





Access to State-Funded^a Public Benefits in Vermont for Survivors,

Based on Immigration Status^b

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	VAWA Self- Petitioners, Battered Spouse Waivers, Lawful Permanent Residents, and Naturalized Citizens	Refugee, Asylee, T Visa, ² Afghans, ³ Ukrainians ⁴	T Visa ⁵ / Continued Presence ⁶ HHS Certification	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) ⁷	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) ⁸ Lawfully Present	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. ⁹	U Visa Applicants Limited Benefit	Undocumented
	Quannea	Immigrant ^d	HHS Certification		s Euglouny.			
TANF (Cash Assistance)	Eligible with VAWA prima facie determination, subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996 11 (After the first	Refugee/Asylee: Eligible for TANF regardless of date of entry. 16 T visa: with HHS certification or eligibility	Human trafficking victims eligible: with HHS Certification (based on continued presence or a bona fide determination on a T visa application) or with HHS eligibility	Not eligible. ²²	Eligible after receiving lawful permanent residency, subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996. 23 (may be	Eligible after receiving lawful permanency, subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996 25 (may be	No federal eligibility. ²⁷	Not eligible. ²⁸

^a Federally funded public benefits are in non-italicized typeface and state-funded public benefits are italicized.

b The chart shows eligibility based on immigration status. Applicants must also meet all other program eligibility requirements, such as income/resource limits. Children and other family members included in an individual's immigration application receive the same access to public benefits as the applicant. When children qualify for federal or state public benefits, immigrant parents can file child-only benefits applications on their children's behalf. Congress exempted from the public charge ground of inadmissibility immigrant victims applying for immigration relief and lawful permanent residency through the following immigration benefits programs: VAWA self-petitioning (as defined in footnote "d"), VAWA cancellation of removal, VAWA suspension of deportation, U visas, and T visas. For technical assistance on benefits access for immigrant survivors please contact the National Immigrant Women's Advocacy Project, American University, Washington College of Law (202) 274-4457 or info@niwap.org. NIWAP would like to thank Michelle Aronowitz and Dean's Fellows Alexandra Brown and Sandeep Purewal for their work in developing these state public benefits charts

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^d See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(a)-(c) (Qualified immigrants are: **lawful permanent residents (LPRs)**(For up-to-date details on LPR benefits eligibility see National Immigrant Law Center, Table 1, Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs (March 2023) https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/ and NIWAP's Public Benefits Map https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/benefits-map); refugees; asylees; persons granted withholding of deportation/removal, conditional entry (as in effect prior to Apr. 1, 1980), humanitarian parolee; Cuban/Haitian entrants; and certain battered immigrants. A battered immigrant is someone who: (1)(a) has been battered or subjected to extreme cruelty in the U.S. by a U.S. citizen or LPR spouse, parent or steep-parent or member of the spouse/parent/step-parent's family residing in the same household as the immigrant and the spouse/parent/step-parent consented to or acquiesced in such battery or cruelty, and there is a substantial connection between the battery or cruelty and the need for the public benefits, and (b) has been approved or has a petition or self-petition pending which sets forth a prima facie case for certain immigrant visa classifications, suspension of deportation, or cancellation of removal; or (2) is a victim of trafficking or a family member of a trafficking victim who has been granted T visa status or whose T visa application sets forth a prima facie case.). For discussion of prima facie determinations by immigration judges in suspension of deportation and cancellation of removal cases for battered immigrants, see OFFICE OF THE CHIEF IMMIGRATION JUDGE, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, OPERATING POLICY AND PROCEDURE MEMORANDUM 97-9; MOTIONS FOR "PRIMA FACIE" DETERMINATION AND VERIFICATION REQUESTS FOR BATTERED SPOUSES AND CHILDREN, http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/prima-facie-verification-requests/ (last visited Mar. 2, 2018).

	VAWA Self- Petitioners, Battered Spouse Waivers, ¹ Lawful Permanent Residents, and Naturalized Citizens	Refugee, Asylee, T Visa, ² Afghans, ³ Ukrainians ⁴	T Visa ⁵ / Continued Presence ⁶	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) ⁷	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) ⁸	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. ⁹	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented
TANF	12 months may be subject to deeming). 12 Lawful permanent residents: Eligible subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996 13 (may be subject to deeming) 14 Naturalized citizens: Eligible without restrictions. 15	determination, eligible under the Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act (TVPA) of 2000 to the same extent as refugees. 17 At the state's discretion, T visa holders or applicants eligible as qualified immigrants with prima facie (bona fide) determination, subject to five-year bar for those who entered on or after August 22, 1996. 18	determination (under 18). 19 These human trafficking victims are eligible to the same extent as refugees and thus are eligible regardless of date of entry. 20 Family members with T visa status are eligible without HHS certification or determination; they are eligible to the same extent as refugees and thus eligible regardless		subject to deeming). 24	subject to deeming). 26		
Child Care	Children with prima facie determination and child lawful permanent residents are qualified immigrants eligible for Child Care Development Fund (CCDF)-funded child care. ²⁹ TANF-funded child child child care subject to five-year bar for immigrants who	Children who are asylees or refugees are eligible for CCDF-funded child care and TANF-funded child care. ³² T visa: Eligible for CCDF-funded child care and TANF-funded child care under the Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act	of date of entry. ²¹ Human trafficking victims with an HHS Certification (based on continued presence or a bona fide determination on a T visa application) or an HHS eligibility determination (under 18) are eligible for CCDF-funded child care and TANF-funded child care. ³⁶ Family members with T visa status eligible	Eligible for CCDF-funded child care open to all immigrants, when: (1) Child care is provided in settings subject to public educational standards, including public or private prekindergarten or public and	Eligible for CCDF- funded child care open to all immigrants, when: (1) Child care is provided in settings subject to public educational standards, including public or private pre-kindergarten or public and private child care provided after school or	Eligible for CCDF- funded child care open to all immigrants, when: (1) Child care is provided in settings subject to public educational standards, including public or private pre-kindergarten or public and private child care provided after school or during school holidays;	Eligible for CCDF- funded child care open to all immigrants, when: (1) Child care is provided in settings subject to public educational standards, including public or private pre- kindergarten or public and private child care provided after school or	Eligible for CCDF-funded child care open to all immigrants, when: (1) Child care is provided in settings subject to public educational standards, including public or private prekindergarten or public and

	VAWA Self- Petitioners, Battered Spouse Waivers, ¹ Lawful Permanent Residents, and Naturalized Citizens	Refugee, Asylee, T Visa, ² Afghans, ³ Ukrainians ⁴	T Visa ⁵ / Continued Presence ⁶	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) ⁷	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) ⁸	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. ⁹	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented
Child Care	entered on or after August 22, 1996. ³⁰ Naturalized citizens: Eligible without restrictions. ³¹	of 2000 to the same extent as refugees. ³³ Children who are T visa holders or applicants with prima facie (bona fide) determination are eligible for CCDF-funded child care. ³⁴ They are also eligible for TANF-funded childcare subject to five-year bar for those who entered on or after August 22, 1996. ³⁵	for CCDF-funded child care and TANF-funded child care, no need for HHS Certification or eligibility determination. ³⁷	private child care provided after school or during school holidays; (2) Child care is subject to Head Start performance standards; or (3) Eligibility for child care services is determined by a nonprofit charitable organization. ³⁸	during school holidays; (2) Childcare is subject to Head Start performance standards; or (3) Eligibility for child care services is determined by a nonprofit charitable organization. ³⁹ Upon receiving lawful permanent residency, eligible as for CCDF-funded child care. ⁴⁰ Also eligible for TANF- funded child care subject to five- year bar for those who entered on or after August 22, 1996. ⁴¹	(2) Childcare is subject to Head Start performance standards; or (3) Eligibility for child care services is determined by a nonprofit charitable organization. 42 Upon receiving lawful permanent residency, eligible as for CCDF-funded child care. 43 Also eligible for TANF-funded child care subject to five-year bar for those who entered on or after August 22, 1996. 44	during school holidays; (2) Child care is subject to Head Start performance standards; or (3) Eligibility for child care services is determined by a nonprofit charitable organization. ⁴⁵	private child care provided after school or during school holidays; (2) Child care is subject to Head Start performance standards; or (3) Eligibility for child care services is determined by a nonprofit charitable organization. 46
SNAP (Food Stamps) ⁴⁷	Eligible with VAWA prima facie determination or lawful permanent residence, subject to an additional condition, e.g.: five years residency, younger than 18, elderly (if lawfully residing in the U.S. on 8/22/96 disabled, or if Lawful Permanent	Refugee/Asylee: Eligible with no additional conditions. 50 T visa: Eligible with prima facie (bona fide) determination on T visa application, subject to an additional condition (e.g., five-years residency, under 18, elderly, or disabled). 51 Also eligible under the	Human trafficking victims are eligible: with an HHS Certification (based on continued presence or a bona fide determination on a T visa application) or with an HHS eligibility determination (under 18). ⁵³	Not eligible.	Eligible upon receiving lawful permanent residency, subject to an additional condition, ⁵⁶ e.g.: under 18, ⁵⁷ five years residency, ⁵⁸ 40 qualifying work quarters, ⁵⁹ or disabled. ⁶⁰	Eligible upon receiving lawful permanent residency, subject to an additional condition, ⁶¹ e.g.: under 18, ⁶² five years residency, ⁶³ 40 qualifying work quarters, ⁶⁴ elderly, ⁶⁵ or disabled. ⁶⁶	Not eligible.	Not eligible.

	VAWA Self- Petitioners, Battered Spouse Waivers, ¹ Lawful Permanent Residents, and Naturalized Citizens	Refugee, Asylee, T Visa, ² Afghans, ³ Ukrainians ⁴	T Visa ⁵ / Continued Presence ⁶	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) ⁷	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) ⁸	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. ⁹	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented
SNAP	Resident with 40 quarters of work credit. ⁴⁸ Naturalized citizens: Eligible without restrictions. ⁴⁹	Trafficking Victims Protection Act to the same extent as refugees. 52	Family members with T visa status eligible without HHS certification or eligibility determination. 54 These human trafficking victims are eligible to the same extent as refugees and thus are eligible with no additional conditions. 55					
The Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children (WIC)	education for low-incom regard to immigration sta meet the WIC residency eligible based on particip In Vermont, applicants s	al Nutrition Program for Wase pregnant, breastfeeding, a atus or naturalized citizensh requirement. 68 Applicants reation in certain programs (a hould call a Local Health Coding women applying for the	ind non-breastfeeding post ip. ⁶⁷ Applicants must live must also have an income a TANF, SNAP benefits, Ma Office to find WIC Nutrition	partum women, and in the state in which tor below an incomedicaid). ⁶⁹ a Services and scheen	to infants and children to they apply, but are not the level or standard set be the dule an appointment. 70 In	up to age five who are for required to live there for the State agency or be a Vermont, income eligib	ound to be at nutritional or a certain amount of the determined automatic	al risk, without cime in order to cally income-
Purchase Health Insurance on Exchanges ^e	Eligible with VAWA prima facie determination, 72 as a lawful permanent resident, 73 or naturalized citizen. 74	Refugee: Eligible. ⁷⁵ Asylee: Eligible; applicants eligible if granted work authorization; applicants under 14 eligible if application	Human trafficking victims eligible: with an HHS Certification (based on continued presence or a bona fide determination on a T visa application), or with an HHS	Not eligible. ⁸¹	Eligible upon filing SIJS application. ⁸²	Eligible upon U visa, bona fide determination, ⁸³ or wait list approval. ⁸⁴	Not eligible. ⁸⁵	Not eligible. ⁸⁶

^c Under the Affordable Care Act, in "mixed status" households, each family member may have different eligibility for exchanges and subsidies. NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS: THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT & MIXED-STATUS FAMILIES (rev. 2014), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/11/FAQ-ACA-and-mixed-status-families-2014-12-1.pdf.

	VAWA Self- Petitioners, Battered Spouse Waivers, ¹ Lawful Permanent Residents, and Naturalized Citizens	Refugee, Asylee, T Visa, ² Afghans, ³ Ukrainians ⁴	T Visa ⁵ / Continued Presence ⁶	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) ⁷	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) ⁸	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. ⁹	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented
Health Insurance on Exchanges		pending at least 180 days. ⁷⁶ T visa: Eligible with prima facie (bona fide) determination on T visa application. ⁷⁷	eligibility determination (under 18). ⁷⁸ Family members with T visa status eligible without HHS certification or eligibility determination. ⁷⁹ These human trafficking victims are eligible to the same extent as refugees and thus are eligible regardless of date of					
Child Health Insurance Program (CHIP) 87	Eligible with VAWA prima facie determination or lawful permanent residence if arrived prior to August 22, 1996 and subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996.88 Naturalized citizens eligible.89 In Vermont as of July 1, 2022, state-funded health care available to all children and	Refugee/Asylee: Eligible, exempt from five-year bar. 91 T visa: with HHS certification or eligibility determination, immediately eligible under the Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000 to the same extent as refugees. 92 T visa holders and T visa applicants with prima facie (bona fide)	entry. 80 Human trafficking victims are eligible with an HHS certification (based on continued presence or a bona fide determination on a T visa application) or eligibility determination (under 18). 95 Family members with T visa status are eligible without HHS Certification or eligibility determination. 96	Eligible for emergency Medicaid regardless of immigration status. 99 In Vermont as of July 1, 2022, state-funded health care available to all children and pregnant children without regard to immigration status. 100	Eligible upon receiving lawful permanent residency, subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996. 101 In Vermont as of July 1, 2022, statefunded health care available to all children and pregnant children without regard to	If entered prior to August 22, 1996, eligible upon attaining lawful permanent residency. 103 If arrived on or after August 22, 1996, eligible upon receiving lawful permanent residency, but subject to five-year bar. 104 In Vermont as of July 1, 2022, state- funded health care	Eligible for emergency Medicaid regardless of immigration status. 106 In Vermont as of July 1, 2022, statefunded health care available to all children and pregnant children without regard to immigration status. 107	Eligible for emergency Medicaid regardless of immigration status. 108 In Vermont as of July 1, 2022, state-funded health care available to all children and pregnant children without regard to immigration status. 109

	VAWA Self- Petitioners, Battered Spouse Waivers, ¹ Lawful Permanent Residents, and Naturalized Citizens	Refugee, Asylee, T Visa, ² Afghans, ³ Ukrainians ⁴	T Visa ⁵ / Continued Presence ⁶	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) ⁷	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) ⁸	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. ⁹	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented
СНІР	pregnant children without regard to immigration or citizenship status. ⁹⁰	determinations eligible as qualified immigrants, subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996.93	These human trafficking victims are eligible to the same extent as refugees and are exempt from five-year bar. ⁹⁷		immigration status. ¹⁰²	available to all children and pregnant children without regard to immigration status.		
		In Vermont as of July 1, 2022, state-funded health care available to all children and pregnant children without regard to immigration status. 94	In Vermont as of July 1, 2022, state-funded health care available to all children and pregnant children without regard to immigration status. ⁹⁸					
Full-Scope Medicaid ¹¹⁰	Eligible with VAWA prima facie determination or lawful permanent residence if arrived prior to August 22, 1996 and subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996. ¹¹¹ Naturalized citizens eligible. ¹¹² Eligible for emergency Medicaid regardless of immigration or	Refugee/Asylee: Eligible, exempt from five-year bar. 115 T visa: with HHS certification or eligibility determination, immediately eligible under the Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000 to the same extent as refugees. 116 T visa holders and T visa applicants with	Human trafficking victims are eligible with an HHS Certification (based on continued presence or a bona fide determination on a T visa application) or eligibility determination (under 18). ¹¹⁹ Family members with T visa status eligible without HHS Certification or eligibility	Eligible for emergency Medicaid regardless of immigration status. 124 In Vermont as of July 1, 2022, state-funded health care available to all persons while pregnant without regard to immigration status. 125	Eligible for emergency Medicaid regardless of immigration status. 126 Eligible after receiving lawful permanent residency, subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996. 127 In Vermont as of July 1, 2022, state-	Eligible for emergency Medicaid regardless of immigration status. 129 If entered prior to August 22, 1996, eligible upon attaining lawful permanent residency. 130 If arrived on or after August 22, 1996, eligible upon receiving lawful	Eligible for emergency Medicaid regardless of immigration status. 133 In Vermont as of July 1, 2022, statefunded health care available to all persons while pregnant without regard to immigration status. 134	Eligible for emergency Medicaid regardless of immigration status. 135 In Vermont as of July 1, 2022, state-funded health care available to all persons while pregnant without regard to immigration status. 136
	citizenship status. ¹¹³ In Vermont as of July 1, 2022, state-funded	prima facie (bona fide) determinations eligible as qualified immigrants, subject to five-year bar	determination, exempt from five-year bar. 120		funded health care available to all persons while pregnant without	permanent residency, subject to five-year bar. ¹³¹		

	VAWA Self- Petitioners, Battered Spouse Waivers, ¹ Lawful Permanent Residents, and Naturalized Citizens	Refugee, Asylee, T Visa, ² Afghans, ³ Ukrainians ⁴	T Visa ⁵ / Continued Presence ⁶	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) ⁷	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) ⁸	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. ⁹	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented
Full-Scope Medicaid	health care available to all persons while pregnant without regard to immigration or citizenship status. 114	for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996. 117 In Vermont as of July 1, 2022, state-funded health care available to all persons while pregnant without regard to immigration status. 118	These human trafficking victims are eligible to the same extent as refugees and are exempt from five-year bar. 121 Eligible for emergency Medicaid regardless of immigration status. 122 In Vermont as of July 1, 2022, state-funded health care available to all persons while pregnant without regard to immigration status. 123		regard to immigration status. 128	In Vermont as of July 1, 2022, state-funded health care available to all persons while pregnant without regard to immigration status.		
Victims of Crime Act (VOCA) Compensation		ct provides compensation to essions, crime scene clean u genship. ¹³⁷	crime victims for costs as			·	-	
Family Medical Leave Act (FMLA) ¹³⁸ – State Law ¹³⁹	May be eligible for both state and federal FMLA protections without regard to immigration or citizenship status. ¹⁴⁰	May be eligible for both state and federal FMLA protections without regard to immigration status. ¹⁴¹	May be eligible for both state and federal FMLA protections without regard to immigration status. ¹⁴²	May be eligible for both state and federal FMLA protections without regard to immigration status. 143	May be eligible for both state and federal FMLA protections without regard to immigration status. ¹⁴⁴	May be eligible for both state and federal FMLA protections without regard to immigration status. ¹⁴⁵	May be eligible for both state and federal FMLA protections without regard to immigration status. ¹⁴⁶	May be eligible for both state and federal FMLA protections without regard to immigration status. 147
Education- Federal Benefits: Federal	VAWAs with prima facie determinations and all lawful permanent residents eligible. ¹⁴⁹	Refugees, Asylees, and T visa holders or T visa applicants with prima facie (bona fide) determination, an HHS Certification or	Human trafficking victims eligible: with an HHS Certification (based on continued presence or a bona fide determination on a T	Not eligible for federal student aid. ¹⁵³	Eligible for federal student aid upon receipt of lawful permanent residency. ¹⁵⁴	Eligible for federal student aid upon receipt of lawful permanent residency. ¹⁵⁵	Not eligible for federal student aid.	Not eligible for federal student aid.

	VAWA Self- Petitioners, Battered Spouse Waivers, ¹ Lawful Permanent Residents, and Naturalized Citizens	Refugee, Asylee, T Visa, ² Afghans, ³ Ukrainians ⁴	T Visa ⁵ / Continued Presence ⁶	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) ⁷	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) ⁸	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. ⁹	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented
Student Aid, Grants and Loans ¹⁴⁸	Naturalized citizens, eligible. ¹⁵⁰	eligibility letter are eligible for federal student aid. ¹⁵¹	visa application), or with an HHS eligibility determination (under 18), and family members with T visa status, are eligible for federal student aid. 152					
Education- State Law	immigration status informarent, or their guardian. A student will be consider Development tests; at the	ard to immigration status of mation and may not bar studies apply to enrothered a resident for in-state the time the diploma or certifications domiciled in the state.	dents from enrolling in pub oll in state funded colleges uition purposes if after Jan icate was earned maintain	olic elementary or se and universities with an enuary 1, 2015, the st and their primary legal	condary schools based of thout regard to immigrate udent earned a high sch al residence in Vermont	on the citizenship or impair tion status. 157 sool diploma or successy to or if under the age of 1	migration status of the	student, their al Education
Supplemental Security Income (SSI) ¹⁵⁹	Eligible with VAWA prima facie determination or lawful permanent residence if received SSI on August 22, 1996, or lawfully residing in the U.S. as of that date and now disabled. 160 May also be eligible with a prima facie determination if currently receiving SSI based on an application filed before 1979. 161 Eligible upon receiving lawful	Refugees/Asylees: Eligible during first seven years after the status was granted. 165 Trafficking victims: Eligible under the Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000 to the same extent as refugees. 166 T visa 167: Eligible as a qualified immigrant with prima facie (bona fide) determination on T visa application if receiving SSI on August 22, 1996, or	Human trafficking victims: with an HHS Certification (based on continued presence or a bona fide determination on a T visa application) or with an HHS eligibility determination (under 18), or family members with T visa status (no need for HHS certification or eligibility determination) are eligible to the same extent as refugees. 171	Not eligible.	Eligible upon receiving lawful permanent residency if credited with 40 quarters of work, 172 subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996. 173	Eligible upon receiving lawful permanent residency if: credited with 40 quarters of work ¹⁷⁴ subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996; or if receiving SSI as of August 22, 1996; or if lawfully residing in U.S. as of that date and now disabled. ¹⁷⁵ Lawful permanent residents may also be eligible if currently receiving SSI based	Not eligible. ¹⁷⁷	Not eligible. ¹⁷⁸

	VAWA Self- Petitioners, Battered Spouse Waivers, Lawful Permanent Residents, and Naturalized Citizens	Refugee, Asylee, T Visa, ² Afghans, ³ Ukrainians ⁴	T Visa ⁵ / Continued Presence ⁶	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) ⁷	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) ⁸	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. ⁹	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented
SSI	permanent residency if credited with 40 quarters of work, 162 subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996. 163 Naturalized citizens, eligible. 164	lawfully residing in the U.S. as of that date and now disabled. 168 May also be eligible with a prima facie determination if currently receiving SSI based on an application filed before 1979. 169 This eligibility allows trafficking victims who are disabled to continue to receive SSI after the 7-years. 170				on an application filed before 1979. ¹⁷⁶		
Driver's License ¹⁷⁹	agency for official purposatisfactory evidence of Verification for Entitlem agencies demonstrating Consider "Alternative Do In Vermont, applicants for Proof of identity visa, Employm The drive Proof of Social Social Security	s, evidence of "lawful status" oses. 180 The Department of lawful status. 181 All docume tents Program (S.A.V.E.). 182 lawful status, as determined ocuments. 184 or a driver's license must put and age (including Permetty and age (including Permetty and age in the immigration apper's license is upon receipt of latatus in the U.S. Il Security number (including v number, Letter from Social ont residency and current and	Homeland Security (DHS) entation for REAL ID come and DHS will also approve act by USCIS. 183 In addition another resident alien card (nt 185) plication process at which of employment authorization of Security stating non-eliginal and the security stating non-	o, by regulation, lists pliant ID's will be spliant ID's will be specified by the spliant ID's will be specified by the spliant ID's will be specified by the spliant ID's will be spliant ID's will b	specific documents that ubmitted through the System of the	t will provide restematic Alien DHS or other Federal tion Process" and sssport with acceptable full a state issued	Vermont provides an privilege card or stat individuals who cann of legal presence. Ap establish name, date, birth. Foreign passpe IDs, and various doc Vermont residence w 188	te ID card for not establish proof pplicants must and place of orts, consular uments to prove

	VAWA Self- Petitioners, Battered Spouse Waivers, Lawful Permanent Residents, and Naturalized Citizens	Refugee, Asylee, T Visa, ² Afghans, ³ Ukrainians ⁴	T Visa ⁵ / Continued Presence ⁶	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) ⁷	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) ⁸	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. ⁹	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented	
Professional & Occupational Licenses	No state laws or polici	ies regarding immigrant a	access to professional or	r occupational lice	nses including wheth	er or not work author	ization is sufficient o	or required.	
Housing and Other Services Necessary to Protect Life or Safety	citizenship and may not term shelter or transition abandoned children; cris protective services, or vi assistance (e.g., WIC); n	d programs providing services withhold those services base al housing for the homeless is counseling and interventiolence and abuse prevention nedical and public health send to protect the life or safety	ed on immigration status. If, or for victims of domestion programs; services and any soup kitchens, communitations (including federally	Rrograms consider c abuse, sexual assa assistance relating to the food banks, senior qualified health cen	ered necessary for the prult, stalking, dating viole ovictims of domestic vior nutrition programs and ters); mental health, disa	otection of life or safety ence, or human trafficki iolence or other crimina d other nutritional progra ability, or substance abu	v include, but are not li ng, or for runaway, about a activity, child protect rams for persons requir use assistance necessary	mited to: short used or tion, adult ing special y to protect life or	
	district office. 191 The V	Emergency/ General Assistance can assist with housing needs including mortgages, rent, room rent, or temporary housing. Applicants apply in person at a local district office. 191 The Vermont, Department of Children and Families, administers emergency shelter and transitional housing programs vicitms of domestic violence and low-income victims. 192							
Public and Assisted ¹⁹³ Housing ¹⁹⁴ and	VAWA Self- Petitioners Eligible. Upon filing VAWA self-petition, applicant cannot be denied HUD	Refugee/Asylee, T visa holder or T visa applicant with prima facie (bona fide) determination eligible	Human trafficking victims with an HHS Certification (based on continued presence or a bona fide	Eligible for USDA Section 515 Rural Rental Housing (without Rental	Eligible for USDA Section 515 Rural Rental Housing (without Rental Assistance), ²²² and	Eligible for USDA Section 515 Rural Rental Housing (without Rental Assistance), ²²⁹ and	Eligible for USDA Section 515 Rural Rental Housing (without Rental Assistance), ²³⁶ and	Eligible for USDA Section 515 Rural Rental Housing (without Rental	
Low-Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC) Housing ¹⁹⁵	public or assisted housing unless and until a final determination of ineligibility. ¹⁹⁶ USDA rental housing follows HUD	for: HUD public and assisted housing; ²⁰⁸ USDA Section 515 Rural Rental Housing; ²⁰⁹ USDA Section 521	determination on a T visa application), or with an HHS eligibility determination (under 18), and family members with T visa status (no need for	Assistance), ²¹⁹ and Section 514/516 Farm Labor Housing if immediate family member of eligible domestic farm	Section 514/516 Farm Labor Housing if immediate family member of eligible domestic farm laborer. ²²³	Section 514/516 Farm Labor Housing if immediate family member of eligible domestic farm laborer. ²³⁰	Section 514/516 Farm Labor Housing if immediate family member of eligible domestic farm laborer. ²³⁷	Assistance), ²³⁹ and Section 514/516 Farm Labor Housing if immediate family member of eligible domestic farm	
	procedures for processing VAWA self-petitions, 197 so should be eligible for all USDA rental housing unless and until a final	Rural Rental Assistance; ²¹⁰ USDA Section 514/516 Farm Labor Housing if immediate family member ²¹¹ or remaining household member ²¹² of	HHS certification or eligibility determination), ²¹⁵ are eligible for: HUD public and assisted housing ²¹⁶ and USDA rental housing. ²¹⁷	laborer. ²²⁰ In Vermont, may be eligible to live in Vermont Affordable Housing Tax	Upon receiving lawful permanent residency, ²²⁴ eligible for HUD ²²⁵ and USDA ²²⁶ rental housing. ²²⁷	Upon receiving lawful permanent residency, ²³¹ eligible for HUD ²³² and USDA ²³³ rental housing. ²³⁴	In Vermont, may be eligible to live in Vermont Affordable Housing Tax	laborer. ²⁴⁰ In Vermont, may be eligible to live in Vermont Affordable	

	VAWA Self- Petitioners, Battered Spouse Waivers, ¹ Lawful Permanent Residents, and Naturalized Citizens	Refugee, Asylee, T Visa, ² Afghans, ³ Ukrainians ⁴	T Visa ⁵ / Continued Presence ⁶	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) ⁷	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) ⁸	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. ⁹	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented
Public and Assisted Housing and LIHTC	determination of ineligibility. Regardless of immigration status, eligible for USDA Section 515 Rural Rental Housing (without Rental Assistance), 198 and USDA Section 514/516 Farm Labor Housing if immediate family member of eligible tenant. 199 Upon filing self-VAWA self-petition, remaining household member of eligible domestic farm laborer eligible to continue to occupy USDA Section 514/516 Farm Labor Housing unit. 200 Lawful permanent residents are eligible for public and assisted housing 201 and for USDA Section 514/516 Farm Labor Housing; 202 USDA Section 521 Rural Rental Assistance. 203	eligible domestic farm laborer. Upon receiving lawful permanent residency USDA Section 514/516 Farm Labor Housing. 213 In Vermont, may be eligible to live in Vermont Affordable Housing Tax Credit Program property. 214	In Vermont, may be eligible to live in Vermont Affordable Housing Tax Credit property. 218	Credit Program property ²²¹	In Vermont, may be eligible to live in Vermont Affordable Housing Tax Credit Program property. ²²⁸	In Vermont, may be eligible to live in Vermont Affordable Housing Tax Credit Program property. 235	Credit Program property. ²³⁸	Housing Tax Credit Program property. ²⁴¹

	VAWA Self- Petitioners, Battered Spouse Waivers, ¹ Lawful Permanent Residents, and Naturalized Citizens	Refugee, Asylee, T Visa, ² Afghans, ³ Ukrainians ⁴	T Visa ⁵ / Continued Presence ⁶	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) ⁷	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) ⁸	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. ⁹	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented
Public and Assisted Housing and LIHTC	Naturalized citizens are eligible for public and assisted housing ²⁰⁴ and for USDA Section 514/516 Farm Lab or Housing; ²⁰⁵ USDA Section 521 Rural Rental Assistance. ²⁰⁶ In Vermont, may be eligible to live in Vermont Affordable Housing Tax Credit property. ²⁰⁷							
Income Tax Credits	Child Tax Credit: Immigclaim a child tax credit o (ITIN). ²⁴³ Immigrants el	grants with social security n n their income taxes. ²⁴² A digible to receive social security e determinations, and wait-l	qualifying child must be a rity numbers include natu	citizen, national, or ralized citizens, law	resident of the U.S with ful permanent residents,	an SSN or an Individua refugees, asylees, and	al Taxpayer Identificati VAWA self-petitioners	ion Number s, T visa
	their income taxes when • A dependent of • A spouse who • An individual The child or dependent in refugees, asylees, and Variation	re Tax Credit: Immigrants of they care for— shild under the age of 13, is unable to physically or r who is unable to care for the nust have a social security r AWA self-petitioners, T vis d to immigration status can	nentally care for themselve temselves, mentally or phy number or ITIN. ²⁴⁶ Immig a applicants with bona fide	es, or visically who has live rants eligible to rece	d with the taxpayer for	at least six months. ²⁴⁵ bers include naturalized	citizens, lawful perma	nent residents,
Earned Income Tax Credit (EITC)	VAWA self- petitioners, lawful permanent residents, and naturalized citizens who ²⁴⁸ : have been granted work authorization or who	Refugees, asylees, asylum applicants, and T visa holders with work authorization or lawful permanent residency who: have lived in the U.S. for at	Recipients of T visa bona fide determinations or continued presence who: are granted work authorization, have lived in the U.S. for at	DACA applicants who: are granted work authorization, have lived in the U.S. for at least 183 days during	SIJS recipients granted lawful permanent residency who: have lived in the U.S. at least 183 days during the tax	Once granted lawful permanent residency ^a or work authorization U visa holders and U visa applicants with deferred action	Not eligible.	Not eligible.

	VAWA Self- Petitioners, Battered Spouse Waivers, ¹ Lawful Permanent Residents, and Naturalized Citizens	Refugee, Asylee, T Visa, ² Afghans, ³ Ukrainians ⁴	T Visa ⁵ / Continued Presence ⁶	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) ⁷	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) ⁸	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. ⁹	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented
EITC	are granted lawful permanent residency, have lived in the U.S. for at least 183 days during the tax year, ²⁴⁹ have a social security number valid for work, ²⁵⁰ and have earned income during the tax year ²⁵¹ are eligible for the earned income tax credit (EITC). ²⁵²	least 183 days during the tax year, ²⁵³ have a social security number valid for work, ²⁵⁴ and have earned income during the tax year ²⁵⁵ are eligible for the earned income tax credit (EITC). ²⁵⁶	least 183 days during the tax year, ²⁵⁷ have a social security number valid for work, ²⁵⁸ and have earned income during the tax year ²⁵⁹ are eligible for the earned income tax credit (EITC). ²⁶⁰	the tax year, ²⁶¹ have a social security number valid for work, ²⁶² and have earned income during the tax year ²⁶³ are eligible for the earned income tax credit (EITC). ²⁶⁴	year, ²⁶⁵ have a social security number valid for work, ²⁶⁶ and have earned income during the tax year ²⁶⁷ are eligible for the earned income tax credit (EITC). ²⁶⁸	(based on bona fide determinations or wait-list approval) who have lived in the U.S. for six months, a who have a social security number valid for work, a and who are earning income are eligible for the earned income tax		
Legal Services ²⁶⁹	An immigrant who (or whose child) is battered or subjected to extreme cruelty ²⁷⁰ inside or outside of the United States ²⁷¹ is eligible for legal assistance from Legal Services Corporation (LSC)-funded agencies on matters related to the abuse. ²⁷² Eligible for legal assistance on any matter the LSC-funded agency handles upon receiving lawful permanent resident status, ²⁷³ or spouses, parents, and unmarried children under age 21 of U.S. citizens ²⁷⁴	Refugee/Asylee: Refugees and Asylees are eligible for legal assistance on any matter the Legal Services Corporation (LSC)- funded agency handles. 282 T visa: An immigrant who has been (or whose child has been) a victim of trafficking in the U.S, including a T visa holder, 283 is eligible for legal assistance on any matter the LSC-funded agency handles. 284 Eligible for Office of Violence Against Women funded Legal	An immigrant victim of severe forms of human trafficking with (or seeking) HHS Certification, 289 and family members with (or applying for) T visa status, 290 are eligible for legal assistance on any matter the LSC-funded agency handles. Eligible for Office of Violence Against Women funded Legal Assistance 291 for victims of domestic violence, sexual assault, stalking 292 or dating violence. 293 Must be at least 11 years old. 294	A DACA recipient who is (or whose child is) battered or subjected to extreme cruelty, ²⁹⁵ or is a victim of sexual assault or trafficking in the U.S., ²⁹⁶ is eligible for legal services from LSC-funded agencies ²⁹⁷ on matters related to the abuse. ²⁹⁸ Eligible for Office of Violence Against Women	Eligible for LSC-funded legal assistance when the child has suffered battering or extreme cruelty, 303 or sexual assault or trafficking in the U.S., 304 on matters related to the abuse. 305 Eligible for legal assistance on any matter the LSC-funded agency handles upon receiving LPR status, 306 or, for the spouse, parent or unmarried child under 21 of a U.S. citizen, upon filing	An immigrant who has (or whose child has) been granted, applied for, or qualifies to apply for U visa status and a family member eligible to apply for U visa status ³¹² is eligible for legal assistance from Legal Services Corporation (LSC)-funded agencies ³¹³ on matters related to the crime victimization. ³¹⁴ Eligible for legal assistance on any matter the LSC-funded agency	An immigrant who has (or whose child has) applied for, or qualifies to apply for U visa status and a family member eligible to apply for, U visa status ³²¹ is eligible for legal assistance from Legal Services Corporation (LSC)-funded agencies ³²² on matters related to the crime victimization. ³²³ Eligible for Office of Violence Against Women funded Legal	An immigrant victim who is (or whose child is), battered or subjected to extreme cruelty, 328 or is a victim of sexual assault or trafficking in the U.S., 329 is eligible for legal services from LSC-funded agencies 330 on matters related to the abuse. 331 Eligible for Office of Violence Against Women funded Legal

	VAWA Self- Petitioners, Battered Spouse Waivers, Lawful Permanent Residents, and Naturalized Citizens	Refugee, Asylee, T Visa, ² Afghans, ³ Ukrainians ⁴	T Visa ⁵ / Continued Presence ⁶	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) ⁷	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) ⁸	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. ⁹	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented
Legal Services	become eligible for full representation on any matter upon filing an application for lawful permanent residency. 275 Lawful permanent residents, applicants for lawful permanent residents, applicants for lawful permanent residency, 276 and naturalized citizens 277 are eligible for full representation. Eligible for Office of Violence Against Women funded Legal Assistance 278 as a victim of domestic violence, sexual assault, stalking 279 or dating violence. 280 Must be at least 11 years old. 281	Assistance ²⁸⁵ for victims of domestic violence, sexual assault, stalking ²⁸⁶ or dating violence. ²⁸⁷ Must be at least 11 years old. ²⁸⁸		funded Legal Assistance ²⁹⁹ for victims of domestic violence, sexual assault, stalking ³⁰⁰ or dating violence. ³⁰¹ Must be at least 11 years old. ³⁰²	an application for LPR status. ³⁰⁷ Eligible for Office of Violence Against Women funded Legal Assistance ³⁰⁸ for victims of domestic violence, sexual assault, stalking ³⁰⁹ or dating violence. ³¹⁰ Must be at least 11 years old. ³¹¹	handles upon receiving LPR status, 315 or, for the spouse, parent or unmarried child under 21 of a U.S. citizen, upon filing an application for LPR status. 316 Eligible for Office of Violence Against Women funded Legal Assistance 317 for victims of domestic violence, sexual assault, stalking 318 or dating violence. 319 Must be at least 11 years old. 320	Assistance ³²⁴ for victims of domestic violence, sexual assault, stalking ³²⁵ or dating violence. ³²⁶ Must be at least 11 years old. ³²⁷	Assistance ³³² for victims of domestic violence, sexual assault, stalking ³³³ or dating violence. ³³⁴ Must be at least 11 years old. ³³⁵
Weatherization Assistance Program (WAP) and Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP)	Eligible for weatherization assistance (WAP) for families living in multi-unit dwellings, without regard to immigration status. 336 Eligible for LIHEAP heating/cooling assistance and single-	Eligible for weatherization assistance (WAP) for families living in multi- unit dwellings, without regard to immigration status. ³³⁹ Refugees, asylees, T visa holders, and T visa applicants with prima	Eligible for weatherization assistance (WAP) for families living in multi-unit dwellings without, regard to immigration status. ³⁴² Human trafficking victims with HHS Certification (based on	Eligible for weatherization assistance (WAP) for families living in multi-unit dwellings, without regard to immigration status. ³⁴⁵	Eligible for weatherization assistance (WAP) for families living in multi-unit dwellings, without regard to immigration status. ³⁴⁷	Eligible for weatherization assistance (WAP) for families living in multi-unit dwellings without, regard to immigration status. ³⁵⁰ Eligible for LIHEAP	Eligible for weatherization assistance (WAP) for families living in multi-unit dwellings, without regard to immigration status. 353	Eligible for weatherization assistance (WAP) for families living in multi-unit dwellings, without regard to immigration status. 355

	VAWA Self- Petitioners, Battered Spouse Waivers, ¹ Lawful Permanent Residents, and Naturalized Citizens	Refugee, Asylee, T Visa, ² Afghans, ³ Ukrainians ⁴	T Visa ⁵ / Continued Presence ⁶	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) ⁷	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) ⁸	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. ⁹	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented
WAP and LIHEAP	family weatherization assistance upon receipt of VAWA prima facie determination, lawful permanent residence, or naturalized citizenship. 337 Green Mountain Power Energy Assistance and Vermont Gas Energy Assistance. 338	facie (bona fide) determination eligible for LIHEAP heating/cooling assistance and single- family weatherization assistance. ³⁴⁰ Green Mountain Power Energy Assistance and Vermont Gas Energy Assistance. ³⁴¹	continued presence or a bona fide determination on a T visa application) or with HHS eligibility determination (under 18), are considered refugees and thus are eligible for LIHEAP heating/cooling and single-family weatherization assistance. 343 Green Mountain Power Energy Assistance and Vermont Gas Energy Assistance. 344	Green Mountain Power Energy Assistance and Vermont Gas Energy Assistance.346	Eligible for LIHEAP heating/cooling assistance and single-family weatherization assistance upon receiving lawful permanent residency. ³⁴⁸ Green Mountain Power Energy Assistance and Vermont Gas Energy Assistance. ³⁴⁹	heating/cooling assistance and single-family weatherization assistance upon receiving lawful permanent residency. 351 Green Mountain Power Energy Assistance and Vermont Gas Energy Assistance. 352	Green Mountain Power Energy Assistance and Vermont Gas Energy Assistance.354	Green Mountain Power Energy Assistance and Vermont Gas Energy Assistance.356
Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Assistance ³⁵⁷	non-cash, in-kind emerge and reduction of immedi	A provided emergency servency disaster relief, includir ate threats to life, property, s temporary food assistance	ng: search and rescue, eme public health and safety. ³⁵	rgency medical care	, mass care and shelter,	resources for essential 1	needs such as food, wat	AP benefits. ³⁵⁹
Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA)- Restricted Programs ³⁶⁰	Upon receipt of VAWA prima facie determination ,lawful permanent residence, or naturalized citizenship ³⁶¹ : Eligible for FEMA Assistance Programs, Individuals and	FEMA Assistance Programs, Individuals and Households Program (IHP), Disaster Unemployment Assistance (DUA): open to Refugees, Asylees, T visa applicants with prima	Human trafficking victims eligible: with HHS Certification (based on continued presence or a bona fide determination on a T visa application) or with HHS eligibility determination (under 18) or family members	Not eligible.	Upon receiving lawful permanent residency: Eligible for FEMA Assistance Programs, Individuals and Households Program (IHP), and Disaster	Upon receiving lawful permanent residency: Eligible for FEMA Assistance Programs, Individuals and Households Program (IHP), and Disaster	Upon receiving lawful permanent residency: Eligible for FEMA Assistance Programs, Individuals and Households Program (IHP), and Disaster	Not eligible. ³⁸¹

	VAWA Self- Petitioners, Battered Spouse Waivers, ¹ Lawful Permanent Residents, and Naturalized Citizens	Refugee, Asylee, T Visa, ² Afghans, ³ Ukrainians ⁴	T Visa ⁵ / Continued Presence ⁶	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) ⁷	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) ⁸	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. ⁹	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented
FEMA Restricted Programs	Households Program (IHP), and Disaster Unemployment Assistance (DUA). 362 Eligible for Emergency Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP), subject to five-year bar, unless under 18, or lawfully residing on August 22, 1996 and either receiving disability-related benefits or born before Aug. 22, 1931. 363 Emergency/ General Assistance may be available to assist individuals and families with their emergency basic needs. 364	facie (bona fide) determination. 365 Emergency SNAP open to Refugees/Asylees (no five-year bar), 366 and T visa applicants with prima facie (bona fide) determination, subject to five-year bar, unless under 18, or lawfully residing on August 22, 1996 and either receiving disability- related benefits or born before Aug. 22, 1931. 367 Emergency/ General Assistance may be available to assist individuals and families with their emergency basic needs. 368	with T visa status (no need for HHS certification or eligibility determination). 369 These human trafficking victims are considered refugees and thus are eligible for FEMA Assistance Programs, Individual and Households Program (IHP), Disaster Unemployment Assistance (DUA), and Emergency SNAP. 370 Emergency/ General Assistance may be available to assist individuals and families with their emergency basic needs. 371		Unemployment Assistance (DUA). 372 Eligible for Emergency SNAP, subject to five-year bar, unless under 18 years of age; can be credited with 40 quarters of work earned by the individual, parents, or spouse; or lawfully residing on August 22, 1996 and either receiving disability-related benefits or born before Aug. 22, 1931. 373 Emergency/ General Assistance may be available to assist individuals and families with their emergency basic needs. 374	Unemployment Assistance (DUA). ³⁷⁵ Eligible for Emergency SNAP, subject to five-year bar, unless under 18 years of age; can be credited with 40 quarters of work earned by the individual, parents, or spouse; or lawfully residing on August 22, 1996 and either receiving disability-related benefits or born before Aug. 22, 1931. ³⁷⁶ Emergency/ General Assistance may be available to assist individuals and families with their emergency basic needs. ³⁷⁷	Unemployment Assistance (DUA). ³⁷⁸ Eligible for Emergency SNAP, subject to five-year bar, unless under 18 years of age; can be credited with 40 quarters of work earned by the individual, parents, or spouse; or lawfully residing on August 22, 1996 and either receiving disability-related benefits or born before Aug. 22, 1931. ³⁷⁹ Emergency/ General Assistance may be available to assist individuals and families with their emergency basic needs. ³⁸⁰	

	VAWA Self- Petitioners, Battered Spouse Waivers, ¹ Lawful Permanent Residents, and Naturalized Citizens	Refugee, Asylee, T Visa, ² Afghans, ³ Ukrainians ⁴	T Visa ⁵ / Continued Presence ⁶	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) ⁷	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) ⁸	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. ⁹	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented
Unemployment Insurance ³⁸²	Eligible for UI upon receipt of work authorization, lawful permanent residence, or citizenship. 383	Refugee: Eligible for UI upon receipt of work authorization. 384 Asylee: Eligible for UI upon grant receipt of work authorization. 385 T Visa: Eligible for UI upon receipt of work authorization. 386	Eligible for UI upon receipt of a HHs certification or eligibility letter and work authorization. ³⁸⁷	Eligible for UI upon receipt of work authorization. ³⁸⁸	Eligible for UI upon receipt of work authorization. ³⁸⁹	Eligible for UI upon receipt of work authorization. ³⁹⁰	Not eligible. ³⁹¹	Not eligible. ³⁹²

¹ VAWA self-petitioner for public benefits purposes includes: VAWA self-petitioners, battered spouse waiver applicants, applicants for relief under VAWA Cuban Adjustment Act ("VAWA CAA"), VAWA Haitian Refugee Immigration and Fairness Act ("VAWA HRIFA"), VAWA Nicaraguan and Central American Relief Act ("VAWA NACARA"), VAWA cancellation of removal, VAWA suspension of deportation, and battered spouses and children with approved I-130 visa applications filed by their abusive citizen spouse, parent or step-parent. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c); 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(51).

² See 8 U.S.C. §§ 1641(b)(2)-(3), (c)(4) (Asylees, Refugees and trafficking victims and family members of trafficking victims with T visa status or a pending T visa application setting forth a "prima facie" (bona facie) case for eligibility); Classification for Victims of Severe Forms of Trafficking in Persons; Eligibility for "T" Nonimmigrant Status, 81 Fed. Reg. 92266, 92279, 92304, 92307 (Dec. 19, 2016) (effective Jan. 18, 2017) (to be codified at 8 C.F.R. pts. 212, 214, 245, 274) (Prima facie/bona fide determinations on T visa applications are made by the Department of Homeland Security.).

³ Extending Government Funding and Delivering Emergency Assistance Act, Pub. L. 117-43, 135 Stat. 344, 377 (2021) (Afghans granted humanitarian parole between July 31, 2021, and September 30, 2023 — and their spouses and children, and parents or guardians of unaccompanied children granted parole after September 30, 2022 — also are eligible for federal benefits to the same extent as refugees. Eligibility for this group continues until March 31, 2023, or the end of their parole term, whichever is later.). See OFF. OF REFUGEE RESETTLEMENT, U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH AND HUM. SERV., Fact Sheet: Benefits for Afghan and Iraqi Special Immigrant Visa (SIV) Holders or SQ/SI Parolees https://www.acf.hhs.gov/orr/fact-sheet/benefits-afghan-and-iraqi-special-immigrant-visa-siv-holders-or-sq/si-parolees (last visited November 29, 2023) (Iraqi and Afghan special immigrant visa holders (SIV) and special immigrant parolees (who have applied for SIV status) are eligible for federal benefits to the same extent as refugees.) See also The Administration for Children and Families Office of Refugee Resettlement Policy Letters on Public Benefits for Afghan Refugees (November 29, 2023) https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/orr-policy-letters-afghan-refugees (Contains HHS Policy Letters and Fact Sheets regarding Afghan Refugees).

⁴ Department of Homeland Security, President Biden to Announce Uniting For Ukraine, a New Streamlined Process to Welcome Ukrainians Fleeing the Russian Invasion of Ukraine, DEP'T OF HOMELAND SEC. (April 21, 2022) https://www.dhs.gov/news/2022/04/21/president-biden-announce-uniting-ukraine-new-streamlined-process-welcome-ukrainians (Ukrainians paroled into the U.S. between February 24, 2022, and September 30, 2023 – and their spouses and children, and parents, guardians or primary caregivers of unaccompanied children paroled into the U.S. after September 30, 2023 – are eligible for federal benefits to the same extent as refugees.); See The Administration for Children and Families Office of Refugee Resettlement Policy Letters on Public Benefits for Ukrainian Refugees (November 29, 2023) https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/orr-policy-letters-ukrainian-refugees (Contains HHS Policy Letters and Fact Sheets regarding Ukrainian Refugees).

⁵ See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b)(1) (Bona fide T visa applicants with HHS certification, trafficking victims under 18 with HHS eligibility determination, and family members with T visa status are eligible for public benefits to the same extent as refugees.); Classification for Victims of Severe Forms of Trafficking in Persons; Eligibility for "T" Nonimmigrant Status, 81 Fed. Reg. 92266, 92278 (Dec. 19, 2016) (effective Jan. 18, 2017) (to be codified at 8 C.F.R. pts. 212, 214, 245, 274); New Classification for Victims of Severe Forms of Trafficking in Persons; Eligibility for "T" Nonimmigrant Status, 67 Fed. Reg. 4784, 4789-91 (Jan. 31, 2002) (to be codified at 8 C.F.R. pt. 103), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/federal-register-new-classification/.

- ⁶ See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b)(1)(E)(i)(II)(bb) (Immigrants with HHS certification that their continued presence is needed to effectuate prosecution of human traffickers are eligible to receive public benefits to the same extent as refugees.); OFFICE ON TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS, U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., OTIP-FS-16-01, CERTIFICATION FOR ADULT VICTIMS OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING FACT SHEET 1 (2016), https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification%20Fact%20Sheet%20Posting%20%282%29.pdf.
- ⁷ See DACA, NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR. (last visited Mar. 2, 2018), https://www.nilc.org/issues/daca/ (DACA is "deferred action" for certain undocumented youth who came to the United States as children.).
- ⁸ See 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(27)(j) (Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) allows certain youth immigrant survivors of abuse, abandonment, and/or neglect by a parent to obtain legal immigration status.).
- ⁹ See Ctr. for Medicare & Medicaid Serv., U.S. Dep't of Health & Hum. Serv., Medicaid and CHIP Coverage for "Lawfully Residing" Children and Pregnant Persons 2 (2010), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/pb-gov-hhslawfullyresidingmedicaid-07-01-10-also-in-qualified-immigrants/ (Upon receipt of deferred action U visa applicants are considered lawfully present.). U visa applicants receive deferred action which provides formal protection from deportation when they receive a bona fide determination or wait-list approval from U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS). See ,NIWAP, New DHS U Visa Bona Fide Policy Provides Earlier Access Deferred Action and Work Authorization To Applicants and NIWAP New Study Provides Evidence-Based Support for These New DHS Policies (June 14, 2021) https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/transforming-lives-study-21.
- ¹⁰ State benefits agencies are only allowed to ask for immigration status and social security number information for the family members who is the applicant for the benefit. See NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR, Privacy Protections in Selected Federal Benefits Programs (Feb. 21, 2018) https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2018/03/privacy-protections-fed-programs-tbl-2018.pdf (providing guidelines on what information a State may request from a parent applying on behalf of a child applicant); see also Anna Pohl, Hema Sarangapani, Amanda Baran, and Cecilia Olavarria, Chapter 4.3: Barriers to Accessing Services: The Importance of Advocates Accompanying Battered Immigrants Applying for Public Benefits (Jul. 10, 2013), https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/ch4-3-importance-advocates; see also Policy Guidance Regarding Inquiries Into Citizenship, Immigration Status and Social Security Numbers In State Applications For Medicaid, State Children's Health Insurance Program (Schip), Temporary Assistance For Needy Families (Tanf), and Food Stamp Benefits, U.S. DEP'T HEALTH & HUM. SERV. (Mar. 24, 2006), https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/pb-gov-hhsqacitizenshippolicyguidance-03-24-06.
- ¹¹ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2021), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c).
- ¹² 8 U.S.C. 1631(f) (Qualified immigrants who have been battered or subjected to extreme cruelty by a spouse, a parent or a member of the spouse's or parent's family are exempt from deeming for 12 months. The exemption from deeming may be extended if the battered immigrant obtains an order from a judge or a ruling from the U.S. Department of Homeland Security recognizing the battering or extreme cruelty the immigrant victim suffered.) (Interim Guidance on Verification of Citizenship, Qualified Alien Status and Eligibility Under Title IV of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, Att'y Gen. Order No. 2129-97, 62 Fed. Reg. 61,344, at 61,371 (Nov. 17, 1997)), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/1997-doj-interim-guidance-benefits/. See Catherine Longville and Leslye Orloff, Public Benefits: What is "Deeming" and What Are its Exceptions, (January 13, 2015), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/deeming-fact-sheet/. Applicability of Public Charge and Deeming Rules to Immigrant Survivors and Their Children Eligible for Healthcare Subsidies, in NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (April 9, 2015), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/public-charge-deeming/
- ¹³ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table ovrw fedprogs/. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c).
- 14 8 U.S.C. 1631(f) (Qualified immigrants who have been battered or subjected to extreme cruelty by a spouse, a parent or a member of the spouse's or parent's family are exempt from deeming for 12 months. The exemption from deeming may be extended if the battered immigrant obtains an order from a judge or a ruling from the U.S. Department of Homeland Security recognizing the battering or extreme cruelty the immigrant victim suffered.) (Interim Guidance on Verification of Citizenship, Qualified Alien Status and Eligibility Under Title IV of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, Att'y Gen. Order No. 2129-97, 62 Fed. Reg. 61,344, at 61,371 (Nov. 17, 1997)), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/1997-doj-interim-guidance-benefits/. See Catherine Longville and Leslye Orloff, https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/deeming-fact-sheet/. Applicability of Public Charge and Deeming Rules to Immigrant Survivors and Their Children Eligible for Healthcare Subsidies, in NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (April 9, 2015), https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/public-charge-deeming/
- 15 DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV, Administration for Children and Families, Office of Family Assistance, Q & A: Immigrants (August 20, 2019), https://www.acf.hhs.gov/ofa/faq/q-immigrants. (Q2: Does the five-year bar for certain newly arrived qualified aliens apply to all federally-funded TANF benefits (e.g., including benefits that do not meet the definition of assistance)? "A service that is only available to the financially needy would not meet the AG criteria and could be provided only to otherwise eligible citizens and qualified aliens." TANF is such a program.)
- ¹⁶ 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(b)(2)(A)(ii); 1613(b)(1). Federal eligibility for refugees and asylees extends for the first five years after attaining that status. However, if they have attained lawful permanent resident status with 40 qualifying work quarters, they will already have satisfied the five-year bar for eligibility as an LPR by the time their refugee/asylee benefit period for TANF ends. See 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(b)(2)(B). Or, they may be eligible as a veteran and/or member of a veteran's family, for which neither the five-year bar nor the five-year time limit applies. See 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(b)(2)(C), 1613(b)(2). Or, in some states their eligibility as a refugee or asylee continues past this five-year limit. States can also continue to provide benefits once the mandated five year federal coverage period for refugees and asylees ends. See Nat'l Immigration Law Ctr., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2021), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. Since refugees, asylees and trafficking victims with continued presence or who are T visa applicants are not required under U.S. immigration laws to have a sponsor, they are not subject to sponsor deeming. See OFFICE OF FAMILY ASSISTANCE, U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., TANF-ACF-PI-2003-03 (Deeming of Sponsor's Income and Resources to A Non-Citizen) (April 17, 2003), https://www.acf.hhs.gov/ofa/resource/policy/pi-ofa/2003/pi2003-2htm-0.

¹⁷ See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b)(1); Classification for Victims of Severe Forms of Trafficking in Persons; Eligibility for "T" Nonimmigrant Status, 81 Fed. Reg. 92266, 92278 (Dec. 19, 2016) (effective Jan. 18, 2017) (to be codified at 8 C.F.R. pts. 212, 214, 245, 274); New Classification for Victims of Severe Forms of Trafficking in Persons; Eligibility for "T" Nonimmigrant Status, 67 Fed. Reg. 4784, 4789-91 (Jan. 31, 2002) (to be codified at 8 C.F.R. pt. 103), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/federal-register-new-classification/. TANF benefits for refugees are available without a five-year waiting period, but are limited to five years. However, if the refugee attains lawful permanent resident status with 40 qualifying work quarters, they will already have satisfied the five-year bar for eligibility as a lawful permanent resident by the time their refugee/asylee benefit period for TANF ends. See 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(b)(2)(B). Or, they may be eligible as a veteran and/or member of a veteran's family, for which neither the five-year bar nor the five-year time limit applies. See 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(b)(2)(C), 1613(b)(2). Or, in some states their eligibility as a refugee or asylee continues past this five-year limit. See NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2021), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table ovrw fedprogs/. Since refugees, asylees and trafficking victims with continued presence or who are T visa applicants are not required under U.S. immigration laws to have a sponsor, they are not subject to sponsor deeming. See OFFICE OF FAMILY ASSISTANCE, U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., TANF-ACF-PI-2003-03 (Deeming of Sponsor's Income and Resources to A Non-Citizen) (April 17, 2003), https://www.acf.hhs.gov/ofa/resource/policy/pi-ofa/2003/pi2003-2htm-0. 18 NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2021), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovry_fedprogs/; 8 U.S.C. \(\) 1641(c)(4). An applicant with a military connection is eligible as a matter of federal law, without the five-year bar. See 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(b)(2)(C), 1613(b)(2). Federal law does not require states to impose the five-year time limit to trafficking victim eligibility as a qualified immigrant. Since refugees, asylees and trafficking victims with continued presence or who are T visa applicants are not required under U.S. immigration laws to have a sponsor, they are not subject to sponsor deeming. See Office of Family Assistance, U.S. Dep't of Health & Hum. Serv., TANF-ACF-PI-2003-03 (Deeming of Sponsor's Income and Resources to A Non-Citizen) (April 17, 2003), https://www.acf.hhs.gov/ofa/resource/policy/pi-ofa/2003/pi2003-2htm-0.

¹⁹ OFFICE ON TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS, U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., OTIP-FS-16-01, CERTIFICATION FOR ADULT VICTIMS OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING FACT SHEET 1 (2016), https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification%20Fact%20Sheet%20Posting%20%282%29.pdf. See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certification)).

²⁰ OFFICE ON TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS, U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., OTIP-FS-16-01, CERTIFICATION FOR ADULT VICTIMS OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING FACT SHEET 1 (2016), https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification%20Fact%20Sheet%20Posting%20%282%29.pdf. See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certification)). Since refugees, asylees and trafficking victims with continued presence or who are T visa applicants are not required under U.S. immigration laws to have a sponsor, they are not subject to sponsor deeming. https://www.acf.hhs.gov/ofa/resource/policy/pi-ofa/2003/pi2003-2htm-0

²¹ OFFICE ON TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS, U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., OTIP-FS-16-01, CERTIFICATION FOR ADULT VICTIMS OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING FACT SHEET 1 (2016), https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification%20Fact%20Sheet%20Posting%20%282%29.pdf. See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b).

²² NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2021), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table ovrw fedprogs/.

²³ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2021), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1). SIJS applicant with a military connection is eligible without five-year bar. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1612(b)(2)(C), 1613(b)(2).

24 8 U.S.C. 1631(f) (Qualified immigrants who have been battered or subjected to extreme cruelty by a spouse, a parent or a member of the spouse's or parent's family are exempt from deeming for 12 months. The exemption from deeming may be extended if the battered immigrant obtains an order from a judge or a ruling from the U.S. Department of Homeland Security recognizing the battering or extreme cruelty the immigrant victim suffered.) (Interim Guidance on Verification of Citizenship, Qualified Alien Status and Eligibility Under Title IV of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, Att'y Gen. Order No. 2129-97, 62 Fed. Reg. 61,344, at 61,371 (Nov. 17, 1997)). http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/1997-doj-interim-guidance-benefits/ See Catherine Longville and Leslye Orloff, Public Benefits: What is "Deeming" and What Are its Exceptions, (January 13, 2015), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/deeming-fact-sheet/; Applicability of Public Charge and Deeming Rules to Immigrant Survivors and Their Children Eligible for Healthcare Subsidies, in NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (April 9, 2015), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/public-charge-deeming/. Qualified immigrants may also be exempt from deeming when they naturalize, when they can show they are credited with 40 qualifying quarters of work, when they qualify for the up to 12 month exception for indigence, or have another form of immigration status does not require sponsorship. See 8 U.S.C. § 1631; DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERVS., OFF. OF FAM. ASSISTANCE, TANF-ACF-PI-2003-03 (Deeming of Sponsor's Income and Resources To A Non-Citizen), (2003), https://www.acf.hhs.gov/ofa/resource/policy/pi-ofa/2003/pi2003-2htm-0

²⁵ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility For Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2021), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table ovrw fedprogs/. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).

26 8 U.S.C. 1631(f) (Qualified immigrants who have been battered or subjected to extreme cruelty by a spouse, a parent or a member of the spouse's or parent's family are exempt from deeming for 12 months. The exemption from deeming may be extended if the battered immigrant obtains an order from a judge or a ruling from the U.S. Department of Homeland Security recognizing the battering or extreme cruelty the immigrant victim suffered.) (Interim Guidance on Verification of Citizenship, Qualified Alien Status and Eligibility Under Title IV of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, Att'y Gen. Order No. 2129-97, 62 Fed. Reg. 61,344, at 61,371 (Nov. 17, 1997)). http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/1997-doj-interim-guidance-benefits/ See Catherine Longville and Leslye Orloff, Public Benefits: What is "Deeming" and What Are its Exceptions, (January 13, 2015), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/deeming-fact-sheet/; Applicability of Public Charge and Deeming Rules to Immigrant Survivors and Their Children Eligible for Healthcare Subsidies, in NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (April 9, 2015), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/public-charge-deeming/. Qualified immigrants may also be exempt from deeming when they naturalize, when they can show they are credited with 40 qualifying quarters of work, when they qualify for the up to 12 month exception for indigence, or have another form of immigraiton status does not require sponsorship. 8 U.S.C. § 1631; DEP'T OF

- HEALTH & HUM. SERVS., OFF. OF FAM. ASSISTANCE, TANF-ACF-PI-2003-03 (Deeming of Sponsor's Income and Resources To A Non-Citizen), (2003), https://www.acf.hhs.gov/ofa/resource/policy/pi-ofa/2003/pi2003-2htm-0
- ²⁷ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17*, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2021), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.
- ²⁸ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR..., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.*
- ²⁹ In determining Child Care Development Fund direct eligibility for subsidized child care, eligibility is based on then citizenship or immigration status of the child. The immigration status of the child's parent or parents is not relevant to this determination. Citizen and qualified immigrant children are directly eligible for all CCDF funded child care, including but not limited to child care provided by non-profit charitable organizations. **U.S. Department of Health and Human Services**, Verification of Citizenship and Immigration Status by Non-Profit Organizations and Head Start Grantees, in Office of Child Care (May 2, 2008), https://www.acf.hhs.gov/occ/resource/pi-2008-01; NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare_pp116-17_053106.pdf. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c).
- ³⁰ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare_pp116-17 053106.pdf. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c).
- ³¹ Administration for Children and Families, Office of Family Assistance, Q & A: Immigrants, DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV (August 20, 2019), https://www.acf.hhs.gov/ofa/faq/q-immigrants. (Q2: Does the five-year bar for certain newly arrived qualified aliens apply to all federally-funded TANF benefits (e.g., including benefits that do not meet the definition of assistance)? "A service that is only available to the financially needy would not meet the AG criteria and could be provided only to otherwise eligible citizens and qualified aliens." TANF is such a program.)
- ³² See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(2)-(3). NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare pp116-17 053106.pdf.
- ³³ See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b)(1); NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare pp116-17 053106.pdf.
- ³⁴ See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(4). NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare_pp116-17_053106.pdf.
- ³⁵ See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(4). NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare pp116-17 053106.pdf.
- ³⁶ OFFICE ON TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS, U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., OTIP-FS-16-01, CERTIFICATION FOR ADULT VICTIMS OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING FACT SHEET 1 (2016), https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification%20Fact%20Sheet%20Posting%20%282%29.pdf; NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare_pp116-17_053106.pdf. See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS certification. Applicants under age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certification)).
- ³⁷ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare_pp116-17_053106.pdf; Benish Anver & Leslye E. Orloff, *Immigrant Crime Victim Child Care Access*, NAT'L IMMIGRATION WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (Mar. 13, 2013), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/pb-chart-childcare/; Office on Trafficking in Persons, U.S. Dep't of Health & Hum. Serv., OTIP-FS-16-01, Certification for Adult Victims of
- HUMAN TRAFFICKING FACT SHEET 1 (2016), https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification%20Fact%20Sheet%20Posting%20%282%29.pdf. See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b).

 38 NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare_pp116-17 053106.pdf.
- ³⁹ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare_pp116-17 053106.pdf.
- ⁴⁰ In determining Child Care Development Fund direct eligibility for subsidized child care, eligibility is based on then citizenship or immigration status of the child. The immigration status of the child's parent or parents is not relevant to this determination. Citizen and qualified immigrant children are directly eligible for all CCDF funded child care, including but not limited to child care provided by non-profit charitable organizations. U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Verification of Citizenship and Immigration Status by Non-Profit Organizations and Head Start Grantees, in Office of Child Care (May 2, 2008), https://www.acf.hhs.gov/occ/resource/pi-2008-01. NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare pp116-17 053106.pdf. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c).
- ⁴¹ 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(b)(2)(A)(ii); Eligibility is based on the citizenship or immigration status of the child. The immigration status of the child's parent or parents is not relevant to this determination. U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Verification of Citizenship and Immigration Status by Non-Profit Organizations and Head Start Grantees, in Office of Child Care (May 2, 2008), https://www.acf.hhs.gov/occ/resource/pi-2008-01. NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare pp116-17 053106.pdf. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).
- ⁴² NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare_pp116-17 053106.pdf.
- ⁴³ In determining Child Care Development Fund direct eligibility for subsidized child care, eligibility is based on then citizenship or immigration status of the child. The immigration status of the child's parent or parents is not relevant to this determination. Citizen and qualified immigrant children are directly eligible for all CCDF funded child care, including but not limited to child care

- provided by non-profit charitable organizations. U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Verification of Citizenship and Immigration Status by Non-Profit Organizations and Head Start Grantees, in Office of Child Care (May 2, 2008), https://www.acf.hhs.gov/occ/resource/pi-2008-01. NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare_pp116-17_053106.pdf. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c).
- ⁴⁴ 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(b)(2)(A)(ii); Eligibility is based on the citizenship or immigration status of the child. The immigration status of the child's parent or parents is not relevant to this determination. U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Verification of Citizenship and Immigration Status by Non-Profit Organizations and Head Start Grantees, in Office of Child Care (May 2, 2008), https://www.acf.hhs.gov/occ/resource/pi-2008-01. NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare pp116-17 053106.pdf. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).
- ⁴⁵ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare_pp116-17 053106.pdf.
- ⁴⁶ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare_pp116-17 053106.pdf.
- ⁴⁷ See FOOD & NUTRITION SERV., U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM (SNAP) (2017), https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/eligibility (As with most public benefits, to obtain food stamps, individuals must also meet resource, income, and employment requirements. There is a pre-screening tool to determine if an individual might be eligible for nutrition assistance.); See also SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018). (In general, non-citizens who have lived in the U.S. for 5 years or more, are blind or disabled, are under the age of 18, were admitted for lawful permanent residence with 40 qualifying quarters or are lawfully residing and are on active duty in the U.S. Army, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard or honorably discharged are eligible.)
- ⁴⁸ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; *SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility*, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018); *See 8* U.S.C. § 1641(c); *See also* 8 U.S.C. § 1612(a)(1)-1612(a)(2). Battered immigrants are not subject to deeming for at least 12 months, with the possibility of extension. *See Guidance on Non-Citizen Eligibility*, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, at 31, available at https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/eligibility/non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Apr. 29, 2023)
- ⁴⁹ Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Guidance on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, at 4, https://fns-prod.azureedge.net/sites/default/files/snap/Non-Citizen Guidance 063011.pdf (last accessed Mar. 13, 2019).
- ⁵⁰ See 8 USC §1612(a)(2)(A) and (L). Directly eligible for SNAP as refugees and asylees for seven years. However, they retain eligibility past the seven years since they will have transitioned into qualified immigrant status, with indefinite eligibility for SNAP, after five years. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(2)-(3). See also Nat'l Immigration Law Ctr., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2021), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(2)-(3). See also Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Guidance on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, at 31, https://fns-prod.azureedge.net/sites/default/files/snap/Non-Citizen Guidance 063011.pdf (last accessed Mar. 13, 2019). https://fns-prod.azureedge.net/sites/default/files/snap/Non-Citizen Guidance 063011.pdf
- ⁵¹ 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(4); NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2021), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; *SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility*, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018).
- ⁵²NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2021), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; *SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility*, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018); *See* 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certification)).
- ⁵³ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility For Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2021), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; *SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility*, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fins.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018);. *See* 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certification)).
- ⁵⁴ OFFICE ON TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS, U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., OTIP-FS-16-01, CERTIFICATION FOR ADULT VICTIMS OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING FACT SHEET 1 (2016), https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification%20Fact%20Sheet%20Posting%20%282%29.pdf. See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b).
- 55 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b). Applicants over age 18 require an HHS certification. Applicants under age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certification). See

 NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated
 Oct. 2021), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. Dep't of AGRIC., Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program,
 https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018).
- ⁵⁶ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2021), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; *SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility*, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018).

- ⁵⁷ SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018).
- 58 SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018). Five-year residency includes time in qualified status prior to turning 18. When SIJS children become qualified immigrants, they may be exempt from deeming when they naturalize, or if they can show they are credited with 40 qualifying quarters of work, or if they are eligible for a 12 month exception for indigence, or have another form of immigration status does not require sponsorship. 8 U.S.C. § 1631; Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Guidance on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, at 31-33, https://fns-prod.azureedge.net/sites/default/files/snap/Non-Citizen_Guidance_063011.pdf (last accessed Mar. 13, 2019).
- ⁵⁹ SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018). (Although eligibility based on 40 work quarters includes work performed by applicant, spouse, and parents while the applicant was under 18, SIJS youth are generally not able to satisfy this condition.).
- ⁶⁰ SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018). May be subject to deeming.
- ⁶¹ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2021), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; *SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility*, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018).
- ⁶² SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018). (Eligible children are exempt from sponsor deeming.).
- ⁶³ SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018). (Five-year residency includes time in qualified status prior to turning 18.). May be subject to deeming.
- ⁶⁴ See SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018). (Although eligibility based on 40 work quarters includes work performed by applicant, spouse, and parents while the applicant was under 18, SIJS youth are generally not able to satisfy this condition.).
- 65 SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018). (Born on or before August 22, 1931 and lawfully resided in the U.S. on August 22, 1996.). May be subject to deeming.
- ⁶⁶ SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018). May be subject to deeming.
- ⁶⁷ 42 U.S.C.S. § 1786; Women, Infants, and Children (WIC), U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC. FOOD & NUTRITION SERV., https://www.fns.usda.gov/wic/women-infants-and-children-wic (last visited June 14, 2018).
- 68 WIC Contacts, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC. FOOD & NUTRITION SERV., https://www.fns.usda.gov/wic/wic-contacts (last visited June 14, 2018).
- 69 WIC Eligibility Requirements, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC. FOOD & NUTRITION SERV., https://www.fns.usda.gov/wic/wic-eligibility-requirements (last visited June 14, 2018).
- ⁷⁰ WIC, VT. DEP'T OF HEALTH, http://www.healthvermont.gov/family/wic (last visited June 19, 2018).
- ⁷¹ Apply to WIC, VT. DEP'T OF HEALTH, http://www.healthvermont.gov/children-youth-families/wic/apply (last visited June 19, 2018).
- ⁷² 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c); HealthCare.gov, Immigrants, Immigration status and the Marketplace (last visited November 29, 2023) (Listing immigrants with which immigration statuses are legally able to use the Marketplace); *See* NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., "LAWFULLY PRESENT" INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE UNDER THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT 5 (2012, rev. 2016), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/lawfully-present-imm-categories-ACA-2016-07.pdf.
- ⁷³ 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c); HealthCare.gov, Immigrants, Immigration status and the Marketplace (last visited November 29, 2023) (Listing immigrants with which immigration statuses are legally able to use the Marketplace); *See* NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., "LAWFULLY PRESENT" INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE UNDER THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT 5 (2012, rev. 2016), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/lawfully-present-imm-categories-ACA-2016-07.pdf.
- ⁷⁴ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., "LAWFULLY PRESENT" INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE UNDER THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT 5 (2012, rev. 2016), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/lawfully-present-imm-categories-ACA-2016-07.pdf. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c).
- ⁷⁵ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., "LAWFULLY PRESENT" INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE UNDER THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT 2 (2012, rev. 2016), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/lawfully-present-imm-categories-ACA-2016-07.pdf. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(2).
- ⁷⁶ Cindy Mann, CTR. FOR MEDICARE & MEDICAID SERV., U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., MEDICAID AND CHIP COVERAGE FOR "LAWFULLY RESIDING" CHILDREN AND PREGNANT WOMEN 3 (2010), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/pb-gov-hhslawfullyresidingmedicaid-07-01-10-also-in-qualified-immigrants/. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(3); 45 C.F.R § 152.2(5) (2017) ("A pending applicant for asylum under section 208(a) of the INA (8 U.S.C. § 1158) or for withholding of removal under section 241(b)(3) of the INA (8 U.S.C. § 1231) or under the Convention Against Torture who has been granted employment authorization, and such an applicant under the age of 14 who has had an application pending for at least 180 days.").
- ⁷⁷ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., "LAWFULLY PRESENT" INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE UNDER THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT 5 (2012, rev. 2016), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/lawfully-present-imm-categories-ACA-2016-07.pdf. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(4).

- ⁷⁸ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., "LAWFULLY PRESENT" INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE UNDER THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT 5 (2012, rev. 2016), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/lawfully-present-imm-categories-ACA-2016-07.pdf. *See* 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS certification. Applicants under age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certification)).
- ⁷⁹ OFFICE ON TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS, U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., OTIP-FS-16-01, CERTIFICATION FOR ADULT VICTIMS OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING FACT SHEET 1 (2016), https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification%20Fact%20Sheet%20Posting%20%282%29.pdf. See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b).
- ⁸⁰ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., "LAWFULLY PRESENT" INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE UNDER THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT 5 (2012, rev. 2016), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/lawfully-present-imm-categories-ACA-2016-07.pdf. *See* 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS certification. Applicants under age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certification)).
- ⁸¹ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., "LAWFULLY PRESENT" INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE UNDER THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT 1, 1 n.4, 4-5 n.8 (2012, rev. 2016), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/lawfully-present-imm-categories-ACA-2016-07.pdf (DACA recipients are the only deferred action recipients not eligible for insurance under the ACA.).
- 82 NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., "LAWFULLY PRESENT" INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE UNDER THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT 5 (2012, rev. 2016), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/lawfully-present-imm-categories-ACA-2016-07.pdf.
- ⁸³ U visa bona fide determinations come with deferred action which is protection from deportation and which makes U visa applicants eligible for health care as lawfully residing immigrant. Cindy Mann, CTR. FOR MEDICAID SERV., U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., MEDICAID AND CHIP COVERAGE FOR "LAWFULLY RESIDING" CHILDREN AND PREGNANT WOMEN 3 (2010), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/pb-gov-hhslawfullyresidingmedicaid-07-01-10-also-in-qualified-immigrants/.
- ⁸⁴ Cindy Mann, Ctr. for Medicare & Medicard Serv., U.S. Dep't of Health & Hum. Serv., Medicard and CHIP Coverage for "Lawfully Residing" Children and Pregnant Women 3 (2010), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/pb-gov-hhslawfullyresidingmedicaid-07-01-10-also-in-qualified-immigrants/; Carly Erickson & Leslye E. Orloff, *U-Visa Victim Benefits under the Affordable Care Act (ACA)*, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (June 18, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/u-visa-healthcare-aca/.
- 85 Carly Erickson & Leslye E. Orloff, *U-Visa Victim Benefits under the Affordable Care Act (ACA)*, NAT'L IMMGR. WOMEN'S ADVOC. PROJECT (June 18, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/u-visa-healthcare-aca/; NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., "LAWFULLY PRESENT" INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE UNDER THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT 5-6 (2012, rev. 2016), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/lawfully-present-imm-categories-ACA-2016-07.pdf.
- ⁸⁶ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., "LAWFULLY PRESENT" INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE UNDER THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT 1 (2012, rev. 2016), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/lawfully-present-imm-categories-ACA-2016-07.pdf (DACA coverage limited to those "lawfully present" in the United States).
- Footnotes in this section contain additional details on health care subsidies, including co-pays that may be required. They contain further state by state information on health care access for immigrant survivors of domestic and sexual violence. See MORGAN, LEWIS & BOCKIUS, LLP Chapter 17.1: Emergency Medicaid Urgent Medical Services for Immigrant Crime Victims and Children, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (December 2016), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/ch17-1-emergencymedicaid; see id. Chapter 17.2: Coverage for Forensic Costs for Immigrant crime Victims: Medical Coverage and Services (February 12, 2017) http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/ch17-2-forensiccoverageimmvictims; see id. Chapter 17.3: Post-Assault Healthcare and Crime Victim Compensation for Immigrant Victims of Violence (June 13, 2017) http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/ch17-3-postassault-healthcare-compensation; see id. Chapter 17.4: Pre-Natal and Child Health Care For Immigrant Victims and Their Children (February 17, 2017) http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/ch17-4-prenatal-care.

 88 NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide To Immigrant Eligibility For Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table
- 86 Health Case.gov, Immigrants, Coverage for U.S. Citizens and U.S. Nationals (last visited November 29, 2023) https://www.healthcare.gov/immigrants/immigrants/immigrants/.NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., "LAWFULLY PRESENT" INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE UNDER THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT 5 (2012, rev. 2016), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/lawfully-present-imm-categories-ACA-2016-07.pdf. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c).
- ⁹⁰ H.430 (Act 48) (2021), https://legislature.vermont.gov/Documents/2022/Docs/ACTS/ACT048/ACT048%20As%20Enacted.pdf; Information for Non-Citizens, Dep't of Vermont Health Access https://dvha.vermont.gov/information-for-non-citizens (last visited April 4, 2022); NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table: Medical Assistance Programs for Immigrants in Various States, in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 122-23, 126-27 (4th ed. 2002, table updated July 2021), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/11/med-services-for-imms-instates.pdf.
- 91 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(b)(2)(A); 1613. Federal eligibility for Medicaid for refugees and asylees extends for the first seven years after attaining that status; however, in most states their eligibility can continue past this seven-year limitation, since by seven years they may have become lawful permanent residents with 40 qualifying quarters of work credit and will have satisfied the five-year bar to access to Medicaid. See 8 U.S.C. § 1612(b)(2)(B). Or, they may be a veteran and/or a member of a veteran's family, for whom the five-year bar and seven-year limit do not apply. See 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(b)(2)(C), 1613(b)(2). States can also continue to provide benefits once the mandated seven-year federal coverage period for refugees and asylees ends. See also Nat'l Immigration Law Ctr., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2021), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. See state law citations in this chart to identify if this state provides benefits for asylees and refugees beyond the seven-year limitation.
- ⁵² 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b)(1). Human trafficking victims with HHS certification or an HHS determination letter are eligible as refugees for 7 years. To continue to receive benefits once 7 years has passed since they received their HHS certification or HHS determination letter, they will need to file for and be granted a T visa. This allows them to continue to qualify for public benefits as qualified immigrants. So long as the trafficking victim files for a T visa soon after receiving HHS certification or determination, they should gain qualified immigrant status and the 5-year bar will be completed prior to reaching the 7-year limit on refugee benefits. States can also continue to provide benefits once the mandated seven-year federal coverage period for refugees and asylese ends. *See also* Nat'l Immigration Law Ctr., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct.

updated Oct. 2021), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c).

2021), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. See state law citations in this chart to identify if this state provides benefits for asylees and refugees beyond the seven-vear limitation.

- ⁹³ See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(4).
- 94 H.430 (Act 48) (2021), https://legislature.vermont.gov/Documents/2022/Docs/ACTS/ACT048/ACT048/20As%20Enacted.pdf; Information for Non-Citizens, Dep't of Vermont Health Access https://dvha.vermont.gov/information-for-non-citizens (last visited April 4, 2022); NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table: Medical Assistance Programs for Immigrants in Various States in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 122-23, 126-27 (4th ed. 2002, table updated July 2021), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/11/med-services-for-imms-instates.pdf.
- 95 NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility For Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2021), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. *See* 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS certification. Applicants under age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certification)). *See also* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(4). Human trafficking victims with HHS certification or an HHS determination letter are eligible as refugees for 7 years. To continue to receive benefits once 7 years has passed, since they received their HHS certification or HHS determination letter, they will need to file for and be granted a T visa. This allows them to continue to qualify for public benefits as qualified immigrants. So long as the trafficking victim files for a T visa soon after receiving HHS certification or determination, they should gain qualified immigrant status and the 5-year bar will be completed prior to reaching the 7-year limit on refugee benefits.
- ⁹⁶ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2021), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; Office on Trafficking in Persons, U.S. Dep't of Health & Hum. Serv., OTIP-FS-16-01, Certification for Adult Victims of Human Trafficking Fact Sheet 1 (2016), https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification%20Fact%20Sheet%20Posting%20%282%29.pdf. *See* 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b).
- ⁹⁷ 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b)(1). Bona fide T visa applicants with HHS certification, trafficking victims under 18 with HHS eligibility determination, and family members with T visa status are eligible for public benefits to the same extent as refugees. NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17*, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2021), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. *See* 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS certification. Applicants under age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certification)).
- 98 H.430 (Act 48) (2021), https://legislature.vermont.gov/Documents/2022/Docs/ACTS/ACT048/ACT048%20As%20Enacted.pdf; Information for Non-Citizens, Dep't of Vermont Health Access https://dvha.vermont.gov/information-for-non-citizens (last visited April 4, 2022); NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table: Medical Assistance Programs for Immigrants in Various States in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 122-23, 126-27 (4th ed. 2002, table updated July 2021), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/11/med-services-for-imms-instates.pdf.
- 99 NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table-ovrw-fedprogs/.
- ¹⁰⁰ H.430 (Act 48) (2021), https://legislature.vermont.gov/Documents/2022/Docs/ACTS/ACT048/ACT048%20As%20Enacted.pdf; Information for Non-Citizens, Dep't of Vermont Health Access https://dvha.vermont.gov/information-for-non-citizens (last visited April 4, 2022); Nat'l Immigration Law Ctr., *Table: Medical Assistance Programs for Immigrants in Various States in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 122-23, 126-27 (4th ed. 2002, table updated July 2021), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/11/med-services-for-imms-instates.pdf.
- ¹⁰¹ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2021), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).
- 102 H.430 (Act 48) (2021), https://legislature.vermont.gov/Documents/2022/Docs/ACTS/ACT048/ACT048%20As%20Enacted.pdf; Information for Non-Citizens, DEP't of Vermont Health Access https://dvha.vermont.gov/information-for-non-citizens (last visited April 4, 2022); NAT't IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table: Medical Assistance Programs for Immigrants in Various States in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 122-23, 126-27 (4th ed. 2002, table updated July 2021), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/11/med-services-for-imms-instates.pdf.
- ¹⁰³ 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1). NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs* 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2021), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.
- ¹⁰⁴ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2021), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).
- 105 H.430 (Act 48) (2021), https://legislature.vermont.gov/Documents/2022/Docs/ACTS/ACT048/ACT048%20As%20Enacted.pdf; Information for Non-Citizens, Dep't of Vermont Health Access https://dvha.vermont.gov/information-for-non-citizens (last visited April 4, 2022); NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table: Medical Assistance Programs for Immigrants in Various States in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 122-23, 126-27 (4th ed. 2002, table updated July 2021), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/11/med-services-for-imms-instates.pdf.
- ¹⁰⁶ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2021), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.
- ¹⁰⁷ H.430 (Act 48) (2021), https://legislature.vermont.gov/Documents/2022/Docs/ACTS/ACT048/ACT048%20As%20Enacted.pdf; INFORMATION FOR NON-CITIZENS, DEP'T OF VERMONT HEALTH ACCESS https://dvha.vermont.gov/information-for-non-citizens (last visited April 4, 2022); NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., Table: Medical Assistance Programs for Immigrants in Various States in

GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 122-23, 126-27 (4th ed. 2002, table updated July 2021), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/11/med-services-for-imms-instates.pdf.

- f¹⁰⁸ NAT'L IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2021), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table ovrw fedprogs/.
- 109 H.430 (Act 48) (2021), https://legislature.vermont.gov/Documents/2022/Docs/ACTS/ACT048/ACT048%20As%20Enacted.pdf; Information for Non-Citizens, Dep't of Vermont Health Access https://dvha.vermont.gov/information-for-non-citizens (last visited April 4, 2022); NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table: Medical Assistance Programs for Immigrants in Various States in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 122-23, 126-27 (4th ed. 2002, table updated July 2021), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/11/med-services-for-imms-instates.pdf.
- 110 Footnotes in this section contain additional details on health care subsidies including co-pays that may be required. They contain further state by state information on health care access for immigrant survivors of domestic and sexual violence. See MORGAN, LEWIS & BOCKIUS, LLP Chapter 17.1: Emergency Medicaid Urgent Medical Services for Immigrant Crime Victims and Children, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (December 2016), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/ch17-1-emergencymedicaid; see id. Chapter 17.2: Coverage for Forensic Costs for Immigrant crime Victims: Medical Coverage and Services (February 12, 2017) http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/ch17-2-forensiccoverageimmvictims; see id. Chapter 17.3: Post-Assault Healthcare and Crime Victim Compensation for Immigrant Victims of Violence (June 13, 2017) http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/ch17-3-postassault-healthcare-compensation; see id. Chapter 17.4: Pre-Natal and Child Health Care For Immigrant Victims and Their Children (February 17, 2017) http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/ch17-4-prenatal-care.

 111 NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility For Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2021), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table ovry fedbrogs/. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c).
- 112 Immigrants, Coverage for U.S. Citizens and U.S. Nationals, HEALTHCARE.GOV (last visited November 29, 2023) https://www.healthcare.gov/immigrants/immigration-status/.NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., "LAWFULLY PRESENT" INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE UNDER THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT 5 (2012, rev. 2016), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/lawfully-present-imm-categories-ACA-2016-07.pdf. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c).
- 113 NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2021), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.
- 114 H.430 (Act 48) (2021), https://legislature.vermont.gov/Documents/2022/Docs/ACTS/ACT048/ACT048%20As%20Enacted.pdf; INFORMATION FOR NON-CITIZENS, DEP'T OF VERMONT HEALTH ACCESS https://dvha.vermont.gov/information-for-non-citizens (last visited April 4, 2022); NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table: Medical Assistance Programs for Immigrants in Various States in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 122-23, 126-27 (4th ed. 2002, table updated July 2021), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/11/med-services-for-imms-instates.pdf.
- 115 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(b)(2)(A); 1613. Federal eligibility for Medicaid for refugees and asylees extends for the first seven years after attaining that status; however, in most states their eligibility can continue past this seven-year limitation, since by seven years they may have become lawful permanent residents with 40 qualifying quarters of work credit and will have satisfied the five-year bar to access to Medicaid. See 8 U.S.C. § 1612(b)(2)(B). Or, they may be a veteran and/or a member of a veteran's family, for whom the five-year bar and seven-year limit do not apply. See 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(b)(2)(C), 1613(b)(2). States can also continue to provide benefits once the mandated seven-year federal coverage period for refugees and asylees ends. See also Nat'l Immigration Law Ctr., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2021), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. See state law citations in this chart to identify if this state provides benefits for asylees and refugees beyond the seven-year limitation.
- 116 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b)(1). Human trafficking victims with HHS certification or an HHS determination letter are eligible as refugees for 7 years. To continue to receive benefits once 7 years has passed since they received their HHS certification or HHS determination letter, they will need to file for and be granted a T visa. This allows them to continue to qualify for public benefits as qualified immigrants. So long as the trafficking victim files for a T visa soon after receiving HHS certification or determination, they should gain qualified immigrant status and the 5-year bar will be completed prior to reaching the 7-year limit on refugee benefits. States can also continue to provide benefits once the mandated seven-year federal coverage period for refugees and asylees ends. *See also* Nat'l Immigration Law Ctr., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2021), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. *See* state law citations in this chart to identify if this state provides benefits for asylees and refugees beyond the seven-year limitation.
- ¹¹⁷ See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(4).
- 118 H.430 (Act 48) (2021), https://legislature.vermont.gov/Documents/2022/Docs/ACTS/ACT048/ACT048%20As%20Enacted.pdf; Information for Non-Citizens, Dep't of Vermont Health Access https://dvha.vermont.gov/information-for-non-citizens (last visited April 4, 2022); NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table: Medical Assistance Programs for Immigrants in Various States in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 122-23, 126-27 (4th ed. 2002, table updated July 2021), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/11/med-services-for-imms-instates.pdf.
- 119 NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2021), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. *See* 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS certification. Applicants under age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certification)).
- 120 NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2021), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table ovrw fedprogs/; Office on Trafficking in Persons, U.S. Dep't of Health & Hum. Serv., OTIP-FS-16-01, Certification

FOR ADULT VICTIMS OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING FACT SHEET 1 (2016), https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification%20Fact%20Sheet%20Posting%20%282%29.pdf. See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b).

- ¹²¹ 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b)(1). Bona fide T visa applicants with HHS certification, trafficking victims under 18 with HHS eligibility determination, and family members with T visa status are eligible for public benefits to the same extent as refugees. NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2021), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. *See* 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certification)).
- 122 NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2021), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table ovrw fedprogs/.
- 123 H.430 (Act 48) (2021), https://legislature.vermont.gov/Documents/2022/Docs/ACTS/ACT048/ACT048%20As%20Enacted.pdf; INFORMATION FOR NON-CITIZENS, DEP'T OF VERMONT HEALTH ACCESS https://dvha.vermont.gov/information-for-non-citizens (last visited April 4, 2022); NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table: Medical Assistance Programs for Immigrants in Various States in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 122-23, 126-27 (4th ed. 2002, table updated July 2021), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/11/med-services-for-imms-instates.pdf.
- ¹²⁴ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2021), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.
- 125 H.430 (Act 48) (2021), https://legislature.vermont.gov/Documents/2022/Docs/ACTS/ACT048/ACT048%20As%20Enacted.pdf; INFORMATION FOR NON-CITIZENS, DEP'T OF VERMONT HEALTH ACCESS https://dvha.vermont.gov/information-for-non-citizens (last visited April 4, 2022); NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table: Medical Assistance Programs for Immigrants in Various States in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 122-23, 126-27 (4th ed. 2002, table updated July 2021), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/11/med-services-for-imms-instates.pdf.
- ¹²⁶ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2021), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.
- 127 NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2021), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).
- 128 H.430 (Act 48) (2021), https://legislature.vermont.gov/Documents/2022/Docs/ACTS/ACT048/ACT048%20As%20Enacted.pdf; INFORMATION FOR NON-CITIZENS, DEP'T OF VERMONT HEALTH ACCESS https://dvha.vermont.gov/information-for-non-citizens (last visited April 4, 2022); NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table: Medical Assistance Programs for Immigrants in Various States in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 122-23, 126-27 (4th ed. 2002, table updated July 2021), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/11/med-services-for-imms-instates.pdf.
- ¹²⁹ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2021), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.
- 130 NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility For Federal Programs 17, 17-20, footnote 7 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2021), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.
- 131 NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2021), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table ovrw fedprogs/. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).
- 132 H.430 (Act 48) (2021), https://legislature.vermont.gov/Documents/2022/Docs/ACTS/ACT048/ACT048%20As%20Enacted.pdf; Information for Non-Citizens, Dep't of Vermont Health Access https://dvha.vermont.gov/information-for-non-citizens (last visited April 4, 2022); NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table: Medical Assistance Programs for Immigrants in Various States in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 122-23, 126-27 (4th ed. 2002, table updated July 2021), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/11/med-services-for-imms-instates.pdf.
- ¹³³ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2021), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table ovrw fedprogs/.
- 134 H.430 (Act 48) (2021), https://legislature.vermont.gov/Documents/2022/Docs/ACTS/ACT048/ACT048%20As%20Enacted.pdf; INFORMATION FOR NON-CITIZENS, DEP'T OF VERMONT HEALTH ACCESS https://dvha.vermont.gov/information-for-non-citizens (last visited April 4, 2022); NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table: Medical Assistance Programs for Immigrants in Various States in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 122-23, 126-27 (4th ed. 2002, table updated July 2021), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/11/med-services-for-imms-instates.pdf.
- ¹³⁵ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2021), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table ovrw fedprogs/.
- 136 H.430 (Act 48) (2021), https://legislature.vermont.gov/Documents/2022/Docs/ACTS/ACT048/ACT048/20Enacted.pdf; Information for Non-Citizens, Dep't of Vermont Health Access https://dvha.vermont.gov/information-for-non-citizens (last visited April 4, 2022); NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table: Medical Assistance Programs for Immigrants in Various States in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 122-23, 126-27 (4th ed. 2002, table updated July 2021), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/11/med-services-for-imms-instates.pdf.
- 137 Victims of Crime Act (VOCA) compensation for crime victims is a program providing services necessary to protect health and safety of crime victims that helps victims heal and overcome the emotional and financial impact of crime victimization on their lives. VOCA compensation is separate from and does not fall within the definitions of "federal public benefit" or "state public benefit"

under U.S. public benefits laws and thus is open to all crime victims without regard to immigration status. See, Joye E. Frost, Office for Victims of Crime, U.S. Department of Justice, Letter ro Cassie T Jones Alabama Crime Victims' Compensation Commission (July 2, 2010) available at https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/oip-ovc-letter-on-access-to-voca-victim-compensation-7-2-2010; For an overview of what types of victim compensation are covered by VOCA compensation programs in each state see, Leslye Orloff, Katelyn Deibler and Annie Roebuck, Post-Assault Healthcare and Victims of Crime Act Coverage for Domestic and Sexual Violence Victims (July 18, 2018) available at: https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/post-assault-coverage-chart; and: Sarah Andrews, Vanessa Brown, Aurora de Heer, Joseph Leonard, Ryan Lighty, Katherine O'Keefe, Celia Soehner, William Springer, Josh Sterling, Linda Way-Smith, Beau Yanoshik, Morgan Lewis and Bockius, LLP and NIWAP, Post-Assault Healthcare and Crime Victim Compensation for Immigrant Victims of Violence – Medical Coverage and Services for Immigrants (July 13, 2018) available at https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/ch17-3-postassault-healthcare-compensation (contains a more detailed discussion of VOCA compensation available in each state with links and citations). 138 Employees who are eligible for Family Medical Leave Act (FMLA) protection under federal law in addition to the protections that state laws offer. Employers are required to comply with both state and federal FMLA laws and employees are entitled to take FMLA leave described in either state or federal law. Federal FMLA laws cover employees who work for companies with 50 or more employees within a 75-mile radius who have worked at least one year and a minimum of 1,250 hours within the previous year. U.S. DEP'T OF LABOR, WAGE & HOUR DIVISION, Employer's Guide to The Family Medical Leave Act 16-18, 68 available at

https://www.dol.gov/sites/dolgov/files/WHD/legacy/files/employerguide.pdf (last visited Sept. 1, 2022); See also, U.S. DEP'T OF LABOR, WAGE & HOUR DIVISION, Family Medical Leave Act, available at https://www.dol.gov/agencies/whd/fmla (last visited September 1, 2022) (Provides up-to-date guidance, fact sheets, forms, interpretive guidance, laws, regulations and training tools).

- 139 The Vermont Parental and Family Leave Act defines "employee" as "a person who, in consideration of direct or indirect gain or profit, has been continuously employed by the same employer for a period of one year for an average of at least 30 hours per week." See VT. STAT. ANN. tit. 21, § 471(2) (1989).
- 140 The Vermont Parental and Family Leave does not explicitly exclude individuals based on their immigration status but applies to any employee. See VT. STAT. ANN. tit. 21, § 472-472a (1989).
- 141 The Vermont Parental and Family Leave does not explicitly exclude individuals based on their immigration status but applies to any employee. See VT. STAT. ANN. tit. 21, § 472-472a (1989).
- 142 The Vermont Parental and Family Leave does not explicitly exclude individuals based on their immigration status but applies to any employee. See VT. STAT. ANN. tit. 21, § 472-472a (1989).
- 143 The Vermont Parental and Family Leave does not explicitly exclude individuals based on their immigration status but applies to any employee. See VT. STAT. ANN. tit. 21, § 472-472a (1989). 144 The Vermont Parental and Family Leave does not explicitly exclude individuals based on their immigration status but applies to any employee. See VT. STAT. ANN. tit. 21, § 472-472a (1989).
- 145 The Vermont Parental and Family Leave does not explicitly exclude individuals based on their immigration status but applies to any employee. See VT. STAT. ANN. tit. 21, § 472-472a (1989).
- 146 The Vermont Parental and Family Leave does not explicitly exclude individuals based on their immigration status but applies to any employee. See VT. STAT. ANN. tit. 21, § 472-472a (1989).
- 147 The Vermont Parental and Family Leave does not explicitly exclude individuals based on their immigration status but applies to any employee. See VT. STAT. ANN. tit. 21, § 472-472a (1989). ¹⁴⁸ See generally Office of Fed. Student Aid, U.S. Dep't of Educ., Federal Student Aid Handbook 2016-2017 (2016),
- https://ifap.ed.gov/fsahandbook/attachments/1617FSAHbkActiveIndexMaster.pdf (The information in this section applies to all student financial aid including grants and loans.).
- 149 OFFICE OF FED. STUDENT AID, U.S. DEP'T OF EDUC., MANY NON-U.S. CITIZENS QUALIFY FOR FEDERAL STUDENT AID (last visited Mar. 5, 2018), https://studentaid.ed.gov/sa/eligibility/non-uscitizens; Daniel T. Madzelan, Office. of Post-Secondary Educ., U.S. Dep't of Educ., Eligibility for Title IV Aid for "Battered Immigrants-Qualified Aliens" as Provided For in the VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN ACT (2007), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/pb-gov-memovawapetitionsgrantsloans-6-4-10/. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c); OFFICE OF FED. STUDENT AID, U.S. DEP'T OF EDUC., FEDERAL STUDENT AID HANDBOOK 2016-2017 1-33, 1-34 (2016), https://ifap.ed.gov/fsahandbook/attachments/1617FSAHbkActiveIndexMaster.pdf.
- 150 OFFICE OF FED. STUDENT AID, U.S. DEP'T OF EDUC., FEDERAL STUDENT AID HANDBOOK 2022-2023 (2022), https://fsapartners.ed.gov/knowledge-center/fsa-handbook/2022-2023/vol1/ch2-us-citizenship-eligible-noncitizens (Naturalized citizens are eligible for financial aid).
- 151 OFFICE OF FED. STUDENT AID, U.S. DEP'T OF EDUC., MANY NON-U.S. CITIZENS QUALIFY FOR FEDERAL STUDENT AID (last visited Mar. 5, 2018), https://studentaid.ed.gov/sa/eligibility/non-uscitizens. See 8 U.S.C. §§ 1641(b)(2)-(3), (c)(4); OFFICE OF FED. STUDENT AID, U.S. DEP'T OF EDUC., FEDERAL STUDENT AID HANDBOOK 2016-2017 1-29 (2016), https://ifap.ed.gov/fsahandbook/attachments/1617FSAHbkActiveIndexMaster.pdf.
- 152 OFFICE OF FED. STUDENT AID, U.S. DEP'T OF EDUC., MANY NON-U.S. CITIZENS QUALIFY FOR FEDERAL STUDENT AID (last visited Mar. 5, 2018), https://studentaid.ed.gov/sa/eligibility/non-uscitizens. See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b): OFFICE OF FED, STUDENT AID, U.S. DEP'T OF EDUC., FEDERAL STUDENT AID HANDBOOK 2016-2017 1-33 (2016). https://ifap.ed.gov/fsahandbook/attachments/1617FSAHbkActiveIndexMaster.pdf.
- 153 OFFICE OF FED. STUDENT AID, U.S. DEP'T OF EDUC., MANY NON-U.S. CITIZENS QUALIFY FOR FEDERAL STUDENT AID (last visited Mar. 5, 2018), https://studentaid.ed.gov/sa/eligibility/non-uscitizens.
- 154 OFFICE OF FED. STUDENT AID, U.S. DEP'T OF EDUC., MANY NON-U.S. CITIZENS QUALIFY FOR FEDERAL STUDENT AID (last visited Mar. 5, 2018), https://studentaid.ed.gov/sa/eligibility/non-uscitizens. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).
- 155 OFFICE OF FED. STUDENT AID, U.S. DEP'T OF EDUC., MANY NON-U.S. CITIZENS QUALIFY FOR FEDERAL STUDENT AID (last visited Mar. 5, 2018), https://studentaid.ed.gov/sa/eligibility/non-uscitizens. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).
- 156 Plyler v. Doe 457 U.S. 202 (1982); U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION, STUDENTS, IMMIGRATION STATUS, AND THE RIGHT TO PUBLIC EDUCATION (JUNE 20, 2021) https://blog.ed.gov/2021/07/students-immigration-status-and-the-right-to-public-education/.
- 157 U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement, Memo: Undocumented Students Authorized to Enroll in Post-Secondary Educational Institutions (July 24, 2008) https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/pb-gov-dhsundocstudentpost2ndeduaccess-7-24-08. This law applies to all states except those that have implemented state laws or policies that limit or

deny enrollment in public colleges or universities which are Alabama, Georgia and South Carolina. (Current as of July 2021). See, NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., Current State Laws and Policies on Access to Higher Education for Immigrants (July 2021) https://www.nilc.org/issues/education/eduaccesstoolkit/eduaccesstoolkit/2/#maps.

- ¹⁵⁸ This policy is for Vermont State Colleges and its member institutions. *Manual of Policy and Procedures*, VT. STATE COLLEGES, https://www.vsc.edu/wp-content/uploads/2018/03/VSC-Policy-301-In-State-Residency-for-Tuition-Purposes.pdf (last visited May 29, 2018). Other institutions of higher education may have its own regulations, *See Residency Regulations, In-State Status Regulations*, UNIV. OF VT., http://catalogue.uvm.edu/undergraduate/admissioninfo/residency/ (last visited May 29, 2018).
- ¹⁵⁹ Soc. Security Admin., Understanding Supplemental Security Income SSI Eligibility Requirements 2017 Edition (2017), https://www.ssa.gov/ssi/text-eligibility-ussi.htm (While the chart shows eligibility to apply for SSI benefits by immigration status, those with qualified immigration statuses must also meet all other eligibility requirements. To obtain SSI benefits individuals must be aged 65 or over, blind, or disabled; and have limited income, limited resources, be a resident of one of the 50 states, DC, or Northern Mariana Islands, and not be absent from the country for a full calendar month, in addition to other requirements.).
- ¹⁶⁰ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2021), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; Soc. Security Admin., Spotlight on SSI Benefits for Aliens (2017), https://www.ssa.gov/ssi/spotlights/spot-non-citizens.htm. *See* 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(a)(2)(E) (prior SSI), 1612(a)(2)(F) (current disability), 1641(c) (battered immigrant).

 ¹⁶¹ See 8 U.S.C. § 1612(a)(2)(H).
- 162 Noncitizen Eligibility for Federal Public Assistance: Policy Overview, Congressional Research Service, Alison Siskin, Specialist in Immigration Policy (Dec. 12, 2016) (p. 10, note a), https://fas.org/sgp/crs/misc/RL33809.pdf. In 2018, \$5,280 = 4 quarters of work credit. https://www.ssa.gov/oact/cola/QC.html.
- ¹⁶³ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2021), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; Soc. Security Admin., Spotlight on SSI Benefits for Aliens (2017), https://www.ssa.gov/ssi/spotlights/spot-non-citizens.htm. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1) (Due to the work requirement, few SIJS children will qualify, although work done by the applicant, parent or spouse counts toward the 40 quarters of work.).
- ¹⁶⁴ SOC. SEC. ADMIN., Understanding Supplemental Security Income SSI, Eligibility Requirements 2023 Edition, Supplemental Security Income (SSI) Eligibility Requirements, https://www.ssa.gov/ssi/text-eligibility-ussi.htm (last visited November 29, 2023).
- 165 NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility For Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2021), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; Soc. Security Admin., Spotlight on SSI Benefits for Aliens (2017), https://www.ssa.gov/ssi/spotlights/spot-non-citizens.htm. *See* 8 U.S.C.§ 1641(b)(2)-(3). For some Federal programs such as SSI, a general bar applies where qualified immigrants are ineligible, unless they have attained LPR status with 40 qualifying quarters and satisfy the five-year bar, have a specified military connection, or fall within other limited exceptions. See 8 U.S.C. 1612(a)(2). For refugees and asylees, this bar does not apply until seven years after the date that they are admitted to refugee or asylee status; however, § 1612(b)(2) lists exceptions that independently lift the bar after seven years.
- ¹⁶⁶ See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b).
- 16722 U.S.C. § 7105(b)(1). T visa holders, bona fide T visa applicants with HHS certification, trafficking victims under 18 with HHS eligibility determination, and family members with T visa status are eligible for public benefits to the same extent as refugees. See 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(a)(1)-(2); 1613. Federal eligibility for refugees and asylees extends for the first seven years after attaining that status. However, § 1612(b)(2) lists exceptions that independently lift the seven year limit; including, if they have attained LPR status with 40 qualifying quarters, are a veteran, and/or a member of a veteran's family. See § 1641(b)(2)-(3). States can also continue to provide benefits once the mandated seven year federal coverage period for refugees and asylees ends. See state law citations in this chart to identify if this state provides benefits for asylees and refugees beyond the seven year limitation. NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility For Federal Progr
- ¹⁶⁸ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility For Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2021), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; Soc. Security Admin., Spotlight on SSI Benefits for Aliens (2017), https://www.ssa.gov/ssi/spotlights/spot-non-citizens.htm. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1612(a)(2)(E) (prior SSI), 1612(a)(2)(F) (current disability), 1641(c)(4) (trafficking victims).

 ¹⁶⁹ See 8 U.S.C. § 1612(a)(2)(H).
- ¹⁷⁰ See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(4).
- 171 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b); See NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility For Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2021), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; Soc. Security Admin., Spotlight on SSI Benefits for Aliens (2017), https://www.ssa.gov/ssi/spotlights/spot-non-citizens.htm.
- ¹⁷² Noncitizen Eligibility for Federal Public Assistance: Policy Overview, Congressional Research Service, Alison Siskin, Specialist in Immigration Policy (Dec. 12, 2016) (p. 10, note a), https://fas.org/sgp/crs/misc/RL33809.pdf. In 2018, \$5,280 = 4 quarters of work credit. https://www.ssa.gov/oact/cola/QC.html.
- ¹⁷³ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2021), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; Soc. Security Admin., Spotlight on SSI Benefits for Aliens (2017), https://www.ssa.gov/ssi/spotlights/spot-non-citizens.htm. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1) (Due to the work requirement, few SIJS children will qualify, although work done by the applicant, parent or

spouse counts toward the 40 quarters of work.).

- 174 Noncitizen Eligibility for Federal Public Assistance: Policy Overview, CONGRESSIONAL RESEARCH SERVICE, Alison Siskin, Specialist in Immigration Policy (Dec. 12, 2016) (p. 10, note a), https://fas.org/sgp/crs/misc/RL33809.pdf. In 2018, \$5,280 = 4 quarters of work credit. https://www.ssa.gov/oact/cola/QC.html.
- 175 NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2021), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; Soc. Security Admin., Spotlight on SSI Benefits for Aliens (2017), https://www.ssa.gov/ssi/spotlights/spot-non-citizens.htm. *See* 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(a)(2)(B) (LPR eligibility for SSI), 1612(a)(2)(E) (prior SSI), 1612(a)(2)(F) (current disability), 1641(b)(1) (LPR qualified immigrant status).
- ¹⁷⁶ See 8 U.S.C. § 1612(a)(2)(H).
- 177 Noncitizen Eligibility for Federal Public Assistance: Policy Overview, Congressional Research Service, Alison Siskin, Specialist in Immigration Policy (Dec. 12, 2016) (p. 10, note a), https://fas.org/sgp/crs/misc/RL33809.pdf. In 2018, \$5,280 = 4 quarters of work credit. https://www.ssa.gov/oact/cola/QC.html.
- ¹⁷⁸ Noncitizen Eligibility for Federal Public Assistance: Policy Overview, Congressional Research Service, Alison Siskin, Specialist in Immigration Policy (Dec. 12, 2016) (p. 10, note a), https://fas.org/sgp/crs/misc/RL33809.pdf. In 2018, \$5,280 = 4 quarters of work credit. https://www.ssa.gov/oact/cola/QC.html.
- 179 NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT, ACCEPTABLE FORMS OF DOCUMENTATION AND IDENTIFICATION FOR STATE DRIVER'S LICENSE/IDENTIFICATION CARD (SEPTEMBER 5, 2014) 1 (2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/drivers-license-access/
- ¹⁸⁰ REAL ID Act of 2005, 49 U.S.C. § 30301 Note (2005). See also 6 C.F.R. § 37.11 (g) (2012); Joan Friedland, Updates on REAL ID and Increased Information Sharing by Departments of Motor Vehicles, NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., (Jan. 8, 2018), https://www.nilc.org/news/the-torch/1-04-18/.
- ¹⁸¹ See 6 C.F.R. § 37.11(g)(1) (2012).
- 182 See SAVE CaseCheck, U.S. CITIZENSHIP & IMMGR. SERVS., https://www.uscis.gov/save/casecheck (last visited July 9, 2018). For special rules and step-by-step instructions for SAVE verification in cases of VAWA self-petitioners, see PIH NOTICE 2017-02 (HA), VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN ACT (VAWA) SELF-PETITIONER VERIFICATION PROCEDURES (2017), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/hud-vawa-self-petitioner-verification-procedures/ and Benish Anver, Alexandra Brown and Leslye E. Orloff, How to Advocate for Public and Assisted Housing for Your Battered Immigrant or Trafficking Survivor Client (2017) http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/pub-asst-housing-advocacy.
- ¹⁸³ See 6 C.F.R. § 37.11(g)(2) (2012); Cindy Mann, CTR. FOR MEDICARE & MEDICAID SERV., U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., MEDICAID AND CHIP COVERAGE FOR "LAWFULLY RESIDING" CHILDREN AND PREGNANT PERSONS 2 (2010), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/pb-gov-hhslawfullyresidingmedicaid-07-01-10-also-in-qualified-immigrants/ (For example, the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services has identified categories of lawfully present immigrants for purposes of Medicaid and CHIP eligibility. These individuals should be able to access full Real ID compliant driver's licenses without waiting for work authorization. This may be an area for advocacy in individual cases).
- ¹⁸⁴ See 6 C.F.R. § 37.11(h) (2012); NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., THE REAL ID ACT: QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS 8-9 (2016), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/11/REAL-ID-Act-Q-and-A.pdf.
- 185 VAWA self-petitioners receive employment authorization once their case has been approved. Trafficking victims receive legal work authorization based on HHS certification for victims with continued presence and for T visa applicants with bona fide determinations. U visa applicants will receive work authorization after their case has been wait-list approved based on deferred action. Asylum applicants become eligible for work authorization approximately 6 months after filing for asylum. DACA recipients receive work authorization based on deferred action and SIJS children receive work authorization once they are granted lawful permanent residency. Once an immigrant receives legal work authorization from DHS they can apply for and receive a Social Security Number.
- 186 VAWA self-petitioners receive employment authorization once their case has been approved. Trafficking victims receive legal work authorization based on HHS certification for victims with continued presence and for T visa applicants with bona fide determinations. U visa applicants will receive work authorization after their case has been wait-list approved based on deferred action. Asylum applicants become eligible for work authorization approximately 6 months after filing for asylum. DACA recipients receive work authorization based on deferred action and SIJS children receive work authorization once they are granted lawful permanent residency. Once an immigrant receives legal work authorization from DHS they can apply for and receive a Social Security Number.
- ¹⁸⁷ See Driver's License, DEP'T OF MOTOR VEHICLES, http://dmv.vermont.gov/licenses/types-of-licenses-ids/drivers-license (last visited July 10, 2018); See also Application for and Issuance of license, 23 VT. STAT. ANN. § 603, https://legislature.vermont.gov/statutes/section/23/009/00603 (last visited June 19, 2018).
- ¹⁸⁸ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., STATE LAWS PROVIDING ACCESS TO DRIVER'S LICENSES OR CARDS, REGARDLESS OF IMMIGRATION STATUS (2017), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/11/drivers-license-access-table.pdf; See also *Driver Privilege Card*, DEP'T OF MOTOR VEHICLES, http://dmv.vermont.gov/licenses/types-of-licenses-ids/privilege-card (last visited July 10, 2018).
- 189 U.S. Dep't of Justice, Dep't of Health & Human Servs. & Dep't of Hous. & Human Dev., Joint Letter on Immigrant Access to Shelter and Transitional Housing (Aug. 5, 2016), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/joint-letter-hud-hhs-ad-doj-immigrant-access-shelter-transitional-housing-aug-2016/ (stating that services must be in-kind, available regardless of income, and provided at the community level). See 8 U.S.C. § 1611(b)(1)(D).
- ¹⁹⁰ Catherine Longville & Leslye E. Orloff, Programs Open to Immigrant Victims and to All Immigrants Without Regard to Immigration Status 1 (2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/programs-open-to-all-immigrants/; *Three Federal Agencies Issue Joint Letter on Shelters and Transitional Housing*, Nat'l Immigrant Women's Advocacy Project (Aug. 12, 2016), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/joint-agency-letter-shelters-transitional-housing/.
- 191 Emergency / General Assistance, DEP'T FOR CHILD. & FAMILIES, http://dcf.vermont.gov/benefits/EA-GA (last visited May 29, 2018).
- ¹⁹² VT AGENCY OF HUMAN SERVICES, DEP'T FOR CHILDREN AND FAMILIES, Benefits Available from DCF, available at https://dcf.vermont.gov/benefits (last visited Sept. 4, 2022).

- ¹⁹³ Immigrants including victims who are lawfully residing in the United States or its territories and possessions under section 141 of the Compacts of Free Association between the U.S. and the Governments of the Marshall Islands, the Federated States of Micronesia and Palau are eligible for public and assisted housing. HUD PUBLIC AND INDIAN HOUSING, *Eligiblity Determination and Denial of Assistance*, Citizenship Status 10 (November 2019) available at:
- https://www.hud.gov/sites/dfiles/PIH/documents/HCV_Guidebook_Eligibility_Determination_and_Denial_of_Assistance.pdf (last visited Aug. 27. 2022) (However in Guam, such immigrants are not entitled to a preference in receiving housing assistance over a U.S. citizen or national resident who is otherwise eligible for such assistance).
- ¹⁹⁴ See generally NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in LIST OF SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS FOR THE WEBINAR: "IMMIGRANT ACCESS TO FEDERALLY ASSISTED HOUSING" (Feb. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/ (contains lists of housing programs that are unrestricted and lists of housing programs that various forms of immigration restrictions).
- ¹⁹⁵ For detailed information about Low Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC) funding housing eligibility and how to find LIHTC funded units in communities across the country *see*, VAWA Home: Rights for Survivors in LIHTC https://www.vawahome.com/ (last visited February 10, 2022).
- 196 HUD public and assisted housing refers to HUD assisted housing covered by Section 214 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1980, Title 42 of the U.S. Code Section 1436a. See Housing Act. Section 2.14, http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/housing-act-sec 214/ (last visited Mar. 9, 2018); DEP'T OF HOUS. & URBAN DEV., PIH NOTICE 2017-02 (HA), VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN ACT (VAWA) SELF-PETITIONER VERIFICATION PROCEDURES (2017), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/hud-vawa-self-petitioner-verification-procedures/; Tonya Robinson, Acting General Counsel, C., U.S. Dep't of Hous. & Urban Dev., Memorandum for Secretary Julian Castro on Eligibility of Battered Noncitizen Self-Petitioners for Financial Assistance Under Section 214 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1980 (2016), http://library.niwap.org/wp-content/uploads/Eligibility-of-VAWA-Self-Petitioners-2016-12-14.pdf; U.S. Dep't of Hous. & Urban Dev., HUD Handbook 4350.3: Occupancy Requirements of Subsidized Multifamily Housing Programs at Appendix 2-B (2013),
- https://www.hud.gov/sites/documents/43503HSGH.PDF (instructions for verifying battered immigrant eligibility for multi-family programs) (referring to the *Interim Guidance on Verification of Citizenship, Qualified Alien Status, and Eligibility* Under Title IV of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, 62 FR 61344 at Exhibit B to Attachment 5 (Nov. 17, 1997)). *See also* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c) (2012).
- 197 USDA Rural Housing Service, Interim Rule, *Reinvention of the Sections 514, 515, 516 and 521 Multi-Family Housing Programs*, 69 Fed. Reg. 69032 (Nov. 26, 2004) (to be codified at 7 C.F.R. pt. 1806, 1822, 1902, 1925 ("Appendix 2 to the HUD Handbook 4350.3 is incorporated into internal Agency procedures."); USDA Rural Housing Service, Interim Final Rule, *Reinvention of the Sections 514, 515, 516 and 521 Multi-Family Housing Programs*, 70 Fed. Reg. 8503 (Feb. 22, 2005) (to be codified at 7 C.F.R. 3560) (deciding "to delay implementation of the sections listed below in order to harmonize its procedures with HUD under 42 U.S.C. 1436a"); Dep't of Hous. & Urban Dev., HUD Handbook 4350.3: Occupancy Requirements of Subsidized Multifamily Housing Programs at Appendix 2-B (2013), https://www.hud.gov/sites/documents/43503HSGH.PDF (instructions on verifying battered immigrant eligibility for HUD multi-family programs) (referring to the *Interim Guidance on Verification of Citizenship, Qualified Alien Status, and Eligibility* Under Title IV of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, 62 FR 61344 at Exhibit B to Attachment 5) (Nov. 17, 1997); Dep't of Hous. & Urban Dev., PIH Notice 2017-02 (HA), Violence Against Women Act (VAWA) Self-Petitioner Verification-procedures/; Memorandum for Secretary Julian Castro on Eligibility of Battered Noncitizen Self-Petitioners for Financial Assistance Under Section 214 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1980 (2016), http://library.niwap.org/wp-content/uploads/Eligibility-of-VAWA-Self-Petitioners-2016-12-14.pdf. *See also* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c).
- ¹⁹⁸ See 42 U.S.C. § 1485.
- 199 NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in LIST OF SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS FOR THE WEBINAR: "IMMIGRANT ACCESS TO FEDERALLY ASSISTED HOUSING" (FEB. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/ (stating that Section 514/516: Lessee (but not household) must be U.S. Citizen or lawful permanent resident). See 7 C.F.R. § 3560.11 (including immediate family member).
- ²⁰⁰ See 7 C.F.R. § 3560.158(d); USDA MFH ASSET MANAGEMENT HANDBOOK HB 2-3650, § 6.30(D) (stating that a remaining family member who is a co-tenant or member of the household, who has the legal capacity to sign the lease, and is a U.S. citizen or qualified immigrant, may remain in the housing after the original tenant has departed); NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in LIST OF SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS FOR THE WEBINAR: "IMMIGRANT ACCESS TO FEDERALLY ASSISTED HOUSING" (Feb. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/; see also 8 U.S.C. §§ 1641(c).
- ²⁰² See 42 U.S.C. § 1484(f)(3)(A), 1486(g)(4) (Sections 514 and 516 Farm Labor Housing); NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in List of Supporting Documents for the Webinar: "Immigrant Access to Federally Assisted Housing" (Feb. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/ ("Section 514/516: Lessee (but not household) must be U.S. Citizen or lawful permanent resident.").
- ²⁰³ See 42 U.S.C. § 1490(a); NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in LIST OF SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS FOR THE WEBINAR: "IMMIGRANT ACCESS TO FEDERALLY ASSISTED HOUSING" (Feb. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/.

 ²⁰⁴ 24 C.F.R. § 5.506(a)(1).
- ²⁰⁵ See 42 U.S.C. § 1484(f)(3)(A), 1486(g)(4) (Sections 514 and 516 Farm Labor Housing); NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in LIST OF SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS FOR THE WEBINAR: "IMMIGRANT ACCESS TO FEDERALLY ASSISTED HOUSING" (FEB. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/ ("Section 514/516: Lessee (but not household) must be U.S. Citizen or lawful permanent resident.").
- ²⁰⁶ See 42 U.S.C. § 1490(a); NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in LIST OF SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS FOR THE WEBINAR: "IMMIGRANT ACCESS TO FEDERALLY ASSISTED HOUSING" (FEB. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/.

- ²⁰⁷ See Tax Credit Program, VT. Hous. Fin. Agency, http://www.vhfa.org/rentalhousing/developers (last visited June 19, 2018). The Vermont Housing Finance Agency allocates the federal Low Income Housing Tax Credits. The Vermont Affordable Housing Tax Credit Program does not impose immigrant restrictions. However, when housing units that use these Vermont based funds also receive federally funded tax credits or other federally funded subsidies, the housing units with this combination of funding would only be available to immigrants, including VAWA self-petitioners, who could meet the eligibility requirements of the federal subsidies involved. See, DEP'T OF HOUS. & URBAN DEV., PIH NOTICE 2017-02 (HA), VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN ACT (VAWA) SELF-PETITIONER VERIFICATION PROCEDURES (2017), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/hud-vawa-self-petitioner-verification-procedures/.
- ²⁰⁸ NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. *See* 8 U.S.C. §§ 1641(b)(2)-(3), (c)(4).
- ²⁰⁹ See 42 U.S.C. § 1485.
- ²¹⁰ See 42 U.S.C. § 1490(a); see also 8 U.S.C. §§ 1641(b)(2)-(3), (c)(4); NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in List of Supporting Documents for the Webinar: "Immigrant Access to Federally Assisted Housing" (Feb. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/.
- ²¹¹ NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in LIST OF SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS FOR THE WEBINAR: "IMMIGRANT ACCESS TO FEDERALLY ASSISTED HOUSING" (FEB. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/ (stating that Section 514/516: Lessee (but not household) must be U.S. Citizen or lawful permanent resident). See 7 C.F.R. § 3560.11 (including immediate family member).
- ²¹² See 7 C.F.R. § 3560.158(d); USDA MFH ASSET MANAGEMENT HANDBOOK HB 2-3650, § 6.30(D) (stating that a remaining family member who is a co-tenant or member of the household, who has the legal capacity to sign the lease, and is a U.S. citizen or qualified immigrant, may remain in the housing after the original tenant has departed); NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in List of Supporting Documents for the Webinar: "Immigrant Access to Federally Assisted Housing" (Feb. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/; see also 8 U.S.C. §§ 1641(b)(2)-(3), (c)(4).
- ²¹³ See 42 U.S.C. § 1484(f)(3)(A), 1486(g)(4) (Sections 514 and 516 Farm Labor Housing).
- ²¹⁴ See *Tax Credit Program*, VT. Hous. Fin. Agency, http://www.vhfa.org/rentalhousing/developers (last visited June 19, 2018). The Vermont Housing Finance Agency allocates the federal Low Income Housing Tax Credits. The Vermont Affordable Housing Tax Credit Program does not impose immigrant restrictions. However, when housing units that use these Vermont based funds also receive federally funded tax credits or other federally funded subsidies, the housing units with this combination of funding would only be available to immigrants, including refugees, asylees and T-visa holders or applicants with a bona fide determination, who could meet the eligibility requirements of the federal subsidies involved. See, NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table ovrw fedprogs/.
- ²¹⁵ See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS certification. Applicants under age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certification)).
- ²¹⁶ NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. *See also* 22 U.S.C. 7105(b); OFFICE ON TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS, U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., OTIP-FS-16-01, CERTIFICATION FOR ADULT VICTIMS OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING FACT SHEET 1 (2016),
- https://trafficking resource center.org/sites/default/files/Certification % 20 Fact % 20 Sheet % 20 Posting % 20 % 282 % 29.pdf.
- ²¹⁷ See Office on Trafficking in Persons, U.S. Dep't of Health & Hum. Serv., OTIP-FS-16-01, Certification for Adult Victims of Human Trafficking Fact Sheet 1 (2016), https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification%20Fact%20Sheet%20Posting%20%282%29.pdf; 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b)(1)(B) (requirement to expand benefits and services); see also 22 U.S.C. 7105(b); 42 U.S.C. § 1485 (Section 515 Rural Housing); 42 U.S.C. § 1490(a) (Section 521 housing assistance); 42 U.S.C. § 1484(f)(3)(A), 1486(g)(4) (Sections 514 and 516 Farm Labor Housing). NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in List of Supporting Documents for the Webinar: "Immigrant Access to Federally Assisted Housing" (Feb. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/.
- 218 See Tax Credit Program, VT. Hous. Fin. Agency, http://www.vhfa.org/rentalhousing/developers (last visited June 19, 2018). The Vermont Housing Finance Agency allocates the federal Low Income Housing Tax Credits. The Vermont Affordable Housing Tax Credit Program does not impose immigrant restrictions. However, when housing units that use these Vermont based funds also receive federally funded tax credits or other federally funded subsidies, the housing units with this combination of funding would only be available to immigrants, T visa applicants with a bona fide determination and trafficking victims with continued presence, who could meet the eligibility requirements of the federal subsidies involved. NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. See also 22 U.S.C. 7105(b) (2005) (Applicants under 18 require only HHS eligibility determination (not certification).); OFFICE ON TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS, U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., OTIP-FS-16-01, CERTIFICATION FOR ADULT VICTIMS OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING FACT SHEET 1 (2016).
- https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification%20Fact%20Sheet%20Posting%20%282%29.pdf.
- ²¹⁹ See 42 U.S.C. § 1485 (2011); NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in List of Supporting Documents for the Webinar: "Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in List of Supporting Documents for the Webinar: "Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/.
- ²²⁰ May also be eligible for proration in HUD or USDA housing programs, or for federal housing assistance from other unrestricted programs. See 7 C.F.R. § 3560.11 (2012).
- ²²¹ See Tax Credit Program, VT. Hous. Fin. Agency, http://www.vhfa.org/rentalhousing/developers (last visited June 19, 2018). The Vermont Housing Finance Agency allocates the federal Low Income Housing Tax Credits. The Vermont Affordable Housing Tax Credit Program does not impose immigrant restrictions. However, when housing units that use these Vermont based funds also receive federally funded tax credits or other federally funded subsidies, the housing units with this combination of funding would only be available to immigrants who could meet the eligibility requirements of the federal subsidies involved. DACA applicants will only qualify if the housing is LIHTC only or LIHTC is combined with one of the USDA programs listed above.

- 222 See 42 U.S.C. § 1485 (2011); NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in List of Supporting Documents for the Webinar: "Immigrant ACCESS TO FEDERALLY ASSISTED HOUSING" (FEB. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/.
- 223 May also be eligible for proration in HUD or USDA housing programs, or for federal housing assistance from unrestricted programs. See 7 C.F.R. § 3560.11 (2012).
- ²²⁴ See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).
- 225 NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility For Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.
- ²²⁶ See 42 U.S.C. § 1490(a) (2011) (Section 521 rental assistance); 42 U.S.C. § 1484(f)(3)(A), 1486(g)(4) (2010) (Sections 514 and 516 Farm Labor Housing); 42 U.S.C. § 1485 (2011) (Section 515 Rural Rental Housing).
- ²²⁷ See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1) (2012).
- 228 See Tax Credit Program, VT. Hous, Fin. Agency, http://www.vhfa.org/rentalhousing/developers (last visited June 19, 2018). The Vermont Housing Finance Agency allocates the federal Low Income Housing Tax Credits. The Vermont Affordable Housing Tax Credit Program does not impose immigrant restrictions. However, when housing units that use these Vermont based funds also receive federally funded tax credits or other federally funded subsidies, the housing units with this combination of funding would only be available to immigrants including SIJS applicants upon receipt of lawful permanent residency, who could meet the eligibility requirements of the federal subsidies involved. SIJS applicants and recipients prior to receipt of lawful permanent residency will only qualify if the housing is LIHTC only or LIHTC is combined with one of the USDA programs listed above.
- See, NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility For Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.
- 229 See 42 U.S.C. § 1485 (2011); NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in List of Supporting Documents for the Webinar: "Immigrant ACCESS TO FEDERALLY ASSISTED HOUSING" (FEB. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/.
- ²³⁰ May also be eligible for proration in HUD or USDA housing programs, or for federal housing assistance from unrestricted programs. See 7 C.F.R. § 3560.11 (2012).
- ²³¹ See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).
- ²³² NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility For Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.
- ²³³ See 42 U.S.C. § 1490(a) (2011) (Section 521 rental assistance); 42 U.S.C. § 1484(f)(3)(A), 1486(g)(4) (2010) (Sections 514 and 516 Farm Labor Housing); 42 U.S.C. § 1485 (2011) (Section 515 Rural Rental Housing).
- ²³⁴ See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1) (2012).
- 235 See Tax Credit Program, VT. Hous, Fin. Agency, http://www.vhfa.org/rentalhousing/developers (last visited June 19, 2018). The Vermont Housing Finance Agency allocates the federal Low Income Housing Tax Credits. The Vermont Affordable Housing Tax Credit Program does not impose immigrant restrictions. However, when housing units that use these Vermont based funds also receive federally funded tax credits or other federally funded subsidies, the housing units with this combination of funding would only be available to immigrants, including U visa wait list approved applicants upon receipt of lawful permanent residency, who could meet the eligibility requirements of the federal subsidies involved. Prior to receipt of lawful permanent residency applicants approved for the U visa wait list will only qualify if the housing is LIHTC only or LIHTC is combined with one of the USDA programs listed above.
- 236 See 42 U.S.C. § 1485 (2011); NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in List of Supporting Documents for the Webinar: "Immigrant ACCESS TO FEDERALLY ASSISTED HOUSING" (FEB. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/.
- ²³⁷ May also be eligible for proration in HUD or USDA housing programs, or for federal housing assistance from unrestricted programs. See 7 C.F.R. § 3560.11 (2012).
- 238 See Tax Credit Program, VT. Hous, Fin. Agency, http://www.vhfa.org/rentalhousing/developers (last visited June 19, 2018). The Vermont Housing Finance Agency allocates the federal Low Income Housing Tax Credits. The Vermont Affordable Housing Tax Credit Program does not impose immigrant restrictions. However, when housing units that use these Vermont based funds also receive federally funded tax credits or other federally funded subsidies, the housing units with this combination of funding would only be available to immigrants, including U visa applicants upon receipt of lawful permanent residency, who could meet the eligibility requirements of the federal subsidies involved. Prior to receipt of lawful permanent residency, U visa applicants will only qualify if the housing is LIHTC only or LIHTC is combined with one of the USDA programs listed above.
- 239 See 42 U.S.C. § 1485 (2011); NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in List of Supporting Documents for the Webinar: "Immigrant ACCESS TO FEDERALLY ASSISTED HOUSING" (FEB. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/.
- ²⁴⁰ May also be eligible for proration in HUD or USDA housing programs, or for federal housing assistance from unrestricted programs. See 7 C.F.R. § 3560.11 (2012).
- ²⁴¹ See Tax Credit Program, VT. Hous, Fin. Agency, http://www.vhfa.org/rentalhousing/developers (last visited June 19, 2018). The Vermont Housing Finance Agency allocates the federal Low Income Housing Tax Credits. The Vermont Affordable Housing Tax Credit Program does not impose immigrant restrictions. However, when housing units that use these Vermont based funds also receive federally funded tax credits or other federally funded subsidies, the housing units with this combination of funding would only be available to immigrants who could meet the eligibility requirements of the federal subsidies involved. Undocumented immigrants will only qualify if the housing is LIHTC only or LIHTC is combined with one of the USDA programs listed above. ²⁴² 26 U.S.C. § 24; U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 972, CHILD TAX CREDIT, at 3 (2017).
- ²⁴³ 26 U.S.C. § 24(f); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 972, CHILD TAX CREDIT, at 2 (2017).
- ²⁴⁴ See https://www.irs.gov/individuals/individual-taxpaver-identification-number (IRS ITIN Information Page).
- ²⁴⁵ 26 U.S.C.A § 21(b); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 503, CHILD AND DEPENDENT CARE EXPENSES, at 1, 3 (2017).
- ²⁴⁶ U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 503, CHILD AND DEPENDENT CARE EXPENSES, at 3 (2017).

- ²⁴⁷ U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 503, CHILD AND DEPENDENT CARE EXPENSES, at 2 (2017).
- ²⁴⁸ U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., WHO QUALIFIES FOR THE EARNED INCOME TAX CREDIT (EITC) (Jul.10, 2023), https://www.irs.gov/credits-deductions/individuals/earned-income-tax-credit/who-qualifies-for-the-earned-income-tax-credit-eitc.
- 249 26 U.S.C. § 32(c)(1)(D); see also 26 U.S.C. § 6013(g); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 5, 18 (2017); see also U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 4 (2017).
- 250 U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 4 (2017); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 31 (2017).
- 251 U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 31-32 (2017); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 7 (2017).
- ²⁵² U.S. Dep't of Treasury, I.R.S., pub. 519, U.S. Tax Guide for Aliens, at 1, 31-32 (2018).
- 253 26 U.S.C. § 32(c)(1)(D); see also 26 U.S.C. § 6013(g); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 5, 18 (2017); see also U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 4 (2017).
- 254 U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 4 (2017); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 31 (2017).
- 255 U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 31-32 (2017); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 7 (2017).
- ²⁵⁶ U.S. Dep't of Treasury, I.R.S., pub. 519, U.S. Tax Guide for Aliens, at 1, 31-32 (2018).
- ²⁵⁷ 26 U.S.C. § 32(c)(1)(D); see also 26 U.S.C. § 6013(g); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 5, 18 (2017); see also U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 4 (2017).
- 258 U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596. EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 4 (2017); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 31 (2017).
- 259 U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 31-32 (2017); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 7 (2017).
- ²⁶⁰ U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 1, 31-32 (2018).
- ²⁶¹ 26 U.S.C. § 32(c)(1)(D); see also 26 U.S.C. § 6013(g); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 5, 18 (2017); see also U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 4 (2017).
- 262 U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 4 (2017); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 31 (2017).
- 263 U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 31-32 (2017); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 7 (2017).
- ²⁶⁴ U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 1, 31-32 (2018).
- ²⁶⁵ 26 U.S.C. § 32(c)(1)(D); see also 26 U.S.C. § 6013(g); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., Pub. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 5, 18 (2017); see also U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., Pub. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 4 (2017).
- 266 U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 4 (2017); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 31 (2017).
- ²⁶⁷ U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 31-32 (2017); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 7 (2017).
- ²⁶⁸ U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 1, 31-32 (2018).
- ²⁶⁹ See Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005, NAT'L LEGAL AID & DEFENDER ASS'N CORNERSTONE Jan.-Apr. 2015, at 20, http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/anti-abuse-lsc-reg-articles-cornerstone_jan-apr-2015/ (describing Legal Services Corporation funded legal services available to immigrant victims of violence and their families).
- 270 Battered or subjected to extreme cruelty includes, but is not limited to, being the victim of any act or threatened act of violence, including any forceful detention, which results or threatens to result in physical or mental injury. Psychological or sexual abuse or exploitation, including rape, molestation, incest (if the victim is a minor), or forced prostitution may be considered acts of violence. Other abusive actions may also be acts of violence under certain circumstances, including acts that, in and of themselves, may not initially appear violent but that are a part of an overall pattern of violence. 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(b) (1996). The definition of battering or extreme cruelty is identical to that in the immigration regulations. See 45 C.F.R. §§ 1626.4(a)(1)(i) (1996) (victim); 45 C.F.R. §§ 1626.4(a)(1)(ii) (1996) (parent of victim); Leslye E. Orloff, Brittnay Roberts & Stefanie Gitler, Battering and Extreme Cruelty: Drawing Examples from Civil Protection Order and Family Law Cases, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (Sept. 12, 2015), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/extreme-cruelty-examples-protection-order/. Compare 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(b) (1997) and 8 C.F.R. § 204.2(c)(1)(vi) (2012).
- ²⁷¹ The abuse may have occurred either inside or outside of the U.S. See Ronald S. Flagg, General Counsel & Vice President for Legal Affairs, Legal Services Corporation, Program Letter 14-3: Assessing Eligibility of Aliens Under 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(c)(1) (2014) (interpreting 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(c)).
- 272 45 C.F.R. 1626.4 (b) ("Related legal assistance means legal assistance directly related" "to the prevention of, or obtaining relief from, the battery [or] cruelty" and "includes representation in matters that will assist a person eligible for assistance under this part to escape from the abusive situation, ameliorate the current effects of the abuse, or protect against future abuse, so long as the recipient can show the necessary connection of the representation to the abuse. Such representation may include immigration law matters and domestic or poverty law matters (such as obtaining civil protective orders, divorce, paternity, child custody, child and spousal support, housing, public benefits, employment, abuse and neglect, juvenile proceedings and contempt actions).").

 See also Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005, NAT'L LEGAL AID & DEFENDER ASS'N CORNERSTONE Jan.-Apr. 2015, at 20, http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/anti-abuse-lsc-reg-articles-cornerstone_jan-apr-2015/; Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey, & Leslye E. Orloff, And Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005's New Path to Legal Services Corporation Funded Representation for Immigrant Survivors of Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, Human Trafficking, and Other Crimes, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Nov. 3, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/and-legal-services-for-all/; Catherine Longville, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Guide: Access to Publicly Funded Legal Services for Immigrant Survivors, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Oct. 1, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/lsc-tool-accesspubliclyfundedls/.

- 278 OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, FY 2018 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS GRANT PROGRAM PRE-APPLICATION CONFERENCE CALL TUESDAY, DECEMBER 19, 2017, https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/1020436/download ("The purpose of the LAV Program is to increase the availability of civil and criminal legal assistance needed to effectively aid adult and youth victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking who are seeking relief in legal matters relating to or arising out of that abuse or violence, at minimum or no cost to the victims. The LAV Grant Program supports the provision of holistic legal services. For example, survivors may also need legal assistance with other legal matters relating to or arising out of the abuse or violence, including family matters such as divorce, child custody or child support, immigration, administrative agency proceedings, housing, and assistance related to human trafficking.").

 279 Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2000 § 1512, 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)); Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000, tit. II, § 1201(a), Pub. L. 106-386, 114 Stat. 1464 (2000) [hereinafter VAWA 2000], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/vawa-gov-vawa-2000-pub-l-106-386-10-28-00/.

 280 Violence Against Women and Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005 § 103, Pub. L. 109-162, 119 Stat. 2960 (2006) (codified at 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017)) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)) [hereinafter VAWA 2005], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/senate-judicial-hearing-july-19-2005-1/.
- ²⁸¹ See, e.g., OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, OVW FY 2017 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS (LAV) GRANT PROGRAM SOLICITATION (2017), https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/922496/download (listing representation of child sexual assault victims under age of 11 as out-of-scope for Legal Assistance for Victims grant funded programs).
- ²⁸² See 45 C.F.R. § 1626.5(c).
- ²⁸³ See 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(1)(i) (trafficking victim); 45 C.F.R. §§ 1626.4 (a)(1)(ii) (parent of trafficking victim); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(k)(2) (A "victim of trafficking" under the anti-abuse regulation is a victim of any conduct included in the definition of "trafficking" under law, including, but not limited to, local, state, and federal law, and T visa holders regardless of certification from the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS)); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(c)(2)(ii) (stating that to qualify for legal assistance by an LSC funded agency, the trafficking must have occurred in the U.S. or violate U.S. law, 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(c)(1), and the trafficking victim must be present in the U.S. at the time of the application for legal assistance).

 ²⁸⁴ See 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(2).
- ²⁸⁵ OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, FY 2018 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS GRANT PROGRAM PRE-APPLICATION CONFERENCE CALL TUESDAY, DECEMBER 19, 2017, https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/1020436/download ("The purpose of the LAV Program is to increase the availability of civil and criminal legal assistance needed to effectively aid adult and youth victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking who are seeking relief in legal matters relating to or arising out of that abuse or violence, at minimum or no cost to the victims. The LAV Grant Program supports the provision of holistic legal services. For example, survivors may also need legal assistance with other legal matters relating to or arising out of the abuse or violence, including family matters such as divorce, child custody or child support, immigration, administrative agency proceedings, housing, and assistance related to human trafficking.").

 ²⁸⁶ Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2000 § 1512, 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)); Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000, tit. II, § 1201(a), Pub. L. 106-386, 114 Stat. 1464 (2000) [hereinafter VAWA 2000], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/vawa-gov-vawa-2000-pub-l-106-386-10-28-00/.

 ²⁸⁷ Violence Against Women and Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005 § 103, Pub. L. 109-162, 119 Stat. 2960 (2006) (codified at 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017)) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)) [hereinafter VAWA 2005], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/senate-judicial-hearing-july-19-2005-1/.
- ²⁸⁸ See, e.g., OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, OVW FY 2017 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS (LAV) GRANT PROGRAM SOLICITATION (2017), https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/922496/download (listing representation of child sexual assault victims under age of 11 as out-of-scope for Legal Assistance for Victims grant funded programs).
- ²⁸⁹ See 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(2)(i)(A) (HHS certified victim); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(2)(ii) (seeking certification); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(j) ("Victim of severe forms of trafficking" means any person described at 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b)(1)(C), with the inclusion of those still seeking HHS certification.); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(c)(1) (stating that to qualify for legal assistance by an LSC funded agency, the victim must be present in the U.S. at the time of the application for legal assistance, 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(c)(2)(ii), and the trafficking must have occurred in the U.S. or violated U.S. law).

 ²⁹⁰ See 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(2)(i)(B) (visa holder); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(2)(ii) (visa applicant); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(c) (stating that eligibility for legal assistance under these provisions does not require HHS certification, 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(2)(ii), although the trafficking must either have occurred in the U.S. or violated U.S. law).
- ²⁹¹ OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, FY 2018 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS GRANT PROGRAM PRE-APPLICATION CONFERENCE CALL TUESDAY, DECEMBER 19, 2017, https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/1020436/download ("The purpose of the LAV Program is to increase the availability of civil and criminal legal assistance needed to effectively aid adult and

²⁷³ 45 C.F.R. § 1626.5(a).

²⁷⁴ 45 C.F.R. § 1626.5(b).

²⁷⁵ Upon applying for 45 C.F.R. § 1626.5(b) or receiving lawful permanent residency 45 C.F.R. § 1626.5(a) victim switch eligibility tracks from anti-abuse (which includes a restriction that the legal assistance be related to the abuse 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4 to immigration related eligibility under for 45 C.F.R. § 1626.5 under which applicants are eligible of any legal assistance offered by the LSC funded agency. See Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005, NAT'L LEGAL AID & DEFENDER Ass'n CORNERSTONE Jan.-Apr. 2015, at 20, http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/anti-abuse-lsc-reg-articles-cornerstone_jan-apr-2015/; Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey, & Leslye E. Orloff, And Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005's New Path to Legal Services Corporation Funded Representation for Immigrant Survivors of Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, Human Trafficking, and Other Crimes, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Nov. 3, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/and-legal-services-for-all/; Catherine Longville, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Guide: Access to Publicly Funded Legal Services for Immigrant Survivors, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Oct. 1, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/lsc-tool-accesspubliclyfundedls/.

²⁷⁶ 45 C.F.R. § 1626.5(a)

²⁷⁷ Can LSC Grantees Represent Undocumented Immigrants?, LEGAL SERVICES CORPORATION, https://www.lsc.gov/our-impact/publications/other-publications-and-reports/can-lsc-grantees-represent-undocumented (last visited November 29, 2023) (LSC funded agencies can represent U.S. citizens which includes naturalized citizens).

youth victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking who are seeking relief in legal matters relating to or arising out of that abuse or violence, at minimum or no cost to the victims. The LAV Grant Program supports the provision of holistic legal services. For example, survivors may also need legal assistance with other legal matters relating to or arising out of the abuse or violence, including family matters such as divorce, child custody or child support, immigration, administrative agency proceedings, housing, and assistance related to human trafficking.").

292 Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2000 § 1512, 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)); Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000, tit. II, § 1201(a), Pub. L. 106-386, 114 Stat. 1464 (2000) [hereinafter VAWA 2000], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/vawa-gov-vawa-2000-pub-l-106-386-10-28-00/.

293 Violence Against Women and Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005 § 103, Pub. L. 109-162, 119 Stat. 2960 (2006) (codified at 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017)) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)) [hereinafter VAWA 2005], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/senate-judicial-hearing-july-19-2005-1/.

²⁹⁴ See, e.g., OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, OVW FY 2017 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS (LAV) GRANT PROGRAM SOLICITATION (2017), https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/922496/download (listing representation of child sexual assault victims under age of 11 as out-of-scope for Legal Assistance for Victims grant funded programs).

295 See 45 C.F.R. §§ 1626.4(a)(1)(i) (crime victim or family member eligible for U visa relief); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(1)(ii) (parent of U visa eligible child); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(h) (definitions); 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(15)(U)(i)(I)-(a)(15)(U)(iii) (stating that to qualify for a U visa, the victim must have suffered substantial physical or mental abuse as a result of having been a victim of one or more of the following, or any similar activity in violation of Federal, State, or local criminal law: rape; torture; trafficking; incest; domestic violence; sexual assault; abusive sexual contact; prostitution; sexual exploitation; stalking; female genital mutilation; being held hostage; peonage; involuntary servitude; slave trade; kidnapping; abduction; unlawful criminal restraint; false imprisonment; blackmail; extortion; manslaughter; murder; felonious assault; witness tampering; obstruction of justice; perjury; fraud in foreign labor contracting (as defined in section 1351 of title 18); or attempt, conspiracy, or solicitation to commit any of the above mentioned crimes); Leslye E. Orloff, Brittnay Roberts & Stefanie Gitler, *Battering and Extreme Cruelty: Drawing Examples from Civil Protection Order and Family Law Cases*, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (Sept. 12, 2015), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/extreme-cruelty-examples-protection-order/ (suggesting the definition of battering or extreme cruelty is identical to that in the immigrations). *Compare* 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(b) *and* 8 C.F.R. § 204.2(c)(1)(vi).

296 45 C.F.R. §§ 1626.4(a)(1)(i) (victim); 45 C.F.R. §§ 1626.2(k) ("Victim of sexual assault or trafficking" means a victim of sexual assault subjected to any conduct included in the definition of "trafficking" under law, including, but not limited to, local, state, and federal law, and T visa holders regardless of certification from the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.).

298 Related legal assistance means legal assistance directly related to the prevention of, or obtaining relief from, the battery or cruelty and includes representation in matters that will assist a person eligible for assistance under this part to escape from the abusive situation, ameliorate the current effects of the abuse, or protect against future abuse, so long as the recipient can show the necessary connection of the representation to the abuse. Such representation may include immigration law matters and domestic or poverty law matters (such as obtaining civil protective orders, divorce, paternity, child custody, child and spousal support, housing, public benefits, employment, abuse and neglect, iuvenile proceedings and contempt actions), 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4 (b); see also Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassev & Leslve E. Orloff, Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005, NAT'L LEGAL AID & DEFENDER ASS'N CORNERSTONE Jan.-Apr. 2015, at 20, http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/anti-abuse-lsc-reg-articles-cornerstone ian-apr-2015/ (describing Legal Services Corporation funded legal services available to immigrant victims of violence and their families); Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey, & Leslye E. Orloff, And Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005's New Path to Legal Services Corporation Funded Representation for Immigrant Survivors of Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, Human Trafficking, and Other Crimes, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Nov. 3, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/and-legal-services-for-all/; Catherine Longville, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Guide: Access to Publicly Funded Legal Services for Immigrant Survivors, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Oct. 1, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/lsc-tool-accesspubliclyfundedls/. 299 OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, FY 2018 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS GRANT PROGRAM PRE-APPLICATION CONFERENCE CALL TUESDAY, DECEMBER 19, 2017. https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/1020436/download ("The purpose of the LAV Program is to increase the availability of civil and criminal legal assistance needed to effectively aid adult and youth victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking who are seeking relief in legal matters relating to or arising out of that abuse or violence, at minimum or no cost to the victims. The LAV Grant Program supports the provision of holistic legal services. For example, survivors may also need legal assistance with other legal matters relating to or arising out of the abuse or violence, including family matters such as divorce, child custody or child support, immigration, administrative agency proceedings, housing, and assistance related to human trafficking."). 300 Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2000 § 1512, 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)); Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000, tit. II, § 1201(a), Pub. L. 106-386, 114 Stat. 1464 (2000) [hereinafter VAWA 2000], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/vawa-gov-vawa-2000-pub-l-106-386-10-28-00/. 301 Violence Against Women and Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005 § 103, Pub. L. 109-162, 119 Stat. 2960 (2006) (codified at 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017)) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)) [hereinafter VAWA 2005], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/senate-judicial-hearing-july-19-2005-1/.

³⁰² See, e.g. Office on Violence Against Women, U.S. Dep't of Justice, OVW FY 2017 Legal Assistance for Victims (LAV) Grant Program Solicitation (2017), https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/922496/download (listing representation of child sexual assault victims under age of 11 as out-of-scope for Legal Assistance for Victims grant funded

https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/922496/download (listing representation of child sexual assault victims under age of 11 as out-of-scope for Legal Assistance for Victims grant funded programs).

³⁰³ ⁴⁵ C.F.R. §§ 1626.4(a)(1)(i); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(b) ("Battered or subjected to extreme cruelty includes, but is not limited to, being the victim of any act or threatened act of violence, including any forceful detention, which results or threatens to result in physical or mental injury. Psychological or sexual abuse or exploitation, including rape, molestation, incest (if the victim is a minor), or forced prostitution may be considered acts of violence. Other abusive actions may also be acts of violence under certain circumstances, including acts that, in and of themselves, may not initially appear violent but that are a part of an overall pattern of violence."). See Leslye E. Orloff, Brittnay Roberts & Stefanie Gitler, Battering and Extreme Cruelty: Drawing Examples from Civil Protection Order and Family Law Cases, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (Sept. 12, 2015), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/extreme-cruelty-examples-protection-order/ (suggesting the definition of battering or extreme cruelty is identical to that in the immigration regulations). Compare 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(b) and 8 C.F.R. § 204.2(c)(1)(vi).

³⁰⁴ 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(1)(i); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(k) ("Victim of sexual assault or trafficking" means a victim of sexual assault subjected to any conduct included in the definition of sexual assault in VAWA, 42 U.S.C. 13925(a)(29), or a victim of trafficking subjected to any conduct included in the definition of "trafficking" under law, including, but not limited to, local, state, and federal law, and T visa holders regardless of certification from the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.).

305 45 C.F.R. 1626.4(b) ("Related legal assistance means legal assistance directly related" "to the prevention of, or obtaining relief from, the battery [or] cruelty" and "includes representation in matters that will assist a person eligible for assistance under this part to escape from the abusive situation, ameliorate the current effects of the abuse, or protect against future abuse, so long as the recipient can show the necessary connection of the representation to the abuse. Such representation may include immigration law matters and domestic or poverty law matters (such as obtaining civil protective orders, divorce, paternity, child custody, child and spousal support, housing, public benefits, employment, abuse and neglect, juvenile proceedings and contempt actions)."). See also Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005, NAT'L LEGAL AID & DEFENDER ASs'N CORNERSTONE Jan.-Apr. 2015, at 20, http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/anti-abuse-lsc-reg-articles-cornerstone_jan-apr-2015/ (describing Legal Services Corporation funded legal services available to immigrant victims of violence and their families); Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey, & Leslye E. Orloff, And Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005's New Path to Legal Services Corporation Funded Representation for Immigrant Survivors of Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, Human Trafficking, and Other Crimes, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN's ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Nov. 3, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/and-legal-services-for-all/; Catherine Longville, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Guide: Access to Publicly Funded Legal Services for Immigrant Survivors, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN's ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Oct. 1, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/lsc-tool-accesspubliclyfundedls/.

³⁰⁶ See 45 C.F.R. § 1626.5(a).

307 See 45 C.F.R. § 1626.5(b); Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005, NAT'L LEGAL AID & DEFENDER ASS'N CORNERSTONE Jan.-Apr. 2015, at 20, http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/anti-abuse-lsc-reg-articles-cornerstone_jan-apr-2015/ (describing Legal Services Corporation funded legal services available to immigrant victims of violence and their families); Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey, & Leslye E. Orloff, And Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005's New Path to Legal Services Corporation Funded Representation for Immigrant Survivors of Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, Human Trafficking, and Other Crimes, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Nov. 3, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/and-legal-services-for-all/; Catherine Longville, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Guide: Access to Publicly Funded Legal Services for Immigrant Survivors, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Oct. 1, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/lsc-tool-accesspubliclyfundedls/.

308 OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, FY 2018 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS GRANT PROGRAM PRE-APPLICATION CONFERENCE CALL TUESDAY, DECEMBER 19, 2017, https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/1020436/download ("The purpose of the LAV Program is to increase the availability of civil and criminal legal assistance needed to effectively aid adult and youth victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking who are seeking relief in legal matters relating to or arising out of that abuse or violence, at minimum or no cost to the victims. The LAV Grant Program supports the provision of holistic legal services. For example, survivors may also need legal assistance with other legal matters relating to or arising out of the abuse or violence, including family matters such as divorce, child custody or child support, immigration, administrative agency proceedings, housing, and assistance related to human trafficking.").

309 Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2000 § 1512, 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)); Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000, tit. II, § 1201(a), Pub. L. 106-386, 114 Stat. 1464 (2000) [hereinafter VAWA 2000], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/vawa-gov-vawa-2000-pub-l-106-386-10-28-00/.

310 Violence Against Women and Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005 § 103, Pub. L. 109-162, 119 Stat. 2960 (2006) (codified at 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017)) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)) [hereinafter VAWA 2005], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/senate-judicial-hearing-july-19-2005-1/.

³¹¹ See, e.g., OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, OVW FY 2017 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS (LAV) GRANT PROGRAM SOLICITATION (2017), https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/922496/download (listing representation of child sexual assault victims under age of 11 as out-of-scope for Legal Assistance for Victims grant funded programs).

³¹² 45 C.F.R. §§ 1626.4(a)(1)(i) (crime victim or family member eligible for U visa relief); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(1)(ii) (parent of U visa eligible child); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(h) (definitions); 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(15)(U)(ii)(I)-(a)(15)(U)(iii) (stating that to qualify for a U visa, the victim must have suffered substantial physical or mental abuse as a result of having been a victim of one or more of the following, or any similar activity in violation of Federal, State, or local criminal law: rape; torture; trafficking; incest; domestic violence; sexual assault; abusive sexual contact; prostitution; sexual exploitation; stalking; female genital mutilation; being held hostage; peonage; involuntary servitude; slave trade; kidnapping; abduction; unlawful criminal restraint; false imprisonment; blackmail; extortion; manslaughter; murder; felonious assault; witness tampering; obstruction of justice; perjury; fraud in foreign labor contracting (as defined in section 1351 of title 18); or attempt, conspiracy, or solicitation to commit any of the above mentioned crimes).

313 To qualify for legal representation by an LSC funded agency, the abuse must either have occurred inside the U.S. or violated U.S. law. 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(c)(1).

314 "Related legal assistance means legal assistance directly related" "to the prevention of, or obtaining relief from, the battery [or] cruelty" and "includes representation in matters that will assist a person eligible for assistance under this part to escape from the abusive situation, ameliorate the current effects of the abuse, or protect against future abuse, so long as the recipient can show the necessary connection of the representation to the abuse. Such representation may include immigration law matters and domestic or poverty law matters (such as obtaining civil protective orders, divorce, paternity, child custody, child and spousal support, housing, public benefits, employment, abuse and neglect, juvenile proceedings and contempt actions)." 45 C.F.R. 1626.4 (b); see also Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005, NAT'L LEGAL AID & DEFENDER ASS'N CORNERSTONE Jan.-Apr. 2015, at 20, http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/anti-abuse-lsc-reg-articles-cornerstone_jan-apr-2015/;

Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey, & Leslye E. Orloff, And Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005's New Path to Legal Services Corporation Funded Representation for Immigrant Survivors of Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, Human Trafficking, and Other Crimes, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Nov. 3, 2014),

http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/and-legal-services-for-all/; Catherine Longville, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, *Guide: Access to Publicly Funded Legal Services for Immigrant Survivors*, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Oct. 1, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/lsc-tool-accesspubliclyfundedls/.

315 See 45 C.F.R. § 1626.5(a).

316 See 45 C.F.R. § 1626.5(b); Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005, NAT'L LEGAL AID & DEFENDER ASS'N CORNERSTONE Jan.-Apr. 2015, at 20, http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/anti-abuse-lsc-reg-articles-cornerstone_jan-apr-2015/; Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey, & Leslye E. Orloff, And Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005's New Path to Legal Services Corporation Funded Representation for Immigrant Survivors of Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, Human Trafficking, and Other Crimes, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Nov. 3, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/and-legal-services-for-all/; Catherine Longville, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Guide: Access to Publicly Funded Legal Services for Immigrant Survivors, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Oct. 1, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/lsc-tool-accesspubliclyfundedls/.

317 OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, FY 2018 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS GRANT PROGRAM PRE-APPLICATION CONFERENCE CALL TUESDAY, DECEMBER 19, 2017, https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/1020436/download ("The purpose of the LAV Program is to increase the availability of civil and criminal legal assistance needed to effectively aid adult and youth victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, and stalking who are seeking relief in legal matters relating to or arising out of that abuse or violence, at minimum or no cost to the victims. The LAV Grant Program supports the provision of holistic legal services. For example, survivors may also need legal assistance with other legal matters relating to or arising out of the abuse or violence, including family matters such as divorce, child custody or child support, immigration, administrative agency proceedings, housing, and assistance related to human trafficking.").

318 Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2000 §

³¹⁹ Violence Against Women and Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005 § 103, Pub. L. 109-162, 119 Stat. 2960 (2006) (codified at 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017)) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)) [hereinafter VAWA 2005], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/senate-judicial-hearing-july-19-2005-1/.

³²⁰ See, e.g., Office on Violence Against Women, U.S. Dep't of Justice, OVW FY 2017 Legal Assistance for Victims (LAV) Grant Program Solicitation (2017), https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/922496/download (listing representation of child sexual assault victims under age of 11 as out-of-scope for Legal Assistance for Victims grant funded programs).

³²¹ See 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(1)(i) (crime victim or family member eligible for U visa relief); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(1)(ii) (parent of U visa eligible child); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(h) (definitions); 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(15)(U)(i)(I)-(a)(15)(U)(iii) (stating that to qualify for a U visa, the victim must have suffered substantial physical or mental abuse as a result of having been a victim of one or more of the following, or any similar activity in violation of Federal, State, or local criminal law: rape; torture; trafficking; incest; domestic violence; sexual assault; abusive sexual contact; prostitution; sexual exploitation; stalking; female genital mutilation; being held hostage; peonage; involuntary servitude; slave trade; kidnapping; abduction; unlawful criminal restraint; false imprisonment; blackmail; extortion; manslaughter; murder; felonious assault; witness tampering; obstruction of justice; perjury; fraud in foreign labor contracting (as defined in section 1351 of title 18); or attempt, conspiracy, or solicitation to commit any of the above mentioned crimes).

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323 45 C.F.R. 1626.4 (b) ("Related legal assistance means legal assistance directly related" "to the prevention of, or obtaining relief from, the battery [or] cruelty" and "includes representation in matters that will assist a person eligible for assistance under this part to escape from the abusive situation, ameliorate the current effects of the abuse, or protect against future abuse, so long as the recipient can show the necessary connection of the representation to the abuse. Such representation may include immigration law matters and domestic or poverty law matters (such as obtaining civil protective orders, divorce, paternity, child custody, child and spousal support, housing, public benefits, employment, abuse and neglect, juvenile proceedings and contempt actions)."). See also Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005, NAT'L LEGAL AID & DEFENDER ASS'N CORNERSTONE Jan.-Apr. 2015, at 20, http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/anti-abuse-lsc-reg-articles-cornerstone_jan-apr-2015/ (describing Legal Services Corporation funded legal services available to immigrant victims of violence and their families); Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey, & Leslye E. Orloff, And Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005's New Path to Legal Services Corporation Funded Representation for Immigrant Survivors of Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, Human Trafficking, and Other Crimes, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Nov. 3, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/and-legal-services-for-all/; Catherine Longville, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Guide: Access to Publicly Funded Legal Services for Immigrant Survivors, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Oct. 1, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/lsc-tool-accesspubliclyfundedls/.

³²⁴ OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, FY 2018 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS GRANT PROGRAM PRE-APPLICATION CONFERENCE CALL TUESDAY, DECEMBER 19, 2017, https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/1020436/download ("The purpose of the LAV Program is to increase the availability of civil and criminal legal assistance needed to effectively aid adult and youth victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking who are seeking relief in legal matters relating to or arising out of that abuse or violence, at minimum or no cost to the victims. The LAV Grant Program supports the provision of holistic legal services. For example, survivors may also need legal assistance with other legal matters relating to or arising out of the abuse or violence, including family matters such as divorce, child custody or child support, immigration, administrative agency proceedings, housing, and assistance related to human trafficking.").

³²⁵ Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2000 § 1512, 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)); Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000, tit. II, § 1201(a), Pub. L. 106-386, 114 Stat. 1464 (2000) [hereinafter VAWA 2000], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/vawa-gov-vawa-2000-pub-l-106-386-10-28-00/.

³²⁶ Violence Against Women and Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005 § 103, Pub. L. 109-162, 119 Stat. 2960 (2006) (codified at 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017)) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)) [hereinafter VAWA 2005], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/senate-judicial-hearing-july-19-2005-1/.

- ³²⁷ See, e.g., OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, OVW FY 2017 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS (LAV) GRANT PROGRAM SOLICITATION (2017), https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/922496/download (listing representation of child sexual assault victims under age of 11 as out-of-scope for Legal Assistance for Victims grant funded programs).
- ³²⁸ ⁴⁵ C.F.R. §§ 1626.4(a)(1)(i) (1996) (victim); 45 C.F.R. §§ 1626.4(a)(1)(ii) (1996) (parent of victim); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(b) (1996) ("Battered or subjected to extreme cruelty includes, but is not limited to, being the victim of any act or threatened act of violence, including any forceful detention, which results or threatens to result in physical or mental injury. Psychological or sexual abuse or exploitation, including rape, molestation, incest (if the victim is a minor), or forced prostitution may be considered acts of violence. Other abusive actions may also be acts of violence under certain circumstances, including acts that, in and of themselves, may not initially appear violent but that are a part of an overall pattern of violence. The definition of battering or extreme cruelty is identical to that in the immigration regulations." See Leslye E. Orloff, Brittnay Roberts & Stefanie Gitler, Battering and Extreme Cruelty: Drawing Examples from Civil Protection Order and Family Law Cases, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (Sept. 12, 2015), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/extreme-cruelty-examples-protection-order/. Compare 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(b) (1997) and 8 C.F.R. § 204.2(c)(1)(vi) (2012).
- ³²⁹ See 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(1)(i) (victim); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(1)(ii) (parent of victim); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(k) ("Victim of sexual assault or trafficking" means a victim of sexual assault subjected to any conduct included in the definition of sexual assault in VAWA, 42 U.S.C. 13925(a)(29), or a victim of trafficking subjected to any conduct included in the definition of "trafficking" under law, including, but not limited to, local, state, and federal law, and T visa holders regardless of certification from the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.).

 ³³⁰ The abuse must either have occurred in the U.S. or violate U.S. law. See 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(c).
- 331 See also 45 C.F.R. 1626.4(b) ("Related legal assistance means legal assistance directly related to the prevention of, or obtaining relief from, the battery or cruelty and includes representation in matters that will assist a person eligible for assistance under this part to escape from the abusive situation, ameliorate the current effects of the abuse, or protect against future abuse, so long as the recipient can show the necessary connection of the representation to the abuse. Such representation may include immigration law matters and domestic or poverty law matters (such as obtaining civil protective orders, divorce, paternity, child custody, child and spousal support, housing, public benefits, employment, abuse and neglect, juvenile proceedings and contempt actions)."; Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005, NAT'L LEGAL AID & DEFENDER ASS'N CORNERSTONE Jan.-Apr. 2015, at 20, http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/anti-abuse-lsc-reg-articles-cornerstone_jan-apr-2015/; Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey, & Leslye E. Orloff, And Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005's New Path to Legal Services Corporation Funded Representation for Immigrant Survivors of Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, Human Trafficking, and Other Crimes, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Nov. 3, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/and-legal-services-for-all/; Catherine Longville, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Guide: Access to Publicly Funded Legal Services for Immigrant Survivors, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Oct. 1, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/lsc-tool-accesspubliclyfundedls/.
- ³³² OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, FY 2018 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS GRANT PROGRAM PRE-APPLICATION CONFERENCE CALL TUESDAY, DECEMBER 19, 2017, https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/1020436/download ("The purpose of the LAV Program is to increase the availability of civil and criminal legal assistance needed to effectively aid adult and youth victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking who are seeking relief in legal matters relating to or arising out of that abuse or violence, at minimum or no cost to the victims. The LAV Grant Program supports the provision of holistic legal services. For example, survivors may also need legal assistance with other legal matters relating to or arising out of the abuse or violence, including family matters such as divorce, child custody or child support, immigration, administrative agency proceedings, housing, and assistance related to human trafficking.").

 ³³³ Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2000 § 1512, 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)); Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000, tit. II, § 1201(a), Pub. L. 106-386, 114 Stat. 1464 (2000) [hereinafter VAWA 2000], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/vawa-gov-vawa-2000-pub-l-106-386-10-28-00/.

 ³³⁴ Violence Against Women and Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005 § 103, Pub. L. 109-162, 119 Stat. 2960 (2006) (codified at 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017)) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C.)
- U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)) [hereinafter VAWA 2005], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/senate-judicial-hearing-july-19-2005-1/.

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- https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/922496/download (listing representation of child sexual assault victims under age of 11 as out-of-scope for Legal Assistance for Victims grant funded programs).
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- ³³⁸ Green Mountain Power's Energy Assistance, DEP'T FOR CHILDREN & FAMILIES, http://dcf.vermont.gov/benefits/eap/gmp (last visited May 29, 2018); Vermont Gas Energy Assistance, DEP'T FOR CHILDREN & FAMILIES, http://dcf.vermont.gov/benefits/eap/vt-gas (last visited May 29, 2018).
- 339 NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., Low-Income Home Energy (LIHEAP) and Weatherization Assistance Programs (WAP) in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 150, 150-51 (4th ed. 2002, rev. May 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/liheapwap_pp150-51_053006.pdf.
- 340 NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., Low-Income Home Energy (LIHEAP) and Weatherization Assistance Programs (WAP) in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 150, 150-51 (4th ed. 2002, rev. May 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/liheapwap pp150-51 053006.pdf. See 8 U.S.C. §§ 1641(b)(2), (b)(3), (c)(4).
- ³⁴¹ Green Mountain Power's Energy Assistance, DEP'T FOR CHILDREN & FAMILIES, http://dcf.vermont.gov/benefits/eap/gmp (last visited May 29, 2018); Vermont Gas Energy Assistance, DEP'T FOR CHILDREN & FAMILIES, http://dcf.vermont.gov/benefits/eap/vt-gas (last visited May 29, 2018).
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- https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification%20Fact%20Posting%20%282%29.pdf. See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certification)).
- ³⁴⁴ Green Mountain Power's Energy Assistance, DEP'T FOR CHILDREN & FAMILIES, http://dcf.vermont.gov/benefits/eap/gmp (last visited May 29, 2018); Vermont Gas Energy Assistance, DEP'T FOR CHILD. & FAMILIES, http://dcf.vermont.gov/benefits/eap/vt-gas (last visited May 29, 2018).
- ³⁴⁵ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Low-Income Home Energy (LIHEAP) and Weatherization Assistance Programs (WAP) in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 150, 150-51 (4th ed. 2002, rev. May 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/liheapwap_pp150-51_053006.pdf.
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- ³⁴⁹ Green Mountain Power's Energy Assistance, DEP'T FOR CHILDREN & FAMILIES, http://dcf.vermont.gov/benefits/eap/gmp (last visited May 29, 2018); Vermont Gas Energy Assistance, DEP'T FOR CHILD. & FAMILIES, http://dcf.vermont.gov/benefits/eap/vt-gas (last visited May 29, 2018).
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- 351 NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., Low-Income Home Energy (LIHEAP) and Weatherization Assistance Programs (WAP) in Guide to IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 150, 150-51 (4th ed. 2002, rev. May 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/liheapwap_pp150-51_053006.pdf. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).
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- ³⁸² To be eligible for unemployment insurance, each class of immigrant must have had prior work authorization and had to have been working with the authorization at the time they applied for unemployment. Work authorization must remain valid while they receive unemployment and if work authorization expires, then so does the eligibility for unemployment.
- ³⁸³ 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(1)(B)(i), or (ii); or 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(2), or (3).
- ³⁸⁴ 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(3).
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- ³⁸⁶ 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(4).
- ³⁸⁷ 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(4).
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³⁹² See Rebecca Smith, Immigrant Workers' Eligibility for Unemployment Insurance, NAT'L EMPLOYMENT LAW PROJECT (Mar. 31, 2020), https://www.nelp.org/publication/immigrant-workers-eligibility-unemployment-insurance/ ("Under the current state and federal systems, undocumented workers are not eligible for unemployment benefits.").