) (Due to the work requirement, few SIJS children will qualify, although work done by the applicant, parent or spouse counts toward the 40 quarters of work.).

¹⁵³ OFFICE OF FED. STUDENT AID, U.S. DEP'T OF EDUC., FEDERAL STUDENT AID HANDBOOK 2022-2023 (2022), <u>https://fsapartners.ed.gov/knowledge-center/fsa-handbook/2022-2023/vol1/ch2-us-citizenship-eligible-noncitizens</u> (Naturalized citizens are eligible for financial aid).

¹⁵⁴ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; SOC. SECURITY ADMIN., SPOTLIGHT ON SSI BENEFITS FOR ALIENS (2017),

https://www.ssa.gov/ssi/spotlights/spot-non-citizens.htm. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(2)-(3). For some Federal programs such as SSI, a general bar applies where qualified immigrants are ineligible, unless they have attained LPR status with 40 qualifying quarters and satisfy the five-year bar, have a specified military connection, or fall within other limited exceptions. See 8 U.S.C. 1612(a)(2). For refugees and asylees, this bar does not apply until seven years after the date that they are admitted to refugee or asylee status; however, § 1612(b)(2) lists exceptions that independently lift the bar after seven years.

¹⁵⁵ See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b).

¹⁵⁶22 U.S.C. § 7105(b)(1). T visa holders, bona fide T visa applicants with HHS certification, trafficking victims under 18 with HHS eligibility determination, and family members with T visa status are eligible for public benefits to the same extent as refugees. *See* 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(a)(1)-(2); 1613. Federal eligibility for refugees and asylees extends for the first seven years after attaining that status. However, § 1612(b)(2) lists exceptions that independently lift the seven year limit; including, if they have attained LPR status with 40 qualifying quarters, are a veteran, and/or a member of a veteran's family. *See* § 1641(b)(2)-(3). States can also continue to provide benefits once the mandated seven year federal coverage period for refugees and asylees ends. *See* state law citations in this chart to identify if this state provides benefits for asylees and refugees beyond the seven year limitation. NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; SOC. SECURITY ADMIN., SPOTLIGHT ON SSI BENEFITS FOR ALIENS (2017), https://www.ssa.gov/ssi/spotlights/spot-non-citizens.htm.

¹⁵⁷ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; SOC. SECURITY ADMIN., SPOTLIGHT ON SSI BENEFITS FOR ALIENS (2017), https://www.ssa.gov/ssi/spotlights/spot-non-citizens.htm. *See* 8 U.S.C.§§ 1612(a)(2)(E) (prior SSI), 1612(a)(2)(F) (current disability), 1641(c)(4) (trafficking victims).

¹⁵⁸ See 8 U.S.C. § 1612(a)(2)(H).

¹⁵⁹ 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b); See NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; SOC. SECURITY ADMIN., SPOTLIGHT ON SSI BENEFITS FOR ALIENS (2017), https://www.ssa.gov/ssi/spotlights/spot-non-citizens.htm.

¹⁶⁰ Noncitizen Eligibility for Federal Public Assistance: Policy Overview, CONGRESSIONAL RESEARCH SERVICE, Alison Siskin, Specialist in Immigration Policy (Dec. 12, 2016) (p. 10, note a), https://fas.org/sgp/crs/misc/RL33809.pdf. In 2018, \$5,280 = 4 quarters of work credit. https://www.ssa.gov/oact/cola/QC.html.

¹⁶¹ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table ovrw fedprogs/; SOC. SECURITY ADMIN., SPOTLIGHT ON SSI BENEFITS FOR ALIENS (2017),

https://www.ssa.gov/ssi/spotlights/spot-non-citizens.htm. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1) (Due to the work requirement, few SIJS children will qualify, although work done by the applicant, parent or spouse counts toward the 40 quarters of work.).

¹⁶² Noncitizen Eligibility for Federal Public Assistance: Policy Overview, CONGRESSIONAL RESEARCH SERVICE, Alison Siskin, Specialist in Immigration Policy (Dec. 12, 2016) (p. 10, note a), https://fas.org/sgp/crs/misc/RL33809.pdf. In 2018, \$5,280 = 4 quarters of work credit. https://www.ssa.gov/oact/cola/QC.html.

¹⁶³ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; SOC. SECURITY ADMIN., SPOTLIGHT ON SSI BENEFITS FOR ALIENS (2017),

https://www.ssa.gov/ssi/spotlights/spot-non-citizens.htm. See 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(a)(2)(B) (LPR eligibility for SSI), 1612(a)(2)(E) (prior SSI), 1612(a)(2)(F) (current disability), 1641(b)(1) (LPR qualified immigrant status).

¹⁶⁴ See 8 U.S.C. § 1612(a)(2)(H).

¹⁶⁵ Noncitizen Eligibility for Federal Public Assistance: Policy Overview, CONGRESSIONAL RESEARCH SERVICE, Alison Siskin, Specialist in Immigration Policy (Dec. 12, 2016) (p. 10, note a), <u>https://fas.org/sgp/crs/misc/RL33809.pdf</u>. In 2018, \$5,280 = 4 quarters of work credit. <u>https://www.ssa.gov/oact/cola/QC.html</u>.

¹⁶⁶ Noncitizen Eligibility for Federal Public Assistance: Policy Overview, CONGRESSIONAL RESEARCH SERVICE, Alison Siskin, Specialist in Immigration Policy (Dec. 12, 2016) (p. 10, note a), https://fas.org/sgp/crs/misc/RL33809.pdf. In 2018, \$5,280 = 4 quarters of work credit. https://www.ssa.gov/oact/cola/QC.html.

¹⁶⁷ NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT, ACCEPTABLE FORMS OF DOCUMENTATION AND IDENTIFICATION FOR STATE DRIVER'S LICENSE/IDENTIFICATION CARD (SEPTEMBER 5, 2014) 1 (2014), http://library.niwap.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/Drivers-License-Access.pdf.

¹⁶⁸ REAL ID Act of 2005, 49 U.S.C. § 30301 Note (2005). See also 6 C.F.R. § 37.11 (g) (2012); Joan Friedland, Updates on REAL ID and Increased Information Sharing by Departments of Motor Vehicles, NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., (Jan. 8, 2018), https://www.nilc.org/news/the-torch/1-04-18/.

¹⁶⁹ See 6 C.F.R. § 37.11(g)(1) (2012).

¹⁷⁰ See SAVE CaseCheck, U.S. CITIZENSHIP & IMMGR. SERVS., https://www.uscis.gov/save/casecheck (last visited July 9, 2018). For special rules and step-by-step instructions for SAVE verification in cases of VAWA self-petitioners, see PIH NOTICE 2017-02 (HA), VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN ACT (VAWA) SELF-PETITIONER VERIFICATION PROCEDURES (2017),

http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/hud-vawa-self-petitioner-verification-procedures/ and Benish Anver, Alexandra Brown and Leslye E. Orloff, How TO ADVOCATE FOR PUBLIC AND ASSISTED HOUSING FOR YOUR BATTERED IMMIGRANT OR TRAFFICKING SURVIVOR CLIENT (2017) http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/pub-asst-housing-advocacy.

¹⁷¹ See 6 C.F.R. § 37.11(g)(2) (2012); Cindy Mann, CTR. FOR MEDICARE & MEDICAID SERV., U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., MEDICAID AND CHIP COVERAGE FOR "LAWFULLY RESIDING" CHILDREN AND PREGNANT PERSONS 2 (2010), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/pb-gov-hhslawfullyresidingmedicaid-07-01-10-also-in-qualified-immigrants/ (For example, the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services has identified categories of lawfully present immigrants for purposes of Medicaid and CHIP eligibility. These individuals should be able to access full Real ID compliant driver's licenses without waiting for work authorization. This may be an area for advocacy in individual cases).

¹⁷² See 6 C.F.R. § 37.11(h) (2012); NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., THE REAL ID ACT: QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS 8-9 (2016), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/11/REAL-ID-Act-Q-and-A.pdf.

¹⁷³ W. Va. Code R. § 91-4-12.

¹⁷⁴ W. Va. Code R. § 91-4-12.

¹⁷⁵ VAWA self-petitioners receive employment authorization once their case has been approved. Trafficking victims receive legal work authorization based on HHS certification for victims with continued presence and for T visa applicants with bona fide determinations. U visa applicants will receive work authorization after their case has been wait-list approved based on deferred action. Asylum applicants become eligible for work authorization approximately 6 months after filing for asylum. DACA recipients receive work authorization based on deferred action and SIJS children receive work authorization once they are granted lawful permanent residency. Once an immigrant receives legal work authorization from DHS they can apply for an receive a Social Security Number.
¹⁷⁶ Senate Bill S.B. 623 (W. Va. 2020), Allowing noncitizen of US be eligible for teaching certificate (February 21, 2020)(allows non-citizens with valid work authorization to the social security for the

apply for and obtain a teacher certificate) available at https://www.wvlegislature.gov/Bill_Status/bills_history.cfm?INPUT=623&year=2020&sessiontype=RS

¹⁷⁷ U.S. Dep't of Justice, Dep't of Health & Human Servs. & Dep't of Hous. & Human Dev., Joint Letter on Immigrant Access to Shelter and Transitional Housing (Aug. 5, 2016), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/joint-letter-hud-hhs-ad-doj-immigrant-access-shelter-transitional-housing-aug-2016/ (stating that services must be in-kind, available regardless of income, and provided at the community level). *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1611(b)(1)(D).

¹⁷⁸ CATHERINE LONGVILLE & LESLYE E. ORLOFF, PROGRAMS OPEN TO IMMIGRANT VICTIMS AND TO ALL IMMIGRANTS WITHOUT REGARD TO IMMIGRATION STATUS 1 (2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/programs-open-to-all-immigrants/; *Three Federal Agencies Issue Joint Letter on Shelters and Transitional Housing*, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (Aug. 12, 2016), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/joint-agency-letter-shelters-transitional-housing/.

¹⁷⁹ Emergency Solutions Grant Program, W. VA. DEP'T OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT, https://wvcad.org/sustainability/esg (last visited Sept. 4, 2022).

¹⁸⁰ Homeless Housing Services, W. VA. OFFICE OF ECON. OPPORTUNITY, https://oeo.wv.gov/homelesshousingservices/Pages/default.aspx (last visited July 20, 2018).

¹⁸¹ Immigrants including victims who are lawfully residing in the United States or its territories and possessions under section 141 of the Compacts of Free Association between the U.S. and the Governments of the Marshall Islands, the Federated States of Micronesia and Palau are eligible for public and assisted housing. HUD PUBLIC AND INDIAN HOUSING, *Eligibility Determination and Denial of Assistance*, Citizenship Status 10 (November 2019) available at:

https://www.hud.gov/sites/dfiles/PIH/documents/HCV_Guidebook_Eligibility_Determination_and_Denial_of_Assistance.pdf (last visited Aug. 27. 2022) (However in Guam, such immigrants are not entitled to a preference in receiving housing assistance over a U.S. citizen or national resident who is otherwise eligible for such assistance).

¹⁸² See generally NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in LIST OF SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS FOR THE WEBINAR: "IMMIGRANT ACCESS TO FEDERALLY ASSISTED HOUSING" (FEB. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/ (contains lists of housing programs that are unrestricted and lists of housing programs that various forms of immigration restrictions).

¹⁸³ For detailed information about Low Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC) funding housing eligibility and how to find LIHTC funded units in communities across the country *see*, VAWA Home: Rights for Survivors in LIHTC <u>https://www.vawahome.com/</u> (last visited February 10, 2022).

¹⁸⁴ HUD public and assisted housing refers to HUD assisted housing covered by Section 214 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1980, 42 U.S.C. § 1436a. See Housing Act. Section 2.14, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT, http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/housing-act-sec 214/ (last visited Mar. 9, 2018); DEP'T oF HOUS. & URBAN DEV., PIH NOTICE 2017-02 (HA), VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN ACT (VAWA) SELF-PETITIONER VERIFICATION PROCEDURES (2017), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/hud-vawa-self-petitioner-verification-procedures/; TONYA ROBINSON, ACTING GENERAL COUNSEL, C., U.S. DEP'T oF HOUS. & URBAN DEV., MEMORANDUM FOR SECRETARY JULIAN CASTRO ON ELIGIBILITY OF BATTERED NONCITIZEN SELF-PETITIONERS FOR FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE UNDER SECTION 214 OF THE HOUSING AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT ACT OF 1980 (2016), http://library.niwap.org/wp-content/uploads/Eligibility-of-VAWA-Self-Petitioners-2016-12-14.pdf; U.S. DEP'T OF HOUS. & URBAN DEV., HUD HANDBOOK 4350.3: OCCUPANCY REQUIREMENTS OF SUBSIDIZED MULTIFAMILY HOUSING PROGRAMS at Appendix 2-B (2013), https://www.hud.gov/sites/documents/43503HSGH.PDF (instructions for verifying battered immigrant eligibility for multi-family programs) (referring to the Interim Guidance on Verification of Citizenship, Qualified Alien Status, and Eligibility Under Title IV of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, 62 FR 61344 at Exhibit B to Attachment 5 (Nov. 17, 1997)). See also 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c).

¹⁸⁵ USDA RURAL HOUSING SERVICE, Interim Rule, *Reinvention of the Sections 514, 515, 516 and 521 Multi-Family Housing Programs*, 69 Fed. Reg. 69032 (Nov. 26, 2004) (to be codified at 7 C.F.R. pt. 1806, 1822, 1902, 1925 ("Appendix 2 to the HUD Handbook 4350.3 is incorporated into internal Agency procedures."); USDA RURAL HOUSING SERVICE, Interim Final Rule, *Reinvention of the Sections 514, 515, 516 and 521 Multi-Family Housing Programs*, 70 Fed. Reg. 8503 (Feb. 22, 2005) (to be codified at 7 C.F.R. 3560) (deciding "to delay implementation of the sections listed below in order to harmonize its procedures with HUD under 42 U.S.C. 1436a"); DEP'T OF HOUS. & URBAN DEV., HUD HANDBOOK 4350.3: OCCUPANCY REQUIREMENTS OF SUBSIDIZED MULTIFAMILY HOUSING PROGRAMS at Appendix 2-B (2013), https://www.hud.gov/sites/documents/43503HSGH.PDF (instructions on verifying battered immigrant eligibility for HUD multi-family programs) (referring to the *Interim Guidance on Verification of Citizenship, Qualified Alien Status, and Eligibility* Under Title IV of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, 62 FR 61344 at Exhibit B to Attachment 5) (Nov. 17, 1997); DEP'T OF HOUS. & URBAN DEV., PIH NOTICE 2017-02 (HA), VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN ACT (VAWA) SELF-PETITIONER VERIFICATION PROCEDURES (2017), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/hud-vawa-self-petitioner-verification-procedures/; MEMORANDUM FOR SECRETARY JULIAN CASTRO ON ELIGIBILITY OF BATTERED NONCITIZEN SELF-PETITIONERS FOR FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE UNDER SECTION 214 OF THE HOUSING AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT ACT OF 1980 (2016), http://library.niwap.org/wp-content/uploads/Eligibility-of-VAWA-Self-Petitioners-2016-12-14.pdf. *See also* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c).
 ¹⁸⁶ See 42 U.S.C. § 1485.

¹⁸⁷ NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in LIST OF SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS FOR THE WEBINAR: "IMMIGRANT ACCESS TO FEDERALLY ASSISTED HOUSING" (FEB. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/ (stating that Section 514/516: Lessee (but not household) must be U.S. Citizen or lawful permanent resident). See 7 C.F.R. § 3560.11 (including immediate family member).

¹⁸⁸ See 7 C.F.R. § 3560.158(d); USDA MFH ASSET MANAGEMENT HANDBOOK HB 2-3650, § 6.30(D) (stating that a remaining family member who is a co-tenant or member of the household, who has the legal capacity to sign the lease, and is a U.S. citizen or qualified immigrant, may remain in the housing after the original tenant has departed); *NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in* LIST OF SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS FOR THE WEBINAR: "IMMIGRANT ACCESS TO FEDERALLY ASSISTED HOUSING" (FEB. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/; *see also* 8 U.S.C. §§ 1641(c).

 189 42 U.S.C. § 1436a(a)(1).

¹⁹⁰ See 42 U.S.C. § 1484(f)(3)(A), 1486(g)(4) (Sections 514 and 516 Farm Labor Housing); *NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in* LIST OF SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS FOR THE WEBINAR: "IMMIGRANT ACCESS TO FEDERALLY ASSISTED HOUSING" (FEB. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/ ("Section 514/516: Lessee (but not household) must be U.S. Citizen or lawful permanent resident.").

¹⁹¹ See 42 U.S.C. § 1490(a); NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in LIST OF SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS FOR THE WEBINAR: "IMMIGRANT ACCESS TO FEDERALLY ASSISTED HOUSING" (FEB. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/.
 ¹⁹² 24 C.F.R. § 5.506(a)(1).

¹⁹³ See 42 U.S.C. § 1484(f)(3)(A), 1486(g)(4) (Sections 514 and 516 Farm Labor Housing); *NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in* LIST OF SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS FOR THE WEBINAR: "IMMIGRANT ACCESS TO FEDERALLY ASSISTED HOUSING" (FEB. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/ ("Section 514/516: Lessee (but not household) must be U.S. Citizen or lawful permanent resident.").

¹⁹⁴ See 42 U.S.C. § 1490(a); *NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in* LIST OF SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS FOR THE WEBINAR: "IMMIGRANT ACCESS TO FEDERALLY ASSISTED HOUSING" (FEB. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/.

¹⁹⁵ See Low-Income Housing Tax Credit Program, W.VA. HOUS. DEV. FUND, https://www.wvhdf.com/programs/low-income-housing-tax-credit-program (last visited July 5, 2018). The West Virginia Housing Development Fund allocates the Low Income Housing Tax Credits (LIHTC). The LIHTC program does not impose immigrant restrictions. However, when housing units use these federally funded tax credits or other federally funded subsidies, the housing units with this combination of funding would only be available to immigrants, including VAWA self-petitioners, who could meet the eligibility requirements of the federal subsidies involved. See, DEP'T OF HOUS. & URBAN DEV., PIH NOTICE 2017-02 (HA), VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN ACT (VAWA) SELF-PETITIONER VERIFICATION PROCEDURES (2017), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/hud-vawa-self-petitioner-verification-procedures/.

¹⁹⁶ NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. *See* 8 U.S.C. §§ 1641(b)(2)-(3), (c)(4).

¹⁹⁷ See 42 U.S.C. § 1485.

¹⁹⁸ See 42 U.S.C. § 1490(a); see also 8 U.S.C. §§ 1641(b)(2)-(3), (c)(4); *NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in* LIST OF SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS FOR THE WEBINAR: "IMMIGRANT ACCESS TO FEDERALLY ASSISTED HOUSING" (FEB. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/.

¹⁹⁹ NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in LIST OF SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS FOR THE WEBINAR: "IMMIGRANT ACCESS TO FEDERALLY ASSISTED HOUSING" (FEB. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/ (stating that Section 514/516: Lessee (but not household) must be U.S. Citizen or lawful permanent resident). See 7 C.F.R. § 3560.11 (including immediate family member).

²⁰⁰ See 7 C.F.R. § 3560.158(d); USDA MFH ASSET MANAGEMENT HANDBOOK HB 2-3650, § 6.30(D) (stating that a remaining family member who is a co-tenant or member of the household, who has the legal capacity to sign the lease, and is a U.S. citizen or qualified immigrant, may remain in the housing after the original tenant has departed); *NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in* LIST OF SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS FOR THE WEBINAR: "IMMIGRANT ACCESS TO FEDERALLY ASSISTED HOUSING" (FEB. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/; *see also* 8 U.S.C. §§ 1641(b)(2)-(3), (c)(4).

²⁰¹ See 42 U.S.C. § 1484(f)(3)(A), 1486(g)(4) (Sections 514 and 516 Farm Labor Housing).

²⁰² See Low-Income Housing Tax Credit Program, W.VA. HOUS. DEV. FUND, https://www.wvhdf.com/programs/low-income-housing-tax-credit-program (last visited July 5, 2018). The West Virginia Housing Development Fund allocates the Low Income Housing Tax Credits (LIHTC). The LIHTC program does not impose immigrant restrictions.

However, when housing units use these federally funded tax credits or other federally funded subsidies, the housing units with this combination of funding would only be available to immigrants including refugees, asylees and T-visa holders or applicants with a bona fide determination, who could meet the eligibility requirements of the federal subsidies involved.

²⁰³ See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS certification. Applicants under age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certification)).

²⁰⁴ NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. *See also* 22 U.S.C. 7105(b); OFFICE ON TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS, U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., OTIP-FS-16-01, CERTIFICATION FOR ADULT VICTIMS OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING FACT SHEET 1 (2016),

https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification%20Fact%20Sheet%20Posting%20%282%29.pdf.

²⁰⁵ See OFFICE ON TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS, U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., OTIP-FS-16-01, CERTIFICATION FOR ADULT VICTIMS OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING FACT SHEET 1 (2016), https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification%20Fact%20Sheet%20Posting%20%282%29.pdf; 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b)(1)(B) (requirement to expand benefits and services); see also 22 U.S.C. 7105(b); 42 U.S.C. § 1485 (Section 515 Rural Housing); 42 U.S.C. § 1490(a) (Section 521 housing assistance); 42 U.S.C. § 1484(f)(3)(A), 1486(g)(4) (Sections 514 and 516 Farm Labor Housing). *NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in* LIST OF SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS FOR THE WEBINAR: "IMMIGRANT ACCESS TO FEDERALLY ASSISTED HOUSING" (FEB. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/.

²⁰⁶ See Low-Income Housing Tax Credit Program, W.VA. HOUS. DEV. FUND, https://www.wvhdf.com/programs/low-income-housing-tax-credit-program (last visited July 5, 2018). The West Virginia Housing Development Fund allocates the Low Income Housing Tax Credits (LIHTC). The LIHTC program does not impose immigrant restrictions. However, when housing units use these federally funded tax credits or other federally funded subsidies, the housing units with this combination of funding would only be available to immigrants who could meet the eligibility requirements of the federal subsidies involved.

²⁰⁷ See 42 U.S.C. § 1485 (2011); *NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in* LIST OF SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS FOR THE WEBINAR: "IMMIGRANT ACCESS TO FEDERALLY ASSISTED HOUSING" (FEB. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/.

²⁰⁸ May also be eligible for proration in HUD or USDA housing programs, or for federal housing assistance from other unrestricted programs. See 7 C.F.R. § 3560.11 (2012).

²⁰⁹See Low-Income Housing Tax Credit Program, W.VA. HOUS. DEV. FUND, https://www.wvhdf.com/programs/low-income-housing-tax-credit-program (last visited July 5, 2018). The West Virginia Housing Development Fund allocates the Low Income Housing Tax Credits (LIHTC). The LIHTC program does not impose immigrant restrictions. However, when housing units use these federally funded tax credits or other federally funded subsidies, the housing units with this combination of funding would only be available to immigrants who could meet the eligibility requirements of the federal subsidies involved. DACA applicants will only qualify if the housing is LIHTC only or LIHTC is combined with one of the USDA programs listed above.

²¹⁰ See 42 U.S.C. § 1485 (2011); *NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in* LIST OF SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS FOR THE WEBINAR: "IMMIGRANT ACCESS TO FEDERALLY ASSISTED HOUSING" (FEB. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/.

²¹¹ May also be eligible for proration in HUD or USDA housing programs, or for federal housing assistance from unrestricted programs. See 7 C.F.R. § 3560.11 (2012).

²¹² See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).

²¹³ NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.

²¹⁴ See 42 U.S.C. § 1490(a) (2011) (Section 521 rental assistance); 42 U.S.C. §§ 1484(f)(3)(A), 1486(g)(4) (2010) (Sections 514 and 516 Farm Labor Housing); 42 U.S.C. § 1485 (2011) (Section 515 Rural Rental Housing).

²¹⁵ See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1) (2012).

²¹⁶ See Low-Income Housing Tax Credit Program, W.VA. HOUS. DEV. FUND, https://www.wvhdf.com/programs/low-income-housing-tax-credit-program (last visited July 5, 2018). The West Virginia Housing Development Fund allocates the Low Income Housing Tax Credits (LIHTC). The LIHTC program does not impose immigrant restrictions. However, when housing units use these federally funded tax credits or other federally funded subsidies, the housing units with this combination of funding would only be available to immigrants who could meet the eligibility requirements of the federal subsidies involved.

²¹⁷ See 42 U.S.C. § 1485 (2011); *NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in* LIST OF SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS FOR THE WEBINAR: "IMMIGRANT ACCESS TO FEDERALLY ASSISTED HOUSING" (FEB. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/.

²¹⁸ May also be eligible for proration in HUD or USDA housing programs, or for federal housing assistance from unrestricted programs. See 7 C.F.R. § 3560.11 (2012).

²¹⁹ See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).

²²⁰ NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.

²²¹ See 42 U.S.C. § 1490(a) (2011) (Section 521 rental assistance); 42 U.S.C. § 1484(f)(3)(A), 1486(g)(4) (2010) (Sections 514 and 516 Farm Labor Housing); 42 U.S.C. § 1485 (2011) (Section 515 Rural Rental Housing).

²²² See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1) (2012).

²²³ See Low-Income Housing Tax Credit Program, W.VA. HOUS. DEV. FUND, https://www.wvhdf.com/programs/low-income-housing-tax-credit-program (last visited July 5, 2018). The West Virginia Housing Development Fund allocates the Low Income Housing Tax Credits (LIHTC). The LIHTC program does not impose immigrant restrictions. However, when housing units use these federally funded tax credits or other federally funded subsidies, the housing units with this combination of funding would only be available to immigrants funding would only be available to immigrants including U visa applicants upon receipt of lawful permanent residency, who could meet the eligibility requirements of the federal subsidies involved. Prior to receipt of lawful permanent residency U visa applicants approved will only qualify if the housing is LIHTC only or LIHTC is combined with one of the USDA programs listed above.

²²⁴ See 42 U.S.C. § 1485 (2011); NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in LIST OF SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS FOR THE WEBINAR: "IMMIGRANT ACCESS TO FEDERALLY ASSISTED HOUSING" (FEB. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/.

²²⁵ May also be eligible for proration in HUD or USDA housing programs, or for federal housing assistance from unrestricted programs. See 7 C.F.R. § 3560.11 (2012).

²²⁶ See Low-Income Housing Tax Credit Program, W.VA. HOUS. DEV. FUND, https://www.wvhdf.com/programs/low-income-housing-tax-credit-program (last visited July 5, 2018). The West Virginia Housing Development Fund allocates the Low Income Housing Tax Credits (LIHTC). The LIHTC program does not impose immigrant restrictions. However, when housing units use these federally funded tax credits or other federally funded subsidies, the housing units with this combination of funding would only be available to immigrants including U visa applicants upon receipt of lawful permanent residency, who could meet the eligibility requirements of the federal subsidies involved. Prior to receipt of lawful permanent residency U visa applicants approved will only qualify if the housing is LIHTC only or LIHTC is combined with one of the USDA programs listed above.

²²⁷ See 42 U.S.C. § 1485 (2011); *NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in* LIST OF SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS FOR THE WEBINAR: "IMMIGRANT ACCESS TO FEDERALLY ASSISTED HOUSING" (FEB. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/. ²²⁸ May also be eligible for proration in HUD or USDA housing programs, or for federal housing assistance from unrestricted programs. *See* 7 C.F.R. § 3560.11 (2012).

²²⁹ See Low-Income Housing Tax Credit Program, W.VA. HOUS. DEV. FUND, https://www.wvhdf.com/programs/low-income-housing-tax-credit-program (last visited July 5, 2018). The West Virginia Housing Development Fund allocates the Low Income Housing Tax Credits (LIHTC). The LIHTC program does not impose immigrant restrictions. However, when housing units use these federally funded tax credits or other federally funded subsidies, the housing units with this combination of funding would only be available to immigrants who could meet the eligibility requirements of the federal subsidies involved.

²³⁰ 26 U.S.C. § 24; U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 972, CHILD TAX CREDIT, at 3 (2017).

²³¹ 26 U.S.C. § 24(f); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 972, CHILD TAX CREDIT, at 2 (2017).

²³² See <u>https://www.irs.gov/individuals/individual-taxpayer-identification-number</u> (IRS ITIN Information Page).

²³³ 26 U.S.C.A § 21(b); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 503, CHILD AND DEPENDENT CARE EXPENSES, at 1, 3 (2017).

²³⁴ U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 503, CHILD AND DEPENDENT CARE EXPENSES, at 3 (2017).

²³⁵ U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 503, CHILD AND DEPENDENT CARE EXPENSES, at 2 (2017).

²³⁶ U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., WHO QUALIFIES FOR THE EARNED INCOME TAX CREDIT (EITC) (Jul.10, 2023), <u>https://www.irs.gov/credits-deductions/individuals/earned-income-tax-credit/who-qualifies-for-the-earned-income-tax-credit-eitc</u>.

²³⁷ 26 U.S.C. § 32(c)(1)(D); see also 26 U.S.C. § 6013(g); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 5, 18 (2017); see also U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 4 (2017).

238 U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 4 (2017); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 31 (2017).

²³⁹ U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 31-32 (2017); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 7 (2017). ²⁴⁰ U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 1, 31-32 (2018).

²⁴¹ 26 U.S.C. § 32(c)(1)(D); see also 26 U.S.C. § 6013(g); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 5, 18 (2017); see also U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 4 (2017).

²⁴² U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 4 (2017); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 31 (2017).

²⁴³ U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 31-32 (2017); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 7 (2017).
 ²⁴⁴ U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 1, 31-32 (2018).

²⁴⁵ 26 U.S.C. § 32(c)(1)(D); see also 26 U.S.C. § 6013(g); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 5, 18 (2017); see also U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 4 (2017).

²⁴⁶ U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 4 (2017); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 31 (2017).

²⁴⁷ U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 31-32 (2017); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 7 (2017). ²⁴⁸ U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 1, 31-32 (2018).

²⁴⁹ 26 U.S.C. § 32(c)(1)(D); see also 26 U.S.C. § 6013(g); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 5, 18 (2017); see also U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 4 (2017).

²⁵⁰ U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 4 (2017); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 31 (2017).

²⁵¹ U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 31-32 (2017); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 7 (2017).
 ²⁵² U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 1, 31-32 (2018).

²⁵³ 26 U.S.C. § 32(c)(1)(D); see also 26 U.S.C. § 6013(g); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 5, 18 (2017); see also U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 4 (2017).

²⁵⁴ U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 4 (2017); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 31 (2017).

255 U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 31-32 (2017); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 7 (2017).

²⁵⁶ U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 1, 31-32 (2018).

²⁵⁷ See Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, *Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005*, NAT'L LEGAL AID & DEFENDER ASS'N CORNERSTONE Jan.-Apr. 2015, at 20, http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/anti-abuse-lsc-reg-articles-cornerstone_jan-apr-2015/ (describing Legal Services Corporation funded legal services available to immigrant victims of violence and their families).

²⁵⁸ Battered or subjected to extreme cruelty includes, but is not limited to, being the victim of any act or threatened act of violence, including any forceful detention, which results or threatens to result in physical or mental injury. Psychological or sexual abuse or exploitation, including rape, molestation, incest (if the victim is a minor), or forced prostitution may be considered acts of violence. Other abusive actions may also be acts of violence under certain circumstances, including acts that, in and of themselves, may not initially appear violent but that are a part of an overall pattern of violence. 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(b) (1996). The definition of battering or extreme cruelty is identical to that in the immigration regulations. *See* 45 C.F.R. §§ 1626.4(a)(1)(i) (1996) (victim); 45 C.F.R. §§ 1626.4(a)(1)(ii) (1996) (parent of victim); Leslye E. Orloff, Brittnay Roberts & Stefanie Gitler, *Battering and Extreme Cruelty: Drawing Examples from Civil Protection Order and Family Law Cases*, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (Sept. 12, 2015), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/extreme-cruelty-examples-protection-order/. *Compare* 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(b) (1997) *and* 8 C.F.R. § 204.2(c)(1)(vi) (2012).

²⁵⁹ The abuse may have occurred either inside or outside of the U.S. See RONALD S. FLAGG, GENERAL COUNSEL & VICE PRESIDENT FOR LEGAL AFFAIRS, LEGAL SERVICES CORPORATION, PROGRAM LETTER 14-3: ASSESSING ELIGIBILITY OF ALIENS UNDER 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(c)(1) (2014) (interpreting 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(c)).

²⁶⁰ 45 C.F.R. 1626.4 (b) ("Related legal assistance means legal assistance directly related" "to the prevention of, or obtaining relief from, the battery [or] cruelty" and "includes representation in matters that will assist a person eligible for assistance under this part to escape from the abusive situation, ameliorate the current effects of the abuse, or protect against future abuse, so long as the recipient can show the necessary connection of the representation to the abuse. Such representation may include immigration law matters and domestic or poverty law matters (such as obtaining civil protective orders, divorce, paternity, child custody, child and spousal support, housing, public benefits, employment, abuse and neglect, juvenile proceedings and contempt actions)."). See also Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, *Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005*, NAT'L LEGAL AID & DEFENDER ASs'N CORNERSTONE Jan.-Apr. 2015, at 20, http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/anti-abuse-lsc-reg-articles-cornerstone_jan-apr-2015/; Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey, & Leslye E. Orloff, *And Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005 's New Path to Legal Services Corporation Funded Representation for Immigrant Survivors of Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, Human Trafficking, and Other Crimes, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP)*, (Nov. 3, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/and-legal Services for Immigrant Survivors, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Oct. 1, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/lsc-tool-accesspubliclyfundedls/.

²⁶¹ 45 C.F.R. § 1626.5(a).

²⁶² 45 C.F.R. § 1626.5(b).

²⁶³ Upon applying for 45 C.F.R. § 1626.5(b) or receiving lawful permanent residency 45 C.F.R. § 1626.5(a) victim switch eligibility tracks from anti-abuse (which includes a restriction that the legal assistance be related to the abuse 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4 to immigration related eligibility under for 45 C.F.R. § 1626.5 under which applicants are eligible of any legal assistance offered by the LSC funded agency. *See* Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, *Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005*, NAT'L LEGAL AID & DEFENDER Ass'n CORNERSTONE Jan.-Apr. 2015, at 20, http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/anti-abuse-lsc-reg-articles-cornerstone_jan-apr-2015/; Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey, & Leslye E. Orloff, *And Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005 's New Path to Legal Services Corporation Funded Representation for Immigrant Survivors of Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, Human Trafficking, and Other Crimes, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN's ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Nov. 3, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/and-legal-services for Immigrant Survivors, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN's ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Oct. 1, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/lsc-tool-accesspubliclyfundedls/.*

²⁶⁴ 45 C.F.R. § 1626.5(a)

²⁶⁵ Can LSC Grantees Represent Undocumented Immigrants?, LEGAL SERVICES CORPORATION, <u>https://www.lsc.gov/our-impact/publications/other-publications-and-reports/can-lsc-grantees-represent-undocumented</u> (last visited November 29, 2023) (LSC funded agencies can represent U.S. citizens which includes naturalized citizens).

²⁶⁶ OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, FY 2018 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS GRANT PROGRAM PRE-APPLICATION CONFERENCE CALL TUESDAY, DECEMBER 19, 2017, https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/1020436/download ("The purpose of the LAV Program is to increase the availability of civil and criminal legal assistance needed to effectively aid adult and youth victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking who are seeking relief in legal matters relating to or arising out of that abuse or violence, at minimum or no cost to the victims. The LAV Grant Program supports the provision of holistic legal services. For example, survivors may also need legal assistance with other legal matters relating to or arising out of the abuse or violence, including family matters such as divorce, child custody or child support, immigration, administrative agency proceedings, housing, and assistance related to human trafficking.").
²⁶⁷ Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2000 § 1512, 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)); Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000, tit. II, § 1201(a), Pub. L. 106-386, 114 Stat. 1464 (2000) [hereinafter VAWA 2000], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/vawa-gov-vawa-2000-pub-l-106-386-10-28-00/.
²⁶⁸ Violence Against Women and Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005 § 103, Pub. L. 109-162, 119 Stat. 2960 (2006) (codified at 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017)) (originally codified at 42

U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)) [hereinafter VAWA 2005], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/senate-judicial-hearing-july-19-2005-1/.

²⁶⁹ See, e.g., OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, OVW FY 2017 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS (LAV) GRANT PROGRAM SOLICITATION (2017), https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/922496/download (listing representation of child sexual assault victims under age of 11 as out-of-scope for Legal Assistance for Victims grant funded programs).

²⁷⁰ See 45 C.F.R. § 1626.5(c).

²⁷¹ See 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(1)(i) (trafficking victim); 45 C.F.R. §§ 1626.4 (a)(1)(ii) (parent of trafficking victim); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(k)(2) (A "victim of trafficking" under the anti-abuse regulation is a victim of any conduct included in the definition of "trafficking" under law, including, but not limited to, local, state, and federal law, and T visa holders regardless of certification from the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS)); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(c)(2)(ii) (stating that to qualify for legal assistance by an LSC funded agency, the trafficking must have occurred in the U.S. or violate U.S. law, 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(c)(1), and the trafficking victim must be present in the U.S. at the time of the application for legal assistance).

²⁷³ OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, FY 2018 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS GRANT PROGRAM PRE-APPLICATION CONFERENCE CALL TUESDAY, DECEMBER 19, 2017, https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/1020436/download ("The purpose of the LAV Program is to increase the availability of civil and criminal legal assistance needed to effectively aid adult and youth victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking who are seeking relief in legal matters relating to or arising out of that abuse or violence, at minimum or no cost to the victims. The LAV Grant Program supports the provision of holistic legal services. For example, survivors may also need legal assistance with other legal matters relating to or arising out of the abuse or violence, including family matters such as divorce, child custody or child support, immigration, administrative agency proceedings, housing, and assistance related to human trafficking.").
 ²⁷⁴ Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2000 § 1512, 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)); Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000, tit. II, § 1201(a), Pub. L. 106-386, 114 Stat. 1464 (2000) [hereinafter VAWA 2000], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/vawa-gov-vawa-2000-pub-l-106-386-10-28-00/.
 ²⁷⁵ Violence Against Women and Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005 § 103, Pub. L. 109-162, 119 Stat. 2960 (2006) (codified at 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017)) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)) [hereinafter VAWA 2005], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/senate-judicial-hearing-july-19-2005-1/.

²⁷⁶ See, e.g., OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, OVW FY 2017 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS (LAV) GRANT PROGRAM SOLICITATION (2017), https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/922496/download (listing representation of child sexual assault victims under age of 11 as out-of-scope for Legal Assistance for Victims grant funded programs).

²⁷⁷ See 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(2)(i)(A) (HHS certified victim); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(2)(ii) (seeking certification); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(j) ("Victim of severe forms of trafficking" means any person described at 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b)(1)(C), with the inclusion of those still seeking HHS certification.); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(c)(1) (stating that to qualify for legal assistance by an LSC funded agency, the victim must be present in the U.S. at the time of the application for legal assistance, 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(c)(2)(ii), and the trafficking must have occurred in the U.S. or violated U.S. law). ²⁷⁸ See 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(2)(i)(B) (visa holder); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(2)(ii) (visa applicant); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(c) (stating that eligibility for legal assistance under these provisions does not require HHS certification, 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(2)(ii), although the trafficking must either have occurred in the U.S. or violated U.S. law). ²⁷⁹ OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, FY 2018 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS GRANT PROGRAM PRE-APPLICATION CONFERENCE CALL TUESDAY, DECEMBER 19, 2017, https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/1020436/download ("The purpose of the LAV Program is to increase the availability of civil and criminal legal assistance needed to effectively aid adult and youth victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking who are seeking relief in legal matters relating to or arising out of that abuse or violence, at minimum or no cost to the victims. The LAV Grant Program supports the provision of holistic legal services. For example, survivors may also need legal assistance with other legal matters relating to or arising out of the abuse or violence, including family matters such as divorce, child custody or child support, immigration, administrative agency proceedings, housing, and assistance related to human trafficking.").
 ²⁸⁰ Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2000 § 1512, 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)); Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000, tit. II, § 1201(a), Pub. L. 106-386, 114 Stat. 1464 (2000) [hereinafter VAWA 2000], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/vawa-gov-vawa-2000-pub-l-106-386-10-28-00/.
 ²⁸¹ Violence Against Women and Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005 § 103, Pub. L. 109-162, 119 Stat. 2960 (2006) (codified at 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017)) (originally codified at 42

U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)) [hereinafter VAWA 2005], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/senate-judicial-hearing-july-19-2005-1/.

²⁸² See, e.g., OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, OVW FY 2017 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS (LAV) GRANT PROGRAM SOLICITATION (2017), https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/922496/download (listing representation of child sexual assault victims under age of 11 as out-of-scope for Legal Assistance for Victims grant funded programs).

²⁸³ See 45 C.F.R. §§ 1626.4(a)(1)(i) (crime victim or family member eligible for U visa relief); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(1)(ii) (parent of U visa eligible child); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(h) (definitions); 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(15)(U)(i)(I)-(a)(15)(U)(iii) (stating that to qualify for a U visa, the victim must have suffered substantial physical or mental abuse as a result of having been a victim of one or more of the following, or any similar activity in violation of Federal, State, or local criminal law: rape; torture; trafficking; incest; domestic violence; sexual assault; abusive sexual contact; prostitution; sexual exploitation; stalking; female genital mutilation; being held hostage; peonage; involuntary servitude; slave trade; kidnapping; abduction; unlawful criminal restraint; false imprisonment; blackmail; extortion; manslaughter; murder; felonious assault; witness tampering; obstruction of justice; perjury; fraud in foreign labor contracting (as defined in section 1351 of title 18); or attempt, conspiracy, or solicitation to commit any of the above mentioned crimes); Leslye E. Orloff, Brittnay Roberts & Stefanie Gitler, *Battering and Extreme Cruelty: Drawing Examples from Civil Protection Order and Family Law Cases*, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (Sept. 12, 2015), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/extreme-cruelty-examples-protection-order/ (suggesting the definition of battering or extreme cruelty is identical to that in the immigration regulations). *Compare* 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(1)(i) (victim); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(1)(ii) (parent of victim); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(1)(ii) (victim); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(1)(ii) (parent of victim); 45 C.F.R.

²⁸⁶ Related legal assistance means legal assistance directly related to the prevention of, or obtaining relief from, the battery or cruelty and includes representation in matters that will assist a person eligible for assistance under this part to escape from the abusive situation, ameliorate the current effects of the abuse, or protect against future abuse, so long as the recipient can show the necessary connection of the representation to the abuse. Such representation may include immigration law matters and domestic or poverty law matters (such as obtaining civil protective orders, divorce, paternity, child custody, child and spousal support, housing, public benefits, employment, abuse and neglect, iuvenile proceedings and contempt actions), 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4 (b); see also Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005, NAT'L LEGAL AID & DEFENDER ASS'N CORNERSTONE Jan.-Apr. 2015, at 20, http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/anti-abuse-lsc-reg-articles-cornerstone jan-apr-2015/ (describing Legal Services Corporation funded legal services available to immigrant victims of violence and their families); Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey, & Leslye E. Orloff, And Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005's New Path to Legal Services Corporation Funded Representation for Immigrant Survivors of Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, Human Trafficking, and Other Crimes, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Nov. 3, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/and-legal-services-for-all/; Catherine Longville, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Guide: Access to Publicly Funded Legal Services for Immigrant Survivors, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Oct. 1, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/lsc-tool-accesspubliclyfundedls/. ²⁸⁷ OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, FY 2018 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS GRANT PROGRAM PRE-APPLICATION CONFERENCE CALL TUESDAY, DECEMBER 19, 2017, https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/1020436/download ("The purpose of the LAV Program is to increase the availability of civil and criminal legal assistance needed to effectively aid adult and youth victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking who are seeking relief in legal matters relating to or arising out of that abuse or violence, at minimum or no cost to the victims. The LAV Grant Program supports the provision of holistic legal services. For example, survivors may also need legal assistance with other legal matters relating to or arising out of the abuse or violence, including family matters such as divorce, child custody or child support, immigration, administrative agency proceedings, housing, and assistance related to human trafficking."). 288 Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2000 § 1512, 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)); Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000, tit. II, § 1201(a), Pub. L. 106-386, 114 Stat. 1464 (2000) [hereinafter VAWA 2000], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/vawa-gov-vawa-2000-pub-l-106-386-10-28-00/. ²⁸⁹ Violence Against Women and Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005 § 103, Pub. L. 109-162, 119 Stat. 2960 (2006) (codified at 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017)) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)) [hereinafter VAWA 2005], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/senate-iudicial-hearing-iuly-19-2005-1/.

²⁹⁰ See, e.g. Office on Violence Against Women, U.S. Dep't of Justice, OVW FY 2017 Legal Assistance for Victims (LAV) Grant Program Solicitation (2017), https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/922496/download (listing representation of child sexual assault victims under age of 11 as out-of-scope for Legal Assistance for Victims grant funded programs). ²⁹¹ 45 C.F.R. §§ 1626.4(a)(1)(i); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(b) ("Battered or subjected to extreme cruelty includes, but is not limited to, being the victim of any act or threatened act of violence, including any forceful detention, which results or threatens to result in physical or mental injury. Psychological or sexual abuse or exploitation, including rape, molestation, incest (if the victim is a minor), or forced prostitution may be considered acts of violence. Other abusive actions may also be acts of violence under certain circumstances, including acts that, in and of themselves, may not initially appear violent but that are a part of an overall pattern of violence."). *See* Leslye E. Orloff, Brittnay Roberts & Stefanie Gitler, *Battering and Extreme Cruelty: Drawing Examples from Civil Protection Order and Family Law Cases*, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (Sept. 12, 2015), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/extreme-cruelty-examples-protection-order/ (suggesting the definition of battering or extreme cruelty is identical to that in the immigration regulations). *Compare* 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(b) *and* 8 C.F.R. § 204.2(c)(1)(vi).

²⁹² 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(1)(i); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(k) ("Victim of sexual assault or trafficking" means a victim of sexual assault subjected to any conduct included in the definition of sexual assault in VAWA, 42 U.S.C. 13925(a)(29), or a victim of trafficking subjected to any conduct included in the definition of "trafficking" under law, including, but not limited to, local, state, and federal law, and T visa holders regardless of certification from the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.).

²⁹³ 45 C.F.R. 1626.4(b) ("Related legal assistance means legal assistance directly related" "to the prevention of, or obtaining relief from, the battery [or] cruelty" and "includes representation in matters that will assist a person eligible for assistance under this part to escape from the abusive situation, ameliorate the current effects of the abuse, or protect against future abuse, so long as the recipient can show the necessary connection of the representation to the abuse. Such representation may include immigration law matters and domestic or poverty law matters (such as obtaining civil protective orders, divorce, paternity, child custody, child and spousal support, housing, public benefits, employment, abuse and neglect, juvenile proceedings and contempt actions)."). *See also* Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, *Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005*, NAT'L LEGAL AID & DEFENDER ASs'N CORNERSTONE Jan.-Apr. 2015, at 20, http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/anti-abuse-lsc-reg-articles-cornerstone_jan-apr-2015/ (describing Legal Services Corporation funded legal services available to immigrant victims of violence and their families); Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey, & Leslye E. Orloff, *And Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005* 's New Path to Legal Services Corporation Funded Representation for Immigrant Survivors of Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, Human Trafficking, and Other Crimes, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Nov. 3, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/and-legal-services-for-all/; Catherine Longville, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, *Guide: Access to Publicly Funded Legal Services for Immigrant Survivors*, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Oct. 1, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/lsc-tool-accesspubliclyfundedls/.

²⁹⁴ See 45 C.F.R. § 1626.5(a).

²⁹⁵ See 45 C.F.R. § 1626.5(b); Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, *Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005*, NAT'L LEGAL AID & DEFENDER ASS'N CORNERSTONE Jan.-Apr. 2015, at 20, http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/anti-abuse-lsc-reg-articles-cornerstone_jan-apr-2015/ (describing Legal Services Corporation funded legal services available to immigrant victims of violence and their families); Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey, & Leslye E. Orloff, *And Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005's New Path to Legal Services Corporation Funded Representation for Immigrant Survivors of Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, Human Trafficking, and Other Crimes, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP)*, (Nov. 3, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/and-legal-services-for-all/; Catherine Longville, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, *Guide: Access to Publicly Funded Legal Services for Immigrant Survivors*, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Oct. 1, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/lsc-tool-accesspubliclyfundedls/.

²⁹⁶ OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, FY 2018 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS GRANT PROGRAM PRE-APPLICATION CONFERENCE CALL TUESDAY, DECEMBER 19, 2017, https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/1020436/download ("The purpose of the LAV Program is to increase the availability of civil and criminal legal assistance needed to effectively aid adult and youth victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking who are seeking relief in legal matters relating to or arising out of that abuse or violence, at minimum or no cost to the victims. The LAV Grant Program supports the provision of holistic legal services. For example, survivors may also need legal assistance with other legal matters relating to or arising out of the abuse or violence, including family matters such as divorce, child custody or child support, immigration, administrative agency proceedings, housing, and assistance related to human trafficking.").
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 ²⁹⁸ Violence Against Women and Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005 § 103, Pub. L. 109-162, 119 Stat. 2960 (2006) (codified at 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017)) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)) [hereinafter VAWA 2005], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/senate-judicial-hearing-july-19-2005-1/.

²⁹⁹ See, e.g., OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, OVW FY 2017 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS (LAV) GRANT PROGRAM SOLICITATION (2017), https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/922496/download (listing representation of child sexual assault victims under age of 11 as out-of-scope for Legal Assistance for Victims grant funded programs).

³⁰⁰ 45 C.F.R. §§ 1626.4(a)(1)(i) (crime victim or family member eligible for U visa relief); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(1)(ii) (parent of U visa eligible child); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(h) (definitions); 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(15)(U)(i)(I)-(a)(15)(U)(iii) (stating that to qualify for a U visa, the victim must have suffered substantial physical or mental abuse as a result of having been a victim of one or more of the following, or any similar activity in violation of Federal, State, or local criminal law: rape; torture; trafficking; incest; domestic violence; sexual assault; abusive sexual contact; prostitution; sexual exploitation; stalking; female genital mutilation; being held hostage; peonage; involuntary servitude; slave trade; kidnapping; abduction; unlawful criminal restraint; false imprisonment; blackmail; extortion; manslaughter; murder; felonious assault; witness tampering; obstruction of justice; perjury; fraud in foreign labor contracting (as defined in section 1351 of title 18); or attempt, conspiracy, or solicitation to commit any of the above mentioned crimes).

³⁰¹ To qualify for legal representation by an LSC funded agency, the abuse must either have occurred inside the U.S. or violated U.S. law. 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(c)(1).

³⁰² "Related legal assistance means legal assistance directly related" "to the prevention of, or obtaining relief from, the battery [or] cruelty" and "includes representation in matters that will assist a person eligible for assistance under this part to escape from the abusive situation, ameliorate the current effects of the abuse, or protect against future abuse, so long as the recipient can show the necessary connection of the representation to the abuse. Such representation may include immigration law matters and domestic or poverty law matters (such as obtaining civil protective orders, divorce, paternity, child custody, child and spousal support, housing, public benefits, employment, abuse and neglect, juvenile proceedings and contempt actions)." 45 C.F.R. 1626.4 (b); *see also* Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, *Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005*, NAT'L LEGAL AID & DEFENDER ASs'N CORNERSTONE Jan.-Apr. 2015, at 20, http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/anti-abuse-lsc-reg-articles-cornerstone_jan-apr-2015/; Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey, & Leslye E. Orloff, *And Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005* 's New Path to Legal Services Corporation Funded Representation for Immigrant Survivors of Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, *Human Trafficking, and Other Crimes*, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Nov. 3, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/and-legal-services for Immigrant Survivors, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Oct. 1, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/lsc-tool-accesspubliclyfundedls/.

³⁰³ See 45 C.F.R. § 1626.5(a).

³⁰⁴ See 45 C.F.R. § 1626.5(b); Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005, NAT'L LEGAL AID & DEFENDER Ass'N CORNERSTONE Jan.-Apr. 2015, at 20, http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/anti-abuse-lsc-reg-articles-cornerstone_jan-apr-2015/; Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey, & Leslye E. Orloff, And Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005's New Path to Legal Services Corporation Funded Representation for Immigrant Survivors of Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, Human Trafficking, and Other Crimes, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Nov. 3, 2014),

http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/and-legal-services-for-all/; Catherine Longville, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, *Guide: Access to Publicly Funded Legal Services for Immigrant Survivors*, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Oct. 1, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/lsc-tool-accesspubliclyfundedls/.

³⁰⁵ OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, FY 2018 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS GRANT PROGRAM PRE-APPLICATION CONFERENCE CALL TUESDAY, DECEMBER 19, 2017, https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/1020436/download ("The purpose of the LAV Program is to increase the availability of civil and criminal legal assistance needed to effectively aid adult and youth victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking who are seeking relief in legal matters relating to or arising out of that abuse or violence, at minimum or no cost to the victims. The LAV Grant Program supports the provision of holistic legal services. For example, survivors may also need legal assistance with other legal matters relating to or arising out of the abuse or violence, including family matters such as divorce, child custody or child support, immigration, administrative agency proceedings, housing, and assistance related to human trafficking."). ³⁰⁶ Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2000 § 1512, 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)); Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of

³⁰⁰ Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2000 § 1512, 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3/96gg (2000)); Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000, tit. II, § 1201(a), Pub. L. 106-386, 114 Stat. 1464 (2000) [hereinafter VAWA 2000], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/vawa-gov-vawa-2000-pub-l-106-386-10-28-00/.

³⁰⁷ Violence Against Women and Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005 § 103, Pub. L. 109-162, 119 Stat. 2960 (2006) (codified at 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017)) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)) [hereinafter VAWA 2005], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/senate-judicial-hearing-july-19-2005-1/.

³⁰⁸ See, e.g., Office on Violence Against Women, U.S. Dep't of Justice, OVW FY 2017 Legal Assistance for Victims (LAV) Grant Program Solicitation (2017), https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/922496/download (listing representation of child sexual assault victims under age of 11 as out-of-scope for Legal Assistance for Victims grant funded programs).

³⁰⁹ See 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(1)(i) (crime victim or family member eligible for U visa relief); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(1)(ii) (parent of U visa eligible child); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(h) (definitions); 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(15)(U)(i)(I)-(a)(15)(U)(iii) (stating that to qualify for a U visa, the victim must have suffered substantial physical or mental abuse as a result of having been a victim of one or more of the following, or any similar activity in violation of Federal, State, or local criminal law: rape; torture; trafficking; incest; domestic violence; sexual assault; abusive sexual contact; prostitution; sexual exploitation; stalking; female genital mutilation; being held hostage; peonage; involuntary servitude; slave trade; kidnapping; abduction; unlawful criminal restraint; false imprisonment; blackmail; extortion; manslaughter; murder; felonious assault; witness tampering; obstruction of justice; perjury; fraud in foreign labor contracting (as defined in section 1351 of title 18); or attempt, conspiracy, or solicitation to commit any of the above mentioned crimes).

³¹⁰ To qualify for legal representation by an LSC funded agency, the abuse must either have occurred inside the U.S. or violated U.S. law. 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(c)(1).

³¹¹ 45 C.F.R. 1626.4 (b) ("Related legal assistance means legal assistance directly related" "to the prevention of, or obtaining relief from, the battery [or] cruelty" and "includes representation in matters that will assist a person eligible for assistance under this part to escape from the abusive situation, ameliorate the current effects of the abuse, or protect against future abuse, so long as the recipient can show the necessary connection of the representation to the abuse. Such representation may include immigration law matters and domestic or poverty law matters (such as obtaining civil protective orders, divorce, paternity, child custody, child and spousal support, housing, public benefits, employment, abuse and neglect, juvenile proceedings and contempt actions)."). *See also* Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, *Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005*, NAT'L LEGAL AID & DEFENDER ASS'N CORNERSTONE Jan.-Apr. 2015, at 20, http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/anti-abuse-lsc-reg-articles-cornerstone_jan-apr-2015/ (describing Legal Services Corporation funded legal services available to immigrant victims of violence and their families); Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey, & Leslye E. Orloff, *And Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence, Sexual Assault, Human Trafficking, and Other Crimes*, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Nov. 3, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/and-legal-services-for-all/; Catherine Longville, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, *Guide: Access for Immigrant Survivors*, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Oct. 1, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/lsc-tool-accesspubliclyfundedls/.

³¹² OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, FY 2018 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS GRANT PROGRAM PRE-APPLICATION CONFERENCE CALL TUESDAY, DECEMBER 19, 2017, https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/1020436/download ("The purpose of the LAV Program is to increase the availability of civil and criminal legal assistance needed to effectively aid adult and youth victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking who are seeking relief in legal matters relating to or arising out of that abuse or violence, at minimum or no cost to the victims. The LAV Grant Program supports the provision of holistic legal services. For example, survivors may also need legal assistance with other legal matters relating to or arising out of the abuse or violence, including family matters such as divorce, child custody or child support, immigration, administrative agency proceedings, housing, and assistance related to human trafficking.").

³¹³ Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2000 § 1512, 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)); Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000, tit. II, § 1201(a), Pub. L. 106-386, 114 Stat. 1464 (2000) [hereinafter VAWA 2000], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/vawa-gov-vawa-2000-pub-l-106-386-10-28-00/.

³¹⁴ Violence Against Women and Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005 § 103, Pub. L. 109-162, 119 Stat. 2960 (2006) (codified at 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017)) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)) [hereinafter VAWA 2005], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/senate-judicial-hearing-july-19-2005-1/.

³¹⁵ See, e.g., OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, OVW FY 2017 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS (LAV) GRANT PROGRAM SOLICITATION (2017),

https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/922496/download (listing representation of child sexual assault victims under age of 11 as out-of-scope for Legal Assistance for Victims grant funded programs).

³¹⁶ 45 C.F.R. §§ 1626.4(a)(1)(i) (1996) (victim); 45 C.F.R. §§ 1626.4(a)(1)(ii) (1996) (parent of victim); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(b) (1996) ("Battered or subjected to extreme cruelty includes, but is not limited to, being the victim of any act or threatened act of violence, including any forceful detention, which results or threatens to result in physical or mental injury. Psychological or sexual abuse or exploitation, including rape, molestation, incest (if the victim is a minor), or forced prostitution may be considered acts of violence. Other abusive actions may also be acts of violence under certain circumstances, including acts that, in and of themselves, may not initially appear violent but that are a part of an overall pattern of violence. The definition of battering or extreme cruelty is identical to that in the immigration regulations." *See* Leslye E. Orloff, Brittnay Roberts & Stefanie Gitler, *Battering and Extreme Cruelty: Drawing Examples from Civil Protection Order and Family Law Cases*, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (Sept. 12, 2015), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/extreme-cruelty-examples-protection-order/. *Compare* 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(b) (1997) *and* 8 C.F.R. § 204.2(c)(1)(vi) (2012).

³¹⁷ See 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(1)(i) (victim); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(1)(ii) (parent of victim); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(k) ("Victim of sexual assault or trafficking" means a victim of sexual assault subjected to any conduct included in the definition of sexual assault in VAWA, 42 U.S.C. 13925(a)(29), or a victim of trafficking subjected to any conduct included in the definition of "trafficking" under law, including, but not limited to, local, state, and federal law, and T visa holders regardless of certification from the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.).

³¹⁸ The abuse must either have occurred in the U.S. or violate U.S. law. See 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(c).

³¹⁹ See also 45 C.F.R. 1626.4(b) ("Related legal assistance means legal assistance directly related to the prevention of, or obtaining relief from, the battery or cruelty and includes representation in matters that will assist a person eligible for assistance under this part to escape from the abusive situation, ameliorate the current effects of the abuse, or protect against future abuse, so long as the recipient can show the necessary connection of the representation to the abuse. Such representation may include immigration law matters and domestic or poverty law matters (such as obtaining civil protective orders, divorce, paternity, child custody, child and spousal support, housing, public benefits, employment, abuse and neglect, juvenile proceedings and contempt actions)."; Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, *Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005*, NAT'L LEGAL AID & DEFENDER Ass'N CORNERSTONE Jan.-Apr. 2015, at 20, http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/anti-abuse-lsc-reg-articles-cornerstone_jan-apr-2015/; Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey, & Leslye E. Orloff, *And Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005* 's New Path to Legal Services Corporation Funded Representation for Immigrant Survivors of Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, Human Trafficking, and Other Crimes, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Nov. 3, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/and-legal-services to Publicly Funded Legal Services for Immigrant Survivors, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Oct. 1, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/lsc-tool-accesspubliclyfundedls/.

³²⁰ OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, FY 2018 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS GRANT PROGRAM PRE-APPLICATION CONFERENCE CALL TUESDAY, DECEMBER 19, 2017, https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/1020436/download ("The purpose of the LAV Program is to increase the availability of civil and criminal legal assistance needed to effectively aid adult and youth victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking who are seeking relief in legal matters relating to or arising out of that abuse or violence, at minimum or no cost to the victims. The LAV Grant Program supports the provision of holistic legal services. For example, survivors may also need legal assistance with other legal matters relating to or arising out of the abuse or violence, including family matters such as divorce, child custody or child support, immigration, administrative agency proceedings, housing, and assistance related to human trafficking.").
³²¹ Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2000 § 1512, 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)); Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000, tit. II, § 1201(a), Pub. L. 106-386, 114 Stat. 1464 (2000) [hereinafter VAWA 2000], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/vawa-gov-vawa-2000-pub-l-106-386-10-28-00/.
³²² Violence Against Women and Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005 § 103, Pub. L. 109-162, 119 Stat. 2960 (2006) (codified at 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017)) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)) [hereinafter VAWA 2005], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/senate-iudicial-hearing-iuly-19-2005-1/.

³²³ See, e.g., OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, OVW FY 2017 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS (LAV) GRANT PROGRAM SOLICITATION (2017), https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/922496/download (listing representation of child sexual assault victims under age of 11 as out-of-scope for Legal Assistance for Victims grant funded programs).

³²⁴ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Low-Income Home Energy (LIHEAP) and Weatherization Assistance Programs (WAP) in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 150, 150-51 (4th ed. 2002, rev. May 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/liheapwap_pp150-51_053006.pdf.

³²⁵ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Low-Income Home Energy (LIHEAP) and Weatherization Assistance Programs (WAP) in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 150, 150-51 (4th ed. 2002, rev. May 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/liheapwap_pp150-51_053006.pdf. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c).

³²⁶ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Low-Income Home Energy (LIHEAP) and Weatherization Assistance Programs (WAP) in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 150, 150-51 (4th ed. 2002, rev. May 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/liheapwap_pp150-51_053006.pdf.

³²⁷ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Low-Income Home Energy (LIHEAP) and Weatherization Assistance Programs (WAP) in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 150, 150-51 (4th ed. 2002, rev. May 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/liheapwap_pp150-51_053006.pdf. See 8 U.S.C. §§ 1641(b)(2), (b)(3), (c)(4).

³²⁸ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Low-Income Home Energy (LIHEAP) and Weatherization Assistance Programs (WAP) in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 150, 150-51 (4th ed. 2002, rev. May 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/liheapwap pp150-51 053006.pdf.

³²⁹ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Low-Income Home Energy (LIHEAP) and Weatherization Assistance Programs (WAP) in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 150, 150-51 (4th ed. 2002, rev. May 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/liheapwap_pp150-51_053006.pdf; OFFICE ON TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS, U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., OTIP-FS-16-01, CERTIFICATION FOR ADULT VICTIMS OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING FACT SHEET 1 (2016),

https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification%20Fact%20Posting%20%282%29.pdf. See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS certification. Applicants under age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certification)).

³³⁰ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Low-Income Home Energy (LIHEAP) and Weatherization Assistance Programs (WAP) in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 150, 150-51 (4th ed. 2002, rev. May 2006), <u>https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/liheapwap_pp150-51_053006.pdf</u>.

³³¹ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Low-Income Home Energy (LIHEAP) and Weatherization Assistance Programs (WAP) in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 150, 150-51 (4th ed. 2002, rev. May 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/liheapwap_pp150-51_053006.pdf.

³³² NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Low-Income Home Energy (LIHEAP) and Weatherization Assistance Programs (WAP) in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 150, 150-51 (4th ed. 2002, rev. May 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/liheapwap_pp150-51_053006.pdf. See 8 U.S.C. § 1640(b)(1).

³³³ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Low-Income Home Energy (LIHEAP) and Weatherization Assistance Programs (WAP) in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 150, 150-51 (4th ed. 2002, rev. May 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/liheapwap_pp150-51_053006.pdf.

³³⁴ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Low-Income Home Energy (LIHEAP) and Weatherization Assistance Programs (WAP) in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 150, 150-51 (4th ed. 2002, rev. May 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/liheapwap_pp150-51_053006.pdf. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).

³³⁵ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., Low-Income Home Energy (LIHEAP) and Weatherization Assistance Programs (WAP) in GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 150, 150-51 (4th ed. 2002, rev. May 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/liheapwap_pp150-51_053006.pdf.

³³⁶ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Low-Income Home Energy (LIHEAP) and Weatherization Assistance Programs (WAP) in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 150, 150-51 (4th ed. 2002, rev. May 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/liheapwap_pp150-51_053006.pdf.

³³⁷ 42 U.S.C. § 5121; See American Red Cross and the Nat'l Council of La Raza, and NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., Fact Sheet: Immigrant Eligibility for Disaster Assistance (June 2007), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/immigrant-eligibility-disaster-assistance/.

³³⁸ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Disaster Assistance: Food, Shelter, Cash Payments, Loans, and Other Help for Victims of Major Disasters in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 162, 162-64 (4th ed. 2002, rev. Oct. 2017), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/disaster-help/.

³³⁹ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Disaster Assistance: Food, Shelter, Cash Payments, Loans, and Other Help for Victims of Major Disasters in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 162, 162-64 (4th ed. 2002, rev. Oct. 2017), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/disaster-help/;

U.S. DEP'T AGRIC. FOOD & NUTRITION SERV., DISASTER SNAP GUIDANCE: POLICY GUIDANCE, LESSONS LEARNED, AND TOOLKITS TO OPERATE A SUCCESSFUL D-SNAP (2014), https://fns-prod.azureedge.net/sites/default/files/D-SNAP_handbook_0.pdf.

³⁴⁰ See American Red Cross and the Nat'l Council of La Raza, and NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., Fact Sheet: Immigrant Eligibility for Disaster Assistance (June 2007), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/immigrant-eligibility-disaster-assistance/.

³⁴¹ FEMA, You May Be Able to Get Disaster Assistance (February 21, 2023), <u>https://www.fema.gov/sites/default/files/documents/fema_undocumented-immigrants-disaster-assistance_flyer_2023.pdf</u> (listing naturalized citizens, lawful permanent residents, and certain battered non-citizens or their spouses or children which includes VAWA self-petitioners).

³⁴² NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Disaster Assistance: Food, Shelter, Cash Payments, Loans, and Other Help for Victims of Major Disasters in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 162, 162-64 (4th ed. 2002, rev. Oct. 2017), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/disaster-help/ (explaining that to receive Disaster Unemployment Assistance (DUA), "qualified" immigrants must have employment authorization). *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c).

³⁴³ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Disaster Assistance: Food, Shelter, Cash Payments, Loans, and Other Help for Victims of Major Disasters in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 162, 162-64 (4th ed. 2002, rev. Oct. 2017), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/disaster-help/. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c).

³⁴⁴ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Disaster Assistance: Food, Shelter, Cash Payments, Loans, and Other Help for Victims of Major Disasters in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 162, 162-64 (4th ed. 2002, rev. Oct. 2017), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/disaster-help/ (explaining that to receive Disaster Unemployment Assistance (DUA), "qualified" immigrants must have employment authorization). *See* 8 U.S.C. §§ 1641(b)(2)-(b)(3), (c)(4).

³⁴⁵ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Disaster Assistance: Food, Shelter, Cash Payments, Loans, and Other Help for Victims of Major Disasters in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 162, 162-64 (4th ed. 2002, rev. Oct. 2017), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/disaster-help/. *See* 8 U.S.C. §§ 1641(b)(2)-(b)(3).

³⁴⁶ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Disaster Assistance: Food, Shelter, Cash Payments, Loans, and Other Help for Victims of Major Disasters in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 162, 162-64 (4th ed. 2002, rev. Oct. 2017), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/disaster-help/. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(4).

³⁴⁷ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Disaster Assistance: Food, Shelter, Cash Payments, Loans, and Other Help for Victims of Major Disasters in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 162, 162-64 (4th ed. 2002, rev. Oct. 2017), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/disaster-help/ (explaining that to receive Disaster Unemployment Assistance (DUA), survivors of trafficking must have employment authorization). *See* 22 U.S.C. §§ 7105(b).

³⁴⁸ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Disaster Assistance: Food, Shelter, Cash Payments, Loans, and Other Help for Victims of Major Disasters in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 162, 162-64 (4th ed. 2002, rev. Oct. 2017), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/disaster-help/ (explaining that to receive Disaster Unemployment Assistance (DUA), survivors of trafficking must have employment authorization). *See* 22 U.S.C. §§ 7105(b).

³⁴⁹ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Disaster Assistance: Food, Shelter, Cash Payments, Loans, and Other Help for Victims of Major Disasters in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 162, 162-64 (4th ed. 2002, rev. Oct. 2017), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/disaster-help/ (explaining that to receive Disaster Unemployment Assistance (DUA), survivors of trafficking must have employment authorization). *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).

³⁵⁰ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Disaster Assistance: Food, Shelter, Cash Payments, Loans, and Other Help for Victims of Major Disasters in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 162, 162-64 (4th ed. 2002, rev. Oct. 2017), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/disaster-help/. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).

³⁵¹ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Disaster Assistance: Food, Shelter, Cash Payments, Loans, and Other Help for Victims of Major Disasters in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 162, 162-64 (4th ed. 2002, rev. Oct. 2017), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/disaster-help/ (explaining that to receive Disaster Unemployment Assistance (DUA), LPRs must have employment authorization). *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).

³⁵² NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., Disaster Assistance: Food, Shelter, Cash Payments, Loans, and Other Help for Victims of Major Disasters in GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 162, 162-64 (4th ed. 2002, rev. Oct. 2017), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/disaster-help/. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).

³⁵³ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., Disaster Assistance: Food, Shelter, Cash Payments, Loans, and Other Help for Victims of Major Disasters in GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 162, 162-64 (4th ed. 2002, rev. Oct. 2017), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/disaster-help/ (explaining that to receive Disaster Unemployment Assistance (DUA), LPRs must have employment authorization). See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).

³⁵⁴ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Disaster Assistance: Food, Shelter, Cash Payments, Loans, and Other Help for Victims of Major Disasters in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 162, 162-64 (4th ed. 2002, rev. Oct. 2017), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/disaster-help/. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).

³⁵⁵ See FED. EMERGENCY MGMT. AGENCY, FEMA CITIZENSHIP/IMMIGRATION REQUIREMENTS (2015), https://www.fema.gov/faq-details/FEMA-Citizenship-Immigration-requirements-1370032118159 (stating that undocumented individuals can apply on behalf of a minor US citizen child who has a social security card).

³⁵⁶ To be eligible for unemployment insurance, each class of immigrant must have had prior work authorization and had to have been working with the authorization at the time they applied for unemployment. Work authorization must remain valid while they receive unemployment and if work authorization expires, then so does the eligibility for unemployment.

³⁵⁷ 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(1)(B)(i), or (ii); or 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(2), or (3).

³⁵⁸ 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(3).

³⁵⁹ INA § 208(d)(2); 8 C.F.R. § 274a.12(c)(8); 8 C.F.R. §§ 274a.12(a)(5).8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(2).

³⁶⁰ 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(4).

³⁶¹ 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(4).

³⁶² See Rebecca Smith, *Immigrant Workers' Eligibility for Unemployment Insurance*, NAT'L EMPLOYMENT LAW PROJECT (Mar. 31, 2020), https://www.nelp.org/publication/immigrant-workers-eligibility-unemployment-insurance/ ("The general rule is that workers must have valid work authorization during the base period, at the time that they apply for benefits, and throughout the period during which they are receiving benefits.").

³⁶³ 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).

³⁶⁴ 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).

³⁶⁵ See Rebecca Smith, *Immigrant Workers' Eligibility for Unemployment Insurance*, NAT'L EMPLOYMENT LAW PROJECT (Mar. 31, 2020), https://www.nelp.org/publication/immigrant-workerseligibility-unemployment-insurance/ ("The general rule is that workers must have valid work authorization during the base period, at the time that they apply for benefits, and throughout the period during which they are receiving benefits.").

³⁶⁶ See Rebecca Smith, *Immigrant Workers' Eligibility for Unemployment Insurance*, NAT'L EMPLOYMENT LAW PROJECT (Mar. 31, 2020), https://www.nelp.org/publication/immigrant-workers-eligibility-unemployment-insurance/ ("Under the current state and federal systems, undocumented workers are not eligible for unemployment benefits.").