





## Access to State-Funded<sup>a</sup> Public Benefits in Hawaii for Survivors,

Based on Immigration Status<sup>bc</sup>

By: Monica Bates, Meera Patel, Sarah Register, and Leslye E. Orloff May 15, 2019 (Updated January 18, 2025)

	VAWA Self-Petitioners, Battered Spouse Waivers,¹ Lawful Permanent Residents, COFA Nationals,² and Naturalized Citizens	Refugee, Asylee, T Visa, <sup>3</sup> Afghans, <sup>4</sup> Ukrainians <sup>5</sup>	T Visa <sup>6</sup> / Continued Presence <sup>7</sup>	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) <sup>8</sup>	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) <sup>9</sup>	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. <sup>10</sup>	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented
	Qualified :	Immigrant <sup>d</sup>	HHS Certification		Lawfully Present <sup>11</sup>		Limited Benef	its Eligibility <sup>12</sup>
	VAWA: Eligible with	Refugee/Asylee: Eligible	Human trafficking	Not eligible. 40	Eligible after	Eligible after	No federal	Not eligible. 60
TANF <sup>13</sup> (Cash	prima facie	for TANF regardless of	victims eligible: with		receiving lawful	receiving lawful	eligibility. <sup>59</sup>	
Assistance)	determination,14 subject	date of entry. <sup>26</sup>	HHS Certification	In Hawaii,	permanent residency,	permanency, subject		
	to five-year bar for		(based on continued	lawfully	subject to five-year	to five-year bar for		
	those who arrived on or	T visa: with HHS	presence or a bona fide	present	bar for those who	those who arrived		
	after August 22, 1996.15	certification or eligibility	determination on a T	immigrants <sup>41</sup>	arrived on or after	on or after August		
	(After the first 12	determination, eligible	visa application) or with	(including	August 22, 1996.45	22, 1996 <sup>52</sup> (may be		
	months may be subject	under the Victims of	HHS eligibility	DACA	(may be subject to	subject to deeming).		
	to deeming).16			recipients) are	deeming). 46	53		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Federally funded public benefits are in non-italicized typeface and state-funded public benefits are italicized.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> © National Immigrant Women's Advocacy Project, American University, Washington College of Law 2025. This publication was developed under Grant Nos. SJI-15-T-234, SJI-22-T-043, and SJI-24-T-046 from the State Justice Institute. The points of view expressed are those of the authors and do not necessarily represent the official position or policies of the State Justice Institute. This project was supported by Grant Nos. 15JOVW-21-GK-02208-MUMU and 15JOVW-23-GK-05119-MUMU awarded by the Office on Violence Against Women, U.S. Department of Justice. The opinions, findings, conclusions, and recommendations expressed in this program are those of the authors and do not necessarily reflect the views of the Department of Justice, Office on Violence Against Women.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> The chart shows eligibility based on immigration status. Applicants must also meet all other program eligibility requirements, such as income/resource limits. Children and other family members included in an individual's immigration application receive the same access to public benefits as the applicant. When children qualify for federal or state public benefits, immigrant parents can file child-only benefits applications on their children's behalf. Congress exempted from the public charge ground of inadmissibility immigrant victims applying for immigration relief and lawful permanent residency through the following immigration benefits programs: VAWA self-petitioning (as defined in footnote "e"), VAWA cancellation of removal, VAWA suspension of deportation, U visas, and T visas. For technical assistance on benefits access for immigrant survivors please contact the National Immigrant Women's Advocacy Project, American University, Washington College of Law (202) 274-4457 or info@niwap.org. NIWAP would like to thank Michelle Aronowitz and Dean's Fellows Alexandra Brown and Sandeep Purewal for their work in developing these state public benefits charts.

d See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(a)-(c) (Qualified immigrants are: lawful permanent residents (LPRs)(For up-to-date details on LPR benefits eligibility see National Immigrant Law Center, Table 1, Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs (March 2023) https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table\_ovrw\_fedprogs/ and NIWAP's Public Benefits Map https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/benefits-map); refugees; asylees; persons granted withholding of deportation/removal, conditional entry (as in effect prior to Apr. 1, 1980), humanitarian parolee; Cuban/Haitian entrants; and certain battered immigrants. A battered immigrant is someone who: (1)(a) has been battered or subjected to extreme cruelty in the U.S. by a U.S. citizen or LPR spouse, parent or step-parent or member of the spouse/parent/step-parent consented to or acquiesced in such battery or cruelty, and there is a substantial connection between the battery or cruelty and the need for the public benefits, and (b) has been approved or has a petition or self-petition pending which sets forth a prima facie case for certain immigrant visa classifications, suspension of deportation, or cancellation of removal; or (2) is a victim of trafficking or a family member of a trafficking victim who has been granted T visa status or whose T visa application sets forth a prima facie case.). For discussion of prima facie determinations by immigration judges in suspension of deportation and cancellation of removal cases for battered immigrants, see OFFICE OF THE CHIEF IMMIGRATION JUDGE, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, OPERATING POLICY AND PROCEDURE MEMORANDUM 97-9; MOTIONS FOR "PRIMA FACIE" DETERMINATION AND VERIFICATION REQUESTS FOR BATTERED SPOUSES AND CHILDREN, http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/prima-facie-verification-requests/ (last visited Mar. 2, 2018).

	VAWA Self-Petitioners, Battered Spouse Waivers,¹ Lawful Permanent Residents, COFA Nationals,² and Naturalized Citizens	Refugee, Asylee, T Visa, <sup>3</sup> Afghans, <sup>4</sup> Ukrainians <sup>5</sup>	T Visa <sup>6</sup> / Continued Presence <sup>7</sup>	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) <sup>8</sup>	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) <sup>9</sup>	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. <sup>10</sup>	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented
TANF	Lawful permanent residents, VAWA self-petitioners with prima facie determinations and Battered Spouse Waivers: Eligible subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996 <sup>17</sup> (may be subject to deeming) <sup>18</sup> COFA Nationals: Residents from the Compact States of Free Association (COFA) <sup>19</sup> eligible without restrictions. <sup>20</sup> Naturalized citizens: Eligible without restrictions. <sup>21</sup> In Hawaii, qualified and lawfully present immigrants <sup>22</sup> (including VAWA selfpetitioners with prima facie determinations, VAWA self-petitioners, and Battered Spouse Waivers, and are eligible for statefunded Temporary Assistance for Other Needy Families, <sup>23</sup> Aid	eligibility determination, eligible under the Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act (TVPA) of 2000 to the same extent as refugees. <sup>27</sup> T visa holders or bona fide applicants are also eligible as qualified immigrants, subject to five-year bar for those who entered on or after August 22, 1996. <sup>28</sup> In Hawaii, qualified and lawfully present immigrants <sup>29</sup> (including T visa holders and T visa applicants with bona fide determinations)are eligible for state-funded Temporary Assistance for Other Needy Families, <sup>30</sup> Aid to the Aged (65 or older), Blind, and Disabled (AABD), <sup>31</sup> and General Assistance. <sup>32</sup>	These human trafficking victims are eligible to the same extent as refugees and thus are eligible regardless of date of entry. 34  Family members with T visa status are eligible without HHS certification or determination; they are eligible to the same extent as refugees and thus eligible regardless of date of entry. 35  In Hawaii, qualified and lawfully present immigrants 36 (including trafficking victims with HHS certification or child eligibility letters) are eligible for statefunded Temporary Assistance for Other Needy Families, 37 Aid to the Aged (65 or older), Blind, and Disabled (AABD), 38 and General Assistance. 39	eligible for state-funded Temporary Assistance for Other Needy Families, 42 Aid to the Aged (65 or older), Blind, and Disabled (AABD), 43 and General Assistance. 44	In Hawaii, lawfully present immigrants <sup>47</sup> (including SIJS applicants, recipients, and lawful permanent residents) are eligible without a five-year waiting period <sup>48</sup> for statefunded Temporary Assistance for Other Needy Families, <sup>49</sup> Aid to the Aged (65 or older), Blind, and Disabled (AABD), <sup>50</sup> and General Assistance. <sup>51</sup>	In Hawaii, lawfully present immigrants <sup>54</sup> (including U visa holders, U visa applicants with bona fide determinations or waitlist approvals, and U visa lawful permanent residents) are eligible without a five-year waiting period <sup>55</sup> for statefunded Temporary Assistance for Other Needy Families, <sup>56</sup> Aid to the Aged (65 or older), Blind, and Disabled (AABD), <sup>57</sup> and General Assistance. <sup>58</sup>		

	VAWA Self-Petitioners,	Refugee, Asylee, T	T Visa <sup>6</sup> / Continued	Deferred	Special	U Visa,		
	<b>Battered Spouse</b>	Visa, <sup>3</sup> Afghans, <sup>4</sup>	Presence <sup>7</sup>	Action for	Immigrant	bona fide, or	U Visa	Undocumented
	Waivers,1	Ukrainians <sup>5</sup>	Tresence	Childhood	Juvenile Status	wait list	Applicants	Chaocamentea
	Lawful Permanent			Arrivals	(SIJS) <sup>9</sup>	approval. <sup>10</sup>	пррисанся	
	Residents, COFA Nationals, <sup>2</sup> and			(DACA) <sup>8</sup>	(3113)	approvai.		
	Naturalized Citizens			(DACA)				
	to the Aged (65 or							
TANF	older), Blind, and							
IANT	Disabled (AABD), <sup>24</sup> and							
	General Assistance with							
	no five-year bar. <sup>25</sup>							
	no jire yeur eur.							
	Children with prima	Children who are <u>asylees</u>	Human trafficking	Eligible for	Eligible for CCDF-	Eligible for CCDF-	Eligible for	Eligible for
Child Care	facie determination and	or refugees are eligible	victims with an HHS	CCDF-funded	funded child care	funded child care	CCDF-funded	CCDF-funded
Cinia Care	child lawful permanent	for	Certification (based on	child care open	open to all	open to all	child care open to	child care open to
	residents are qualified	CCDF-funded child care	continued presence or a	to all	immigrants, when:	immigrants, when:	all immigrants,	all immigrants,
	immigrants eligible for	and	bona fide determination	immigrants,	(1) Child care is	(1) Child care is	when:	when:
	Child Care	TANF-funded child	on a T visa application)	when:	provided in settings	provided in settings	(1) Child care is	(1) Child care is
	Development Fund	care.69	or an HHS eligibility	(1) Child care	subject to public	subject to public	provided in	provided in
	(CCDF)-funded child		determination (under	is provided in	educational	educational	settings subject to	settings subject to
	care.61	T visa: Eligible for	18) are eligible for	settings subject	standards, including	standards, including	public	public
		CCDF-funded child care	CCDF-funded child	to public	public or private pre-	public or private	educational	educational
	TANF-funded childcare	and TANF-funded child	care and TANF-funded	educational	kindergarten or	pre-kindergarten or	standards,	standards,
	subject to five-year bar	care under the Victims of	child care. <sup>76</sup>	standards,	public and private	public and private	including public	including public
	for immigrants who	Trafficking and Violence		including	child care provided	child care provided	or private pre-	or private pre-
	entered on or after	Protection Act of 2000 to	Family members with T	public or	after school or during	after school or	kindergarten or	kindergarten or
	August 22, 1996.62	the same extent as	visa status eligible for	private pre-	school holidays;	during school	public and private	public and private
		refugees. <sup>70</sup>	CCDF-funded child	kindergarten or	(2) Childcare is	holidays;	child care	child care
	COFA Nationals:		care and TANF-funded	public and	subject to Head Start	(2) Childcare is	provided after	provided after
	Residents from the	Children who are T visa	child care, no need for	private child	performance	subject to Head	school or during	school or during
	Compact States of Free	holders or applicants	HHS Certification or	care provided	standards; or	Start performance	school holidays;	school holidays;
	Association (COFA) <sup>63</sup>	with prima facie (bona	eligibility	after school or	(3) Eligibility for	standards; or	(2) Child care is	(2) Child care is
	eligible without	fide) determination are	determination. <sup>77</sup>	during school	child care services is	(3) Eligibility for	subject to Head	subject to Head
	restrictions. <sup>64</sup>	eligible for CCDF-		holidays;	determined by a	child care services	Start performance	Start performance
		funded child care. <sup>71</sup> They	In Hawaii, when	(2) Child care	nonprofit charitable	is determined by a	standards; or	standards; or
	Naturalized citizens:	are also eligible for	parents have children	is subject to	organization.83	nonprofit charitable		
	Eligible without	TANF-funded childcare	who are qualified	Head Start		organization. <sup>90</sup>	child care	child care
	restrictions. <sup>65</sup>	subject to five-year bar	immigrants <sup>78</sup>	performance	Upon receiving		services is	services is
		for those who entered on	(Trafficking victims	standards; or	lawful permanent	Upon receiving	determined by a	determined by a
	In Hawaii, when	or after August 22,	with HHS child	(3) Eligibility	residency, eligible as	lawful permanent	nonprofit	nonprofit
	parents have children	1996. <sup>72</sup>	eligibility letters or	for child care	for CCDF-funded	residency, eligible	charitable	charitable
	who are qualified		HHS certification	services is	child care.84 Also	as for CCDF-funded	organization. <sup>97</sup>	organization.99

VAWA Self-Pet Battered Sp Waivers, Lawful Perm Residents, C Nationals, <sup>2</sup> Naturalized C <i>immigrani</i>	ouse Visa, <sup>3</sup> Afghans, <sup>4</sup> Ukrainians <sup>5</sup> OFA and itizens	T Visa <sup>6</sup> / Continued Presence <sup>7</sup> letters) the children are	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA)8	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS)9	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. <sup>10</sup> child care. <sup>91</sup> Also	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented
Child Care  (including VAV petitioners with facie determin VAWA self-petitioners) the care eligible for funded Child Subsidy <sup>67</sup> of Preschool Conors <sup>68</sup> there is year ban	have children who are qualified immigrants <sup>73</sup> (T visa holders and T visa applicants with bona fide determinations) the children are eligible for state-funded Child Care Subsidy <sup>74</sup> and Preschool Open Doors <sup>75</sup> there is no five-year bar.	eligible for state-funded Child Care Subsidy <sup>79</sup> and Preschool Open Doors <sup>80</sup> there is no five- year bar.	a nonprofit charitable organization. 81  In Hawaii, all 3-5 year-old children are eligible to participate in Preschool Open Doors without regard to immigration status. 82	funded child care subject to five- year bar for those who entered on or after August 22, 1996. 85  In Hawaii, when parents have children who are qualified immigrants 86 (SIJS recipients with lawful permanent residency) the children are eligible for state-funded Child Care Subsidy 87 and Preschool Open Doors 88 there is no five- year bar.  In Hawaii, all 3-5 year-old children are eligible to participate in Preschool Open Doors without regard to immigration status. 89	eligible for TANF- funded child care subject to five-year bar for those who entered on or after August 22, 1996. 92  In Hawaii, when parents have children who are qualified immigrants 33 (U visa lawful permanent residents) the children are eligible for state-funded Child Care Subsidy 4 and Preschool Open Doors 5 there is no five- year bar.  In Hawaii, all 3-5 year-old children are eligible to participate in Preschool Open Doors without regard to immigration status. 96	In Hawaii, all 3-5 year-old children are eligible to participate in Preschool Open Doors without regard to immigration status.98	In Hawaii, all 3-5 year-old children are eligible to participate in Preschool Open Doors without regard to immigration status. 100

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SNAP (Food Stamps) <sup>101</sup>	Eligible with VAWA prima facie determination or lawful permanent residence, subject to an additional condition, e.g.: five years residency, younger than 18, elderly (if lawfully residing in the U.S. on 8/22/96) disabled, or if Lawful Permanent Resident with 40 quarters of work credit. 102  COFA Nationals: are eligible without restrictions. 103  Naturalized citizens: Eligible without restrictions. 104	Refugee/Asylee: Eligible with no additional conditions. 105  T visa: Eligible with prima facie (bona fide) determination on T visa application, subject to an additional condition (e.g., five-years residency, under 18, elderly, or disabled). 106 Also eligible under the Trafficking Victims Protection Act to the same extent as refugees. 107	Human trafficking victims are eligible: with an HHS Certification (based on continued presence or a bona fide determination on a T visa application) or with an HHS eligibility determination (under 18). 108 Family members with T visa status eligible without HHS certification or eligibility determination. 109  These human trafficking victims are eligible to the same extent as refugees and thus are eligible with no additional conditions. 110	Not eligible.	Eligible upon receiving lawful permanent residency, subject to an additional condition, 111 e.g.: under 18, 112 five years residency, 113 40 qualifying work quarters, 114 or disabled. 115	Eligible upon receiving lawful permanent residency, subject to an additional condition, <sup>116</sup> e.g.: under 18, <sup>117</sup> five years residency, <sup>118</sup> 40 qualifying work quarters, <sup>119</sup> elderly, <sup>120</sup> or disabled. <sup>121</sup>	Not eligible.	Not eligible.
The Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children (WIC)	for low-income pregnant, immigration status or naturesidency requirement. 123 participation in certain professional professional professional for the state of th	I Nutrition Program for Wombreastfeeding, and non-breastralized citizenship. Program for Wombreastralized citizenship. Programs (TANF, SNAP benefould contact the nearest WIC n, is to be at the federal pove	stfeeding postpartum women icants must live in the state in income at or below an incomests, Medicaid). 124 clinic to set up an appointm	n, and to infants an in which they apply ome level or standa	d children up to age five y, but are not required to ard set by the State agenc	who are found to be at r live there for a certain a y or be determined auto	nutritional risk, withor mount of time in orde matically income-elig	ut regard to er to meet the WIC gible based on

	VAWA Self-Petitioners, Battered Spouse Waivers, Lawful Permanent Residents, COFA Nationals, and Naturalized Citizens	Refugee, Asylee, T Visa, <sup>3</sup> Afghans, <sup>4</sup> Ukrainians <sup>5</sup>	T Visa <sup>6</sup> / Continued Presence <sup>7</sup>	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA)8	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) <sup>9</sup>	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. <sup>10</sup>	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented
Health Insurance on Exchanges <sup>e</sup>	Eligible with VAWA prima facie determination, 127 as a lawful permanent resident, 128 as a COFA migrant 129 or naturalized citizen. 130  In Hawaii, lawfully present persons (including VAWA self- petitioners with prima facie determinations, lawful permanent residents, and Battered Spouse Waivers) under 100% FPL are eligible to receive state premium insurance assistance in addition, if they qualify, to federal subsidies. 131	Refugee: Eligible. 132  Asylee: Eligible; applicants eligible if granted work authorization, applicants under 14 eligible if application pending at least 180 days. 133  T visa: Eligible with prima facie (bona fide) determination on T visa application. 134  Afghans special immigrants and Afghan and Ukrainian parolees are eligible to the same extent as refugees. 135  In Hawaii, lawfully present persons (including refugees, asylees, T visa holders, and T visa applicants with bona fide determinations) under 100% FPL are eligible to receive state premium insurance assistance in	Human trafficking victims eligible: with an HHS Certification (based on continued presence or a bona fide determination on a T visa application), or with an HHS eligibility determination (under 18). 137  Family members with T visa status eligible without HHS certification or eligibility determination. 138  These human trafficking victims are eligible to the same extent as refugees and thus are eligible regardless of date of entry. 139  In Hawaii, lawfully present persons (including trafficking victims with HHS certification or child eligibility letters) under 100% FPL are eligible to receive state premium insurance	Eligible upon being granted Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA). 141  In Hawaii, lawfully present persons (including DACA recipients) under 100% FPL are eligible to receive state premium insurance assistance in addition, if they qualify, to federal subsidies. 142	Eligible upon filing SIJS application. 143  In Hawaii, lawfully present persons (including SIJS applicants) under 100% FPL are eligible to receive state premium insurance assistance in addition, if they qualify, to federal subsidies. 144	Eligible upon U visa, bona fide determination, 145 or wait list approval. 146 In Hawaii, lawfully present persons (including U visa holders, and U visa applicants with bona fide determinations 147 or waitlist approvals) under 100% FPL are eligible to receive state premium insurance assistance in addition, if they qualify, to federal subsidies. 148	Not eligible. <sup>149</sup>	Not eligible. <sup>150</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup> Under the Affordable Care Act, in "mixed status" households, each family member may have different eligibility for exchanges and subsidies. NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS: THE Affordable Care Act & MIXED-STATUS FAMILIES (rev. 2014), <a href="https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/11/FAQ-ACA-and-mixed-status-families-2014-12-1.pdf">https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/11/FAQ-ACA-and-mixed-status-families-2014-12-1.pdf</a>.

permanent residence if arrived prior to August 22, 1996, and subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996, and subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996, and subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996, and subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996, and subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996, and subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996, and subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996, and subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996, and subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996, and subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996, and subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996, and subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996, and subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996, and subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996, and subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996, and subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996, and subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996, and subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996, and subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996, and subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996, and bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996, and bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996, and bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996, and bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996, and bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996, and bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996, and bar for those who arrived on or		VAWA Self-Petitioners, Battered Spouse Waivers,¹ Lawful Permanent Residents, COFA Nationals,² and Naturalized Citizens	Refugee, Asylee, T Visa, <sup>3</sup> Afghans, <sup>4</sup> Ukrainians <sup>5</sup>	T Visa <sup>6</sup> / Continued Presence <sup>7</sup>	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) <sup>8</sup>	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) <sup>9</sup>	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. <sup>10</sup>	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented
Child Health Insurance Program (CHIP) <sup>53</sup> Program (CHIP) <sup>54</sup> Program (CHIP) <sup>55</sup> Program (CHIP) <sup>55</sup> Program (CHIP) <sup>55</sup> Program (CHIP) <sup>56</sup> Program (CHIP) <sup>58</sup> Profection Act of 2000 to the same extent as refugees, who arived on or after visa applicants on the same extent as refugees, who arived on or after visa applicants of the costs of Medical Plant of the costs of Me	Insurance			they qualify, to federal					
for qualified immigrant and lawfully present <sup>157</sup> extent as refugees. <sup>165</sup> Examinations (including rape kits) <sup>177</sup> people pregnant people including prenatal care, through State Medical Assistance for payments for the costs of citizenship status.  Examinations (including rape kits) <sup>177</sup> people pregnant people including prenatal care, care, full scope health care, and 60 19 through State	Child Health Insurance Program	prima facie determination or lawful permanent residence if arrived prior to August 22, 1996 and subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996. 152  COFA migrants eligible. 153  Naturalized citizens eligible. 154  Eligible for emergency Medicaid 155 and payments for the costs of Medical Forensic Examinations (including rape kits) 156 regardless of immigration or citizenship status.  In Hawaii, medical assistance is available for qualified immigrant and lawfully present 157 children up to age 19 through State Medical	Eligible, exempt from five-year bar. 162  T visa: with HHS certification or eligibility determination, immediately eligible under the Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000 to the same extent as refugees. 163  T visa holders and T visa applicants with prima facie (bona fide) determinations eligible as qualified immigrants, subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996. 164  Afghans special immigrants and Afghan and Ukrainian parolees are eligible to the same extent as refugees. 165  Eligible for emergency Medicaid 166 and	Human trafficking victims are eligible with an HHS certification (based on continued presence or a bona fide determination on a T visa application) or eligibility determination (under 18). Tamily members with T visa status are eligible without HHS Certification or eligibility determination. These human trafficking victims are eligible to the same extent as refugees and are exempt from five-year bar. Eligible for emergency Medicaid To and payments for the costs of Medical Forensic Examinations (including rape kits) 177 regardless of immigration or	emergency Medicaid <sup>183</sup> and payments for the costs of Medical Forensic Examinations (including rape kits) <sup>184</sup> regardless of immigration or citizenship status.  In Hawaii, medical assistance is available for lawfully present <sup>185</sup> children up to age 19 through State Medical Assistance for Immigrant Children Program <sup>186</sup> and for pregnant people including prenatal care,	receiving lawful permanent residency, subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996. 190  Eligible for emergency Medicaid 191 and payments for the costs of Medical Forensic Examinations (including rape kits) 192 regardless of immigration or citizenship status.  In Hawaii, medical assistance is available for lawfully present 193 children up to age 19 through State Medical Assistance for Immigrant Children Program 194 and for pregnant people including prenatal care, full scope	August 22, 1996, eligible upon attaining lawful permanent residency. 197  If arrived on or after August 22, 1996, eligible upon receiving lawful permanent residency, but subject to five-year bar. 198  Eligible for emergency Medicaid 199 and payments for the costs of Medical Forensic Examinations (including rape kits) 200 regardless of immigration or citizenship status.  In Hawaii, medical assistance is available for lawfully present 201 children up to age	emergency Medicaid <sup>205</sup> and payments for the costs of Medical Forensic Examinations (including rape kits) <sup>206</sup> regardless of immigration or citizenship status.  In Hawaii, eligible for the State Medical Assistance for Immigrant Children Program upon filing a U visa	emergency Medicaid <sup>208</sup> and payments for the costs of Medical Forensic

	VAWA Self-Petitioners, Battered Spouse Waivers, <sup>1</sup> Lawful Permanent Residents, COFA Nationals, <sup>2</sup> and Naturalized Citizens	Refugee, Asylee, T Visa, <sup>3</sup> Afghans, <sup>4</sup> Ukrainians <sup>5</sup>	T Visa <sup>6</sup> / Continued Presence <sup>7</sup>	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) <sup>8</sup>	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) <sup>9</sup>	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. <sup>10</sup>	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented
СНІР	Program <sup>158</sup> and for pregnant people including prenatal care, full scope health care, and 60 days postpartum care through QUEST, <sup>159</sup> (including lawful permanent residents, VAWA self-petitioners with prima facie determinations, and Battered Spouse Waivers). <sup>160</sup> In Hawaii, eligible for the State Medical Assistance for Immigrant Children Program upon filing for lawful permanent residency, a VAWA self-petition or Battered Spouse Waiver. <sup>161</sup>	Examinations (including rape kits) 167 regardless of immigration or citizenship status.  In Hawaii, medical assistance is available for qualified immigrant and lawfully present 168 children up to age 19 through State Medical Assistance for Immigrant Children Program 169 and for pregnant people including prenatal care, full scope health care, and 60 days postpartum care through QUEST 170 (including refugees, asylees, T visa holders, and T visa applicants with prima facie determinations). 171  In Hawaii, eligible for the State Medical Assistance for Immigrant Children Program upon filing for a T visa, or asylum, or immigration relief for Afghans or Ukrainians. 172	In Hawaii, medical assistance is available for lawfully present <sup>178</sup> children up to age 19 through State Medical Assistance for Immigrant Children Program <sup>179</sup> and for pregnant people including prenatal care, full scope health care, and 60 days postpartum care through QUEST <sup>180</sup> (including trafficking victims with HHS certification or child eligibility letters). <sup>181</sup> In Hawaii, eligible for the State Medical Assistance for Immigrant Children Program upon filing a T visa or continued presence application. <sup>182</sup>	and 60 days postpartum care through QUEST <sup>187</sup> (including persons granted Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA)). 188  In Hawaii, eligible for the State Medical Assistance for Immigrant Children Program upon filing for DACA. 189	through QUEST <sup>195</sup> (including SIJS applications). <sup>196</sup>	for Immigrant Children Program <sup>202</sup> and for pregnant people including prenatal care, full scope health care, and 60 days postpartum care through QUEST <sup>203</sup> (including children with U visa, bona fide determination or wait-list approved U visa). <sup>204</sup>		

	VAWA Self-Petitioners, Battered Spouse Waivers, <sup>1</sup> Lawful Permanent Residents, COFA Nationals, <sup>2</sup> and Naturalized Citizens	Refugee, Asylee, T Visa, <sup>3</sup> Afghans, <sup>4</sup> Ukrainians <sup>5</sup>	T Visa <sup>6</sup> / Continued Presence <sup>7</sup>	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) <sup>8</sup>	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) <sup>9</sup>	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. <sup>10</sup>	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented
Full-Scope Medicaid <sup>210</sup>	Eligible with VAWA prima facie determination or lawful permanent residence if arrived prior to August 22, 1996 and subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996. <sup>211</sup> COFA migrants eligible. <sup>212</sup> Naturalized citizens eligible. <sup>213</sup> Eligible for emergency Medicaid <sup>214</sup> and payments for the costs of Medical Forensic Examinations (including rape kits) <sup>215</sup> regardless of immigration or citizenship status.  In Hawaii, medical assistance is available	Refugee/Asylee: Eligible, exempt from five-year bar. 222  T visa: with HHS certification or eligibility determination, immediately eligible under the Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000 to the same extent as refugees. 223  T visa holders and T visa applicants with prima facie (bona fide) determinations eligible as qualified immigrants, subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996. 224  Eligible for emergency Medicaid 225 and payments for the costs of Medical Forensic	Human trafficking victims are eligible with an HHS Certification (based on continued presence or a bona fide determination on a T visa application) or eligibility determination (under 18). 233 Family members with T visa status eligible without HHS Certification or eligibility determination, exempt from five-year bar. 234  These human trafficking victims are eligible to the same extent as refugees and are exempt from five-year bar. 235  Eligible for emergency Medicaid 236 and payments for the costs of Medical Forensic	Eligible for emergency Medicaid <sup>244</sup> and payments for the costs of Medical Forensic Examinations (including rape kits) <sup>245</sup> regardless of immigration or citizenship status.  In Hawaii, medical assistance is available for lawfully present <sup>246</sup> pregnant people including prenatal care, full scope health care, and 60 days	Eligible for emergency Medicaid <sup>251</sup> and payments for the costs of Medical Forensic Examinations (including rape kits) <sup>252</sup> regardless of immigration or citizenship status.  Eligible after receiving lawful permanent residency, subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996. <sup>253</sup> In Hawaii, medical assistance is available for lawfully present <sup>254</sup> for pregnant people including prenatal care, full scope health care, and 60	Eligible for emergency Medicaid <sup>260</sup> and payments for the costs of Medical Forensic Examinations (including rape kits) <sup>261</sup> regardless of immigration or citizenship status.  If entered prior to August 22, 1996, eligible upon attaining lawful permanent residency. <sup>262</sup> If arrived on or after August 22, 1996, eligible upon receiving lawful permanent residency. <sup>263</sup>	Eligible for emergency Medicaid <sup>270</sup> and payments for the costs of Medical Forensic Examinations (including rape kits) <sup>271</sup> regardless of immigration or citizenship status.  In Hawaii, eligible for state emergency services. <sup>272</sup> In Hawaii a breast and cervical cancer control program is available to residents, regardless of their immigration status. <sup>273</sup>	Eligible for emergency Medicaid <sup>274</sup> and payments for the costs of Medical Forensic Examinations (including rape kits) <sup>275</sup> regardless of immigration or citizenship status.  In Hawaii, eligible for state emergency services. <sup>276</sup> In Hawaii a breast and cervical cancer control program is available to residents, regardless of their immigration status. <sup>277</sup>
	for qualified immigrant and lawfully present <sup>216</sup> for pregnant people including prenatal care, full scope health care, and 60 days postpartum care through QUEST <sup>217</sup> and for seniors and people with	Examinations (including rape kits) <sup>226</sup> regardless of immigration or citizenship status.  In Hawaii, medical assistance is available for qualified immigrant and lawfully present <sup>227</sup>	Examinations (including rape kits) <sup>237</sup> regardless of immigration or citizenship status.  In Hawaii, medical assistance is available for qualified immigrant	postpartum care through QUEST <sup>247</sup> (including persons granted Deferred Action for Childhood	days postpartum care through QUEST <sup>255</sup> and for seniors and people with disabilities through Medicaid Fee-For- Service <sup>256</sup> (including	assistance is available for lawfully present <sup>264</sup> for pregnant people including prenatal care, full scope health care, and 60 days postpartum care through		

	VAWA Self-Petitioners, Battered Spouse Waivers, <sup>1</sup> Lawful Permanent Residents, COFA Nationals, <sup>2</sup> and Naturalized Citizens	Refugee, Asylee, T Visa, <sup>3</sup> Afghans, <sup>4</sup> Ukrainians <sup>5</sup>	T Visa <sup>6</sup> / Continued Presence <sup>7</sup>	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) <sup>8</sup>	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) <sup>9</sup>	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. <sup>10</sup>	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented
Full- Scope Medicaid	disabilities through Medicaid Fee-For- Service <sup>218</sup> (including lawful permanent residents, VAWA self- petitioners with prima facie determinations, and Battered Spouse Waivers). <sup>219</sup> In Hawaii, eligible for state emergency services. <sup>220</sup> In Hawaii a breast and cervical cancer control program is available to residents, regardless of their immigration status. <sup>221</sup>	for pregnant people including prenatal care, full scope health care, and 60 days postpartum care through QUEST <sup>228</sup> and for seniors and people with disabilities through Medicaid Fee-For-Service <sup>229</sup> (including refugees, asylees, T visa holders, and T visa applicants with prima facie determinations). <sup>230</sup> In Hawaii, eligible for state emergency services. <sup>231</sup> In Hawaii a breast and cervical cancer control program is available to residents, regardless of their immigration status.	and lawfully present <sup>238</sup> for pregnant people including prenatal care, full scope health care, and 60 days postpartum care QUEST <sup>239</sup> and for seniors and people with disabilities through Medicaid Fee-For- Service <sup>240</sup> ( including trafficking victims with HHS certification or child eligibility letters). <sup>241</sup> In Hawaii, eligible for state emergency services. <sup>242</sup> In Hawaii a breast and cervical cancer control program is available to residents, regardless of their immigration status. <sup>243</sup>	Arrivals (DACA)). <sup>248</sup> In Hawaii, eligible for state emergency services. <sup>249</sup> In Hawaii a breast and cervical cancer control program is available to residents, regardless of their immigration status. <sup>250</sup>	SIJS applicants and recipients). 257  In Hawaii, eligible for state emergency services. 258  In Hawaii a breast and cervical cancer control program is available to residents, regardless of their immigration status. 259	QUEST <sup>265</sup> and for seniors and people with disabilities through Medicaid Fee-For-Service <sup>266</sup> (including people with U visa, bona fide determinations or wait-list approved U visas). <sup>267</sup> In Hawaii, eligible for state emergency services. <sup>268</sup> In Hawaii a breast and cervical cancer control program is available to residents, regardless of their immigration status. <sup>269</sup>		
Victims of Crime Act (VOCA)		t provides compensation to constant scene clean up, and						
Family Medical Leave Act (FMLA) <sup>279</sup> – State Law <sup>280</sup>	In HI, may be eligible for FMLA without regard to immigration status. <sup>281</sup>	In HI, may be eligible for FMLA without regard to immigration status. <sup>282</sup>	In HI, may be eligible for FMLA without regard to immigration status. <sup>283</sup>	In HI, may be eligible for FMLA without regard to immigration status. <sup>284</sup>	In HI, may be eligible for FMLA without regard to immigration status. <sup>285</sup>	In HI, may be eligible for FMLA without regard to immigration status. <sup>286</sup>	In HI, may be eligible for FMLA without regard to immigration status. <sup>287</sup>	In HI, may be eligible for FMLA without regard to immigration status. <sup>288</sup>

	VAWA Self-Petitioners, Battered Spouse Waivers, <sup>1</sup> Lawful Permanent Residents, COFA Nationals, <sup>2</sup> and Naturalized Citizens	Refugee, Asylee, T Visa, <sup>3</sup> Afghans, <sup>4</sup> Ukrainians <sup>5</sup>	T Visa <sup>6</sup> / Continued Presence <sup>7</sup>	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) <sup>8</sup>	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) <sup>9</sup>	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. <sup>10</sup>	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented			
Education- Federal Benefits: Federal Student Aid, Grants and Loans <sup>289</sup>	VAWAs with prima facie determinations, Battered Spouse Waiver applicants, COFA migrants, and all lawful permanent residents, eligible. <sup>290</sup> Naturalized citizens, eligible. <sup>291</sup>	Refugees, Asylees, and T visa holders or T visa applicants with prima facie (bona fide) determination, an HHS Certification or eligibility letter are eligible for federal student aid. <sup>292</sup>	Human trafficking victims eligible: with an HHS Certification (based on continued presence or a bona fide determination on a T visa application), or with an HHS eligibility determination (under 18), and family members with T visa status, are eligible for federal student aid. <sup>293</sup>	Not eligible for federal student aid. <sup>294</sup>	Eligible for federal student aid upon receipt of lawful permanent residency. <sup>295</sup>	Eligible for federal student aid upon receipt of lawful permanent residency. <sup>296</sup>	Not eligible for federal student aid.	Not eligible for federal student aid.			
Education- State Law	~	Ill children, without regard to immigration status or citizenship are eligible to attend public elementary and secondary (K-12) schools. State schools may not request citizenship or nmigration status information and may not bar students from enrolling in public elementary or secondary schools based on the citizenship or immigration status of the student, their parent, r their guardian. <sup>297</sup>									
	the student is a resident of from or attained a GED fi student's intent to file suc- resident of the state for at	y institutions, Hawaii allows f the state and has been phys rom a U.S. high school, and e h an application as soon as t least 12 months prior to the ian who is a nonresident of H	ically present in Hawaii for either filed an application fo he student is eligible . <sup>298</sup> To student enrolling at a partio	12 months, attende or DACA or anothe o receive in-state tu cular college or can	ed a public or private hig r form of legal immigrati ition, the adult student of mpus. The adult or minor	h school in the United S on statue or filed an aff r the parents and/or gua r student should not have	tates for at least thre idavit with the univer irdian of a minor are e been claimed as a d	e years, graduated sity affirming the required to be a lependent by a			
Supplemental Security Income (SSI) <sup>300</sup>	Eligible with VAWA prima facie determination or lawful permanent residence if received SSI on August 22, 1996, or lawfully residing in the U.S. as of that date and now disabled. May also be eligible with a prima facie determination if currently receiving SSI based on an application filed before 1979. 302	Refugees/Asylees: Eligible during first seven years after the status was granted. 308  Trafficking victims: Eligible under the Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000 to the same extent as refugees. 309	Human trafficking victims: with an HHS Certification (based on continued presence or a bona fide determination on a T visa application) or with an HHS eligibility determination (under 18), or family members with T visa status (no need for HHS certification or eligibility determination) are	Not eligible.	Eligible upon receiving lawful permanent residency if credited with 40 quarters of work, 317 subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996. 318  In Hawaii, SIJS lawful permanent residents who are disabled can receive	Eligible upon receiving lawful permanent residency if: credited with 40 quarters of work <sup>320</sup> subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996; or if receiving SSI as of August 22, 1996; or if lawfully residing in U.S. as	Not eligible. <sup>324</sup>	Not eligible. <sup>325</sup>			

	VAWA Self-Petitioners, Battered Spouse Waivers,¹ Lawful Permanent Residents, COFA Nationals,² and Naturalized Citizens	Refugee, Asylee, T Visa, <sup>3</sup> Afghans, <sup>4</sup> Ukrainians <sup>5</sup>	T Visa <sup>6</sup> / Continued Presence <sup>7</sup>	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) <sup>8</sup>	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) <sup>9</sup>	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. <sup>10</sup>	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented
SSI	Eligible upon receiving lawful permanent residency if credited with 40 quarters of work, 303 subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996. 304  COFA Nationals: are eligible without restrictions. 305  Naturalized citizens, eligible. 306  In Hawaii, VAWA selfpetitioners who are seniors or persons with disabilities can receive Aid to the Aged, Blind and Disabled (AABD), which provides \$418 per month. 307	T visa <sup>310</sup> : Eligible as a qualified immigrant with prima facie (bona fide) determination on T visa application if receiving SSI on August 22, 1996, or lawfully residing in the U.S. as of that date and now disabled. <sup>311</sup> May also be eligible with a prima facie determination if currently receiving SSI based on an application filed before 1979. <sup>312</sup> This eligibility allows trafficking victims who are disabled to continue to receive SSI after the 7-years. <sup>313</sup> In Hawaii, refugees, asylees, and T visa applicants with bona fide determinations who are seniors or a person with a disability, can receive Aid to the Aged, Blind and Disabled (AABD), which provides \$418 per month. <sup>314</sup>	eligible to the same extent as refugees. <sup>315</sup> In Hawaii, T visa applicants with bona fide determinations who are seniors or a person with a disability, can receive Aid to the Aged, Blind and Disabled (AABD), which provides \$418 per month. <sup>316</sup>		Aid to the Aged, Blind and Disabled (AABD), which provides \$418 per month. 319	of that date and now disabled. 321 Lawful permanent residents may also be eligible if currently receiving SSI based on an application filed before 1979. 322  In Hawaii, U visa lawful permanent residents who are disabled can receive Aid to the Aged, Blind and Disabled (AABD), which provides \$418 per month. for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996. 323		
Professional and Occupational Licenses	Eligible.	Eligible, asylees eligible 180 days after filing. Trafficking victims with T visa bona fide determination.	Eligible upon receipt of HHS certification or child eligibility letter.	Eligible.	Eligible.	Eligible.	Not eligible.	Not eligible.

	VAWA Self-Petitioners, Battered Spouse Waivers,¹ Lawful Permanent Residents, COFA Nationals,² and Naturalized Citizens	Refugee, Asylee, T Visa, <sup>3</sup> Afghans, <sup>4</sup> Ukrainians <sup>5</sup>	T Visa <sup>6</sup> / Continued Presence <sup>7</sup>	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA)8	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) <sup>9</sup>	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. <sup>10</sup>	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented	
Professional and Occupational Licenses	In Hawaii, 326 lawfully present immigrants with social security numbers (SSNs) qualify for licenses in the following professions:  • Lab/medical technician and attorney  With an SSN and work authorization lawfully present immigrants also qualify for licenses in the following professions:  • Nurse, physician's assistant, counselor, psychologist, dentist, dental hygienist, educator, accountant, social worker, professional engineer.  Hawaii requires individuals and corporations to pay state taxes on business income. To register for Hawaii state business taxes, business owners who do not have SSNs can submit an ITIN to register as either a sole proprietor or registered business (i.e., LLC, corporation, partnership). 327								
Driver's License <sup>328</sup>	Under the REAL ID Act, evidence of "lawful status" or naturalized citizenship is required for a driver's license to be accepted by a federal agency for official purposes. 329 The Department of Homeland Security (DHS), by regulation, lists specific documents that will provide satisfactory evidence of lawful status, 330 All documentation for REAL ID compliant ID's will be submitted through the Systematic Alien Verification for Entitlements Program (S.A.V.E.). 331 DHS will also approve acceptance of other documentation issued by DHS or other Federal agencies demonstrating lawful status, as determined by USCIS. 332 In addition, DHS permits states to establish an "Exception Process" and consider "Alternative Documents." 333  Hawaii will issue limited-purpose licenses to those who do not have proof of authorized presence in the U.S. Applicants must show proof of identity and residency and it will be marked "not acceptable for edical purposes" and that it does not establish eligibility for public benefits, employment, or voting. 338  Proof of legal presence (including Original 1-797 (notice of action) issued by DHS showing approval of change of status or extension of stay, Permanent resident alien card (1-551 or similar document, Employment authorization document. Employment evictims will receive full a state issued driver's license is upon receipt of employment authorization. 336  Proof of social security number (including Social Security card, Tax documents, Medicare/Medicaid ID card)								
Housing, Health, and Other Services Necessary to Protect Life or Safety	• Proof of principal residence (Applicants must provide 2 documents) 337  Certain federally assisted programs providing services necessary to protect life or safety must make those services available without regard to immigration status or naturalized citizenship and may not withhold those services based on immigration status naturalized citizenship. 339 Programs considered necessary for the protection of life or safety include, but are not limited to: short term shelter or transitional housing for the homeless, or for victims of domestic abuse, sexual assault, stalking, dating violence, or human trafficking, or for runaway, abused or abandoned children; crisis counseling and intervention programs; services and assistance relating to victims of domestic violence or other criminal activity, child protection, adult protective services, or violence and abuse prevention; soup kitchens, community food banks, senior nutrition programs and other nutritional programs for persons requiring special assistance (e.g., WIC); medical and public health services (including federally qualified health centers); mental health, disability, or substance abuse assistance necessary to protect life or safety; activities designed to protect the life or safety of workers, children and youths, or community residents; programs to help individuals during periods of adverse weather conditions. 340  In Hawaii, the Department of Social Services administers the Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG) and provides street outreach, shelter, and rapid re-housing services to the homeless, and homelessness prevention services to those at risk of homelessness. 341 State Homeless Emergency Grants and State Homeless Shelter Programs are available to unsheltered families and can								
Public and Assisted <sup>343</sup> Housing <sup>344</sup> and	Upon filing VAWA self-petition, applicant cannot be denied HUD public or assisted	Refugee/Asylee, T visa holder or T visa applicant with prima facie (bona	Human trafficking victims with an HHS Certification (based on continued presence or a	Eligible for USDA Section 515 Rural Rental Housing	Eligible for USDA Section 515 Rural Rental Housing (without Rental	Eligible for USDA Section 515 Rural Rental Housing (without Rental	Eligible for USDA Section 515 Rural Rental Housing (without	Eligible for USDA Section 515 Rural Rental Housing (without	

	VAWA Self-Petitioners, Battered Spouse Waivers, <sup>1</sup> Lawful Permanent Residents, COFA Nationals, <sup>2</sup> and Naturalized Citizens	Refugee, Asylee, T Visa, <sup>3</sup> Afghans, <sup>4</sup> Ukrainians <sup>5</sup>	T Visa <sup>6</sup> / Continued Presence <sup>7</sup>	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA)8	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) <sup>9</sup>	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. <sup>10</sup>	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented
Low-Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC) Housing <sup>345</sup>	housing unless and until a final determination of ineligibility. 346  USDA rental housing follows HUD procedures for processing VAWA self-petitions, 347 so should be eligible for all USDA rental housing unless and until a final determination of ineligibility.  Regardless of immigration status, eligible for USDA Section 515 Rural Rental Housing (without Rental Assistance), 348 and USDA Section 514/516 Farm Labor Housing if immediate family member of eligible tenant. 349  Upon filing self-VAWA self-petition, remaining household member of eligible to continue to occupy USDA Section 514/516 Farm Labor Housing unit. 350	fide) determination eligible for:  HUD public and assisted housing; 359  USDA Section 515 Rural Rental Housing; 360  USDA Section 521 Rural Rental Assistance; 361  USDA Section 514/516 Farm Labor Housing if immediate family member 362 or remaining household member 363 of eligible domestic farm laborer. Upon receiving lawful permanent residency USDA Section 514/516 Farm Labor Housing. 364  In Hawaii, may be eligible to live in Hawaii Low Income Housing Tax Credit property. 365	bona fide determination on a T visa application), or with an HHS eligibility determination (under 18), and family members with T visa status (no need for HHS certification or eligibility determination), 366 are eligible for: HUD public and assisted housing 367 and USDA rental housing. 368  In Hawaii, may be eligible to live in Hawaii Low Income Housing Tax Credit property. 369	(without Rental Assistance), 370 and Section 514/516 Farm Labor Housing if immediate family member of eligible domestic farm laborer. 371  In Hawaii, may be eligible to live in Hawaii Low Income Housing Tax Credit property. 372	Assistance), 373 and Section 514/516 Farm Labor Housing if immediate family member of eligible domestic farm laborer. 374  Upon receiving lawful permanent residency, 375 eligible for HUD 376 and USDA 377 rental housing. 378  In Hawaii, may be eligible to live in Hawaii Low Income Housing Tax Credit property. 379	Assistance), 380 and Section 514/516 Farm Labor Housing if immediate family member of eligible domestic farm laborer. 381  Upon receiving lawful permanent residency, 382 eligible for HUD383 and USDA384 rental housing. 385  In Hawaii, may be eligible to live in Hawaii Low Income Housing Tax Credit property. 386	Rental Assistance), 387 and Section 514/516 Farm Labor Housing if immediate family member of eligible domestic farm laborer. 388  In Hawaii, may be eligible to live in Hawaii Low Income Housing Tax Credit property. 389	Rental Assistance), 390 and Section 514/516 Farm Labor Housing if immediate family member of eligible domestic farm laborer. 391  In Hawaii, may be eligible to live in Hawaii Low Income Housing Tax Credit property. 392

	VAWA Self-Petitioners, Battered Spouse Waivers, Lawful Permanent Residents, COFA Nationals, And Naturalized Citizens	Refugee, Asylee, T Visa, <sup>3</sup> Afghans, <sup>4</sup> Ukrainians <sup>5</sup>	T Visa <sup>6</sup> / Continued Presence <sup>7</sup>	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) <sup>8</sup>	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) <sup>9</sup>	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. <sup>10</sup>	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented
Public and Assisted Housing and LIHTC	Lawful permanent residents and COFA Nationals <sup>351</sup> are eligible for public and assisted housing <sup>352</sup> and for USDA Section 514/516 Farm Lab or Housing; <sup>353</sup> USDA Section 521 Rural Rental Assistance. <sup>354</sup> Naturalized citizens are eligible for public and assisted housing <sup>355</sup> and for USDA Section 514/516 Farm Labor Housing; <sup>356</sup> USDA Section 521 Rural Rental Assistance. <sup>357</sup> In Hawaii, may be eligible to live in Hawaii Low Income Housing Tax Credit property. <sup>358</sup>							
Income Tax Credits	child tax credit on their in Immigrants eligible to rec fide determinations, and w	rants with social security nuncome taxes. <sup>393</sup> A qualifying eive social security numbers vait-list approved U visa apple Tax Credit: Immigrants with are for—	child must be a citizen, nati include naturalized citizens licants once they are granted	onal, or resident of , lawful permanent l work authorizatio	the U.S with an SSN or residents, refugees, asylon. Any immigrant without	an Individual Taxpayer ees, and VAWA self-pe out regard to immigration	Identification Numbe titioners, T visa appli n status can obtain an	er (ITIN). <sup>394</sup> cants with bona ITIN. <sup>395</sup>
	•	ild under the age of 13,						

	VAWA Self-Petitioners, Battered Spouse Waivers, <sup>1</sup> Lawful Permanent Residents, COFA Nationals, <sup>2</sup> and Naturalized Citizens	Refugee, Asylee, T Visa, <sup>3</sup> Afghans, <sup>4</sup> Ukrainians <sup>5</sup>	T Visa <sup>6</sup> / Continued Presence <sup>7</sup>	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) <sup>8</sup>	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) <sup>9</sup>	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. <sup>10</sup>	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented	
Income Tax Credits	<ul> <li>A spouse who is unable to physically or mentally care for themselves, or</li> <li>An individual who is unable to care for themselves, mentally or physically who has lived with the taxpayer for at least six months.<sup>396</sup></li> <li>The child or dependent must have a social security number or ITIN.<sup>397</sup> Immigrants eligible to receive social security numbers include naturalized citizens, lawful permanent residents, refugees, asylees, and VAWA self-petitioners, T visa applicants with bona fide determinations and wait-list approved U visa applicants once they are granted work authorization. Any immigrant without regard to immigration status can obtain an ITIN.<sup>398</sup></li> </ul>								
Earned Income Tax Credit (EITC)	VAWA self-petitioners, lawful permanent residents, and naturalized citizens who <sup>399</sup> : have been granted work authorization or who are granted lawful permanent residency, have lived in the U.S. for at least 183 days during the tax year, <sup>400</sup> have a social security number valid for work, <sup>401</sup> and have earned income during the tax year <sup>402</sup> are eligible for the earned income tax credit (EITC). <sup>403</sup>	Refugees, asylees, asylum applicants, and T visa holders with work authorization or lawful permanent residency who: have lived in the U.S. for at least 183 days during the tax year, 404 have a social security number valid for work, 405 and have earned income during the tax year 406 are eligible for the earned income tax credit (EITC). 407	Recipients of T visa bona fide determinations or continued presence who: are granted work authorization, have lived in the U.S. for at least 183 days during the tax year, 408 have a social security number valid for work, 409 and have earned income during the tax year 410 are eligible for the earned income tax credit (EITC). 411	DACA applicants who: are granted work authorization, have lived in the U.S. for at least 183 days during the tax year, 412 have a social security number valid for work, 413 and have earned income during the tax year, 414 are eligible for the earned income tax credit (EITC). 415	SIJS recipients granted lawful permanent residency who: have lived in the U.S. at least 183 days during the tax year, 416 have a social security number valid for work, 417 and have earned income during the tax year 418 are eligible for the earned income tax credit (EITC). 419	Once granted lawful permanent residency or work authorization U visa holders and U visa applicants with deferred action (based on bona fide determinations or wait-list approval) who have lived in the U.S. for six months, who have a social security number valid for work, and who are earning income are eligible for the earned income tax credit (EITC).	Not eligible.	Not eligible.	
Legal Services <sup>420</sup>	An immigrant who (or whose child) is battered or subjected to extreme cruelty <sup>421</sup> inside or outside of the United States <sup>422</sup> is eligible for legal assistance from Legal Services	Refugee/Asylee: Refugees and Asylees are eligible for legal assistance on any matter the Legal Services Corporation (LSC)- funded agency handles. <sup>434</sup>	An immigrant victim of severe forms of human trafficking with (or seeking) HHS Certification, 441 and family members with (or applying for) T visa status, 442 are eligible for	A DACA recipient who is (or whose child is) battered or subjected to extreme cruelty, <sup>447</sup> or is	Eligible for LSC- funded legal assistance when the child has suffered battering or extreme cruelty, 455 or sexual assault or trafficking in the U.S., 456 on	An immigrant who has (or whose child has) been granted, applied for, or qualifies to apply for U visa status and a family member eligible to apply for	An immigrant who has (or whose child has) applied for, or qualifies to apply for U visa status and a family member eligible	An immigrant victim who is (or whose child is), battered or subjected to extreme cruelty, 480 or is a victim of sexual	

	VAWA Self-Petitioners,	Refugee, Asylee, T	T Visa <sup>6</sup> / Continued	Deferred	Special	U Visa,		
	Battered Spouse	Visa, <sup>3</sup> Afghans, <sup>4</sup>	Presence <sup>7</sup>	Action for	Immigrant	bona fide, or	U Visa	Undocumented
	Waivers,1	Ukrainians <sup>5</sup>		Childhood	Juvenile Status	wait list	Applicants	
	Lawful Permanent			Arrivals	(SIJS) <sup>9</sup>	approval. <sup>10</sup>	пррисши	
	Residents, COFA Nationals, <sup>2</sup> and			(DACA) <sup>8</sup>	(3113)	approvai.		
	Naturalized Citizens			(DACA)				
	Corporation (LSC)-		legal assistance on any	a victim of	matters related to the	U visa status <sup>464</sup> is	to apply for U	assault or
Legal	funded agencies on	T visa:	matter the LSC-funded	sexual assault	abuse. 457	eligible for legal	visa status <sup>473</sup> is	trafficking in the
_	matters related to the	An immigrant who has	agency handles.	or trafficking	uouse.	assistance from	eligible for legal	U.S., <sup>481</sup> is eligible
Services	abuse. <sup>423</sup>	been (or whose child has		in the U.S., 448	Eligible for legal	Legal Services	assistance from	for legal services
	Eligible for legal	been) a victim of	Eligible for Office of	is eligible for	assistance on any	Corporation (LSC)-	Legal Services	from LSC-funded
	assistance on any matter	trafficking in the U.S,	Violence Against	legal services	matter the LSC-	funded agencies <sup>465</sup>	Corporation	agencies <sup>482</sup> on
	the LSC-funded agency	including a T visa	Women funded Legal	from LSC-	funded agency	on matters related to	(LSC)-funded	matters related to
	handles upon receiving	holder, <sup>435</sup> is eligible for	Assistance <sup>443</sup> for	funded	handles upon	the crime	agencies <sup>474</sup> on	the abuse. <sup>483</sup>
	lawful permanent	legal assistance on any	victims of domestic	agencies449 on	receiving LPR	victimization.466	matters related to	
	resident status, <sup>424</sup> or	matter the LSC-funded	violence, sexual assault,	matters related	status, <sup>458</sup> or, for the		the crime	Eligible for
	spouses, parents, and	agency handles.436	stalking <sup>444</sup> or dating	to the abuse.450	spouse, parent or	Eligible for legal	victimization.475	Office of
	unmarried children		violence.445 Must be at		unmarried child	assistance on any		Violence Against
	under age 21 of U.S.	Eligible for Office of	least 11 years old.446	Eligible for	under 21 of a U.S.	matter the LSC-	Eligible for	Women funded
	citizens <sup>425</sup> become	Violence Against		Office of	citizen, upon filing an	funded agency	Office of	Legal
	eligible for full	Women funded Legal		Violence	application for LPR	handles upon	Violence Against	Assistance <sup>484</sup> for
	representation on any	Assistance <sup>437</sup> for victims		Against	status. <sup>459</sup>	receiving LPR	Women funded	victims of
	matter upon filing an	of domestic violence,		Women funded		status, 467 or, for the	Legal	domestic
	application for lawful	sexual assault, stalking <sup>438</sup>		Legal	Eligible for Office of	spouse, parent or	Assistance <sup>476</sup> for	violence, sexual
	permanent residency. <sup>426</sup>	or dating violence. 439		Assistance <sup>451</sup>	Violence Against	unmarried child	victims of	assault,
		Must be at least 11 years		for victims of	Women funded Legal	under 21 of a U.S.	domestic	stalking <sup>485</sup> or
	Lawful permanent	old. <sup>440</sup>		domestic	Assistance <sup>460</sup> for	citizen, upon filing	violence, sexual	dating
	residents, applicants for			violence,	victims of domestic	an application for	assault,	violence. <sup>486</sup> Must
	lawful permanent			sexual assault,	violence, sexual	LPR status. <sup>468</sup>	stalking <sup>477</sup> or	be at least 11
	residency, <sup>427</sup> COFA			stalking <sup>452</sup> or	assault, stalking <sup>461</sup> or	E1: 11 1 C OCC	dating	years old. <sup>487</sup>
	Nationals, <sup>428</sup> and			dating	dating violence. <sup>462</sup>	Eligible for Office	violence. <sup>478</sup> Must	
	naturalized citizens <sup>429</sup>			violence. <sup>453</sup> Must be at	Must be at least 11 years old. <sup>463</sup>	of Violence Against Women funded	be at least 11 years old. <sup>479</sup>	
	are eligible for full				years old.403		years old.	
	representation.			least 11 years old. <sup>454</sup>		Legal Assistance <sup>469</sup> for victims of		
	Eligible for Office of			Old. "		domestic violence,		
	Violence Against					sexual assault,		
	Women funded Legal					stalking <sup>470</sup> or dating		
	Assistance <sup>430</sup> as a					violence. <sup>471</sup> Must		
	victim of domestic					be at least 11 years		
	violence, sexual assault,					old. <sup>472</sup>		
	stalking <sup>431</sup> or dating					0141		

	VAWA Self-Petitioners, Battered Spouse Waivers, <sup>1</sup> Lawful Permanent Residents, COFA Nationals, <sup>2</sup> and Naturalized Citizens	Refugee, Asylee, T Visa, <sup>3</sup> Afghans, <sup>4</sup> Ukrainians <sup>5</sup>	T Visa <sup>6</sup> / Continued Presence <sup>7</sup>	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) <sup>8</sup>	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) <sup>9</sup>	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. <sup>10</sup>	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented
Weatherizatio n Assistance Program (WAP) and Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP)	violence. 432 Must be at least 11 years old. 433  Eligible for weatherization assistance (WAP) for families living in multiunit dwellings without regard to immigration status. 488  Eligible for LIHEAP heating/cooling assistance and singlefamily weatherization assistance upon receipt of VAWA prima facie determination, as a lawful permanent resident, as a COFA migrant, 489 or with naturalized citizenship. 490  In Hawaii, eligible for Hawaii Electric Light's Special Medical Needs and Ohana Energy Gift Programs. 491	Eligible for weatherization assistance (WAP) for families living in multi-unit dwellings, without regard to immigration status. 492  Refugees, asylees, T visa holders, and T visa applicants with prima facie (bona fide) determination eligible for LIHEAP heating/cooling assistance and single- family weatherization assistance. 493  In Hawaii, eligible for Hawaii Electric Light's Special Medical Needs and Ohana Energy Gift Programs. 494	Eligible for weatherization assistance (WAP) for families living in multiunit dwellings without, regard to immigration status. 495  Human trafficking victims with HHS Certification (based on continued presence or a bona fide determination on a T visa application) or with HHS eligibility determination (under 18), are considered refugees and thus are eligible for LIHEAP heating/cooling and single-family weatherization assistance. 496  In Hawaii, eligible for Hawaii Electric Light's Special Medical Needs and Ohana Energy Gift Programs. 497	Eligible for weatherization assistance (WAP) for families living in multi-unit dwellings, without regard to immigration status. 498  In Hawaii, eligible for Hawaii Electric Light's Special Medical Needs and Ohana Energy Gift Programs. 499	Eligible for weatherization assistance (WAP) for families living in multi-unit dwellings, without regard to immigration status. 500  Eligible for LIHEAP heating/cooling assistance and single-family weatherization assistance upon receiving lawful permanent residency. 501  In Hawaii, eligible for Hawaii Electric Light's Special Medical Needs and Ohana Energy Gift Programs. 502	Eligible for weatherization assistance (WAP) for families living in multi-unit dwellings without, regard to immigration status. 503  Eligible for LIHEAP heating/cooling assistance and single-family weatherization assistance upon receiving lawful permanent residency. 504  In Hawaii, eligible for Hawaii Electric Light's Special Medical Needs and Ohana Energy Gift Programs. 505	Eligible for weatherization assistance (WAP) for families living in multi-unit dwellings, without regard to immigration status. 506  In Hawaii, eligible for Hawaii Electric Light's Special Medical Needs and Ohana Energy Gift Programs. 507	Eligible for weatherization assistance (WAP) for families living in multi-unit dwellings, without regard to immigration status. 508  In Hawaii, eligible for Hawaii Electric Light's Special Medical Needs and Ohana Energy Gift Programs. 509
Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Assistance <sup>510</sup>	cash, in-kind emergency of reduction of immediate th	A provided emergency service lisaster relief, including: sear reats to life, property, public temporary food assistance fo	es that are available to all vi ch and rescue, emergency r health and safety. <sup>511</sup>	nedical care, mass	care and shelter, resource	s for essential needs suc	ch as food, water and	medicine, and

	VAWA Self-Petitioners, Battered Spouse Waivers, Lawful Permanent Residents, COFA Nationals, And Naturalized Citizens	Refugee, Asylee, T Visa, <sup>3</sup> Afghans, <sup>4</sup> Ukrainians <sup>5</sup>	T Visa <sup>6</sup> / Continued Presence <sup>7</sup>	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) <sup>8</sup>	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) <sup>9</sup>	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. <sup>10</sup>	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented
Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA)- Restricted Programs <sup>513</sup>	Upon receipt of VAWA prima facie determination, lawful permanent residence, or naturalized citizenship <sup>514</sup> or as a COFA Nationals <sup>515</sup> :  Eligible for FEMA Assistance Programs, Individuals and Households Program (IHP), and Disaster Unemployment Assistance (DUA). <sup>516</sup> Eligible for Emergency Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP), subject to five- year bar, unless under 18, or lawfully residing on August 22, 1996 and either receiving disability-related benefits or born before Aug. 22, 1931. <sup>517</sup>	FEMA Assistance Programs, Individuals and Households Program (IHP), Disaster Unemployment Assistance (DUA): open to Refugees, Asylees, T visa applicants with prima facie (bona fide) determination. 518  Emergency SNAP open to Refugees/Asylees (no five-year bar), 519 and T visa applicants with prima facie (bona fide) determination, subject to five-year bar, unless under 18, or lawfully residing on August 22, 1996 and either receiving disability-related benefits or born before Aug. 22, 1931. 520	Human trafficking victims eligible: with HHS Certification (based on continued presence or a bona fide determination on a T visa application) or with HHS eligibility determination (under 18) or family members with T visa status (no need for HHS certification or eligibility determination). 521  These human trafficking victims are considered refugees and thus are eligible for FEMA Assistance Programs, Individual and Households Program (IHP), Disaster Unemployment Assistance (DUA), and Emergency SNAP. 522	Not eligible.	Upon receiving lawful permanent residency: Eligible for FEMA Assistance Programs, Individuals and Households Program (IHP), and Disaster Unemployment Assistance (DUA). 523  Eligible for Emergency SNAP, subject to five-year bar, unless under 18 years of age; can be credited with 40 quarters of work earned by the individual, parents, or spouse; or lawfully residing on August 22, 1996 and either receiving disability-related benefits or born before Aug. 22, 1931. 524	Upon receiving lawful permanent residency: Eligible for FEMA Assistance Programs, Individuals and Households Program (IHP), and Disaster Unemployment Assistance (DUA). 525  Eligible for Emergency SNAP, subject to five-year bar, unless under 18 years of age; can be credited with 40 quarters of work earned by the individual, parents, or spouse; or lawfully residing on August 22, 1996 and either receiving disability-related benefits or born before Aug. 22, 1931. 526	Upon receiving lawful permanent residency: Eligible for FEMA Assistance Programs, Individuals and Households Program (IHP), and Disaster Unemployment Assistance (DUA). <sup>527</sup> Eligible for Emergency SNAP, subject to five-year bar, unless under 18 years of age; can be credited with 40 quarters of work earned by the individual, parents, or spouse; or lawfully residing on August 22, 1996 and either receiving disability-related benefits or born before Aug. 22, 1931. <sup>528</sup>	Not eligible. <sup>529</sup>

	VAWA Self-Petitioners, Battered Spouse Waivers, <sup>1</sup> Lawful Permanent Residents, COFA Nationals, <sup>2</sup> and Naturalized Citizens	Refugee, Asylee, T Visa, <sup>3</sup> Afghans, <sup>4</sup> Ukrainians <sup>5</sup>	T Visa <sup>6</sup> / Continued Presence <sup>7</sup>	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) <sup>8</sup>	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) <sup>9</sup>	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. <sup>10</sup>	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented
Unemployment Insurance <sup>530</sup>	Eligible for UI upon receipt of work authorization, lawful permanent residence, or citizenship, <sup>531</sup> or as a COFA National. <sup>532</sup>	Refugee: Eligible for UI. <sup>533</sup> Asylee: Eligible for UI upon grant receipt of work authorization. <sup>534</sup> T Visa, Afghans, and Ukrainians: Eligible for UI upon receipt work authorization. <sup>535</sup>	Eligible for UI upon receipt of HHS certification or eligibility letter and work authorization. <sup>536</sup>	Eligible for UI upon receipt of work authorization.	Eligible for UI upon receipt of work authorization. <sup>538</sup>	Eligible for UI upon receipt of work authorization. <sup>539</sup>	Not eligible. <sup>540</sup>	Not eligible. <sup>541</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> VAWA self-petitioner for public benefits purposes includes: VAWA self-petitioners, battered spouse waiver applicants, applicants for relief under VAWA CUBAN ADJUSTMENT ACT ("VAWA CAA"), VAWA HAITIAN REFUGEE IMMIGRATION AND FAIRNESS ACT ("VAWA HRIFA"), VAWA NICARAGUAN AND CENTRAL AMERICAN RELIEF ACT ("VAWA NACARA"), VAWA cancellation of removal, VAWA suspension of deportation, and battered spouses and children with approved I-130 visa applications filed by their abusive citizen spouse, parent or step-parent. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c); 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(51).

- Afghans granted humanitarian parole between July 31, 2021 and September 30, 2023 are eligible for resettlement assistance, entitlement programs, federally recognized driver's licenses and identification cards, and other federal and state public benefits to the same extent as refugees through the end of their humanitarian parole.
- The spouses and children of these Afghans granted humanitarian parolees who are granted their own humanitarian parole after September 30, 2022, are also eligible for resettlement assistance, entitlement programs, federally recognized driver's licenses and identification cards, and other federal and state public benefits to the same extent as refugees through the end of their humanitarian parole.
- Parents or guardians of unaccompanied Afghan children granted parole after September 30, 2023 are— also eligible for resettlement assistance, entitlement programs, federally recognized driver's licenses and identification cards, and other federal and state public benefits to the same extent as refugees through the end of their humanitarian parole.

See Off. of Refugee Resettlement, U.S. Dep't of Health and Hum. Serv., Fact Sheet: Benefits for Afghan and Iraqi Special Immigrant Visa (SIV) Holders or SQ/SI Parolees <a href="https://www.acf.hhs.gov/orr/fact-sheet/benefits-afghan-and-iraqi-special-immigrant-visa-siv-holders-or-sq/si-parolees">https://www.acf.hhs.gov/orr/fact-sheet/benefits-afghan-and-iraqi-special-immigrant-visa-siv-holders-or-sq/si-parolees</a> (last visited November 29, 2023) (Iraqi and Afghan special immigrant visa holders (SIV) and special immigrant parolees (who have applied for SIV status) are eligible for federal benefits to the same extent as refugees.) See also The Administration for Children and Families Office of Refugee Resettlement Policy Letters on Public Benefits for Afghan Refugees (November 29, 2023) <a href="https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/orr-policy-letters-afghan-refugees">https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/orr-policy-letters-afghan-refugees</a> (Contains HHS Policy Letters and Fact Sheets regarding Afghan Refugees).

Afghans entering on or after 10/1/23:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Compact of Free Association (COFA) nationals are described in Public Law 99-239, the COMPACT OF FREE ASSOCIATION ACT of 1985, with respect to the Republic of Palau or the Republic of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia and have eligibility for state and federal public benefits that are separate and distinct. 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(8); 42 C.F.R. § 435.4(1)(viii). Pacific Islanders from the Marshall Islands, Palau, and the Federated States of Micronesia (collectively the Freely Associated States or FAS) living in the United States are eligible for federal public benefits without being subject to the 5-year bar. COMPACT IMPACT FAIRNESS ACT (CIFA) included in CONSOLIDATED APPROPRIATIONS ACT of 2024 (March 9, 2024).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> See 8 U.S.C. §§ 1641(b)(2)-(3), (c)(4) (Asylees, Refugees and trafficking victims and family members of trafficking victims with T visa status or a pending T visa application setting forth a "prima facie" (bona facie) case for eligibility); Classification for Victims of Severe Forms of Trafficking in Persons; Eligibility for "T" Nonimmigrant Status, 81 Fed. Reg. 92266, 92279, 92304, 92307 (Dec. 19, 2016) (effective Jan. 18, 2017) (to be codified at 8 C.F.R. pts. 212, 214, 245, 274) (Prima facie/bona fide determinations on T visa applications are made by the Department of Homeland Security.).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Afghans entering between 7/31/21 and 9/30/23: In 2021, Congress extended benefits eligibility to certain Afghans paroled into the U.S. through § 2502 of the EXTENDING GOVERNMENT FUNDING AND DELIVERING EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE ACT, Pub. L. 117-43, 135 Stat. 344, 377 (2021). This law was amended by the Continuing Appropriations and Ukraine Supplemental Appropriations Act, Pub. L. 117-180 § 149, 135 Stat. 2114, 2124 (2022), and by the Consolidated Appropriations ACT, 2023, Pub. L. 117-328 § 1501, 136 Stat. 4459, 5195 (2022). This law as amended provides that:

• Afghan humanitarian parolees arriving on or after October 1, 2023, are not eligible for federal public benefits to the same extent as refugees. See The Administration for Children and Families Office of Refugee Resettlement Policy Letters on Public Benefits for Afghan Refugees (November 29, 2023) <a href="https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/orr-policy-letters-afghan-refugees">https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/orr-policy-letters-afghan-refugees</a> (Contains HHS Policy Letters and Fact Sheets regarding Afghan Refugees).

## Afghans under the Temporary Protected Status:

• Are considered lawful present individuals which provides access to healthcare exchanges to purchase health insurance and some states state-funded healthcare subsidies or other access to state funded benefits to the same extent as other lawful present individuals, cited on this public benefits chart as DACA, SIJS, U-visa bona fide or wait list approval. Extension of Designation of Afghanistan for TPS, 88 Fed. Reg. 65728 (Sep. 25, 2023). See Clarifying the Eligibility of Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) Recipients and Certain Other Noncitizens for a Qualified Health Plan through an Exchange, Advance Payments of the Premium Tax Credit, Cost-Sharing Reductions, and a Basic Health Program, 89 Fed. Reg. 39392, 39436 (May 8, 2024).

## Afghans with pending or approved applications for asylum:

• Receive the same public benefits access as all other asylees. Afghan asylum applicants will have greater access to public benefits than other asylum applicants if they were granted one of the forms of humanitarian parole listed above that receives access to public benefits to the same extent as refugees. Once an Afghan recipient of humanitarian parole applies for and is granted asylum, they receive access to state and federal public benefits to the same extent as asylees.

See also, Changes to Benefits Eligibility and Services for Afghans Arriving as Humanitarian Parolees, SETTLEIN (Feb. 21, 2024) <a href="https://www.settlein.support/en-us/articles/16903785241629">https://www.settlein.support/en-us/articles/16903785241629</a>
5 UKRAINE SECURITY SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS ACT of 2024, 118 P.L. 50; 2024 Enacted H.R. 815; 118 Enacted H.R. 815; 138 Stat. 895 (2024). Department of Homeland Security, President Biden to Announce Uniting For Ukraine, a New Streamlined Process to Welcome Ukrainians Fleeing the Russian Invasion of Ukraine, DEP'T OF HOMELAND SEC. (April 21, 2022) <a href="https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/ukrainians-2022-dhs/">https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/ukrainians-2022-dhs/</a> (Ukrainians paroled into the U.S. between February 24, 2022, and September 30, 2024 – and their spouses and children, and parents, guardians or primary caregivers of unaccompanied children paroled into the U.S. after September 30, 2024 – are eligible for federal benefits to the same extent as refugees.); See The Administration for Children and Families Office of Refugee Resettlement Policy Letters on Public Benefits for Ukrainian Refugees (November 29, 2023) <a href="https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/orr-policy-letters-ukrainian-refugees">https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/orr-policy-letters-ukrainian-refugees</a> (Contains HHS Policy Letters and Fact Sheets regarding Ukrainian Refugees).

- <sup>6</sup> See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b)(1) (Bona fide T visa applicants with HHS certification, trafficking victims under 18 with HHS eligibility determination, and family members with T visa status are eligible for public benefits to the same extent as refugees.); Classification for Victims of Severe Forms of Trafficking in Persons; Eligibility for "T" Nonimmigrant Status, 81 Fed. Reg. 92266, 92278 (Dec. 19, 2016) (effective Jan. 18, 2017) (to be codified at 8 C.F.R. pts. 212, 214, 245, 274); New Classification for Victims of Severe Forms of Trafficking in Persons; Eligibility for "T" Nonimmigrant Status, 67 Fed. Reg. 4784, 4789-91 (Jan. 31, 2002) (to be codified at 8 C.F.R. pt. 103), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/federal-register-new-classification/.
- <sup>7</sup> See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b)(1)(E)(i)(II)(bb) (Immigrants with HHS certification that their continued presence is needed to effectuate prosecution of human traffickers are eligible to receive public benefits to the same extent as refugees.); OFFICE ON TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS, U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., OTIP-FS-16-01, CERTIFICATION FOR ADULT VICTIMS OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING FACT SHEET 1 (2016), https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification%20Fact%20Sheet%20Posting%20%282%29.pdf.
- <sup>8</sup> See DACA, NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR. (last visited Mar. 2, 2018), https://www.nilc.org/issues/daca/ (DACA is "deferred action" for certain undocumented youth who came to the United States as children.).
- <sup>9</sup> See 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(27)(j) (Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) allows certain youth immigrant survivors of abuse, abandonment, and/or neglect by a parent to obtain legal immigration status.)
- <sup>10</sup> See Ctr. for Medicare & Medicard Serv., U.S. Dep't of Health & Hum. Serv., Medicard and CHIP Coverage for "Lawfully Residing" Children and Pregnant Women 2 (2010), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/pb-gov-hhslawfullyresidingmedicaid-07-01-10-also-in-qualified-immigrants/ (Upon receipt of deferred action U visa applicants are considered lawfully present.). U visa applicants receive deferred action which provides formal protection from deportation when they receive a bona fide determination or wait-list approval from U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS). See ,NIWAP, New DHS U Visa Bona Fide Policy Provides Earlier Access Deferred Action and Work Authorization To Applicants and NIWAP New Study Provides Evidence-Based Support for These New DHS Policies (June 14, 2021) <a href="https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/transforming-lives-study-21">https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/transforming-lives-study-21</a>.
- 11 45 C.F.R. § 155.20 (Defining lawfully present immigrants); 42 CFR § 435.4 (Defining qualified immigrants). For a detailed list of lawfully present immigrants eligible under federal law to purchase health insurance on the exchanges, who may also be eligible for federal or state funded healthcare subsidies, *see*, Leslye E. Orloff, *Health Care Access for Lawfully Present Immigrants Definitions* (May 27, 2024), https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/lawfully-present-healthcare/; Leslye E. Orloff, *Annotated Statutes Related to Public Benefits Eligibility for Immigrant Survivors of Domestic Violence, Child Abuse and Human Trafficking* (May 27, 2024), https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/1641-1631-benefits-laws-annotated/; Leslye E. Orloff, *Annotated Violence Against Women Act (VAWA) Self-Petition Definition INA 101(a)(51)* (May 27, 2024), https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/vawa-self-petitioner-annotated-ina-101a51/.
- 12 State benefits agencies are only allowed to ask for immigration status and social security number information for the family members who is the applicant for the benefit. See NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR, Privacy Protections in Selected Federal Benefits Programs (Feb. 21, 2018) https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2018/03/privacy-protections-fed-programs-tbl-2018.pdf (providing guidelines on what information a State may request from a parent applying on behalf of a child applicant); see also Anna Pohl, Hema Sarangapani, Amanda Baran, and Cecilia Olavarria, Chapter 4.3: Barriers to Accessing Services: The Importance of Advocates Accompanying Battered Immigrants Applying for Public Benefits (Jul. 10, 2013), <a href="https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/ch4-3-importance-advocates">https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/ch4-3-importance-advocates</a>; see also Policy Guidance Regarding Inquiries Into Citizenship, Immigration Status and Social Security Numbers In State Applications For Medicaid, State Children's Health Insurance Program (Schip), Temporary Assistance For Needy Families (Tanf), and Food Stamp Benefits, U.S. DEP'T HEALTH & HUM. SERV. (Mar. 24, 2006), https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/pb-gov-hhsqacitizenshippolicyguidance-03-24-06.

- <sup>13</sup> In Hawaii, noncitizens entering the U.S. under the Compact of Free Association from the Marshall Islands, the Northern Mariana Islands, Palau, and the Trust Territory Pacific Islands (Kosrae, Pohnpei, Chuuk and Yap) are eligible for Hawaii state funded TANF.
- <sup>14</sup> Battered Spouse Waiver victims are VAWA self-petitioners as defined in INA § 101(a)(51). To be eligible for a battered spouse waiver the victim must be a battered immigrant spouse of a U.S. citizen or lawful permanent resident who filed an immigration case on the battered spouse's behalf through which the immigrant spouse was granted conditional permanent residency. Most battered spouse waiver applicants will have conditional permanent residency at the time they file their battered spouse waiver application. Their public benefits eligibility is based either on their conditional permanent residency or on their battered spouse waiver application. It is important to note that after an abused immigrant spouse files their battered spouse waiver application, they become eligible for VAWA self-petitioning related deeming exceptions and eligible for state funded public benefits to the same extent as all other VAWA self-petitioners in states that grant self-petitioners access to state funded public benefits.
- <sup>15</sup> NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table\_ovrw\_fedprogs/. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c).
- 16 8 U.S.C. 1631(f) (Qualified immigrants who have been battered or subjected to extreme cruelty by a spouse, a parent or a member of the spouse's or parent's family are exempt from deeming for 12 months. The exemption from deeming may be extended if the battered immigrant obtains an order from a judge or a ruling from the U.S. Department of Homeland Security recognizing the battering or extreme cruelty the immigrant victim suffered.) (Interim Guidance on Verification of Citizenship, Qualified Alien Status and Eligibility Under Title IV of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, Att'y Gen. Order No. 2129-97, 62 Fed. Reg. 61,344, at 61,371 (Nov. 17, 1997)), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/1997-doj-interim-guidance-benefits/. See Catherine Longville and Leslye Orloff, Public Benefits: What is "Deeming" and What Are its Exceptions, (January 13, 2015), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/deeming-fact-sheet/. Applicability of Public Charge and Deeming Rules to Immigrant Survivors and Their Children Eligible for Healthcare Subsidies, in NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (April 9, 2015), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/public-charge-deeming/
- <sup>17</sup> NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table\_ovrw\_fedprogs/. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c).
- 18 8 U.S.C. 1631(f) (Qualified immigrants who have been battered or subjected to extreme cruelty by a spouse, a parent or a member of the spouse's or parent's family are exempt from deeming for 12 months. The exemption from deeming may be extended if the battered immigrant obtains an order from a judge or a ruling from the U.S. Department of Homeland Security recognizing the battering or extreme cruelty the immigrant victim suffered.) (Interim Guidance on Verification of Citizenship, Qualified Alien Status and Eligibility Under Title IV of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, Att'y Gen. Order No. 2129-97, 62 Fed. Reg. 61,344, at 61,371 (Nov. 17, 1997)), <a href="http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/1997-doj-interim-guidance-benefits/">http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/1997-doj-interim-guidance-benefits/</a>. See Catherine Longville and Leslye Orloff, <a href="https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/deeming-fact-sheet/">https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/deeming-fact-sheet/</a>. Applicability of Public Charge and Deeming Rules to Immigrant Survivors and Their Children Eligible for Healthcare Subsidies, in NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (April 9, 2015), <a href="https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/public-charge-deeming/">https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/public-charge-deeming/</a>
- 198 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(8); 42 C.F.R. § 435.4(1)(viii). Pacific Islanders from the Marshall Islands, Palau, and the Federated States of Micronesia (collectively the Freely Associated States or FAS) living in the United States are eligible for federal public benefits without being subject to the 5 year bar. COMPACT IMPACT FAIRNESS ACT (CIFA) included in CONSOLIDATED APPROPRIATIONS ACT OF 2024 (March 9, 2024); Rebecca Leibowitz and Kevin Block, Access and Obstacles in Obtaining Public Benefits for Immigrants (Legal Aid Society of Hawai'i June 21, 2024) <a href="https://www.hawaiijustice.org/wp-content/uploads/2024/02/Access">https://www.hawaiijustice.org/wp-content/uploads/2024/02/Access</a> Obstacles-to-Public-Benefits-summary.pdf; The Legal Clinic Hawaii, Living In the United States A Guide for Hawaii's Youth 43-46 (July 2022) <a href="https://static1.squarespace.com/static/62f6e4ac7a9ee74c6d1be8a5/t/64767a54515b4111808d3d84/1685486169383/Handbook+December+2022.pdf">https://static1.squarespace.com/static/62f6e4ac7a9ee74c6d1be8a5/t/64767a54515b4111808d3d84/1685486169383/Handbook+December+2022.pdf</a>.

  20 8 U.S.C. 1613(b)(3).
- <sup>21</sup> DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV, Administration for Children and Families, Office of Family Assistance, Q & A: Immigrants (August 20, 2019), <a href="https://www.acf.hhs.gov/ofa/faq/q-immigrants">https://www.acf.hhs.gov/ofa/faq/q-immigrants</a>. (Q2: Does the five-year bar for certain newly arrived qualified aliens apply to all federally-funded TANF benefits (e.g., including benefits that do not meet the definition of assistance)? "A service that is only available to the financially needy would not meet the AG criteria and could be provided only to otherwise eligible citizens and qualified aliens." TANF is such a program.)

  <sup>22</sup> The Legal Clinic Hawaii, Living In the United States A Guide for Hawaii's Youth 43-46 (July 2022)
- https://static1.squarespace.com/static/62f6e4ac7a9ee74c6d1be8a5/t/64767a54515b4111808d3d84/1685486169383/Handbook+December+2022.pdf; See also, NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table 8: State Funded TANF Replacement Programs in GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 102-03 (4th ed. 2002, table updated June 2024)*, <a href="https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2024/06/tbl8">https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2024/06/tbl8</a> state-tanf-2024-06-1.pdf.
- <sup>23</sup> HAW. DEP'TOF HUMAN SERVICES, BENEFIT, EMPLOYMENT & SUPPORT SERVICES, Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) and Temporary Assistance for Other Needy Families (TAONF) <a href="https://humanservices.hawaii.gov/bessd/tanf/">https://humanservices.hawaii.gov/bessd/tanf/</a> ("In response to the federal Welfare Reform, and consistent with Hawaii's State Constitution, Article IX, Section 3, Hawaii created the state funded Temporary Assistance for Other Needy Families or TAONF Program to continue to provide financial assistance to families that had been eligible for benefits through AFDC and would no longer be eligible through TANF due to citizenship. The state funded TAONF Program rules mirror TANF Program rules and provides the same benefits and services to Hawaii's needy families with children, that include mixed citizenship or non-citizenship single and two-parent households.") (last visited Jan. 18, 2025); Rebecca Leibowitz and Kevin Block, Access and Obstacles in Obtaining Public Benefits for Immigrants (Legal Aid Society of Hawaii' June 21, 2024) <a href="https://www.hawaiijustice.org/wp-content/uploads/2024/02/Access">https://www.hawaiijustice.org/wp-content/uploads/2024/02/Access</a> Obstacles-to-Public-Benefits-summary.pdf (Lawful permanent residents and VAWA self-petitioners with prima facie determinations or approvals who have a 5 year bar to federal TANF are eligible for Hawaii funded Temporary Assistance for Other Needy Families, Aid to Aged Blind and Disabled, and General Assistance).; See also Citizens and aliens eligible for financial assistance, HAW. CODE R. § 17-655-41, https://humanservices.hawaii.gov/wp-content/uploads/2018/09/655.pdf (last visited June 18, 2024); NAT'L IMMIGR.N L. CTR., Table 8: State Funded TANF Replacement Programs in Guide To Immigrant Eligibility For Federal Programs 102-03 (4th ed. 2002, table updated June 2024), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2024/06/tbl8 state-tanf-2024-06-1.pdf.

<sup>24</sup> HAW, DEP'TOF HUMAN SERVICES, BENEFIT, EMPLOYMENT & SUPPORT SERVICES, Aid to the Aged, Blind, of Disabled, https://humanservices.hawaii.gov/bessd/aabd/ ("The Assistance to the Aged, Blind and Disabled (AABD) program provides cash benefits for food, clothing, shelter, and other essentials to a gap group of Hawaii residents. They are elderly adults (65 years of age or older) or individuals who meet the Social Security Administration (SSA) definition of disabled or blind. Most are not eligible for federal Social Security benefits. To qualify for State assistance, individuals must have countable income below 34% of the 2006 Federal Poverty Level and resources not exceeding of \$2,000 for a single person and \$3,000 for a couple.") (last visited Jan. 18, 2025). <sup>25</sup> HAW, DEP'TOF HUMAN SERVICES, BENEFIT, EMPLOYMENT & SUPPORT SERVICES, GENERAL SERVICES (GA), https://humanservices.hawaii.gov/bessd/ga/ ("The General Assistance program provides cash benefits for food, clothing, shelter, and other essentials to adults ages 18 through 64, without minor dependents, who are temporarily disabled and who do not qualify for Social Security. To be eligible, the adult must have little or no income, not qualify for a federal category of assistance, and be certified by a DHS medical board to be unable to engage in any substantial employment of at least thirty hours per week for a period of at least sixty days... Assets may not exceed \$2,000 for a single person and \$3,000 for a couple to maintain eligibility.") (last visited Jan. 18, 2025). <sup>26</sup> 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(b)(2)(A)(ii); 1613(b)(1). Federal eligibility for refugees and asylees extends for the first five years after attaining that status. However, if they have attained lawful permanent resident status with 40 qualifying work quarters, they will already have satisfied the five-year bar for eligibility as an LPR by the time their refugee/asylee benefit period for TANF ends. See 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(b)(2)(B). Or, they may be eligible as a veteran and/or member of a veteran's family, for which neither the five-year bar nor the five-year time limit applies. See 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(b)(2)(C), 1613(b)(2). Or, in some states their eligibility as a refugee or asylee continues past this five-year limit. States can also continue to provide benefits once the mandated five year federal coverage period for refugees and asylees ends. See Nat'l Immigration Law Ctr., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct, 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table\_ovrw\_fedprogs/. Since refugees, asylees and trafficking victims with continued presence or who are T visa applicants are not required under U.S. immigration laws to have a sponsor, they are not subject to sponsor deeming. See OFFICE OF FAMILY ASSISTANCE, U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM, SERV., TANF-ACF-PI-2003-03 (Deeming of Sponsor's Income and Resources to A Non-Citizen) (April 17, 2003), https://www.acf.hhs.gov/ofa/resource/policy/pi-ofa/2003/pi2003-2htm-0.

<sup>27</sup> See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b)(1); Classification for Victims of Severe Forms of Trafficking in Persons; Eligibility for "T" Nonimmigrant Status, 81 Fed. Reg. 92266, 92278 (Dec. 19, 2016) (effective Jan. 18, 2017) (codified at 8 C.F.R. pts. 212, 214, 245, 274; New Classification for Victims of Severe Forms of Trafficking in Persons; Eligibility for "T" Nonimmigrant Status, 67 Fed. Reg. 4784, 4789-91 (Jan. 31, 2002) (codified at 8 C.F.R. pt. 103), <a href="https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/federal-register-new-classification/">https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/federal-register-new-classification/</a>. TANF benefits for refugees are available without a five-year waiting period but are limited to five years. However, if the refugee attains lawful permanent resident status with 40 qualifying work quarters, they will already have satisfied the five-year bar for eligibility as a lawful permanent resident by the time their refugee/asylee benefit period for TANF ends. See 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(b)(2)(B). Or, they may be eligible as a veteran and/or member of a veteran's family, for which neither the five-year bar nor the five-year time limit applies. See 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(b)(2)(C), 1613(b)(2). Or, in some states their eligibility as a refugee or asylee continues past this five-year limit. See NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Mar. 2023), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table\_ovrw\_fedprogs/. Since refugees, asylees and trafficking victims with continued presence or who are T visa applicants are not required under U.S. immigration laws to have a sponsor, they are not subject to sponsor deeming. See OFFICE OF FAMILY ASSISTANCE, U.S. DEP'T. OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., TANF-ACF-PI-2003-03 (Deeming of Sponsor's Income and Resources to A Non-Citizen) (April 17, 2003), <a href="https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table\_ovrw\_fedprogs/">https://www.nilc.org/

Trafficking and Violence Protection Act (TVPA) of 2000. Since refugees, asylees and trafficking victims with continued presence or who are T visa applicants are not required under U.S. immigration laws to have a sponsor, they are not subject to sponsor deeming. See Office of Family Assistance, U.S. Dep't of Health & Hum. Serv., TANF-ACF-PI-2003-03 (Deeming of Sponsor's Income and Resources to A Non-Citizen) (April 17, 2003), https://www.acf.hhs.gov/ofa/resource/policy/pi-ofa/2003/pi2003-2htm-0.

<sup>29</sup> The Legal Clinic Hawaii, Living In the United States A Guide for Hawai'i's Youth 43-46 (July 2022)

https://static1.squarespace.com/static/62f6e4ac7a9ee74c6d1be8a5/t/64767a54515b4111808d3d84/1685486169383/Handbook+December+2022.pdf; See also, NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 8: State Funded TANF Replacement Programs in GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 102-03 (4th ed. 2002, table updated June 2024)*, <a href="https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2024/06/tbl8">https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2024/06/tbl8</a> state-tanf-2024-06-1.pdf.

<sup>30</sup> HAW. DEP'TOF HUMAN SERVICES, BENEFIT, EMPLOYMENT & SUPPORT SERVICES, Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) and Temporary Assistance for Other Needy Families (TAONF) <a href="https://humanservices.hawaii.gov/bessd/tanf/">https://humanservices.hawaii.gov/bessd/tanf/</a> ("In response to the federal Welfare Reform, and consistent with Hawaii's State Constitution, Article IX, Section 3, Hawaii created the state funded Temporary Assistance for Other Needy Families or TAONF Program to continue to provide financial assistance to families that had been eligible for benefits through AFDC and would no longer be eligible through TANF due to citizenship. The state funded TAONF Program rules mirror TANF Program rules and provides the same benefits and services to Hawaii's needy families with children, that include mixed citizenship or non-citizenship single and two-parent households.") (last visited Jan. 18, 2025); Rebecca Leibowitz and Kevin Block, Access and Obstacles in Obtaining Public Benefits for Immigrants (Legal Aid Society of Hawaii' June 21, 2024) <a href="https://www.hawaiijustice.org/wp-content/uploads/2024/02/Access">https://www.hawaiijustice.org/wp-content/uploads/2024/02/Access</a> Obstacles-to-Public-Benefits-summary.pdf (Lawful permanent residents and VAWA self-petitioners with prima facie determinations or approvals who have a 5 year bar to federal TANF are eligible for Hawaii funded Temporary Assistance for Other Needy Families, Aid to Aged Blind and Disabled, and General Assistance).; See also Citizens and aliens eligible for financial assistance, HAW. CODE R. § 17-655-41, https://humanservices.hawaii.gov/wp-content/uploads/2018/09/655.pdf (last visited June 18, 2024); NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., Table 8: State Funded TANF Replacement Programs in Guide TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 102-03 (4th ed. 2002, table updated June 2024), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2024/06/tbl8 state-tanf-2024-06-1.pdf.

<sup>34</sup> OFFICE ON TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS, U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., OTIP-FS-16-01, CERTIFICATION FOR ADULT VICTIMS OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING FACT SHEET 1 (2016), https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification%20Fact%20Sheet%20Posting%20%282%29.pdf. See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certification)). Since refugees, asylees and trafficking victims with continued presence or who are T visa applicants are not required under U.S. immigration laws to have a sponsor, they are not subject to sponsor deeming. <a href="https://www.acf.hhs.gov/ofa/resource/policy/pi-ofa/2003/pi2003-2htm-0">https://www.acf.hhs.gov/ofa/resource/policy/pi-ofa/2003/pi2003-2htm-0</a>

<sup>35</sup> OFFICE ON TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS, U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., OTIP-FS-16-01, CERTIFICATION FOR ADULT VICTIMS OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING FACT SHEET 1 (2016), https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification% 20Fact% 20Sheet% 20Posting% 20% 282% 29.pdf. See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b).

<sup>36</sup> The Legal Clinic Hawaii, Living In the United States A Guide for Hawai'i's Youth 43-46 (July 2022)

https://static1.squarespace.com/static/62f6e4ac7a9ee74c6d1be8a5/t/64767a54515b4111808d3d84/1685486169383/Handbook+December+2022.pdf; See also, NAT'L IMMIGR. L CTR., *Table 8: State Funded TANF Replacement Programs in GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 102-03 (4th ed. 2002, table updated June 2024)*, <a href="https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2024/06/tbl8">https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2024/06/tbl8</a> state-tanf-2024-06-1.pdf.

<sup>37</sup> HAW, DEP'TOF HUMAN SERVICES, BENEFIT, EMPLOYMENT & SUPPORT SERVICES, Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) and Temporary Assistance for Other Needy Families (TAONF) https://humanservices.hawaii.gov/bessd/tanf/ ("In response to the federal Welfare Reform, and consistent with Hawaii's State Constitution, Article IX, Section 3, Hawaii created the state funded Temporary Assistance for Other Needy Families or TAONF Program to continue to provide financial assistance to families that had been eligible for benefits through AFDC and would no longer be eligible through TANF due to citizenship. The state funded TAONF Program rules mirror TANF Program rules and provides the same benefits and services to Hawaii's needy families with children, that include mixed citizenship or non-citizenship single and two-parent households.") (last visited Jan. 18, 2025); Rebecca Leibowitz and Kevin Block, Access and Obstacles in Obtaining Public Benefits for Immigrants (Legal Aid Society of Hawai'i June 21, 2024) https://www.hawaiijustice.org/wp-content/uploads/2024/02/Access Obstacles-to-Public-Benefits-summary.pdf (Lawful permanent residents and VAWA self-petitioners with prima facie determinations or approvals who have a 5 year bar to federal TANF are eligible for Hawaii funded Temporary Assistance for Other Needy Families, Aid to Aged Blind and Disabled, and General Assistance).; See also Citizens and aliens eligible for financial assistance, HAW. CODE R. § 17-655-41, https://humanservices.hawaii.gov/wp-content/uploads/2018/09/655.pdf (last visited June 18, 2024); NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., Table 8: State Funded TANF Replacement Programs in GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 102-03 (4th ed. 2002, table updated June 2024), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2024/06/tbl8\_state-tanf-2024-06-1.pdf. 38 HAW. DEP'TOF HUMAN SERVICES, BENEFIT, EMPLOYMENT & SUPPORT SERVICES, Aid to the Aged, Blind, of Disabled, https://humanservices.hawaii.gov/bessd/aabd/ ("The Assistance to the Aged, Blind and Disabled (AABD) program provides cash benefits for food, clothing, shelter, and other essentials to a gap group of Hawaii residents. They are elderly adults (65 years of age or older) or individuals who meet the Social Security Administration (SSA) definition of disabled or blind. Most are not eligible for federal Social Security benefits. To qualify for State assistance, individuals must have countable income below 34% of the 2006 Federal Poverty Level and resources not exceeding of \$2,000 for a single person and \$3,000 for a couple.") (last visited Jan. 18, 2025). <sup>39</sup> HAW. DEP'TOF HUMAN SERVICES, BENEFIT, EMPLOYMENT & SUPPORT SERVICES, General Services (GA), https://humanservices.hawaii.gov/bessd/ga/ ("The General Assistance program provides cash benefits for food, clothing, shelter, and other essentials to adults ages 18 through 64, without minor dependents, who are temporarily disabled and who do not qualify for Social Security. To be eligible, the adult must have little or no income, not qualify for a federal category of assistance, and be certified by a DHS medical board to be unable to engage in any substantial employment of at least thirty hours per week for a period of at least sixty days... Assets may not exceed \$2,000 for a single person and \$3,000 for a couple to maintain eligibility.") (last visited Jan.18, 2025). <sup>40</sup> NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table\_ovrw\_fedprogs/.

41 The Legal Clinic Hawaii, Living In the United States A Guide for Hawai'i's Youth 43-46 (July 2022)

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Funded TANF Replacement Programs in GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 102-03 (4th ed. 2002. table updated June 2024), https://www.nilc.org/wp-

<sup>42</sup> HAW. DEP'TOF HUMAN SERVICES, BENEFIT, EMPLOYMENT & SUPPORT SERVICES, Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) and Temporary Assistance for Other Needy Families (TAONF) <a href="https://humanservices.hawaii.gov/bessd/tanf/">https://humanservices.hawaii.gov/bessd/tanf/</a> ("In response to the federal Welfare Reform, and consistent with Hawaii's State Constitution, Article IX, Section 3, Hawaii created the state funded Temporary Assistance for Other Needy Families or TAONF Program to continue to provide financial assistance to families that had been eligible for benefits through AFDC and would no longer be eligible through TANF due to citizenship. The state funded TAONF Program rules mirror TANF Program rules and provides the same benefits and services to Hawaii's needy families with children, that include mixed citizenship or non-citizenship single and two-parent households.") (last visited Jan. 18, 2025); Rebecca Leibowitz and Kevin Block, Access and Obstacles in Obtaining Public

content/uploads/2024/06/tbl8 state-tanf-2024-06-1.pdf.

<sup>31</sup> Haw. Dep'tof Human Services, Benefit, Employment & Support Services, Aid to the Aged, Blind, of Disabled, <a href="https://humanservices.hawaii.gov/bessd/aabd/">https://humanservices.hawaii.gov/bessd/aabd/</a> ("The Assistance to the Aged, Blind and Disabled (AABD) program provides cash benefits for food, clothing, shelter, and other essentials to a gap group of Hawaii residents. They are elderly adults (65 years of age or older) or individuals who meet the Social Security Administration (SSA) definition of disabled or blind. Most are not eligible for federal Social Security benefits. To qualify for State assistance, individuals must have countable income below 34% of the 2006 Federal Poverty Level and resources not exceeding of \$2,000 for a single person and \$3,000 for a couple.") (last visited Jan. 18, 2025).

32 Haw. Dep'tof Human Services, Benefit, Employment & Support Services, General Services (GA), <a href="https://humanservices.hawaii.gov/bessd/ga/">https://humanservices.hawaii.gov/bessd/ga/</a> ("The General Assistance program provides cash benefits for food, clothing, shelter, and other essentials to adults ages 18 through 64, without minor dependents, who are temporarily disabled and who do not qualify for Social Security. To be eligible, the adult must have little or no income, not qualify for a federal category of assistance, and be certified by a DHS medical board to be unable to engage in any substantial employment of at least thirty hours per week for a period of at least sixty days... Assets may not exceed \$2,000 for a single person and \$3,000 for a couple to maintain eligibility.") (last visited Jan. 18, 2025).

33 Office on Trafficking in Persons, U.S. Dep't of Health & Hum. Serv., OTIP-FS-16-01, Certification For Adult Victims of Human Trafficking Fact Sheet 1 (2016), https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification% 20Fact% 20Sheet% 20Posting% 20% 282% 29.pdf. See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certificat

Benefits for Immigrants (Legal Aid Society of Hawai'i June 21, 2024) https://www.hawaiijustice.org/wp-content/uploads/2024/02/Access Obstacles-to-Public-Benefits-summary.pdf (Lawful permanent residents and VAWA self-petitioners with prima facie determinations or approvals who have a 5 year bar to federal TANF are eligible for Hawaii funded Temporary Assistance for Other Needy Families, Aid to Aged Blind and Disabled, and General Assistance).; See also Citizens and aliens eligible for financial assistance, HAW. CODE R. § 17-655-41, https://humanservices.hawaii.gov/wp-content/uploads/2018/09/655.pdf (last visited June 18, 2024); NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., Table 8: State Funded TANF Replacement Programs in GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 102-03 (4th ed. 2002, table updated June 2024), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2024/06/tbl8 state-tanf-2024-06-1.pdf. <sup>43</sup> HAW. DEP'TOF HUMAN SERVICES, BENEFIT, EMPLOYMENT & SUPPORT SERVICES, Aid to the Aged, Blind, of Disabled, https://humanservices.hawaii.gov/bessd/aabd/ ("The Assistance to the Aged, Blind and Disabled (AABD) program provides cash benefits for food, clothing, shelter, and other essentials to a gap group of Hawaii residents. They are elderly adults (65 years of age or older) or individuals who meet the Social Security Administration (SSA) definition of disabled or blind. Most are not eligible for federal Social Security benefits. To qualify for State assistance, individuals must have countable income below 34% of the 2006 Federal Poverty Level and resources not exceeding of \$2,000 for a single person and \$3,000 for a couple.") (last visited Jan. 18, 2025). 44 HAW, DEP'TOF HUMAN SERVICES, BENEFIT, EMPLOYMENT & SUPPORT SERVICES, General Services (GA), https://humanservices.hawaii.gov/bessd/ga/ ("The General Assistance program provides cash benefits for food, clothing, shelter, and other essentials to adults ages 18 through 64, without minor dependents, who are temporarily disabled and who do not qualify for Social Security. To be eligible, the adult must have little or no income, not qualify for a federal category of assistance, and be certified by a DHS medical board to be unable to engage in any substantial employment of at least thirty hours per week for a period of at least sixty days... Assets may not exceed \$2,000 for a single person and \$3,000 for a couple to maintain eligibility.") (last visited Jan.18, 2025). 45 NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table\_ovrw\_fedprogs/. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1). SIJS applicant with a military connection is eligible without five-year bar. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1). SIJS applicant with a military connection is eligible without five-year bar. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1). SIJS applicant with a military connection is eligible without five-year bar. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1). SIJS applicant with a military connection is eligible without five-year bar. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1). SIJS applicant with a military connection is eligible without five-year bar. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1). SIJS applicant with a military connection is eligible without five-year bar. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1). SIJS applicant with a military connection is eligible without five-year bar. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1). SIJS applicant with a military connection is eligible without five-year bar. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1). SIJS applicant with a military connection is eligible without five-year bar. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1). SIJS applicant with a military connection is eligible without five-year bar. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1). SIJS applicant with a military connection is eligible without five-year bar. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1). SIJS applicant with a military connection is eligible without five-year bar. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1). SIJS applicant with a military connection is eligible without five-year bar. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1). SIJS applicant with a military connection with a military connection of the military connection with a military connection with a military connection of the military connection with a military connection with a military connection of the military connection with a mili 1612(b)(2)(C), 1613(b)(2).

46 8 U.S.C. 1631(f) (Qualified immigrants who have been battered or subjected to extreme cruelty by a spouse, a parent or a member of the spouse's or parent's family are exempt from deeming for 12 months. The exemption from deeming may be extended if the battered immigrant obtains an order from a judge or a ruling from the U.S. Department of Homeland Security recognizing the battering or extreme cruelty the immigrant victim suffered.) (Interim Guidance on Verification of Citizenship, Qualified Alien Status and Eligibility Under Title IV of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, Att'y Gen. Order No. 2129-97, 62 Fed. Reg. 61,344, at 61,371 (Nov. 17, 1997)). http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/1997-doj-interim-guidance-benefits/ See Catherine Longville and Leslye Orloff, Public Benefits: What is "Deeming" and What Are its Exceptions, (January 13, 2015), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/deeming-fact-sheet/; Applicability of Public Charge and Deeming Rules to Immigrant Survivors and Their Children Eligible for Healthcare Subsidies, in NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (April 9, 2015), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/public-charge-deeming/. Qualified immigrants may also be exempt from deeming when they naturalize, when they can show they are credited with 40 qualifying quarters of work, when they qualify for the up to 12 month exception for indigence, or have another form of immigration status does not require sponsorship. See 8 U.S.C. § 1631; DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERVS., OFF. OF FAM. ASSISTANCE, TANF-ACF-PI-2003-03 (Deeming of Sponsor's Income and Resources To A Non-Citizen), (2003), https://www.acf.hhs.gov/ofa/resource/policy/pi-ofa/2003/pi2003-2htm-0

<sup>47</sup> The Legal Clinic Hawaii, Living In the United States A Guide for Hawaiii's Youth 43-46 (July 2022)

<a href="https://static1.squarespace.com/static/62f6e4ac7a9ee74c6d1be8a5/t/64767a54515b4111808d3d84/1685486169383/Handbook+December+2022.pdf">https://static1.squarespace.com/static/62f6e4ac7a9ee74c6d1be8a5/t/64767a54515b4111808d3d84/1685486169383/Handbook+December+2022.pdf</a>; See also, NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table 8: State Funded TANF Replacement Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 102-03 (4th ed. 2002, table updated June 2024)*, <a href="https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2024/06/tbl8">https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2024/06/tbl8</a> state-tanf-2024-06-1.pdf.

<sup>48</sup> See Citizens and aliens eligible for financial assistance, HAW. CODE R. § 17-655-41, http://humanservices.hawaii.gov/wp-content/uploads/2014/01/17-655.pdf (last visited August 1, 2018); NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table 8: State Funded TANF Replacement Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 102-03* (4th ed. 2002, table updated Aug. 2016), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/guide\_tanf/.

<sup>49</sup> HAW. DEP'TOF HUMAN SERVICES, BENEFIT, EMPLOYMENT & SUPPORT SERVICES, Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) and Temporary Assistance for Other Needy Families (TAONF) https://humanservices.hawaii.gov/bessd/tanf/ ("In response to the federal Welfare Reform, and consistent with Hawaii's State Constitution, Article IX, Section 3, Hawaii created the state funded Temporary Assistance for Other Needy Families or TAONF Program to continue to provide financial assistance to families that had been eligible for benefits through AFDC and would no longer be eligible through TANF due to citizenship. The state funded TAONF Program rules mirror TANF Program rules and provides the same benefits and services to Hawaii's needy families with children, that include mixed citizenship or non-citizenship single and two-parent households,") (last visited Jan. 18, 2025); Rebecca Leibowitz and Kevin Block, Access and Obstacles in Obtaining Public Benefits for Immigrants (Legal Aid Society of Hawai'i June 21, 2024) https://www.hawaiijustice.org/wp-content/uploads/2024/02/Access\_Obstacles-to-Public-Benefits-summary.pdf (Lawful permanent residents and VAWA self-petitioners with prima facie determinations or approvals who have a 5 year bar to federal TANF are eligible for Hawaii funded Temporary Assistance for Other Needy Families, Aid to Aged Blind and Disabled, and General Assistance).; See also Citizens and aliens eligible for financial assistance, HAW. CODE R. § 17-655-41, https://humanservices.hawaii.gov/wp-content/uploads/2018/09/655.pdf (last visited June 18, 2024); NAT'L IMMIGR, L. CTR., Table 8: State Funded TANF Replacement Programs in GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 102-03 (4th ed. 2002, table updated June 2024), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2024/06/tbl8 state-tanf-2024-06-1.pdf. 50 HAW. DEP'TOF HUMAN SERVICES, BENEFIT, EMPLOYMENT & SUPPORT SERVICES, Aid to the Aged, Blind, of Disabled, https://humanservices.hawaii.gov/bessd/aabd/ ("The Assistance to the Aged, Blind and Disabled (AABD) program provides cash benefits for food, clothing, shelter, and other essentials to a gap group of Hawaii residents. They are elderly adults (65 years of age or older) or individuals who meet the Social Security Administration (SSA) definition of disabled or blind. Most are not eligible for federal Social Security benefits. To qualify for State assistance, individuals must have countable income below 34% of the 2006 Federal Poverty Level and resources not exceeding of \$2,000 for a single person and \$3,000 for a couple.") (last visited Jan. 18, 2025). 51 HAW. DEP'TOF HUMAN SERVICES, BENEFIT, EMPLOYMENT & SUPPORT SERVICES, General Services (GA), https://humanservices.hawaii.gov/bessd/ga/ ("The General Assistance program provides cash benefits for food, clothing, shelter, and other essentials to adults ages 18 through 64, without minor dependents, who are temporarily disabled and who do not qualify for Social Security. To be

eligible, the adult must have little or no income, not qualify for a federal category of assistance, and be certified by a DHS medical board to be unable to engage in any substantial employment of at least thirty hours per week for a period of at least sixty days... Assets may not exceed \$2,000 for a single person and \$3,000 for a couple to maintain eligibility.") (last visited Jan.18, 2025).

52 NAT'L IMMIGR. L CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table\_ovrw\_fedprogs/. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).

53 8 U.S.C. 1631(f) (Qualified immigrants who have been battered or subjected to extreme cruelty by a spouse, a parent or a member of the spouse's or parent's family are exempt from deeming for 12 months. The exemption from deeming may be extended if the battered immigrant obtains an order from a judge or a ruling from the U.S. Department of Homeland Security recognizing the battering or extreme cruelty the immigrant victim suffered.) (Interim Guidance on Verification of Citizenship, Qualified Alien Status and Eligibility Under Title IV of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, Att'y Gen. Order No. 2129-97, 62 Fed. Reg. 61,344, at 61,371 (Nov. 17, 1997)). http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/1997-doj-interim-guidance-benefits/ See Catherine Longville and Leslye Orloff, Public Benefits: What is "Deeming" and What Are its Exceptions, (January 13, 2015), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/deeming-fact-sheet/; Applicability of Public Charge and Deeming Rules to Immigrant Survivors and Their Children Eligible for Healthcare Subsidies, in NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (April 9, 2015), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/public-charge-deeming/. Qualified immigrants may also be exempt from deeming when they naturalize, when they can show they are credited with 40 qualifying quarters of work, when they qualify for the up to 12 month exception for indigence, or have another form of immigration status does not require sponsorship. 8 U.S.C. § 1631; DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERVS., OFF. OF FAM. ASSISTANCE, TANF-ACF-PI-2003-03 (Deeming of Sponsor's Income and Resources To A Non-Citizen), (2003), https://www.acf.hhs.gov/ofa/resource/policy/pi-ofa/2003/pi2003-2htm-0

<sup>54</sup> The Legal Clinic Hawaii, Living In the United States A Guide for Hawaii'is Youth 43-46 (July 2022) <a href="https://static1.squarespace.com/static/62f6e4ac7a9ee74c6d1be8a5/t/64767a54515b4111808d3d84/1685486169383/Handbook+December+2022.pdf">https://static1.squarespace.com/static/62f6e4ac7a9ee74c6d1be8a5/t/64767a54515b4111808d3d84/1685486169383/Handbook+December+2022.pdf</a>; See also, NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table 8: State Funded TANF Replacement Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 102-03 (4th ed. 2002, table updated June 2024), <a href="https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2024/06/tbl8">https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2024/06/tbl8</a> state-tanf-2024-06-1.pdf.

<sup>55</sup> See Citizens and aliens eligible for financial assistance, HAW. CODE R. § 17-655-41, http://humanservices.hawaii.gov/wp-content/uploads/2014/01/17-655.pdf (last visited August 1, 2018); NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table 8: State Funded TANF Replacement Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 102-03 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Aug. 2016)*, https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/guide\_tanf/.

https://humanservices.hawaii.gov/bessd/tanf/ ("In response to the federal Welfare Reform, and consistent with Hawaii's State Constitution, Article IX, Section 3, Hawaii created the state funded Temporary Assistance for Other Needy Families or TAONF Program to continue to provide financial assistance to families that had been eligible for benefits through AFDC and would no longer be eligible through TANF due to citizenship. The state funded TAONF Program rules mirror TANF Program rules and provides the same benefits and services to Hawaii's needy families with children, that include mixed citizenship or non-citizenship single and two-parent households.") (last visited Jan. 18, 2025); Rebecca Leibowitz and Kevin Block, Access and Obstacles in Obtaining Public Benefits for Immigrants (Legal Aid Society of Hawaii' June 21, 2024) <a href="https://www.hawaiijustice.org/wp-content/uploads/2024/02/Access">https://www.hawaiijustice.org/wp-content/uploads/2024/02/Access</a> Obstacles-to-Public-Benefits-summary.pdf (Lawful permanent residents and VAWA self-petitioners with prima facie determinations or approvals who have a 5 year bar to federal TANF are eligible for Hawaii funded Temporary Assistance for Other Needy Families, Aid to Aged Blind and Disabled, and General Assistance).; See also Citizens and aliens eligible for financial assistance, HAW. CODE R. § 17-655-41, https://humanservices.hawaii.gov/wp-content/uploads/2018/09/655.pdf (last visited June 18, 2024); NAT'L IMMIGR. L CTR., Table 8: State Funded TANF Replacement Programs in Guide Tool

https://humanservices.hawaii.gov/wp-content/uploads/2018/09/655.pdf (last visited June 18, 2024); NAT'L IMMIGR. L CTR., Table 8: State Funded TANF Replacement Programs in GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 102-03 (4th ed. 2002, table updated June 2024), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2024/06/tbl8\_state-tanf-2024-06-1.pdf.

<sup>57</sup> HAW. DEP'TOF HUMAN SERVICES, BENEFIT, EMPLOYMENT & SUPPORT SERVICES, Aid to the Aged, Blind, of Disabled, <a href="https://humanservices.hawaii.gov/bessd/aabd/">https://humanservices.hawaii.gov/bessd/aabd/</a> ("The Assistance to the Aged, Blind and Disabled (AABD) program provides cash benefits for food, clothing, shelter, and other essentials to a gap group of Hawaii residents. They are elderly adults (65 years of age or older) or individuals who meet the Social Security Administration (SSA) definition of disabled or blind. Most are not eligible for federal Social Security benefits. To qualify for State assistance, individuals must have countable income below 34% of the 2006 Federal Poverty Level and resources not exceeding of \$2,000 for a single person and \$3,000 for a couple.") (last visited Jan. 18, 2025).

58 HAW. DEP'TOF HUMAN SERVICES, Benefit, Employment & Support Services, General Services (GA), <a href="https://humanservices.hawaii.gov/bessd/ga/">https://humanservices.hawaii.gov/bessd/ga/</a> ("The General Assistance program provides cash benefits for food, clothing, shelter, and other essentials to adults ages 18 through 64, without minor dependents, who are temporarily disabled and who do not qualify for Social Security. To be eligible, the adult must have little or no income, not qualify for a federal category of assistance, and be certified by a DHS medical board to be unable to engage in any substantial employment of at least thirty hours per week for a period of at least sixty days... Assets may not exceed \$2,000 for a single person and \$3,000 for a couple to maintain eligibility.") (last visited Jan.18, 2025).

59 NAT'L IMMIGR. L CTR., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility For Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct.)

<sup>59</sup> NAT'L IMMIGR. L CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17*, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table\_ovrw\_fedprogs/.

<sup>60</sup> NAT'L IMMIGR. L CTR.., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table\_ovrw\_fedprogs/.

<sup>61</sup> In determining Child Care Development Fund direct eligibility for subsidized child care, eligibility is based on the citizenship or immigration status of the child. The immigration status of the child's parent or parents is not relevant to this determination. Citizen and qualified immigrant children are directly eligible for all CCDF funded child care, including but not limited to child care provided by non-profit charitable organizations. U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Verification of Citizenship and Immigration Status by Non-Profit Organizations and Head Start

Grantees, in Office of Child Care (May 2, 2008), https://www.acf.hhs.gov/occ/resource/pi-2008-01; NAT'L IMMIGR. L CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare\_pp116-17\_053106.pdf. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c).

- <sup>62</sup> NAT'L IMMIGR. L CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare\_pp116-17\_053106.pdf. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c).
- 638 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(8); 42 C.F.R. § 435.4(1)(viii). Pacific Islanders from the Marshall Islands, Palau, and the Federated States of Micronesia (collectively the Freely Associated States or FAS) living in the United States are eligible for federal public benefits without being subject to the 5 year bar. Compact Impact Fairness Act (CIFA) included in Consolidated Appropriations Act of 2024 (March 9, 2024); Rebecca Leibowitz and Kevin Block, Access and Obstacles in Obtaining Public Benefits for Immigrants (Legal Aid Society of Hawai'i June 21, 2024) <a href="https://www.hawaiijustice.org/wp-content/uploads/2024/02/Access">https://www.hawaiijustice.org/wp-content/uploads/2024/02/Access</a> Obstacles-to-Public-Benefits-summary.pdf; The Legal Clinic Hawaii, Living In the United States A Guide for Hawaii's Youth 43-46 (July 2022) <a href="https://static1.squarespace.com/static/62f6e4ac7a9ee74c6d1be8a5/t/64767a54515b4111808d3d84/1685486169383/Handbook+December+2022.pdf">https://static1.squarespace.com/static/62f6e4ac7a9ee74c6d1be8a5/t/64767a54515b4111808d3d84/1685486169383/Handbook+December+2022.pdf</a>.
- 65 Administration for Children and Families, Office of Family Assistance, Q & A: Immigrants, DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV (August 20, 2019), https://www.acf.hhs.gov/ofa/faq/q-immigrants... (Q2: Does the five-year bar for certain newly arrived qualified aliens apply to all federally-funded TANF benefits (e.g., including benefits that do not meet the definition of assistance)? "A service that is only available to the financially needy would not meet the AG criteria and could be provided only to otherwise eligible citizens and qualified aliens." TANF is such a program.)

  66 The Legal Clinic Hawaii, Living In the United States A Guide for Hawaii'is Youth 43-46 (July 2022)

https://static1.squarespace.com/static/62f6e4ac7a9ee74c6d1be8a5/t/64767a54515b4111808d3d84/1685486169383/Handbook+December+2022.pdf; See also, NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table 8: State Funded TANF Replacement Programs in GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 102-03 (4th ed. 2002, table updated June 2024)*, <a href="https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2024/06/tbl8">https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2024/06/tbl8</a> state-tanf-2024-06-1.pdf.

67 DEP'TOF HUM. SERVS (DHS) Benefit, Employment and Support Services Division, Child Care Subsidy Information Sheet (August 2024) <a href="https://humanservices.hawaii.gov/wp-content/uploads/2024/08/Child-Care-Information-Sheet-08-2024.pdf">https://humanservices.hawaii.gov/wp-content/uploads/2024/08/Child-Care-Information-Sheet-08-2024.pdf</a>; Department of Human Services, Benefit, Employment & Support Services, Child Care Subsidy

<a href="https://humanservices.hawaii.gov/bessd/ccch-subsidies/">https://humanservices.hawaii.gov/bessd/ccch-subsidies/</a> (last visited Jan. 18, 2025); State of Hawaii, Department of Human Services, Public Assistance Information System (PAIS), Child Care Subsidy (CCS) <a href="https://pais.dhs.hawaii.gov/PAIS/#!/child-care-connection-hawaii">https://humanservices.hawaii.gov/bessd/ccch-subsidies/</a> (last visited Jan. 18, 2025); The Legal Clinic Hawaii, Living In the United States A Guide for Hawaii's Youth 44 (July 2022) <a href="https://https://static1.squarespace.com/static/62f6e4ac7a9ee74c6d1be8a5/t/64767a54515b4111808d3d84/1685486169383/Handbook+December+2022.pdf">https://static1.squarespace.com/static/62f6e4ac7a9ee74c6d1be8a5/t/64767a54515b4111808d3d84/1685486169383/Handbook+December+2022.pdf</a>

68 The Preschool Open Doors program has no immigration restrictions. The Legal Clinic Hawaii, Living In the United States A Guide for Hawaii'is Youth 44 (July 2022) https://static1.squarespace.com/static/62f6e4ac7a9ee74c6d1be8a5/t/64767a54515b4111808d3d84/1685486169383/Handbook+December+2022.pdf.; State of Hawaii, Department of Human Services.

DHS Expands Preschool Open Doors Program to Include Eligible 3-year-olds and Increases Income Eligibility Limits (January 12, 2024) <a href="https://humanservices.hawaii.gov/dhs-expands-preschool-open-doors-program-to-include-eligible-3-year-olds-and-increases-income-eligibility-limits/">https://humanservices.hawaii.gov/dhs-expands-preschool-open-doors-program-to-include-eligible-3-year-olds-and-increases-income-eligibility-limits/</a>; State of Hawaii

Department of Human Services, Public Assistance Information System (PAIS), Preschool Open Doors, <a href="https://pais.dhs.hawaii.gov/PAIS/#!/preschool-open-doors">https://pais.dhs.hawaii.gov/PAIS/#!/preschool-open-doors</a> (last visited Jan. 18, 2025).

 $^{69}$  See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(2)-(3). NAT'L IMMIGR. L CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare\_pp116-17\_053106.pdf.

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- https://static1.squarespace.com/static/62f6e4ac7a9ee74c6d1be8a5/t/64767a54515b4111808d3d84/1685486169383/Handbook+December+2022.pdf.; State of Hawaii, Department of Human Services, DHS Expands Preschool Open Doors Program to Include Eligible 3-year-olds and Increases Income Eligibility Limits (January 12, 2024) <a href="https://humanservices.hawaii.gov/dhs-expands-preschool-open-doors-program-to-include-eligible-3-year-olds-and-increases-income-eligibility-limits/">https://humanservices.hawaii.gov/dhs-expands-preschool-open-doors-program-to-include-eligible-3-year-olds-and-increases-income-eligibility-limits/</a>; State of Hawaii
- Department of Human Services, Public Assistance Information System (PAIS), Preschool Open Doors, https://pais.dhs.hawaii.gov/PAIS/#!/preschool-open-doors (last visited Jan. 18, 2025).
- 101 See FOOD & NUTRITION SERV., U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM (SNAP) (2017), https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/eligibility (As with most public benefits, to obtain food stamps, individuals must also meet resource, income, and employment requirements. There is a pre-screening tool to determine if an individual might be eligible for nutrition assistance.); See also SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018). (In general, non-citizens who have lived in the U.S. for 5 years or more, are blind or disabled, are under the age of 18, were admitted for lawful permanent residence with 40 qualifying quarters or are lawfully residing and are on active duty in the U.S. Army, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard or honorably discharged are eligible.)
- <sup>102</sup> NAT'L IMMIGR. L CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table\_ovrw\_fedprogs/; *SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility*, U.S. Dep't of Agric., Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018); *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c); *See also* 8 U.S.C. § 1612(a)(1)-1612(a)(2). Battered immigrants are not subject to deeming for at least 12 months, with the possibility of extension. *See Guidance on Non-Citizen Eligibility*, U.S. Dep't of Agric., Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program, at 31, available at https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/eligibility/non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Apr. 29, 2023)

  <sup>103</sup> 8 U.S.C. 1612(a)(2)(N).
- <sup>104</sup> Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Guidance on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, at 4, <a href="https://fns-prod.azureedge.net/sites/default/files/snap/Non-Citizen\_Guidance\_063011.pdf">https://fns-prod.azureedge.net/sites/default/files/snap/Non-Citizen\_Guidance\_063011.pdf</a> (last accessed Mar. 13, 2019).
- 105 See 8 USC \$1612(a)(2)(A) and (L). Directly eligible for SNAP as refugees and asylees for seven years. However, they retain eligibility past the seven years since they will have transitioned into qualified immigrant status, with indefinite eligibility for SNAP, after five years. See 8 U.S.C. \$ 1641(b)(2)-(3). See also Nat'l Immigration Law Ctr., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), <a href="https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table\_ovrw\_fedprogs/">https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table\_ovrw\_fedprogs/</a>; 8 U.S.C. \$ 1641(b)(2)-(3). See also Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Guidance on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, at 31, <a href="https://fns-prod.azureedge.net/sites/default/files/snap/Non-Citizen\_Guidance\_063011.pdf">https://fns-prod.azureedge.net/sites/default/files/snap/Non-Citizen\_Guidance\_063011.pdf</a> (last accessed Mar. 13, 2019). <a href="https://fns-prod.azureedge.net/sites/default/files/snap/Non-Citizen\_Guidance\_063011.pdf">https://fns-prod.azureedge.net/sites/default/files/snap/Non-Citizen\_Guidance\_063011.pdf</a>
- <sup>106</sup> 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(4); NAT'L IMMIGR. L CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility For Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table\_ovrw\_fedprogs/; *SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility*, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018).
- 107NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table\_ovrw\_fedprogs/; *SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility*, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018); *See* 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS certification. Applicants under age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certification)).
- <sup>108</sup> NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table\_ovrw\_fedprogs/; *SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility*, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018);. *See* 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS certification. Applicants under age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certification)).
- <sup>109</sup> OFFICE ON TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS, U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., OTIP-FS-16-01, CERTIFICATION FOR ADULT VICTIMS OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING FACT SHEET 1 (2016), https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification%20Fact%20Sheet%20Posting%20%282%29.pdf. See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b).
- 110 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b). Applicants over age 18 require an HHS certification. Applicants under age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certification). See

  NAT'L IMMIGR. L.CTR., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility For Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct.
  2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table\_ovrw\_fedprogs/; SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. Dep't of Agric., Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program,
  https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018).
- 111 NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table\_ovrw\_fedprogs/; *SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility*, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018).
- 112 SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018).
- 113 SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018). Five-year residency includes time in qualified status prior to turning 18. When SIJS children become qualified immigrants, they may be exempt from deeming when they naturalize, or if they can show they are credited with 40 qualifying quarters of work, or if they are eligible for a 12 month exception for indigence, or have another form of immigration status does not require

- sponsorship. 8 U.S.C. § 1631; Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Guidance on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, at 31-33, <a href="https://fns-prod.azureedge.net/sites/default/files/snap/Non-Citizen Guidance 063011.pdf">https://fns-prod.azureedge.net/sites/default/files/snap/Non-Citizen Guidance 063011.pdf</a> (last accessed Mar. 13, 2019).
- 114 SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018). (Although eligibility based on 40 work quarters includes work performed by applicant, spouse, and parents while the applicant was under 18, SIJS youth are generally not able to satisfy this condition.).
- 115 SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018). May be subject to deeming.
- 116 NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table\_ovrw\_fedprogs/; *SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility*, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018).
- 117 SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018). (Eligible children are exempt from sponsor deeming.).
- 118 SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018). (Five-year residency includes time in qualified status prior to turning 18.). May be subject to deeming.
- <sup>119</sup> See SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018). (Although eligibility based on 40 work quarters includes work performed by applicant, spouse, and parents while the applicant was under 18, SIJS youth are generally not able to satisfy this condition.).
- <sup>120</sup> SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018). (Born on or before August 22, 1931 and lawfully resided in the U.S. on August 22, 1996.). May be subject to deeming.
- <sup>121</sup> SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018). May be subject to deeming.
- 122 42 U.S.C.S. § 1786; Women, Infants, and Children (WIC), U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC. FOOD & NUTRITION SERV., https://www.fns.usda.gov/wic/women-infants-and-children-wic (last visited June 14, 2018).
- 123 WIC Contacts, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC. FOOD & NUTRITION SERV., https://www.fns.usda.gov/wic/wic-contacts (last visited June 14, 2018).
- 124 WIC Eligibility Requirements, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC. FOOD & NUTRITION SERV., https://www.fns.usda.gov/wic/wic-eligibility-requirements (last visited June 14, 2018).
- 125 Hawaii WIC Program, STATE OF HAW., DEP'T OF HEALTH, http://health.hawaii.gov/wic/program\_details/#howto (last visited June 18, 2018).
- <sup>126</sup> Current Federal Poverty Level Guidelines for Hawaii, STATE OF HAW., DEP'T OF HEALTH, http://health.hawaii.gov/wic/files/2017/07/HIWICI\_Cert\_and\_Elig\_2017\_2018.pdf (last visited June 18, 2018).
- 127 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c); HealthCare.gov, Immigration status and the Marketplace (last visited November 29, 2023) (Listing immigrants with which immigration statuses are legally able to use the Marketplace); See NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., "LAWFULLY PRESENT" INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE UNDER THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT 5 (2012, rev. 2016), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/lawfully-present-imm-categories-ACA-2016-07.pdf. See, CENTERS FOR MEDICARE AND MEDICAID SERVICES (CMS), DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES (HHS), CLARIFYING THE ELIGIBILITY OF DEFERRED ACTION FOR CHILDHOOD ARRIVALS (DACA) RECIPIENTS AND CERTAIN OTHER NONCITIZENS FOR A QUALIFIED HEALTH PLAN THROUGH AN EXCHANGE, ADVANCE PAYMENTS OF THE PREMIUM TAX CREDIT, COST-SHARING REDUCTIONS, AND A BASIC HEALTH PROGRAM (May 8, 2024) <a href="https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/2024-final-aca-daca-fed-reg/">https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/2024-final-aca-daca-fed-reg/</a>; Leslye E. Orloff, <a href="https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/lawfully-present-healthcare/">https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/lawfully-present-healthcare/</a>.
- 128 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c); HealthCare.gov, Immigration status and the Marketplace (last visited November 29, 2023) (Listing immigrants with which immigration statuses are legally able to use the Marketplace); See NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., "LAWFULLY PRESENT" INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE UNDER THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT 5 (2012, rev. 2016), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/lawfully-present-imm-categories-ACA-2016-07.pdf. See, CENTERS FOR MEDICARE AND MEDICAID SERVICES (CMS), DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES (HHS), CLARIFYING THE ELIGIBILITY OF DEFERRED ACTION FOR CHILDHOOD ARRIVALS (DACA) RECIPIENTS AND CERTAIN OTHER NONCITIZENS FOR A QUALIFIED HEALTH PLAN THROUGH AN EXCHANGE, ADVANCE PAYMENTS OF THE PREMIUM TAX CREDIT, COST-SHARING REDUCTIONS, AND A BASIC HEALTH PROGRAM (May 8, 2024) <a href="https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/2024-final-aca-daca-fed-reg/">https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/2024-final-aca-daca-fed-reg/</a>; Leslye E. Orloff, <a href="https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/lawfully-present-healthcare/">https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/lawfully-present-healthcare/</a>.

  129 8 U.S.C. 1613(b)(3).
- 130 NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., "LAWFULLY PRESENT" INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE UNDER THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT 5 (2012, rev. 2016), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/lawfully-present-imm-categories-ACA-2016-07.pdf. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c); See, CENTERS FOR MEDICARE AND MEDICAID SERVICES (CMS), DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES (HHS), CLARIFYING THE ELIGIBILITY OF DEFERRED ACTION FOR CHILDHOOD ARRIVALS (DACA) RECIPIENTS AND CERTAIN OTHER NONCITIZENS FOR A QUALIFIED HEALTH PLAN THROUGH AN EXCHANGE, ADVANCE PAYMENTS OF THE PREMIUM TAX CREDIT, COST-SHARING REDUCTIONS, AND A BASIC HEALTH PROGRAM (May 8, 2024) <a href="https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/2024-final-aca-daca-fed-reg/">https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/2024-final-aca-daca-fed-reg/</a>; Leslye E. Orloff, Health Care Access for Lawfully Present Immigrants Definitions (May 27, 2024) https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/lawfully-present-healthcare/.
- 131 NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table: Medical Assistance Programs for Immigrants in Various States in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 122-23, 126-27 (4th ed. 2002, table rev. Jul. 2021), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/11/med-services-for-imms-in-states.pdf;
- 132 NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., "LAWFULLY PRESENT" INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE UNDER THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT 2 (2012, rev. 2016), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/lawfully-present-imm-categories-ACA-2016-07.pdf. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(2); See, CENTERS FOR MEDICARE AND MEDICAID SERVICES (CMS), DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES (HHS), CLARIFYING THE

ELIGIBILITY OF DEFERRED ACTION FOR CHILDHOOD ARRIVALS (DACA) RECIPIENTS AND CERTAIN OTHER NONCITIZENS FOR A QUALIFIED HEALTH PLAN THROUGH AN EXCHANGE, ADVANCE PAYMENTS OF THE PREMIUM TAX CREDIT, COST-SHARING REDUCTIONS, AND A BASIC HEALTH PROGRAM (May 8, 2024) <a href="https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/2024-final-aca-daca-fed-reg/">https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/2024-final-aca-daca-fed-reg/</a>; Leslye E. Orloff, <a href="https:

- 133 Cindy Mann, Ctr. for Medicare & Medicaid Serv., U.S. Dep't of Health & Hum. Serv., Medicaid and CHIP Coverage for "Lawfully Residing" Children and Pregnant Women 3 (2010), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/pb-gov-hhslawfullyresidingmedicaid-07-01-10-also-in-qualified-immigrants/. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(3); 45 C.F.R § 152.2(5) (2017) ("A pending applicant for asylum under section 208(a) of the INA (8 U.S.C. § 1158) or for withholding of removal under section 241(b)(3) of the INA (8 U.S.C. § 1231) or under the Convention Against Torture who has been granted employment authorization, and such an applicant under the age of 14 who has had an application pending for at least 180 days."); See, Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS), Department of Health and Human Services (HHS), Clarifying the Eligibility of Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) Recipients and Certain Other Noncitizens for a Qualified Health Plan through an Exchange, Advance Payments of the Premium Tax Credit, Cost-Sharing Reductions, and a Basic Health Program (May 8, 2024) <a href="https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/2024-final-aca-daca-fed-reg/">https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/2024-final-aca-daca-fed-reg/</a>; Leslye E. Orloff, <a href="https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/lawfully-present-healthcare/">https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/lawfully-present-healthcare/</a>.
- 134 NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., "LAWFULLY PRESENT" INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE UNDER THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT 5 (2012, rev. 2016), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/lawfully-present-imm-categories-ACA-2016-07.pdf. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(4). See, Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS), Department of Health and Human Services (HHS), Clarifying the Eligibility of Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) Recipients and Certain Other Noncitizens for a Qualified Health Plan through an Exchange, Advance Payments of the Premium Tax Credit, Cost-Sharing Reductions, and a Basic Health Program (May 8, 2024) <a href="https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/2024-final-aca-daca-fed-reg/">https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/2024-final-aca-daca-fed-reg/</a>.
- 135 42 C.F.R. § 435.4(2)(ii), (iv), and (v); See, Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS), Department of Health and Human Services (HHS), Clarifying the Eligibility of Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) Recipients and Certain Other Noncitizens for a Qualified Health Plan through an Exchange, Advance Payments of the Premium Tax Credit, Cost-Sharing Reductions, and a Basic Health Program (May 8, 2024) <a href="https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/2024-final-aca-daca-fed-reg/">https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/2024-final-aca-daca-fed-reg/</a>.
- <sup>136</sup> NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table: Medical Assistance Programs for Immigrants in Various States in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 122-23, 126-27 (4th ed. 2002, table rev. Jul. 2021), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/11/med-services-for-imms-in-states.pdf;
- 137 NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., "LAWFULLY PRESENT" INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE UNDER THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT 5 (2012, rev. 2016), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/lawfully-present-imm-categories-ACA-2016-07.pdf. See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS certification. Applicants under age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certification)). See, Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS), Department of Health and Human Services (HHS), Clarifying the Eligibility of Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) Recipients and Certain Other Noncitizens for a Qualified Health Plan through an Exchange, Advance Payments of the Premium Tax Credit, Cost-Sharing Reductions, and a Basic Health Program (May 8, 2024) <a href="https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/2024-final-aca-daca-fed-reg/">https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/2024-final-aca-daca-fed-reg/</a>.
- 138 OFFICE ON TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS, U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., OTIP-FS-16-01, CERTIFICATION FOR ADULT VICTIMS OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING FACT SHEET 1 (2016), https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification%20Fact%20Sheet%20Posting%20%282%29.pdf. See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b).
- 139 NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., "LAWFULLY PRESENT" INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE UNDER THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT 5 (2012, rev. 2016), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/lawfully-present-imm-categories-ACA-2016-07.pdf. See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS certification. Applicants under age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certification)). See, Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS), Department of Health and Human Services (HHS), Clarifying the Eligibility of Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) Recipients and Certain Other Noncitizens for a Qualified Health Plan through an Exchange, Advance Payments of the Premium Tax Credit, Cost-Sharing Reductions, and a Basic Health Program (May 8, 2024) <a href="https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/2024-final-aca-daca-fed-reg/">https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/2024-final-aca-daca-fed-reg/</a>.
- <sup>140</sup> NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table: Medical Assistance Programs for Immigrants in Various States in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 122-23, 126-27 (4th ed. 2002, table rev. Jul. 2021), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/11/med-services-for-imms-in-states.pdf;
- 141 45 C.F.R. 152.2(4)(vi); 8 C.F.R. 236.22. (Beginning November 1, 2024 recipients of Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) are eligible for access to state and federal healthcare exchanges.); See, CENTERS FOR MEDICARE AND MEDICAID SERVICES (CMS), DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES (HHS), CLARIFYING THE ELIGIBILITY OF DEFERRED ACTION FOR CHILDHOOD ARRIVALS (DACA) RECIPIENTS AND CERTAIN OTHER NONCITIZENS FOR A QUALIFIED HEALTH PLAN THROUGH AN EXCHANGE, ADVANCE PAYMENTS OF THE PREMIUM TAX CREDIT, COSTSHARING REDUCTIONS, AND A BASIC HEALTH PROGRAM (May 8, 2024) <a href="https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/2024-final-aca-daca-fed-reg/">https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/2024-final-aca-daca-fed-reg/</a>; Leslye E. Orloff, <a href="https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/lawfully-present-healthcare/">https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/lawfully-present-healthcare/</a>.
- 142 NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table: Medical Assistance Programs for Immigrants in Various States in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 122-23, 126-27 (4th ed. 2002, table rev. Jul. 2021), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/11/med-services-for-imms-in-states.pdf;
- 143 45 C.F.R. 152.2(7); NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., "LAWFULLY PRESENT" INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE UNDER THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT 5 (2012, rev. 2016), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/lawfully-present-imm-categories-ACA-2016-07.pdf; See, Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS), Department of Health and Human Services (HHS), Clarifying the Eligibility of Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) Recipients and Certain Other Noncitizens for a Qualified Health Plan through an Exchange, Advance Payments of the Premium Tax Credit, Cost-Sharing Reductions, and a Basic Health Program (May 8, 2024) <a href="https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/2024-final-aca-daca-fed-reg/">https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/2024-final-aca-daca-fed-reg/</a>; Leslye E. Orloff, <a href="https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/lawfully-present-healthcare/">https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/lawfully-present-healthcare/</a>.
- 144 NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table: Medical Assistance Programs for Immigrants in Various States in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 122-23, 126-27 (4th ed. 2002, table rev. Jul. 2021), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/11/med-services-for-imms-in-states.pdf;
- <sup>145</sup> 45 C.F.R. 152.2(4)(vi); U visa bona fide determinations come with deferred action which is protection from deportation and which makes U visa applicants eligible for health care as lawfully residing immigrant. Cindy Mann, CTR. FOR MEDICARE & MEDICARE & MEDICARE & HUM. SERV., MEDICAID AND CHIP COVERAGE FOR "LAWFULLY RESIDING" CHILDREN AND

PREGNANT WOMEN 3 (2010), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/pb-gov-hhslawfullyresidingmedicaid-07-01-10-also-in-qualified-immigrants/; See, CENTERS FOR MEDICARE AND MEDICAID SERVICES (CMS), DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES (HHS), CLARIFYING THE ELIGIBILITY OF DEFERRED ACTION FOR CHILDHOOD ARRIVALS (DACA) RECIPIENTS AND CERTAIN OTHER NONCITIZENS FOR A QUALIFIED HEALTH PLAN THROUGH AN EXCHANGE, ADVANCE PAYMENTS OF THE PREMIUM TAX CREDIT, COST-SHARING REDUCTIONS, AND A BASIC HEALTH PROGRAM (May 8, 2024) <a href="https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/2024-final-aca-daca-fed-reg/">https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/2024-final-aca-daca-fed-reg/</a>; Leslye E. Orloff, <a href="https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/2024-final-aca-daca-fed-reg/">https://niwaplibrary.wcl.ame

146 146 45 C.F.R. 152.2(4)(vi); Cindy Mann, CTR. FOR MEDICARE & MEDICAID SERV., U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., MEDICAID AND CHIP COVERAGE FOR "LAWFULLY RESIDING" CHILDREN AND PREGNANT WOMEN 3 (2010), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/pb-gov-hhslawfullyresidingmedicaid-07-01-10-also-in-qualified-immigrants/; Carly Erickson & Leslye E. Orloff, *U-Visa Victim Benefits under the Affordable Care Act (ACA)*, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (June 18, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/u-visa-healthcare-aca/; See, Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS), Department of Health and Human Services (HHS), Clarifying the Eligibility of Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) Recipients and Certain Other Noncitizens for a Qualified Health Plan through an Exchange, Advance Payments of the Premium Tax Credit, Cost-Sharing Reductions, and a Basic Health Program (May 8, 2024) https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/2024-final-aca-daca-fed-reg/; Leslye E. Orloff, Health Care Access for Lawfully Present Immigrants — Definitions (May 27, 2024) https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/lawfully-present-healthcare.

<sup>147</sup> U visa bona fide determinations come with deferred action which is protection from deportation and which makes U visa applicants eligible for health care as lawfully residing immigrant. Cindy Mann, CTR. FOR MEDICAID SERV., U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., MEDICAID AND CHIP COVERAGE FOR "LAWFULLY RESIDING" CHILDREN AND PREGNANT WOMEN 3 (2010), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/pb-gov-hhslawfullyresidingmedicaid-07-01-10-also-in-qualified-immigrants/.

<sup>148</sup> NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table: Medical Assistance Programs for Immigrants in Various States in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 122-23, 126-27 (4th ed. 2002, table rev. Jul. 2021), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/11/med-services-for-imms-in-states.pdf;

<sup>149</sup> Carly Erickson & Leslye E. Orloff, *U-Visa Victim Benefits under the Affordable Care Act (ACA)*, NAT'L IMMGR. WOMEN'S ADVOC. PROJECT (June 18, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/u-visa-healthcare-aca/; NAT'L IMMGR. L. CTR., "LAWFULLY PRESENT" INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE UNDER THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT 5-6 (2012, rev. 2016), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/lawfully-present-imm-categories-ACA-2016-07.pdf.

<sup>150</sup> NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., "LAWFULLY PRESENT" INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE UNDER THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT 1 (2012, rev. 2016), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/lawfully-present-imm-categories-ACA-2016-07.pdf (DACA coverage limited to those "lawfully present" in the United States).

151 Citizenship and non-citizen eligibility, HAW. CODE R. § 17-1714.1-28, http://humanservices.hawaii.gov/wp-content/uploads/2013/10/HAR-17-1714.1-GENERAL-ELIGIBILITY-REQUIREMENTS-kmn52813-lbey-9-5-13-Final.pdf (last visited July 11, 2018); Eligibility Requirements, HAW. CODE R. § 17-1715-9, https://humanservices.hawaii.gov/wp-content/uploads/2016/12/HAR-17-1715-CHILDREN-GROUP-Final-10-31-16-1.pdf (last visited July 11, 2018).

(Citizens of a COFA nation, The Federated States of Micronesia, the Marshall Islands and Palau, are also eligible who are under the age of 19 or pregnant girls). Also footnotes in this section contain additional details on health care subsidies, including co-pays that may be required. They contain further state by state information on health care access for immigrant survivors of domestic and sexual violence. See MORGAN, LEWIS & BOCKIUS, LLP Chapter 17.1: Emergency Medicaid – Urgent Medical Services for Immigrant Crime Victims and Children, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (December 2016), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/ch17-1-emergencymedicaid; see id. Chapter 17.2: Coverage for Forensic Costs for Immigrant crime Victims: Medical Coverage and Services (February 12, 2017) http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/ch17-2-forensiccoverageimmvictims; see id. Chapter 17.3: Post-Assault Healthcare and Crime Victim Compensation for Immigrant Victims of Violence (June 13, 2017) http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/ch17-3-postassault-healthcare-compensation; see id. Chapter 17.4: Pre-Natal and Child Health Care For Immigrant Victims and Their Children (February 17, 2017) http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/ch17-4-prenatal-care.

152 NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table\_ovrw\_fedprogs/. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c).

154 Health Case.gov, Immigrants, Coverage for U.S. Citizens and U.S. Nationals (last visited November 29, 2023) https://www.healthcare.gov/immigrants/immigration-status/.NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., "LAWFULLY PRESENT" INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE UNDER THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT 5 (2012, rev. 2016), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/lawfully-present-imm-categories-ACA-2016-07.pdf. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c).

155 NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide* to IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table\_ovrw\_fedprogs/.

156 42 U.S.C. §3796gg-4 (The Violence Against Women Act requires that all state and local governments receiving STOP grants incur the full out-of-pocket cost of forensic medical exams for victims of sexual assault); See, Michael Carlton, Peter Daub, Jennifer Feldsher, Lindsay Jackson, Daniel Kleinman, Sid Rajagopal, Michael Richman, Joseph Riley, Christine Schleppegrell, and Vasya Strizh, Coverage for Forensic Costs for Immigrant Crime Victims: Medical Coverage and Services (August 2, 2024), <a href="https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/niwap-forensic-exam-coverage/">https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/niwap-forensic-exam-coverage/</a>. See also, Rafaela Rodrigues and Leslye E. Orloff, Health Care Options for Immigrant Survivors Factsheet (June 20, 2024), <a href="https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/health-care-options-immigrant-survivors-factsheet/">https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/health-care-options-immigrant-survivors-factsheet/</a> (Discussing the steps nurses, victim advocates, and attorneys can take to help immigrant sexual assault survivors cover the costs of the health care and mental health care that are not included in the costs that the state covers that are part of the forensic medical examination).

- 157 45 C.F.R. § 155.20(1); See, CENTERS FOR MEDICARE AND MEDICAID SERVICES (CMS), DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES (HHS), CLARIFYING THE ELIGIBILITY OF DEFERRED ACTION FOR CHILDHOOD ARRIVALS (DACA) RECIPIENTS AND CERTAIN OTHER NONCITIZENS FOR A QUALIFIED HEALTH PLAN THROUGH AN EXCHANGE, ADVANCE PAYMENTS OF THE PREMIUM TAX CREDIT, COST-SHARING REDUCTIONS, AND A BASIC HEALTH PROGRAM (May 8, 2024) <a href="https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/2024-final-aca-daca-fed-reg/">https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/2024-final-aca-daca-fed-reg/</a>; Leslye E. Orloff, <a href="https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/p
- 158 MED-QUEST DIVISION, QUEST HAWAI'I, State Medical Assistance for Immigrant Children Program <a href="https://medquest.hawaii.gov/en/archive/eligibility/EligPrograms">https://medquest.hawaii.gov/en/archive/eligibility/EligPrograms</a> SA IC.html (last visited Jan. 18. 2025).
- 159 MED-QUEST DIVISION, QUEST HAWAI'I, Pregnant Women <a href="https://medquest.hawaii.gov/en/archive/eligibility/EligPrograms\_PW.html">https://medquest.hawaii.gov/en/archive/eligibility/EligPrograms\_PW.html</a> (last visited Jan. 18. 2025); MED-QUEST DIVISION, QUEST HAWAI'I, QUEST, Medicaid Fee-For-Service <a href="https://medquest.hawaii.gov/en/archive/eligibility/EligPrograms\_MFFS.html">https://medquest.hawaii.gov/en/archive/eligibility/EligPrograms\_MFFS.html</a> (last visited Jan. 18. 2025); State Med-Quest Division, State Medical Insurance of Immigrant Children Program <a href="https://medquest.hawaii.gov/en/archive/eligibility/EligPrograms\_SA\_IC.html">https://medquest.hawaii.gov/en/archive/eligibility/EligPrograms\_SA\_IC.html</a> (last visited Jan. 18. 2025); NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., Table: Medical Assistance Programs for Immigrants in Various States in Guide To IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 122-23, 126-27 (4th ed. 2002, table rev. Jul. 2021), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/11/med-services-for-imms-in-states.pdf
- 160 HAW. REV. STAT. § 346-70 (2023); NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table: Medical Assistance Programs for Immigrants in Various States in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility For Federal Programs 122-23, 126-27 (4th ed. 2002, table rev. Jan. 2018), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/11/med-services-for-imms-in-states.pdf; See also *Citizenship and non-citizen eligibility*, HAW. CODE R. § 17-1714.1-28, http://humanservices.hawaii.gov/wp-content/uploads/2013/10/HAR-17-1714.1-GENERAL-ELIGIBILITY-REQUIREMENTS-kmn52813-lbey-9-5-13-Final.pdf (last visited July 11, 2018); *Eligibility Requirements*, HAW. CODE R. § 17-1715-9, https://humanservices.hawaii.gov/wp-content/uploads/2016/12/HAR-17-1715-CHILDREN-GROUP-Final-10-31-16-1.pdf (last visited July 11, 2018).
- 161 State Med-Quest Division, State Medical Insurance of Immigrant Children Program <a href="https://medquest.hawaii.gov/en/archive/eligibility/EligPrograms">https://medquest.hawaii.gov/en/archive/eligibility/EligPrograms</a> SA IC.html (last visited June 18, 2024); NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., Table: Medical Assistance Programs for Immigrants in Various States in GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 122-23, 126-27 (4th ed. 2002, table rev. Oct. 2024), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2024/10/med-services-for-imms-in-states-2024-10-.pdf; Haw. State Med-Quest Division, State Medical Insurance of Immigrant Children Program <a href="https://medquest.hawaii.gov/en/archive/eligibility/EligPrograms">https://medquest.hawaii.gov/en/archive/eligibility/EligPrograms</a> SA IC.html (last visited July 10, 2022).
- 162 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(b)(2)(A); 1613. Federal eligibility for Medicaid for refugees and asylees extends for the first seven years after attaining that status; however, in most states their eligibility can continue past this seven-year limitation, since by seven years they may have become lawful permanent residents with 40 qualifying quarters of work credit and will have satisfied the five-year bar to access to Medicaid. See 8 U.S.C. § 1612(b)(2)(B). Or, they may be a veteran and/or a member of a veteran's family, for whom the five-year bar and seven-year limit do not apply. See 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(b)(2)(C), 1613(b)(2). States can also continue to provide benefits once the mandated seven-year federal coverage period for refugees and asylees ends. See also Nat'l Immigration Law Ctr., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), <a href="https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table\_ovrw\_fedprogs/">https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table\_ovrw\_fedprogs/</a>. See state law citations in this chart to identify if this state provides benefits for asylees and refugees beyond the seven-year limitation.
- 163 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b)(1). Human trafficking victims with HHS certification or an HHS determination letter are eligible as refugees for 7 years. To continue to receive benefits once 7 years has passed since they received their HHS certification or HHS determination letter, they will need to file for and be granted a T visa. This allows them to continue to qualify for public benefits as qualified immigrants. So long as the trafficking victim files for a T visa soon after receiving HHS certification or determination, they should gain qualified immigrant status and the 5-year bar will be completed prior to reaching the 7-year limit on refugee benefits. States can also continue to provide benefits once the mandated seven-year federal coverage period for refugees and asylees ends. *See also* Nat'l Immigration Law Ctr., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), <a href="https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table\_ovrw\_fedprogs/">https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table\_ovrw\_fedprogs/</a>. *See* state law citations in this chart to identify if this state provides benefits for asylees and refugees beyond the seven-year limitation.
- <sup>164</sup> See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(4).
- <sup>165</sup> 42 C.F.R. § 435.4(2)(ii), (iv), and (v).
- <sup>166</sup> NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide* to IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table\_ovrw\_fedprogs/.
- 167 42 U.S.C. §3796gg-4 (The Violence Against Women Act requires that all state and local governments receiving STOP grants incur the full out-of-pocket cost of forensic medical exams for victims of sexual assault); See, Michael Carlton, Peter Daub, Jennifer Feldsher, Lindsay Jackson, Daniel Kleinman, Sid Rajagopal, Michael Richman, Joseph Riley, Christine Schleppegrell, and Vasya Strizh, Coverage for Forensic Costs for Immigrant Crime Victims: Medical Coverage and Services (August 2, 2024), <a href="https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/niwap-forensic-exam-coverage/">https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/niwap-forensic-exam-coverage/</a>. See also, Rafaela Rodrigues and Leslye E. Orloff, Health Care Options for Immigrant Survivors Factsheet (June 20, 2024), <a href="https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/health-care-options-immigrant-survivors-factsheet/">https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/health-care-options-immigrant-survivors-factsheet/</a> (Discussing the steps nurses, victim advocates, and attorneys can take to help immigrant sexual assault survivors cover the costs of the health care and mental health care that are not included in the costs that the state covers that are part of the forensic medical examination).
- 168 45 C.F.R. § 155.20(1); See, CENTERS FOR MEDICARE AND MEDICAID SERVICES (CMS), DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES (HHS), CLARIFYING THE ELIGIBILITY OF DEFERRED ACTION FOR CHILDHOOD ARRIVALS (DACA) RECIPIENTS AND CERTAIN OTHER NONCITIZENS FOR A QUALIFIED HEALTH PLAN THROUGH AN EXCHANGE, ADVANCE PAYMENTS OF THE PREMIUM TAX CREDIT, COST-SHARING REDUCTIONS, AND A BASIC HEALTH PROGRAM (May 8, 2024) <a href="https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/2024-final-aca-daca-fed-reg/">https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/2024-final-aca-daca-fed-reg/</a>; Leslye E. Orloff, <a href="https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/2024-final-aca-fed-reg/">https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/2024-final-aca-fed-reg/</a>; Leslye E. Orloff, <a href="https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/2024-final-aca-fed-reg/">https://niw

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- 171 HAW. REV. STAT. § 346-70 (2023); NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table: Medical Assistance Programs for Immigrants in Various States in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility For Federal Programs 122-23, 126-27 (4th ed. 2002, table rev. Jan. 2018), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/11/med-services-for-imms-in-states.pdf; See also *Citizenship and non-citizen eligibility*, HAW. CODE R. § 17-1714.1-28, http://humanservices.hawaii.gov/wp-content/uploads/2013/10/HAR-17-1714.1-GENERAL-ELIGIBILITY-REQUIREMENTS-kmn52813-lbey-9-5-13-Final.pdf (last visited July 11, 2018); *Eligibility Requirements*, HAW. CODE R. § 17-1715-9, https://humanservices.hawaii.gov/wp-content/uploads/2016/12/HAR-17-1715-CHILDREN-GROUP-Final-10-31-16-1.pdf (last visited July 11, 2018).
- 172 State Med-Quest Division, State Medical Insurance of Immigrant Children Program <a href="https://medquest.hawaii.gov/en/archive/eligibility/EligPrograms\_SA\_IC.html">https://medquest.hawaii.gov/en/archive/eligibility/EligPrograms\_SA\_IC.html</a> (last visited June 18, 2024); NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., Table: Medical Assistance Programs for Immigrants in Various States in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility For Federal Programs 122-23, 126-27 (4th ed. 2002, table rev. Oct. 2024), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2024/10/med-services-for-imms-in-states-2024-10-.pdf; Haw. State Med-Quest Division, State Medical Insurance of Immigrant Children Program <a href="https://medquest.hawaii.gov/en/archive/eligibility/EligPrograms\_SA\_IC.html">https://medquest.hawaii.gov/en/archive/eligibility/EligPrograms\_SA\_IC.html</a> (last visited July 10, 2022).
- <sup>173</sup> NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table\_ovrw\_fedprogs/. *See* 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS certification. Applicants under age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certification)). *See also* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(4). Human trafficking victims with HHS certification or an HHS determination letter are eligible as refugees for 7 years. To continue to receive benefits once 7 years has passed, since they received their HHS certification or HHS determination letter, they will need to file for and be granted a T visa. This allows them to continue to qualify for public benefits as qualified immigrants. So long as the trafficking victim files for a T visa soon after receiving HHS certification or determination, they should gain qualified immigrant status and the 5-year bar will be completed prior to reaching the 7-year limit on refugee benefits.
- 174 NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table\_ovrw\_fedprogs/; Office on Trafficking in Persons, U.S. Dep't of Health & Hum. Serv., OTIP-FS-16-01, Certification for Adult Victims of Human Trafficking Fact Sheet 1 (2016), https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification%20Fact%20Sheet%20Posting%20%282%29.pdf. *See* 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b).
- <sup>175</sup> 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b)(1). Bona fide T visa applicants with HHS certification, trafficking victims under 18 with HHS eligibility determination, and family members with T visa status are eligible for public benefits to the same extent as refugees. NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table\_ovrw\_fedprogs/. *See* 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certification)).
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- Pootnotes in this section contain additional details on health care subsidies including co-pays that may be required. They contain further state by state information on health care access for immigrant survivors of domestic and sexual violence. See MORGAN, LEWIS & BOCKIUS, LLP Chapter 17.1: Emergency Medicaid Urgent Medical Services for Immigrant Crime Victims and Children, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (December 2016), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/ch17-1-emergencymedicaid; see id. Chapter 17.2: Coverage for Forensic Costs for Immigrant crime Victims: Medical Coverage and Services (February 12, 2017) http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/ch17-2-forensiccoverageimmvictims; see id. Chapter 17.3: Post-Assault Healthcare and Crime Victim Compensation for Immigrant Victims of Violence (June 13, 2017) http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/ch17-3-postassault-healthcare-compensation; see id. Chapter 17.4: Pre-Natal and Child Health Care For Immigrant Victims and Their Children (February 17, 2017) http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/ch17-4-prenatal-care.

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- <sup>213</sup> Health Case.gov, Immigrants, Coverage for U.S. Citizens and U.S. Nationals (last visited November 29, 2023) https://www.healthcare.gov/immigrants/immigration-status/.NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., "LAWFULLY PRESENT" INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE UNDER THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT 5 (2012, rev. 2016), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/lawfully-present-imm-categories-ACA-2016-07.pdf. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c).
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- 215 42 U.S.C. §3796gg-4 (The Violence Against Women Act requires that all state and local governments receiving STOP grants incur the full out-of-pocket cost of forensic medical exams for victims of sexual assault); See, Michael Carlton, Peter Daub, Jennifer Feldsher, Lindsay Jackson, Daniel Kleinman, Sid Rajagopal, Michael Richman, Joseph Riley, Christine Schleppegrell, and Vasya Strizh, Coverage for Forensic Costs for Immigrant Crime Victims: Medical Coverage and Services (August 2, 2024), <a href="https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/niwap-forensic-exam-coverage/">https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/niwap-forensic-exam-coverage/</a>. See also, Rafaela Rodrigues and Leslye E. Orloff, Health Care Options for Immigrant Survivors Factsheet (June 20, 2024), <a href="https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/health-care-options-immigrant-survivors-factsheet/">https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/health-care-options-immigrant-survivors-factsheet/</a> (Discussing the steps nurses, victim advocates, and attorneys can take to help immigrant sexual assault survivors cover the costs of the health care and mental health care that are not included in the costs that the state covers that are part of the forensic medical examination).
- <sup>216</sup> 45 C.F.R. § 155.20(1); See, CENTERS FOR MEDICARE AND MEDICAID SERVICES (CMS), DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES (HHS), CLARIFYING THE ELIGIBILITY OF DEFERRED ACTION FOR CHILDHOOD ARRIVALS (DACA) RECIPIENTS AND CERTAIN OTHER NONCITIZENS FOR A QUALIFIED HEALTH PLAN THROUGH AN EXCHANGE, ADVANCE PAYMENTS OF THE PREMIUM TAX CREDIT, COST-SHARING REDUCTIONS, AND A BASIC HEALTH PROGRAM (May 8, 2024) <a href="https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/2024-final-aca-daca-fed-reg/">https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/2024-final-aca-daca-fed-reg/</a>; Leslye E. Orloff, <a href="https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/2044-final-aca-daca-fed-reg/">https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/2024-final-aca-daca-fed-reg/</a>; Leslye E. Orloff, <a href="https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/2044-final-aca-daca-fed-reg/">https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/2044-final-aca-daca-fed-reg/</a>; Leslye E. Orloff, <a href="https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu
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- 222 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(b)(2)(A); 1613. Federal eligibility for Medicaid for refugees and asylees extends for the first seven years after attaining that status; however, in most states their eligibility can continue past this seven-year limitation, since by seven years they may have become lawful permanent residents with 40 qualifying quarters of work credit and will have satisfied the five-year bar to access to Medicaid. See 8 U.S.C. § 1612(b)(2)(B). Or, they may be a veteran and/or a member of a veteran's family, for whom the five-year bar and seven-year limit do not apply. See 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(b)(2)(C), 1613(b)(2). States can also continue to provide benefits once the mandated seven-year federal coverage period for refugees and asylees ends. See also Nat'l Immigration Law Ctr., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), <a href="https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table\_ovrw\_fedprogs/">https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table\_ovrw\_fedprogs/</a>. See state law citations in this chart to identify if this state provides benefits for asylees and refugees beyond the seven-year limitation.
- <sup>223</sup> 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b)(1). Human trafficking victims with HHS certification or an HHS determination letter are eligible as refugees for 7 years. To continue to receive benefits once 7 years has passed since they received their HHS certification or HHS determination letter, they will need to file for and be granted a T visa. This allows them to continue to qualify for public benefits as qualified immigrants. So long as the trafficking victim files for a T visa soon after receiving HHS certification or determination, they should gain qualified immigrant status and the 5-year bar will be completed prior to reaching the 7-year limit on refugee benefits. States can also continue to provide benefits once the mandated seven-year federal coverage period for refugees and asylees ends. *See also* NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), <a href="https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table\_ovrw\_fedprogs/">https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table\_ovrw\_fedprogs/</a>. *See* state law citations in this chart to identify if this state provides benefits for asylees and refugees beyond the seven-year limitation.
- <sup>224</sup> See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(4).
- <sup>225</sup> NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide* to IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table\_ovrw\_fedprogs/.
- <sup>226</sup> 42 U.S.C. §3796gg-4 (The Violence Against Women Act requires that all state and local governments receiving STOP grants incur the full out-of-pocket cost of forensic medical exams for victims of sexual assault); *See*, Michael Carlton, Peter Daub, Jennifer Feldsher, Lindsay Jackson, Daniel Kleinman, Sid Rajagopal, Michael Richman, Joseph Riley, Christine Schleppegrell, and Vasya Strizh, *Coverage for Forensic Costs for Immigrant Crime Victims: Medical Coverage and Services* (August 2, 2024), <a href="https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/niwap-forensic-exam-coverage/">https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/niwap-forensic-exam-coverage/</a>. *See also*, Rafaela Rodrigues and Leslye E. Orloff, *Health Care Options for Immigrant Survivors Factsheet* (June 20, 2024), <a href="https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/health-care-options-immigrant-survivors-factsheet/">https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/health-care-options-immigrant-survivors-factsheet/</a> (Discussing the steps nurses, victim advocates, and attorneys can take to help immigrant sexual assault survivors cover the costs of the health care and mental health care that are not included in the costs that the state covers that are part of the forensic medical examination).
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- <sup>235</sup> 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b)(1). Bona fide T visa applicants with HHS certification, trafficking victims under 18 with HHS eligibility determination, and family members with T visa status are eligible for public benefits to the same extent as refugees. NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table\_ovrw\_fedprogs/. *See* 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certification)).
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- <sup>247</sup> Med-QUEST Division, QUEST Hawai'i, Pregnant Women <a href="https://medquest.hawaii.gov/en/archive/eligibility/EligPrograms">https://medquest.hawaii.gov/en/archive/eligibility/EligPrograms</a> PW.html (last visited Jan. 18. 2025); Med-QUEST Division, QUEST Hawai'i, QUEST, Medicaid Fee-For-Service <a href="https://medquest.hawaii.gov/en/archive/eligibility/EligPrograms">https://medquest.hawaii.gov/en/archive/eligibility/EligPrograms</a> MFFS.html (last visited Jan. 18. 2025); State Med-Quest Division, State Medical Insurance of Immigrant Children Program <a href="https://medquest.hawaii.gov/en/archive/eligibility/EligPrograms\_SA\_IC.html">https://medquest.hawaii.gov/en/archive/eligibility/EligPrograms\_SA\_IC.html</a> (last visited June 18, 2024);; NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., Table: Medical Assistance Programs for Immigrants in Various States in Guide to Immigrants in Various States in Gui
- <sup>248</sup> 45 C.F.R. 155.20(9); *See*, CMS, HHS Final Rule Clarifying Eligibility of Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) Recipients and Certain Other Noncitizens (May 3, 2024) https://www.cms.gov/newsroom/fact-sheets/hhs-final-rule-clarifying-eligibility-deferred-action-childhood-arrivals-daca-recipients-and-certain#; See, NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR.,

- <sup>249</sup> Categorical requirements, HAW. CODE R. § 17-1723.1-10, http://humanservices.hawaii.gov/wp-content/uploads/2015/03/HAR-17-1723.1-EMER-MED-ASST-TO-NON-CITIZENS.pdf (last visited August 1, 2018).
- <sup>250</sup> See Haw. Code R. § 17-1719-10; NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table: Medical Assistance Programs for Immigrants in Various States in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 122-23, 126-27 (4th ed. 2002, table rev. Jul. 2021), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/11/med-services-for-imms-in-states.pdf.
- <sup>251</sup> NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table\_ovrw\_fedprogs/.
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- <sup>253</sup> NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table\_ovrw\_fedprogs/. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).
- <sup>254</sup> 45 C.F.R. § 155.20(1); See, CENTERS FOR MEDICARE AND MEDICAID SERVICES (CMS), DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES (HHS), CLARIFYING THE ELIGIBILITY OF DEFERRED ACTION FOR CHILDHOOD ARRIVALS (DACA) RECIPIENTS AND CERTAIN OTHER NONCITIZENS FOR A QUALIFIED HEALTH PLAN THROUGH AN EXCHANGE, ADVANCE PAYMENTS OF THE PREMIUM TAX CREDIT, COST-SHARING REDUCTIONS, AND A BASIC HEALTH PROGRAM (May 8, 2024) <a href="https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/2024-final-aca-daca-fed-reg/">https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/2024-final-aca-daca-fed-reg/</a>; Leslye E. Orloff, <a href="https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/2024-final-aca-fed-reg/">https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/2024-final-aca-fed-reg/</a>; Leslye E. Orloff, <a href="https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/2024-final-aca-fed-reg/">https://n
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- <sup>256</sup> MED-QUEST DIVISION, QUEST HAWAI'I, https://medquest.hawaii.gov/en/archive/eligibility/EligPrograms SA IC.html (last visited Jan. 18. 2025).
- <sup>257</sup> HAW. REV. STAT. § 346-70 (2023); NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table: Medical Assistance Programs for Immigrants in Various States in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 122-23, 126-27 (4th ed. 2002, table rev. Jan. 2018), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/11/med-services-for-imms-in-states.pdf; See also *Citizenship and non-citizen eligibility*, HAW. CODE R. § 17-1714.1-28, http://humanservices.hawaii.gov/wp-content/uploads/2013/10/HAR-17-1714.1-GENERAL-ELIGIBILITY-REQUIREMENTS-kmn52813-lbey-9-5-13-Final.pdf (last visited July 11, 2018); *Eligibility Requirements*, HAW. CODE R. § 17-1715-9, https://humanservices.hawaii.gov/wp-content/uploads/2016/12/HAR-17-1715-CHILDREN-GROUP-Final-10-31-16-1.pdf (last visited July 11, 2018).
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- <sup>260</sup> NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table\_ovrw\_fedprogs/.
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- <sup>264</sup> 45 C.F.R. § 155.20(1); See, CENTERS FOR MEDICARE AND MEDICAID SERVICES (CMS), DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES (HHS), CLARIFYING THE ELIGIBILITY OF DEFERRED ACTION FOR CHILDHOOD ARRIVALS (DACA) RECIPIENTS AND CERTAIN OTHER NONCITIZENS FOR A QUALIFIED HEALTH PLAN THROUGH AN EXCHANGE, ADVANCE PAYMENTS OF THE PREMIUM TAX CREDIT, COST-SHARING REDUCTIONS, AND A BASIC HEALTH PROGRAM (May 8, 2024) <a href="https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/2024-final-aca-daca-fed-reg/">https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/2024-final-aca-daca-fed-reg/</a>; Leslye E. Orloff, <a href="https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/lawfully-present-healthcare/">https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/lawfully-present-healthcare/</a>.

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- <sup>266</sup> MED-QUEST DIVISION, QUEST HAWAI'I, <a href="https://medquest.hawaii.gov/en/archive/eligibility/EligPrograms">https://medquest.hawaii.gov/en/archive/eligibility/EligPrograms</a> SA IC.html (last visited Jan. 18. 2025).
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- <sup>268</sup> Categorical requirements, HAW. CODE R. § 17-1723.1-10, http://humanservices.hawaii.gov/wp-content/uploads/2015/03/HAR-17-1723.1-EMER-MED-ASST-TO-NON-CITIZENS.pdf (last visited August 1, 2018).
- <sup>269</sup> See Haw. Code R. § 17-1719-10; Nat'l Immigr. L. Ctr., *Table: Medical Assistance Programs for Immigrants in Various States in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 122-23, 126-27 (4th ed. 2002, table rev. Jul. 2021), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/11/med-services-for-imms-in-states.pdf.
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- <sup>271</sup> 42 U.S.C. §3796gg-4 (The Violence Against Women Act requires that all state and local governments receiving STOP grants incur the full out-of-pocket cost of forensic medical exams for victims of sexual assault); *See*, Michael Carlton, Peter Daub, Jennifer Feldsher, Lindsay Jackson, Daniel Kleinman, Sid Rajagopal, Michael Richman, Joseph Riley, Christine Schleppegrell, and Vasya Strizh, *Coverage for Forensic Costs for Immigrant Crime Victims: Medical Coverage and Services* (August 2, 2024), <a href="https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/niwap-forensic-exam-coverage/">https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/niwap-forensic-exam-coverage/</a>. *See also*, Rafaela Rodrigues and Leslye E. Orloff, *Health Care Options for Immigrant Survivors Factsheet* (June 20, 2024), <a href="https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/health-care-options-immigrant-survivors-factsheet/">https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/health-care-options-immigrant-survivors-factsheet/</a> (Discussing the steps nurses, victim advocates, and attorneys can take to help immigrant sexual assault survivors cover the costs of the health care and mental health care that are not included in the costs that the state covers that are part of the forensic medical examination).
- <sup>272</sup> Categorical requirements, HAW. CODE R. § 17-1723.1-10, http://humanservices.hawaii.gov/wp-content/uploads/2015/03/HAR-17-1723.1-EMER-MED-ASST-TO-NON-CITIZENS.pdf (last visited August 1, 2018).
- <sup>273</sup> See Haw. Code R. § 17-1719-10; Nat'l Immigr. L. Ctr., *Table: Medical Assistance Programs for Immigrants in Various States in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 122-23, 126-27 (4th ed. 2002, table rev. Jul. 2021), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/11/med-services-for-imms-in-states.pdf.
- <sup>274</sup> NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide* to IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table\_ovrw\_fedprogs/.
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- 278 Victims of Crime Act (VOCA) compensation for crime victims is a program providing services necessary to protect health and safety of crime victims that helps victims heal and overcome the emotional and financial impact of crime victimization on their lives. VOCA compensation is separate from and does not fall within the definitions of "federal public benefit" or "state public benefit" under U.S. public benefits laws and thus is open to all crime victims without regard to immigration status. *See*, Joye E. Frost, Office for Victims of Crime, U.S. Department of Justice, Letter ro Cassie T Jones Alabama Crime Victims' Compensation Commission (July 2, 2010) available at <a href="https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/oip-ovc-letter-on-access-to-voca-victim-compensation-7-2-2010">https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/oip-ovc-letter-on-access-to-voca-victim-compensation-7-2-2010</a>; For an overview of what types of victim compensation are covered by VOCA compensation programs in each state *see*, Leslye Orloff, Katelyn Deibler and Annie Roebuck, *Post-Assault Healthcare and Victims of Crime Act Coverage for Domestic and Sexual Violence Victims* (July 18, 2018) available at: <a href="https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/post-assault-coverage-chart">https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/post-assault-coverage-chart</a>; and: Sarah Andrews, Vanessa Brown, Aurora de Heer, Joseph Leonard, Ryan Lighty, Katherine O'Keefe, Celia Soehner, William Springer, Josh Sterling, Linda Way-Smith, Beau Yanoshik, Morgan Lewis and Bockius, LLP and NIWAP, *Post-Assault Healthcare and Crime Victim Compensation for Immigrant Victims of Violence Medical Coverage and Services for Immigrants* (July 13, 2018) available at <a href="https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/ch17-3-postassault-healthcare-compensation">https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/ch17-3-postassault-healthcare-compensation</a> (contains a more detailed discussion of VOCA compensation available in each state with links and citations).

  279 Em

employees within a 75-mile radius who have worked at least one year and a minimum of 1,250 hours within the previous year. U.S. DEP'T OF LABOR, WAGE & HOUR DIVISION, Employer's Guide to The Family Medical Leave Act 16-18, 68 available at <a href="https://www.dol.gov/sites/dolgov/files/WHD/legacy/files/employerguide.pdf">https://www.dol.gov/sites/dolgov/files/WHD/legacy/files/employerguide.pdf</a> (last visited Sept. 1, 2022); See also, U.S. DEP'T OF LABOR, WAGE & HOUR DIVISION, Family Medical Leave Act, available at <a href="https://www.dol.gov/agencies/whd/fmla">https://www.dol.gov/agencies/whd/fmla</a> (last visited September 1, 2022) (Provides up-to-date guidance, fact sheets, forms, interpretive guidance, laws, regulations and training tools).

- <sup>280</sup> The Hawaii Family Leave Law defines "employee" as "a person who performs services for hire for not fewer than six consecutive months for the employer from whom benefits are sought under this chapter." *See* HAW. REV. STAT. §398-1 (2018).
- <sup>281</sup> The Hawaii Family Leave Law does not explicitly exclude individuals based on their immigration status but applies to all "employees." See HAW. REV. STAT. §398-4 (2018).
- <sup>282</sup> The Hawaii Family Leave Law does not explicitly exclude individuals based on their immigration status but applies to all "employees." See HAW. REV. STAT. §398-4 (2018).
- <sup>283</sup> The Hawaii Family Leave Law does not explicitly exclude individuals based on their immigration status but applies to all "employees." See Haw. Rev. Stat. §398-4 (2018).
- <sup>284</sup> The Hawaii Family Leave Law does not explicitly exclude individuals based on their immigration status but applies to all "employees." See Haw. Rev. STAT. §398-4 (2018).
- <sup>285</sup> The Hawaii Family Leave Law does not explicitly exclude individuals based on their immigration status but applies to all "employees." See HAW. REV. STAT. §398-4 (2018).
- <sup>286</sup> The Hawaii Family Leave Law does not explicitly exclude individuals based on their immigration status but applies to all "employees." *See* HAW. REV. STAT. §398-4 (2018).
- <sup>287</sup> The Hawaii Family Leave Law does not explicitly exclude individuals based on their immigration status but applies to all "employees." See HAW. REV. STAT. §398-4 (2018).
- <sup>288</sup> The Hawaii Family Leave Law does not explicitly exclude individuals based on their immigration status but applies to all "employees." See HAW. REV. STAT. §398-4 (2018).
- <sup>289</sup> See generally Office of Fed. Student Aid, U.S. Dep't of Educ., Federal Student Aid Handbook 2016-2017 (2016),
- https://ifap.ed.gov/fsahandbook/attachments/1617FSAHbkActiveIndexMaster.pdf (The information in this section applies to all student financial aid including grants and loans.).
- <sup>290</sup> OFFICE OF FED. STUDENT AID, U.S. DEP'T OF EDUC., MANY NON-U.S. CITIZENS QUALIFY FOR FEDERAL STUDENT AID (last visited Mar. 5, 2018), https://studentaid.ed.gov/sa/eligibility/non-uscitizens; Daniel T. Madzelan, OFFICE. OF POST-SECONDARY EDUC., U.S. DEP'T OF EDUC., ELIGIBILITY FOR TITLE IV AID FOR "BATTERED IMMIGRANTS-QUALIFIED ALIENS" AS PROVIDED FOR IN THE VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN ACT (2007), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/pb-gov-memovawapetitionsgrantsloans-6-4-10/. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c); OFFICE OF FED. STUDENT AID, U.S. DEP'T OF EDUC., FEDERAL STUDENT AID HANDBOOK 2016-2017 1-33, 1-34 (2016), https://ifap.ed.gov/fsahandbook/attachments/1617FSAHbkActiveIndexMaster.pdf.
- <sup>291</sup> OFFICE OF FED. STUDENT AID, U.S. DEP'T OF EDUC., FEDERAL STUDENT AID HANDBOOK 2022-2023 (2022), <a href="https://fsapartners.ed.gov/knowledge-center/fsa-handbook/2022-2023/vo11/ch2-us-citizenship-eligible-noncitizens">https://fsapartners.ed.gov/knowledge-center/fsa-handbook/2022-2023/vo11/ch2-us-citizenship-eligible-noncitizens</a> (Naturalized citizens are eligible for financial aid).
- <sup>292</sup> OFFICE OF FED. STUDENT AID, U.S. DEP'T OF EDUC., MANY NON-U.S. CITIZENS QUALIFY FOR FEDERAL STUDENT AID (last visited Mar. 5, 2018), https://studentaid.ed.gov/sa/eligibility/non-uscitizens. *See* 8 U.S.C. §§ 1641(b)(2)-(3), (c)(4); OFFICE OF FED. STUDENT AID, U.S. DEP'T OF EDUC., FEDERAL STUDENT AID HANDBOOK 2016-2017 1-29 (2016), https://ifap.ed.gov/fsahandbook/attachments/1617FSAHbkActiveIndexMaster.pdf.
- <sup>293</sup> OFFICE OF FED. STUDENT AID, U.S. DEP'T OF EDUC., MANY NON-U.S. CITIZENS QUALIFY FOR FEDERAL STUDENT AID (last visited Mar. 5, 2018), https://studentaid.ed.gov/sa/eligibility/non-uscitizens. *See* 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b); OFFICE OF FED. STUDENT AID, U.S. DEP'T OF EDUC., FEDERAL STUDENT AID HANDBOOK 2016-2017 1-33 (2016), https://ifap.ed.gov/fsahandbook/attachments/1617FSAHbkActiveIndexMaster.pdf.
- <sup>294</sup> OFFICE OF FED. STUDENT AID, U.S. DEP'T OF EDUC., MANY NON-U.S. CITIZENS QUALIFY FOR FEDERAL STUDENT AID (last visited Mar. 5, 2018), https://studentaid.ed.gov/sa/eligibility/non-uscitizens
- <sup>295</sup> OFFICE OF FED. STUDENT AID, U.S. DEP'T OF EDUC., MANY NON-U.S. CITIZENS QUALIFY FOR FEDERAL STUDENT AID (last visited Mar. 5, 2018), https://studentaid.ed.gov/sa/eligibility/non-uscitizens. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).
- <sup>296</sup> OFFICE OF FED. STUDENT AID, U.S. DEP'T OF EDUC., MANY NON-U.S. CITIZENS QUALIFY FOR FEDERAL STUDENT AID (last visited Mar. 5, 2018), https://studentaid.ed.gov/sa/eligibility/non-uscitizens. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).
- <sup>297</sup> Plyler v. Doe 457 U.S. 202 (1982); U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION, STUDENTS, IMMIGRATION STATUS, AND THE RIGHT TO PUBLIC EDUCATION (JUNE 20, 2021) https://blog.ed.gov/2021/07/students-immigration-status-and-the-right-to-public-education/.
- <sup>298</sup> University of Hawai'I, UH Systemwide Policies and Procedures Information System (PPIS), Board of Regents Policy 6.209 (Aug. 2018).
- 299 Residence for tuition purposes; basic rule, HAW. REV. STAT. § 304A-402, https://www.capitol.hawaii.gov/hrscurrent/Vol05 Ch0261-0319/HRS0304A/HRS 0304A-0402.htm
- <sup>300</sup> Soc. Security Admin., Understanding Supplemental Security Income SSI Eligibility Requirements 2017 Edition (2017), https://www.ssa.gov/ssi/text-eligibility-ussi.htm (While the chart shows eligibility to apply for SSI benefits by immigration status, those with qualified immigration statuses must also meet all other eligibility requirements. To obtain SSI benefits individuals must be aged 65 or over, blind, or disabled; and have limited income, limited resources, be a resident of one of the 50 states, DC, or Northern Mariana Islands, and not be absent from the country for a full calendar month, in addition to other requirements.).
- <sup>301</sup> NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table\_ovrw\_fedprogs/; Soc. Security Admin., Spotlight on SSI Benefits for Aliens (2017), https://www.ssa.gov/ssi/spotlights/spot-non-citizens.htm. *See* 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(a)(2)(E) (prior SSI), 1612(a)(2)(F) (current disability), 1641(c) (battered immigrant).
- 303 Noncitizen Eligibility for Federal Public Assistance: Policy Overview, Congressional Research Service, Alison Siskin, Specialist in Immigration Policy (Dec. 12, 2016) (p. 10, note a), https://fas.org/sgp/crs/misc/RL33809.pdf. In 2018, \$5,280 = 4 quarters of work credit. https://www.ssa.gov/oact/cola/QC.html.

- <sup>304</sup> NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table\_ovrw\_fedprogs/; Soc. Security Admin., Spotlight on SSI Benefits for Aliens (2017), https://www.ssa.gov/ssi/spotlights/spot-non-citizens.htm. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1) (Due to the work requirement, few SIJS children will qualify, although work done by the applicant, parent or spouse counts toward the 40 quarters of work.).

  <sup>305</sup> 8 U.S.C. 1612(a)(2)(N).
- <sup>306</sup> SOC. SEC. ADMIN., Understanding Supplemental Security Income (SSI) Eligibility Requirements 2023 Edition, Supplemental Security Income (SSI) Eligibility Requirements, <a href="https://www.ssa.gov/ssi/text-eligibility-ussi.htm">https://www.ssa.gov/ssi/text-eligibility-ussi.htm</a> (last visited November 29, 2023).
- <sup>307</sup> See Citizens and aliens eligible for financial assistance, HAW. CODE R. § 17-655-41, https://humanservices.hawaii.gov/wp-content/uploads/2014/01/17-655.pdf (last visited June 18, 2024);; See also Categorical eligibility requirements and verification of those requirements for or receiving financial assistance as aged individuals, blind individuals, or disabled individuals, HAW. CODE R. §§ 17-658-3,17-658-4,17-658-5, http://humanservices.hawaii.gov/wp-content/uploads/2014/01/17-658.pdf (last visited August 1, 2018); NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., Table 9: State-Funded SSI Replacement Programs in GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 108 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Mar. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/tbl9\_state-ssi\_2011-03\_NEdeleted2014-04.pdf.
- <sup>308</sup> NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility For Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility For Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table\_ovrw\_fedprogs/; Soc. Security Admin., Spotlight on SSI Benefits for Aliens (2017), https://www.ssa.gov/ssi/spotlights/spot-non-citizens.htm. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(2)-(3). For some Federal programs such as SSI, a general bar applies where qualified immigrants are ineligible, unless they have attained LPR status with 40 qualifying quarters and satisfy the five-year bar, have a specified military connection, or fall within other limited exceptions. See 8 U.S.C. 1612(a)(2). For refugees and asylees, this bar does not apply until seven years after the date that they are admitted to refugee or asylee status; however, § 1612(b)(2) lists exceptions that independently lift the bar after seven years.

  309 See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b).
- 31022 U.S.C. § 7105(b)(1). T visa holders, bona fide T visa applicants with HHS certification, trafficking victims under 18 with HHS eligibility determination, and family members with T visa status are eligible for public benefits to the same extent as refugees. See 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(a)(1)-(2); 1613. Federal eligibility for refugees and asylees extends for the first seven years after attaining that status. However, § 1612(b)(2) lists exceptions that independently lift the seven year limit; including, if they have attained LPR status with 40 qualifying quarters, are a veteran, and/or a member of a veteran's family. See § 1641(b)(2)-(3). States can also continue to provide benefits once the mandated seven year federal coverage period for refugees and asylees ends. See state law citations in this chart to identify if this state provides benefits for asylees and refugees beyond the seven year limitation. NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table\_ovrw\_fedprogs/; Soc. Security Admin., Spotlight on SSI Benefits For Aliens (2017), https://www.ssa.gov/ssi/spotlights/spot-non-citizens.htm.
- 311 NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table\_ovrw\_fedprogs/; Soc. Security Admin., Spotlight on SSI Benefits for Aliens (2017), https://www.ssa.gov/ssi/spotlights/spot-non-citizens.htm. *See* 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(a)(2)(E) (prior SSI), 1612(a)(2)(F) (current disability), 1641(c)(4) (trafficking victims).
- <sup>312</sup> See 8 U.S.C. § 1612(a)(2)(H).
- <sup>313</sup> See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(4).
- 314 See Citizens and aliens eligible for financial assistance, HAW. CODE R. § 17-655-41, https://humanservices.hawaii.gov/wp-content/uploads/2014/01/17-655.pdf (last visited June 18, 2024). See also Categorical eligibility requirements and verification of those requirements for or receiving financial assistance as aged individuals, blind individuals, or disabled individuals, HAW. CODE R. §§ 17-658-3,17-658-4,16-658-5, http://humanservices.hawaii.gov/wp-content/uploads/2014/01/17-658.pdf; NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., Table 9: State-Funded SSI Replacement Programs in GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 108 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Mar. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/tbl9\_state-ssi\_2011-03\_NEdeleted2014-04.pdf.

  315 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b); See NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table\_ovrw\_fedprogs/; Soc. Security Admin., Spotlight on SSI Benefits For Aliens (2017), https://www.ssa.gov/ssi/spotlights/spot-non-citizens.htm.
- 316 See Citizens and aliens eligible for financial assistance, HAW. CODE R. § 17-655-41, https://humanservices.hawaii.gov/wp-content/uploads/2014/01/17-655.pdf (last visited June 18, 2024); See also Categorical eligibility requirements and verification of those requirements for or receiving financial assistance as aged individuals, blind individuals, or disabled individuals, HAW. CODE R. §§ 17-658-3,17-658-4,17-658-5, http://humanservices.hawaii.gov/wp-content/uploads/2014/01/17-658.pdf; NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., Table 9: State-Funded SSI Replacement Programs in GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 108 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Mar. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/tbl9\_state-ssi\_2011-03\_NEdeleted2014-04.pdf.

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- 318 NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 108 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Mar. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/tbl9\_state-ssi\_2011-03\_NEdeleted2014-04.pdf.

- 320 Noncitizen Eligibility for Federal Public Assistance: Policy Overview, Congressional Research Service, Alison Siskin, Specialist in Immigration Policy (Dec. 12, 2016) (p. 10, note a), https://fas.org/sgp/crs/misc/RL33809.pdf. In 2018, \$5,280 = 4 quarters of work credit. https://www.ssa.gov/oact/cola/QC.html.
- <sup>321</sup> NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility For Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table\_ovrw\_fedprogs/; Soc. Security Admin., Spotlight on SSI Benefits for Aliens (2017), https://www.ssa.gov/ssi/spotlights/spot-non-citizens.htm. *See* 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(a)(2)(B) (LPR eligibility for SSI), 1612(a)(2)(E) (prior SSI), 1612(a)(2)(F) (current disability), 1641(b)(1) (LPR qualified immigrant status).

  <sup>322</sup> See 8 U.S.C. § 1612(a)(2)(H).
- <sup>323</sup> See Citizens and aliens eligible for financial assistance, HAW. CODE R. § 17-655-41, https://humanservices.hawaii.gov/wp-content/uploads/2014/01/17-655.pdf (last visited June 18, 2024); NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table\_ovrw\_fedprogs/; Soc. Security Admin., Spotlight on SSI Benefits For Aliens (2017), https://www.ssa.gov/ssi/spotlights/spot-non-citizens.htm. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1) (Due to the work requirement, few SIJS children will qualify, although work done by the applicant, parent or spouse counts toward the 40 quarters of work.).

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- 325 Noncitizen Eligibility for Federal Public Assistance: Policy Overview, Congressional Research Service, Alison Siskin, Specialist in Immigration Policy (Dec. 12, 2016) (p. 10, note a), https://fas.org/sgp/crs/misc/RL33809.pdf. In 2018, \$5,280 = 4 quarters of work credit. https://www.ssa.gov/oact/cola/QC.html.
- 326 The Dream.us, State Professional / Occupational License Requirements for Immigrants: Hawaii (July 2023) <a href="https://www.higheredimmigrationportal.org/wp-content/uploads/2023/10/Hawaii-1.pdf">https://www.higheredimmigrationportal.org/wp-content/uploads/2023/10/Hawaii-1.pdf</a>
  327 The Dream.us, State Requirements for Business and Tax Registration for Immigrants: Hawaii (July 2023) <a href="https://www.higheredimmigrationportal.org/wp-content/uploads/2023/10/Hawaii-Business-and-Tax-State-Requirements.pdf">https://www.higheredimmigrationportal.org/wp-content/uploads/2023/10/Hawaii-1.pdf</a>
  Business-and-Tax-State-Requirements.pdf
- 328 NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT, ACCEPTABLE FORMS OF DOCUMENTATION AND IDENTIFICATION FOR STATE DRIVER'S LICENSE/IDENTIFICATION CARD (SEPTEMBER 5, 2014) 1 (2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/drivers-license-access/.
- 329 REAL ID Act of 2005, 49 U.S.C. § 30301 Note (2005). See also 6 C.F.R. § 37.11 (g) (2012); Joan Friedland, Updates on REAL ID and Increased Information Sharing by Departments of Motor Vehicles, NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., (Jan. 8, 2018), https://www.nilc.org/news/the-torch/1-04-18/.
- <sup>330</sup> See 6 C.F.R. § 37.11(g)(1) (2012).
- 331 See SAVE CaseCheck, U.S. CITIZENSHIP & IMMGR. SERVS., https://www.uscis.gov/save/casecheck (last visited July 9, 2018). For special rules and step-by-step instructions for SAVE verification in cases of VAWA self-petitioners, see PIH NOTICE 2017-02 (HA), VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN ACT (VAWA) SELF-PETITIONER VERIFICATION PROCEDURES (2017), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/hud-vawa-self-petitioner-verification-procedures/ and Benish Anver, Alexandra Brown and Leslye E. Orloff, How to Advocate for Public and Assisted Housing for Your Battered Immigrant or Trafficking Survivor Client (2017) http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/pub-asst-housing-advocacy.
- 332 See 6 C.F.R. § 37.11(g)(2) (2012); Cindy Mann, CTR. FOR MEDICARE & MEDICAID SERV., U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., MEDICAID AND CHIP COVERAGE FOR "LAWFULLY RESIDING" CHILDREN AND PREGNANT WOMEN 2 (2010), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/pb-gov-hhslawfullyresidingmedicaid-07-01-10-also-in-qualified-immigrants/ (For example, the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services has identified categories of lawfully present immigrants for purposes of Medicaid and CHIP eligibility. These individuals should be able to access full Real ID compliant driver's licenses without waiting for work authorization. This may be an area for advocacy in individual cases).
- <sup>333</sup> See 6 C.F.R. § 37.11(h) (2012); NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., THE REAL ID ACT: QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS 8-9 (2016), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/11/REAL-ID-Act-Q-and-A.pdf. <sup>334</sup> Hawaii's Legal Presence Law, STATE OF HAW. DEP'T OF TRANSP., http://hidot.hawaii.gov/hawaiis-legal-presence-law/ (last visited May 28, 2018).
- 335 Hawaii's Legal Presence Law, STATE OF HAW. DEP'T OF TRANSP., http://hidot.hawaii.gov/hawaiis-legal-presence-law/ (last visited May 28, 2018). VAWA self-petitioners receive employment authorization once their case has been approved. Trafficking victims receive legal work authorization based on HHS certification for victims with continued presence and for T visa applicants with bona fide determinations. U visa applicants will receive work authorization after their case has been wait-list approved based on deferred action. Asylum applicants become eligible for work authorization approximately 6 months after filing for asylum. DACA recipients receive work authorization based on deferred action and SIJS children receive work authorization once they are granted lawful permanent residency. Once an immigrant receives legal work authorization from DHS they can apply for and receive a Social Security Number.
- <sup>336</sup> Hawaii 's Legal Presence Law, STATE OF HAW. DEP'T OF TRANSP., http://hidot.hawaii.gov/hawaiis-legal-presence-law/ (last visited May 28, 2018). VAWA self-petitioners receive employment authorization once their case has been approved. Trafficking victims receive legal work authorization based on HHS certification for victims with continued presence and for T visa applicants with bona fide determinations. U visa applicants will receive work authorization after their case has been wait-list approved based on deferred action. Asylum applicants become eligible for work authorization approximately 6 months after filing for asylum. DACA recipients receive work authorization based on deferred action and SIJS children receive work authorization once they are granted lawful permanent residency. Once an immigrant receives legal work authorization from DHS they can apply for and receive a Social Security Number.
- 337 Hawaii 's Legal Presence Law, State of Haw. Dep't of Transp., http://hidot.hawaii.gov/hawaiis-legal-presence-law/ (last visited May 28, 2018).
- 338 Haw. Rev. Stat. § 286-301.6 (2023); NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., STATE LAWS PROVIDING ACCESS TO DRIVER'S LICENSES OR CARDS, REGARDLESS OF IMMIGRATION STATUS (2017), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/11/drivers-license-access-table.pdf; See also Hawaii's Limited Purpose Driver's License, Provisional Driver's License and Instruction Permit Effective Jan. 1, 2016, STATE OF HAW. DEP'T OF TRANSP, http://hidot.hawaii.gov/highways/hawaiis-limited-purpose-drivers-license-provisional-drivers-license-and-instruction-permit-effective-jan-1-2016/ (last visited July 11, 2018).
- 339 U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUMAN SERVS. & DEP'T OF HOUS. & HUMAN DEV., Joint Letter on Immigrant Access to Shelter and Transitional Housing (Aug. 5, 2016), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/joint-letter-hud-hhs-ad-doj-immigrant-access-shelter-transitional-housing-aug-2016/ (stating that services must be in-kind, available regardless of income, and provided at the community level). See 8 U.S.C. § 1611(b)(1)(D).

- <sup>340</sup> CATHERINE LONGVILLE & LESLYE E. ORLOFF, PROGRAMS OPEN TO IMMIGRANT VICTIMS AND TO ALL IMMIGRANTS WITHOUT REGARD TO IMMIGRATION STATUS 1 (2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/programs-open-to-all-immigrants/; *Three Federal Agencies Issue Joint Letter on Shelters and Transitional Housing*, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (Aug. 12, 2016), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/joint-agency-letter-shelters-transitional-housing/.
- 341 Emergency Solutions Grant, STATE OF HAWAII HOUSING FINANCE & DEVELOPMENT CORP., 6 https://dbedt.hawaii.gov/hhfdc/files/2020/11/INFO-PACKET-2021-2022\_HHFDC-KCHA.pdf (last visited Sept. 3, 2022).
- 342 Homeless Programs, HAW. DEP'T HUM. SERVS., http://humanservices.hawaii.gov/bessd/home/hp/homeless-programs/ (last visited May 21, 2018).
- <sup>343</sup> Immigrants including victims who are lawfully residing in the United States or its territories and possessions under section 141 of the Compacts of Free Association between the U.S. and the Governments of the Marshall Islands, the Federated States of Micronesia and Palau are eligible for public and assisted housing. HUD Public and Indian Housing, *Eligiblity Determination and Denial of Assistance*, Citizenship Status 10 (November 2019) available at:
- https://www.hud.gov/sites/dfiles/PIH/documents/HCV\_Guidebook\_Eligibility\_Determination\_and\_Denial\_of\_Assistance.pdf (last visited Aug. 27. 2022) (However in Guam, such immigrants are not entitled to a preference in receiving housing assistance over a U.S. citizen or national resident who is otherwise eligible for such assistance).
- <sup>344</sup> See generally NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in LIST OF SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS FOR THE WEBINAR: "IMMIGRANT ACCESS TO FEDERALLY ASSISTED HOUSING" (Feb. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/ (contains lists of housing programs that are unrestricted and lists of housing programs that various forms of immigration restrictions).
- <sup>345</sup> For detailed information about Low Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC) funding housing eligibility and how to find LIHTC funded units in communities across the country *see*, VAWA Home: Rights for Survivors in LIHTC https://www.vawahome.com/ (last visited February 10, 2022).
- 346 HUD public and assisted housing refers to HUD assisted housing covered by Section 214 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1980, Title 42 of the U.S. Code Section 1436a. See Housing Act. Section 214, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT, http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/housing-act-sec 214/ (last visited Mar. 9, 2018); DEP'T OF HOUS. & URBAN DEV., PIH NOTICE 2017-02 (HA), VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN ACT (VAWA) SELF-PETITIONER VERIFICATION PROCEDURES (2017), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/hud-vawa-self-petitioner-verification-procedures/; TONYA ROBINSON, ACTING GENERAL COUNSEL, C., U.S. DEP'T OF HOUS. & URBAN DEV., MEMORANDUM FOR SECRETARY JULIAN CASTRO ON ELIGIBILITY OF BATTERED NONCITIZEN SELF-PETITIONERS FOR FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE UNDER SECTION 214 OF THE HOUSING AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT ACT OF 1980 (2016), http://library.niwap.org/wp-content/uploads/Eligibility-of-VAWA-Self-Petitioners-2016-12-14.pdf; U.S. DEP'T OF HOUS. & URBAN DEV., HUD HANDBOOK 4350.3: OCCUPANCY REQUIREMENTS OF SUBSIDIZED MULTIFAMILY HOUSING PROGRAMS at Appendix 2-B (2013), https://www.hud.gov/sites/documents/43503HSGH.PDF (instructions for verifying battered immigrant eligibility for multi-family programs) (referring to the Interim Guidance on Verification of Citizenship, Qualified Alien Status, and Eligibility Under Title IV of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, 62 FR 61344 at Exhibit B to Attachment 5 (Nov. 17, 1997)). See also 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c) (2012).
- 347 USDA RURAL HOUSING SERVICE, Interim Rule, *Reinvention of the Sections 514, 515, 516 and 521 Multi-Family Housing Programs*, 69 Fed. Reg. 69032 (Nov. 26, 2004) (to be codified at 7 C.F.R. pt. 1806, 1822, 1902, 1925 ("Appendix 2 to the HUD Handbook 4350.3 is incorporated into internal Agency procedures."); USDA RURAL HOUSING SERVICE, Interim Final Rule, *Reinvention of the Sections 514, 515, 516 and 521 Multi-Family Housing Programs*, 70 Fed. Reg. 8503 (Feb. 22, 2005) (to be codified at 7 C.F.R. 3560) (deciding "to delay implementation of the sections listed below in order to harmonize its procedures with HUD under 42 U.S.C. 1436a"); DEP'T OF HOUS. & URBAN DEV., HUD HANDBOOK 4350.3: OCCUPANCY REQUIREMENTS OF SUBSIDIZED MULTIFAMILY HOUSING PROGRAMS at Appendix 2-B (2013), https://www.hud.gov/sites/documents/43503HSGH.PDF (instructions on verifying battered immigrant eligibility for HUD multi-family programs) (referring to the *Interim Guidance on Verification of Citizenship, Qualified Alien Status, and Eligibility* Under Title IV of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, 62 FR 61344 at Exhibit B to Attachment 5) (Nov. 17, 1997); DEP'T OF HOUS. & URBAN DEV., PIH NOTICE 2017-02 (HA), VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN ACT (VAWA) SELF-PETITIONER VERIFICATION PROCEDURES (2017), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/hud-vawa-self-petitioner-verification-procedures/; MEMORANDUM FOR SECRETARY JULIAN CASTRO ON ELIGIBILITY OF BATTERED NONCITIZEN SELF-PETITIONERS FOR FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE UNDER SECTION 214 OF THE HOUSING AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT ACT OF 1980 (2016), http://library.niwap.org/wp-content/uploads/Eligibility-of-VAWA-Self-Petitioners-2016-12-14.pdf. *See also* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c).
- <sup>349</sup> NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in LIST OF SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS FOR THE WEBINAR: "IMMIGRANT ACCESS TO FEDERALLY ASSISTED HOUSING" (FEB. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/ (stating that Section 514/516: Lessee (but not household) must be U.S. Citizen or lawful permanent resident). See 7 C.F.R. § 3560.11 (including immediate family member).
- 350 See 7 C.F.R. § 3560.158(d); USDA MFH ASSET MANAGEMENT HANDBOOK HB 2-3650, § 6.30(D) (stating that a remaining family member who is a co-tenant or member of the household, who has the legal capacity to sign the lease, and is a U.S. citizen or qualified immigrant, may remain in the housing after the original tenant has departed); NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in List of Supporting Documents for the Webinar: "Immigrant Access to Federally Assisted Housing" (Feb. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/; see also 8 U.S.C. §§ 1641(c).

  351 8 U.S.C. 1613(b)(3).
- <sup>352</sup> 42 U.S.C. § 1436a(a)(1).
- <sup>353</sup> See 42 U.S.C. § 1484(f)(3)(A), 1486(g)(4) (Sections 514 and 516 Farm Labor Housing); NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in List of Supporting Documents for the Webinar: "Immigrant Access to Federally Assisted Housing" (Feb. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/ ("Section 514/516: Lessee (but not household) must be U.S. Citizen or lawful permanent resident.").
- <sup>354</sup> See 42 U.S.C. § 1490(a); NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in LIST OF SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS FOR THE WEBINAR: "IMMIGRANT ACCESS TO FEDERALLY ASSISTED HOUSING" (Feb. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/.

<sup>355</sup> 24 C.F.R. § 5.506(a)(1).

- <sup>356</sup> See 42 U.S.C. § 1484(f)(3)(A), 1486(g)(4) (Sections 514 and 516 Farm Labor Housing); NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in List of Supporting Documents for the Webinar: "Immigrant Access to Federally Assisted Housing" (Feb. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/ ("Section 514/516: Lessee (but not household) must be U.S. Citizen or lawful permanent resident.").
- 357 See 42 U.S.C. § 1490(a); NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in LIST OF SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS FOR THE WEBINAR: "IMMIGRANT ACCESS TO FEDERALLY ASSISTED HOUSING" (Feb. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/.
- 358 See *Low Income Housing tax credit*, HAW. REV. STAT. § 235-110.8, https://www.capitol.hawaii.gov/hrscurrent/Vol04\_Ch0201-0257/HRS0235/HRS\_0235-0110\_0008.htm (last visited June 14, 2018). Qualified applicants may also be eligible for a state Low Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC) that is equal to 50% of the federal LIHTC. See also *Low-Income Housing Tax Credit Program*, HAW. HOUS. FIN. & DEV. CORP., http://dbedt.hawaii.gov/hhfdc/developers/lihtc\_html/ (last visited June 14, 2018). The LIHTC program does not impose immigrant restrictions. However, when housing units use these federally funded tax credits or other federally funded subsidies, the housing units with this combination of funding would only be available to immigrants, including VAWA self-petitioners, who could meet the eligibility requirements of the federal subsidies involved. See, DEP'T OF HOUS. & URBAN DEV., PIH NOTICE 2017-02 (HA), VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN ACT (VAWA) SELF-PETITIONER VERIFICATION PROCEDURES (2017), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/hud-vawa-self-petitioner-verification-procedures/.
- 359 NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table\_ovrw\_fedprogs/. *See* 8 U.S.C. §§ 1641(b)(2)-(3), (c)(4).

<sup>360</sup> See 42 U.S.C. § 1485.

- <sup>361</sup> See 42 U.S.C. § 1490(a); see also 8 U.S.C. §§ 1641(b)(2)-(3), (c)(4); NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in List of Supporting Documents for the Webinar: "Immigrant Access to Federally Assisted Housing" (Feb. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/.
- <sup>362</sup> NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in LIST OF SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS FOR THE WEBINAR: "IMMIGRANT ACCESS TO FEDERALLY ASSISTED HOUSING" (Feb. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/ (stating that Section 514/516: Lessee (but not household) must be U.S. Citizen or lawful permanent resident). See 7 C.F.R. § 3560.11 (including immediate family member).
- <sup>363</sup> See 7 C.F.R. § 3560.158(d); USDA MFH ASSET MANAGEMENT HANDBOOK HB 2-3650, § 6.30(D) (stating that a remaining family member who is a co-tenant or member of the household, who has the legal capacity to sign the lease, and is a U.S. citizen or qualified immigrant, may remain in the housing after the original tenant has departed); NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in List of Supporting Documents for the Webinar: "Immigrant Access to Federally Assisted Housing" (Feb. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/; see also 8 U.S.C. §§ 1641(b)(2)-(3), (c)(4).
- <sup>364</sup> See 42 U.S.C. § 1484(f)(3)(A), 1486(g)(4) (Sections 514 and 516 Farm Labor Housing).
- 365 See Low Income Housing tax credit, HAW. REV. STAT. § 235-110.8, https://www.capitol.hawaii.gov/hrscurrent/Vol04\_Ch0201-0257/HRS0235/HRS\_0235-0110\_0008.htm (last visited June 14, 2018). Qualified applicants may also be eligible for a state Low Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC) that is equal to 50% of the federal LIHTC. See also Low-Income Housing Tax Credit Program, HAW. HOUS. FIN. & DEV. CORP., http://dbedt.hawaii.gov/hhfdc/developers/lihtc\_html/ (last visited June 14, 2018). The LIHTC program does not impose immigrant restrictions. However, when housing units use federally funded tax credits or other federally funded subsidies, the housing units with this combination of funding would only be available to immigrants, including refugees, asylees and T-visa holders or applicants with a bona fide determination, who could meet the eligibility requirements of the federal subsidies involved. See, NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility For Federal Programs in Gui
- <sup>366</sup> See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS certification). Applicants under age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certification)).
- <sup>367</sup> NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table\_ovrw\_fedprogs/. *See also* 22 U.S.C. 7105(b); OFFICE ON TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS, U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., OTIP-FS-16-01, CERTIFICATION FOR ADULT VICTIMS OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING FACT SHEET 1 (2016),
- https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification%20Fact%20Sheet%20Posting%20%282%29.pdf.
- <sup>368</sup> See Office on Trafficking in Persons, U.S. Dep't of Health & Hum. Serv., OTIP-FS-16-01, Certification for Adult Victims of Human Trafficking Fact Sheet 1 (2016), https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification%20Fact%20Sheet%20Posting%20%282%29.pdf; 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b)(1)(B) (requirement to expand benefits and services); see also 22 U.S.C. 7105(b); 42 U.S.C. § 1485 (Section 515 Rural Housing); 42 U.S.C. § 1490(a) (Section 521 housing assistance); 42 U.S.C. § 1484(f)(3)(A), 1486(g)(4) (Sections 514 and 516 Farm Labor Housing). NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in List of Supporting Documents for the Webinar: "Immigrant Access to Federally Assisted Housing" (Feb. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/.
- <sup>369</sup>See *Low Income Housing tax credit*, HAW. REV. STAT. § 235-110.8, https://www.capitol.hawaii.gov/hrscurrent/Vol04\_Ch0201-0257/HRS0235/HRS\_0235-0110\_0008.htm (last visited June 14, 2018). Qualified applicants may also be eligible for a state Low Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC) that is equal to 50% of the federal LIHTC. See also *Low-Income Housing Tax Credit Program*, HAW. HOUS. FIN. & DEV. CORP., http://dbedt.hawaii.gov/hhfdc/developers/lihtc\_html/ (last visited June 14, 2018). The LIHTC program does not impose immigrant restrictions. However, when housing units use these federally funded tax credits or other federally funded subsidies, the housing units with this combination of funding would only be available to immigrants, T visa applicants with a bona fide determination and trafficking victims with continued presence, who could meet the eligibility requirements of the federal subsidies involved. NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011),

https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table\_ovrw\_fedprogs/. See also 22 U.S.C. 7105(b) (2005) (Applicants under 18 require only HHS eligibility determination (not certification).); OFFICE

ON TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS, U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., OTIP-FS-16-01, CERTIFICATION FOR ADULT VICTIMS OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING FACT SHEET 1 (2016), https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification% 20Fact% 20Sheet% 20Posting% 20% 282% 29.pdf.

- <sup>370</sup> See 42 U.S.C. § 1485 (2011); NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in List of Supporting Documents for the Webinar: "Immigrant Access to Federally Assisted Housing" (Feb. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/.
- <sup>371</sup> May also be eligible for proration in HUD or USDA housing programs, or for federal housing assistance from other unrestricted programs. See 7 C.F.R. § 3560.11 (2012).
- <sup>372</sup> See *Low Income Housing tax credit*, HAW. REV. STAT. § 235-110.8, https://www.capitol.hawaii.gov/hrscurrent/Vol04\_Ch0201-0257/HRS0235/HRS\_0235-0110\_0008.htm (last visited June 14, 2018). Qualified applicants may also be eligible for a state Low Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC) that is equal to 50% of the federal LIHTC. See also *Low-Income Housing Tax Credit Program*, HAW. HOUS. FIN. & DEV. CORP., http://dbedt.hawaii.gov/hhfdc/developers/lihtc\_html/ (last visited June 14, 2018). The LIHTC program does not impose immigrant restrictions. However, when housing units use these federally funded tax credits or other federally funded subsidies, the housing units with this combination of funding would only be available to immigrants who could meet the eligibility requirements of the federal subsidies involved. DACA applicants will only qualify if the housing is LIHTC only or LIHTC is combined with one of the USDA programs listed above.

  <sup>373</sup> See 42 U.S.C. § 1485 (2011); *NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in* LIST OF SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS FOR THE WEBINAR: "IMMIGRANT ACCESS TO FEDERALLY ASSISTED HOUSING" (FEB. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/.
- <sup>374</sup> May also be eligible for proration in HUD or USDA housing programs, or for federal housing assistance from unrestricted programs. See 7 C.F.R. § 3560.11 (2012).
- <sup>375</sup> See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).
- <sup>376</sup> NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide* to IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table\_ovrw\_fedprogs/.
- <sup>377</sup> See 42 U.S.C. § 1490(a) (2011) (Section 521 rental assistance); 42 U.S.C. §§ 1484(f)(3)(A), 1486(g)(4) (2010) (Sections 514 and 516 Farm Labor Housing); 42 U.S.C. § 1485 (2011) (Section 515 Rural Rental Housing).
- <sup>378</sup> See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1) (2012).
- <sup>379</sup>See *Low Income Housing tax credit*, HAW. REV. STAT. § 235-110.8, https://www.capitol.hawaii.gov/hrscurrent/Vol04\_Ch0201-0257/HRS0235/HRS\_0235-0110\_0008.htm Qualified applicants may also be eligible for a state Low Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC) that is equal to 50% of the federal LIHTC. See also *Low-Income Housing Tax Credit Program*, HAW. HOUS. FIN. & DEV. CORP., http://dbedt.hawaii.gov/hhfdc/developers/lihtc\_html/ (last visited June 14, 2018). The LIHTC program does not impose immigrant restrictions. However, when housing units use these federally funded tax credits or other federally funded subsidies, the housing units with this combination of funding would only be available to immigrants including SIJS applicants upon receipt of lawful permanent residency, who could meet the eligibility requirements of the federal subsidies involved. SIJS applicants and recipients prior to receipt of lawful permanent residency will only qualify if the housing is LIHTC only or LIHTC is combined with one of the USDA programs listed above.
- <sup>380</sup> See 42 U.S.C. § 1485 (2011); NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in List of Supporting Documents for the Webinar: "Immigrant Access to Federally Assisted Housing" (Feb. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/.
- 381 May also be eligible for proration in HUD or USDA housing programs, or for federal housing assistance from unrestricted programs. See 7 C.F.R. § 3560.11 (2012).
- <sup>382</sup> See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).
- <sup>383</sup> NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide* to IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table\_ovrw\_fedprogs/.
- <sup>384</sup> See 42 U.S.C. § 1490(a) (2011) (Section 521 rental assistance); 42 U.S.C. § 1484(f)(3)(A), 1486(g)(4) (2010) (Sections 514 and 516 Farm Labor Housing); 42 U.S.C. § 1485 (2011) (Section 515 Rural Rental Housing).
- <sup>385</sup> See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1) (2012).
- See Low Income Housing tax credit, HAW. REV. STAT. § 235-110.8, https://www.capitol.hawaii.gov/hrscurrent/Vol04\_Ch0201-0257/HRS0235/HRS\_0235-0110\_0008.htm (last visited June 14, 2018). Qualified applicants may also be eligible for a state Low Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC) that is equal to 50% of the federal LIHTC. See also Low-Income Housing Tax Credit Program, HAW. HOUS. FIN. & DEV. CORP., http://dbedt.hawaii.gov/hhfdc/developers/lihtc\_html/ (last visited June 14, 2018). The LIHTC program does not impose immigrant restrictions. However, when housing units use these federally funded tax credits or other federally funded subsidies, the housing units with this combination of funding would only be available to immigrants, including U visa wait list approved applicants upon receipt of lawful permanent residency, who could meet the eligibility requirements of the federal subsidies involved. Prior to receipt of lawful permanent residency applicants approved for the U visa wait list will only qualify if the housing is LIHTC only or LIHTC is combined with one of the USDA programs listed above.
- <sup>387</sup> See 42 U.S.C. § 1485 (2011); NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in List of Supporting Documents for the Webinar: "Immigrant Access to Federally Assisted Housing" (Feb. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/.
- 388 May also be eligible for proration in HUD or USDA housing programs, or for federal housing assistance from unrestricted programs. See 7 C.F.R. § 3560.11 (2012).
- <sup>389</sup> See *Low Income Housing tax credit*, HAW. REV. STAT. § 235-110.8, https://www.capitol.hawaii.gov/hrscurrent/Vol04\_Ch0201-0257/HRS0235/HRS\_0235-0110\_0008.htm (last visited June 14, 2018). Qualified applicants may also be eligible for a state Low Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC) that is equal to 50% of the federal LIHTC. See also *Low-Income Housing Tax Credit Program*, HAW. HOUS. FIN. & DEV. CORP., http://dbedt.hawaii.gov/hhfdc/developers/lihtc\_html/ (last visited June 14, 2018). The LIHTC program does not impose immigrant restrictions. However, when housing units use these federally funded tax credits or other federally funded subsidies, the housing units with this combination of funding would only be available to immigrants, including U visa applicants upon receipt of lawful permanent residency, who could meet the eligibility requirements of the federal subsidies involved. Prior to receipt of lawful permanent residency, U visa applicants will only qualify if the housing is LIHTC only or LIHTC is combined with one of the USDA programs listed above.

- <sup>390</sup> See 42 U.S.C. § 1485 (2011); NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in List of Supporting Documents for the Webinar: "Immigrant Access to Federally Assisted Housing" (Feb. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/.
- <sup>391</sup> May also be eligible for proration in HUD or USDA housing programs, or for federal housing assistance from unrestricted programs. See 7 C.F.R. § 3560.11 (2012).
- <sup>392</sup> See *Low Income Housing tax credit*, HAW. REV. STAT. § 235-110.8, https://www.capitol.hawaii.gov/hrscurrent/Vol04\_Ch0201-0257/HRS0235/HRS\_0235-0110\_0008.htm (last visited June 14, 2018). Qualified applicants may also be eligible for a state Low Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC) that is equal to 50% of the federal LIHTC. See also *Low-Income Housing Tax Credit Program*, HAW. HOUS. FIN. & DEV. CORP., http://dbedt.hawaii.gov/hhfdc/developers/lihtc\_html/ (last visited June 14, 2018). The LIHTC program does not impose immigrant restrictions. However, when housing units use these federally funded tax credits or other federally funded subsidies, the housing units with this combination of funding would only be available to immigrants who could meet the eligibility requirements of the federal subsidies involved. Undocumented immigrants will only qualify if the housing is LIHTC only or LIHTC is combined with one of the USDA programs listed above.
- <sup>393</sup> 26 U.S.C. § 24: U.S. Dep't of Treasury, I.R.S., pub. 972. Child Tax Credit, at 3 (2017).
- <sup>394</sup> 26 U.S.C. § 24(f); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 972, CHILD TAX CREDIT, at 2 (2017).
- <sup>395</sup> See https://www.irs.gov/individuals/individual-taxpayer-identification-number (IRS ITIN Information Page).
- <sup>396</sup> 26 U.S.C.A § 21(b); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 503, CHILD AND DEPENDENT CARE EXPENSES, at 1, 3 (2017).
- <sup>397</sup> U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 503, CHILD AND DEPENDENT CARE EXPENSES, at 3 (2017).
- <sup>398</sup> U.S. Dep't of Treasury, I.R.S., pub. 503, Child and Dependent care Expenses, at 2 (2017).
- <sup>399</sup> U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., WHO QUALIFIES FOR THE EARNED INCOME TAX CREDIT (EITC) (Jul.10, 2023), <a href="https://www.irs.gov/credits-deductions/individuals/earned-income-tax-credit/who-qualifies-for-the-earned-income-tax-credit-eitc">https://www.irs.gov/credits-deductions/individuals/earned-income-tax-credit/who-qualifies-for-the-earned-income-tax-credit-eitc</a>.
- 400 26 U.S.C. § 32(c)(1)(D); see also 26 U.S.C. § 6013(g); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 5, 18 (2017); see also U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 4 (2017).
- 401 U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 4 (2017); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 31 (2017).
- 402 U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 31-32 (2017); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 7 (2017).
- <sup>403</sup> U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 1, 31-32 (2018).
- 404 26 U.S.C. § 32(c)(1)(D); see also 26 U.S.C. § 6013(g); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 5, 18 (2017); see also U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 4 (2017).
- 405 U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 4 (2017); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 31 (2017).
- 406 U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 31-32 (2017); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 7 (2017).
- <sup>407</sup> U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 1, 31-32 (2018).
- 408 26 U.S.C. § 32(c)(1)(D); see also 26 U.S.C. § 6013(g); U.S. Dep't of Treasury, I.R.S., pub. 596, Earned Income Credit (EIC), at 5, 18 (2017); see also U.S. Dep't of Treasury, I.R.S., pub. 519, U.S. Tax Guide for Aliens, at 4 (2017).
- 409 U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 4 (2017); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 31 (2017).
- 410 U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 31-32 (2017); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 7 (2017).
- 411 U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., Pub. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 1, 31-32 (2018).
- 412 26 U.S.C. § 32(c)(1)(D); see also 26 U.S.C. § 6013(g); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 5, 18 (2017); see also U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 4 (2017).
- 413 U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 4 (2017); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 31 (2017).
- 414 U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 31-32 (2017); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 7 (2017).
- 415 U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 1, 31-32 (2018).
- 416 26 U.S.C. § 32(c)(1)(D); see also 26 U.S.C. § 6013(g); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 5, 18 (2017); see also U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 4 (2017).
- 417 U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 4 (2017); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 31 (2017).
- 418 U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 31-32 (2017); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 7 (2017).
- <sup>419</sup> U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 1, 31-32 (2018).
- <sup>420</sup> See Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005, NAT'L LEGAL AID & DEFENDER ASS'N CORNERSTONE Jan.-Apr. 2015, at 20, http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/anti-abuse-lsc-reg-articles-cornerstone\_jan-apr-2015/ (describing Legal Services Corporation funded legal services available to immigrant victims of violence and their families).
- 421 Battered or subjected to extreme cruelty includes, but is not limited to, being the victim of any act or threatened act of violence, including any forceful detention, which results or threatens to result in physical or mental injury. Psychological or sexual abuse or exploitation, including rape, molestation, incest (if the victim is a minor), or forced prostitution may be considered acts of violence. Other abusive actions may also be acts of violence under certain circumstances, including acts that, in and of themselves, may not initially appear violent but that are a part of an overall pattern of violence. 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(b) (1996). The definition of battering or extreme cruelty is identical to that in the immigration regulations. See 45 C.F.R. §§ 1626.4(a)(1)(i) (1996) (victim); 45 C.F.R. §§ 1626.4(a)(1)(ii) (1996) (parent of victim); Leslye E. Orloff, Brittnay Roberts & Stefanie Gitler, Battering and Extreme Cruelty: Drawing Examples from Civil Protection Order and Family Law

Cases, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (Sept. 12, 2015), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/extreme-cruelty-examples-protection-order/. Compare 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(b) (1997) and 8 C.F.R. § 204.2(c)(1)(vi) (2012).

- <sup>422</sup> The abuse may have occurred either inside or outside of the U.S. See Ronald S. Flagg, General Counsel & Vice President for Legal Affairs, Legal Services Corporation, Program Letter 14-3: Assessing Eligibility of Aliens Under 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(c)(1) (2014) (interpreting 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(c)).
- 423 45 C.F.R. 1626.4 (b) ("Related legal assistance means legal assistance directly related" "to the prevention of, or obtaining relief from, the battery [or] cruelty" and "includes representation in matters that will assist a person eligible for assistance under this part to escape from the abusive situation, ameliorate the current effects of the abuse, or protect against future abuse, so long as the recipient can show the necessary connection of the representation to the abuse. Such representation may include immigration law matters and domestic or poverty law matters (such as obtaining civil protective orders, divorce, paternity, child custody, child and spousal support, housing, public benefits, employment, abuse and neglect, juvenile proceedings and contempt actions)."). See also Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005, NAT'L LEGAL AID & DEFENDER ASS'N CORNERSTONE Jan.-Apr. 2015, at 20, http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/anti-abuse-lsc-reg-articles-cornerstone\_jan-apr-2015/; Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey, & Leslye E. Orloff, And Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005's New Path to Legal Services Corporation Funded Representation for Immigrant Survivors of Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, Human Trafficking, and Other Crimes, NAT'L IMMIGRANT Women's Advocacy Project (NIWAP), (Nov. 3, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/and-legal-services-for-all/; Catherine Longville, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Guide: Access to Publicly Funded Legal Services for Immigrant Survivors, NAT'L IMMIGRANT Women's Advocacy Project (NIWAP), (Oct. 1, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/lsc-tool-accesspubliclyfundedls/.
- <sup>424</sup> 45 C.F.R. § 1626.5(a).
- <sup>425</sup> 45 C.F.R. § 1626.5(b).
- 426 Upon applying for 45 C.F.R. § 1626.5(b) or receiving lawful permanent residency 45 C.F.R. § 1626.5(a) victim switch eligibility tracks from anti-abuse (which includes a restriction that the legal assistance be related to the abuse 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4 to immigration related eligibility under for 45 C.F.R. § 1626.5 under which applicants are eligible of any legal assistance offered by the LSC funded agency. See Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005, NAT'L LEGAL AID & DEFENDER Ass'n CORNERSTONE Jan.-Apr. 2015, at 20, http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/anti-abuse-lsc-reg-articles-cornerstone\_jan-apr-2015/; Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey, & Leslye E. Orloff, And Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005's New Path to Legal Services Corporation Funded Representation for Immigrant Survivors of Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, Human Trafficking, and Other Crimes, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Nov. 3, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/and-legal-services-for-all/; Catherine Longville, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Guide: Access to Publicly Funded Legal Services for Immigrant Survivors, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Oct. 1, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/lsc-tool-accesspubliclyfundedls/.
- <sup>427</sup> 45 C.F.R. § 1626.5(a)
- 48 U.S.C. 1905(h)(1)(A); Legal Services Corporation, AO-2017-007
- <sup>429</sup> Can LSC Grantees Represent Undocumented Immigrants?, LEGAL SERVICES CORPORATION, <a href="https://www.lsc.gov/our-impact/publications/other-publications-and-reports/can-lsc-grantees-represent-undocumented">https://www.lsc.gov/our-impact/publications/other-publications-and-reports/can-lsc-grantees-represent-undocumented</a> (last visited November 29, 2023) (LSC funded agencies can represent U.S. citizens which includes naturalized citizens).
- 430 OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, FY 2018 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS GRANT PROGRAM PRE-APPLICATION CONFERENCE CALL TUESDAY, DECEMBER 19, 2017, https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/1020436/download ("The purpose of the LAV Program is to increase the availability of civil and criminal legal assistance needed to effectively aid adult and youth victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking who are seeking relief in legal matters relating to or arising out of that abuse or violence, at minimum or no cost to the victims. The LAV Grant Program supports the provision of holistic legal services. For example, survivors may also need legal assistance with other legal matters relating to or arising out of the abuse or violence, including family matters such as divorce, child custody or child support, immigration, administrative agency proceedings, housing, and assistance related to human trafficking.").

  431 Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2000 § 1512, 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)); Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of
- Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2000 § 1512, 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3/96gg (2000)); Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000, tit. II, § 1201(a), Pub. L. 106-386, 114 Stat. 1464 (2000) [hereinafter VAWA 2000], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/vawa-gov-vawa-2000-pub-l-106-386-10-28-00/.

  432 Violence Against Women and Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005 § 103, Pub. L. 109-162, 119 Stat. 2960 (2006) (codified at 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017)) (originally codified at 42
- U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)) [hereinafter VAWA 2005], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/senate-judicial-hearing-july-19-2005-1/.

  433 See, e.g., Office on Violence Against Women, U.S. Dep't of Justice, OVW FY 2017 Legal Assistance for Victims (LAV) Grant Program Solicitation (2017),
- https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/922496/download (listing representation of child sexual assault victims under age of 11 as out-of-scope for Legal Assistance for Victims grant funded programs).
- <sup>434</sup> See 45 C.F.R. § 1626.5(c).
- <sup>435</sup> See 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(1)(i) (trafficking victim); 45 C.F.R. §§ 1626.4 (a)(1)(ii) (parent of trafficking victim); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(k)(2) (A "victim of trafficking" under the anti-abuse regulation is a victim of any conduct included in the definition of "trafficking" under law, including, but not limited to, local, state, and federal law, and T visa holders regardless of certification from the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS)); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(c)(2)(ii) (stating that to qualify for legal assistance by an LSC funded agency, the trafficking must have occurred in the U.S. or violate U.S. law, 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(c)(1), and the trafficking victim must be present in the U.S. at the time of the application for legal assistance).
- 437 OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, FY 2018 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS GRANT PROGRAM PRE-APPLICATION CONFERENCE CALL TUESDAY, DECEMBER 19, 2017, https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/1020436/download ("The purpose of the LAV Program is to increase the availability of civil and criminal legal assistance needed to effectively aid adult and youth victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking who are seeking relief in legal matters relating to or arising out of that abuse or violence, at minimum or no cost to the

victims. The LAV Grant Program supports the provision of holistic legal services. For example, survivors may also need legal assistance with other legal matters relating to or arising out of the abuse or violence, including family matters such as divorce, child custody or child support, immigration, administrative agency proceedings, housing, and assistance related to human trafficking.").

438 Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2000 § 1512, 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)); Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000, tit. II, § 1201(a), Pub. L. 106-386, 114 Stat. 1464 (2000) [hereinafter VAWA 2000], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/vawa-gov-vawa-2000-pub-l-106-386-10-28-00/.

439 Violence Against Women and Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005 § 103, Pub. L. 109-162, 119 Stat. 2960 (2006) (codified at 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017)) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)) [hereinafter VAWA 2005], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/senate-judicial-hearing-july-19-2005-1/.

<sup>440</sup> See, e.g., OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, OVW FY 2017 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS (LAV) GRANT PROGRAM SOLICITATION (2017), https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/922496/download (listing representation of child sexual assault victims under age of 11 as out-of-scope for Legal Assistance for Victims grant funded programs).

<sup>441</sup> See 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(2)(i)(A) (HHS certified victim); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(2)(ii) (seeking certification); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(j) ("Victim of severe forms of trafficking" means any person described at 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b)(1)(C), with the inclusion of those still seeking HHS certification.); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(c)(1) (stating that to qualify for legal assistance by an LSC funded agency, the victim must be present in the U.S. at the time of the application for legal assistance, 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(c)(2)(ii), and the trafficking must have occurred in the U.S. or violated U.S. law).

442 See 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(2)(i)(B) (visa holder); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(2)(ii) (visa applicant); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(c) (stating that eligibility for legal assistance under these provisions does not require HHS certification, 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(2)(ii), although the trafficking must either have occurred in the U.S. or violated U.S. law).

443 OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, FY 2018 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS GRANT PROGRAM PRE-APPLICATION CONFERENCE CALL TUESDAY, DECEMBER 19, 2017, https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/1020436/download ("The purpose of the LAV Program is to increase the availability of civil and criminal legal assistance needed to effectively aid adult and youth victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking who are seeking relief in legal matters relating to or arising out of that abuse or violence, at minimum or no cost to the victims. The LAV Grant Program supports the provision of holistic legal services. For example, survivors may also need legal assistance with other legal matters relating to or arising out of the abuse or violence, including family matters such as divorce, child custody or child support, immigration, administrative agency proceedings, housing, and assistance related to human trafficking.").

444 Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2000 § 1512, 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)); Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000, tit. II, § 1201(a), Pub. L. 106-386, 114 Stat. 1464 (2000) [hereinafter VAWA 2000], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/vawa-gov-vawa-2000-pub-l-106-386-10-28-00/.

445 Violence Against Women and Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005 § 103, Pub. L. 109-162, 119 Stat. 2960 (2006) (codified at 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017)) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 10441 (

U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)) [hereinafter VAWA 2005], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/senate-judicial-hearing-july-19-2005-1/.

446 See, e.g., OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, OVW FY 2017 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS (LAV) GRANT PROGRAM SOLICITATION (2017),
https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/922496/download (listing representation of child sexual assault victims under age of 11 as out-of-scope for Legal Assistance for Victims grant funded

447 See 45 C.F.R. §§ 1626.4(a)(1)(i) (crime victim or family member eligible for U visa relief); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(1)(ii) (parent of U visa eligible child); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(h) (definitions); 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(15)(U)(i)(I)-(a)(15)(U)(iii) (stating that to qualify for a U visa, the victim must have suffered substantial physical or mental abuse as a result of having been a victim of one or more of the following, or any similar activity in violation of Federal, State, or local criminal law: rape; torture; trafficking; incest; domestic violence; sexual assault; abusive sexual contact; prostitution; sexual exploitation; stalking; female genital mutilation; being held hostage; peonage; involuntary servitude; slave trade; kidnapping; abduction; unlawful criminal restraint; false imprisonment; blackmail; extortion; manslaughter; murder; felonious assault; witness tampering; obstruction of justice; perjury; fraud in foreign labor contracting (as defined in section 1351 of title 18); or attempt, conspiracy, or solicitation to commit any of the above mentioned crimes); Leslye E. Orloff, Brittnay Roberts & Stefanie Gitler, Battering and Extreme Cruelty: Drawing Examples from Civil Protection Order and Family Law Cases, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (Sept. 12, 2015), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/extreme-cruelty-examples-protection-order/ (suggesting the definition of battering or extreme cruelty is identical to that in the immigration regulations). Compare 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(b) and 8 C.F.R. § 204.2(c)(1)(vi).

448 45 C.F.R. §§ 1626.4(a)(1)(i) (victim); 45 C.F.R. §§ 1626.4(a)(1)(ii) (parent of victim); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(k) ("Victim of sexual assault or trafficking" means a victim of sexual assault subjected to any conduct included in the definition of sexual assault in VAWA, 42 U.S.C. 13925(a)(29), or a victim of trafficking subjected to any conduct included in the definition of "trafficking" under law, including, but not limited to, local, state, and federal law, and T visa holders regardless of certification from the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.).

450 Related legal assistance means legal assistance directly related to the prevention of, or obtaining relief from, the battery or cruelty and includes representation in matters that will assist a person eligible for assistance under this part to escape from the abusive situation, ameliorate the current effects of the abuse, or protect against future abuse, so long as the recipient can show the necessary connection of the representation to the abuse. Such representation may include immigration law matters and domestic or poverty law matters (such as obtaining civil protective orders, divorce, paternity, child custody, child and spousal support, housing, public benefits, employment, abuse and neglect, juvenile proceedings and contempt actions). 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4 (b); see also Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005, NAT'L LEGAL AID & DEFENDER ASS'N CORNERSTONE Jan.-Apr. 2015, at 20, http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/anti-abuse-lsc-reg-articles-cornerstone\_jan-apr-2015/ (describing Legal Services Corporation funded legal services available to victims of violence and their families); Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey, & Leslye E. Orloff, And Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005 's New Path to Legal Services Corporation Funded Representation for Immigrant Survivors of Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, Human Trafficking, and Other Crimes, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Nov. 3, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/lsc-tool-accesspubliclyfundedls/.

451 OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, FY 2018 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS GRANT PROGRAM PRE-APPLICATION CONFERENCE CALL Tuesday, December 19, 2017, https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/1020436/download ("The purpose of the LAV Program is to increase the availability of civil and criminal legal assistance needed to effectively aid adult and

programs).

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452 Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2000 § 1512, 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)); Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000, tit. II, § 1201(a), Pub. L. 106-386, 114 Stat. 1464 (2000) [hereinafter VAWA 2000], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/vawa-gov-vawa-2000-pub-l-106-386-10-28-00/.

453 Violence Against Women and Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005 § 103, Pub. L. 109-162, 119 Stat. 2960 (2006) (codified at 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017)) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)) [hereinafter VAWA 2005], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/senate-judicial-hearing-july-19-2005-1/.

<sup>454</sup> See, e.g. Office on Violence Against Women, U.S. Dep't of Justice, OVW FY 2017 Legal Assistance for Victims (LAV) Grant Program Solicitation (2017), https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/922496/download (listing representation of child sexual assault victims under age of 11 as out-of-scope for Legal Assistance for Victims grant funded programs).

455 45 C.F.R. §§ 1626.4(a)(1)(i); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(b) ("Battered or subjected to extreme cruelty includes, but is not limited to, being the victim of any act or threatened act of violence, including any forceful detention, which results or threatens to result in physical or mental injury. Psychological or sexual abuse or exploitation, including rape, molestation, incest (if the victim is a minor), or forced prostitution may be considered acts of violence. Other abusive actions may also be acts of violence under certain circumstances, including acts that, in and of themselves, may not initially appear violent but that are a part of an overall pattern of violence."). See Leslye E. Orloff, Brittnay Roberts & Stefanie Gitler, Battering and Extreme Cruelty: Drawing Examples from Civil Protection Order and Family Law Cases, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (Sept. 12, 2015), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/extreme-cruelty-examples-protection-order/ (suggesting the definition of battering or extreme cruelty is identical to that in the immigration regulations). Compare 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(b) and 8 C.F.R. § 204.2(c)(1)(vi).

456 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(1)(i); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(k) ("Victim of sexual assault or trafficking" means a victim of sexual assault subjected to any conduct included in the definition of sexual assault in

<sup>456</sup> 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(1)(i); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(k) ("Victim of sexual assault or trafficking" means a victim of sexual assault subjected to any conduct included in the definition of sexual assault in VAWA, 42 U.S.C. 13925(a)(29), or a victim of trafficking subjected to any conduct included in the definition of "trafficking" under law, including, but not limited to, local, state, and federal law, and T visa holders regardless of certification from the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.).

457 45 C.F.R. 1626.4(b) ("Related legal assistance means legal assistance directly related" "to the prevention of, or obtaining relief from, the battery [or] cruelty" and "includes representation in matters that will assist a person eligible for assistance under this part to escape from the abusive situation, ameliorate the current effects of the abuse, or protect against future abuse, so long as the recipient can show the necessary connection of the representation to the abuse. Such representation may include immigration law matters and domestic or poverty law matters (such as obtaining civil protective orders, divorce, paternity, child custody, child and spousal support, housing, public benefits, employment, abuse and neglect, juvenile proceedings and contempt actions)."). See also Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005, NAT'L LEGAL AID & DEFENDER ASS'N CORNERSTONE Jan.-Apr. 2015, at 20, http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/anti-abuse-lsc-reg-articles-cornerstone\_jan-apr-2015/ (describing Legal Services Corporation funded legal services available to immigrant victims of violence and their families); Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey, & Leslye E. Orloff, And Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005's New Path to Legal Services Corporation Funded Representation for Immigrant Survivors of Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, Human Trafficking, and Other Crimes, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Nov. 3, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/and-legal-services-for-all/; Catherine Longville, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Guide: Access to Publicly Funded Legal Services for Immigrant Survivors, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Oct. 1, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/lsc-tool-accesspubliclyfundedls/.

<sup>458</sup> See 45 C.F.R. § 1626.5(a).

459 See 45 C.F.R. § 1626.5(b); Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005, NAT'L LEGAL AID & DEFENDER ASS'N CORNERSTONE Jan.-Apr. 2015, at 20, http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/anti-abuse-lsc-reg-articles-cornerstone\_jan-apr-2015/ (describing Legal Services Corporation funded legal services available to immigrant victims of violence and their families); Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey, & Leslye E. Orloff, And Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005's New Path to Legal Services Corporation Funded Representation for Immigrant Survivors of Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, Human Trafficking, and Other Crimes, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Nov. 3, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/and-legal-services-for-all/; Catherine Longville, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Guide: Access to Publicly Funded Legal Services for Immigrant Survivors, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Oct. 1, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/lsc-tool-accesspubliclyfundedls/.

<sup>460</sup> OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, FY 2018 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS GRANT PROGRAM PRE-APPLICATION CONFERENCE CALL TUESDAY, DECEMBER 19, 2017, https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/1020436/download ("The purpose of the LAV Program is to increase the availability of civil and criminal legal assistance needed to effectively aid adult and youth victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking who are seeking relief in legal matters relating to or arising out of that abuse or violence, at minimum or no cost to the victims. The LAV Grant Program supports the provision of holistic legal services. For example, survivors may also need legal assistance with other legal matters relating to or arising out of the abuse or violence, including family matters such as divorce, child custody or child support, immigration, administrative agency proceedings, housing, and assistance related to human trafficking.").

- <sup>461</sup> Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2000 § 1512, 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)); Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000, tit. II, § 1201(a), Pub. L. 106-386, 114 Stat. 1464 (2000) [hereinafter VAWA 2000], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/vawa-gov-vawa-2000-pub-l-106-386-10-28-00/.
- <sup>462</sup> Violence Against Women and Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005 § 103, Pub. L. 109-162, 119 Stat. 2960 (2006) (codified at 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017)) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)) [hereinafter VAWA 2005], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/senate-judicial-hearing-july-19-2005-1/.
- <sup>463</sup> See, e.g., OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, OVW FY 2017 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS (LAV) GRANT PROGRAM SOLICITATION (2017), https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/922496/download (listing representation of child sexual assault victims under age of 11 as out-of-scope for Legal Assistance for Victims grant funded programs).
- <sup>464</sup> 45 C.F.R. §§ 1626.4(a)(1)(i) (crime victim or family member eligible for U visa relief); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(1)(ii) (parent of U visa eligible child); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(h) (definitions); 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(15)(U)(ii)(I)-(a)(15)(U)(iii) (stating that to qualify for a U visa, the victim must have suffered substantial physical or mental abuse as a result of having been a victim of one or more of the following, or any similar activity in violation of Federal, State, or local criminal law: rape; torture; trafficking; incest; domestic violence; sexual assault; abusive sexual contact; prostitution; sexual exploitation; stalking; female genital mutilation; being held hostage; peonage; involuntary servitude; slave trade; kidnapping; abduction; unlawful criminal restraint; false imprisonment; blackmail; extortion; manslaughter; murder; felonious assault; witness tampering; obstruction of justice; perjury; fraud in foreign labor contracting (as defined in section 1351 of title 18); or attempt, conspiracy, or solicitation to commit any of the above mentioned crimes).
- 465 To qualify for legal representation by an LSC funded agency, the abuse must either have occurred inside the U.S. or violated U.S. law. 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(c)(1).
- 466 "Related legal assistance means legal assistance directly related" "to the prevention of, or obtaining relief from, the battery [or] cruelty" and "includes representation in matters that will assist a person eligible for assistance under this part to escape from the abusive situation, ameliorate the current effects of the abuse, or protect against future abuse, so long as the recipient can show the necessary connection of the representation to the abuse. Such representation may include immigration law matters and domestic or poverty law matters (such as obtaining civil protective orders, divorce, paternity, child custody, child and spousal support, housing, public benefits, employment, abuse and neglect, juvenile proceedings and contempt actions)." 45 C.F.R. 1626.4 (b); see also Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005, NAT'L LEGAL AID & DEFENDER ASS'N CORNERSTONE Jan.-Apr. 2015, at 20, http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/anti-abuse-lsc-reg-articles-cornerstone\_jan-apr-2015/; Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey, & Leslye E. Orloff, And Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005's New Path to Legal Services Corporation Funded Representation for Immigrant Survivors of Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, Human Trafficking, and Other Crimes, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Nov. 3, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/and-legal-services-for-all/; Catherine Longville, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Guide: Access to Publicly Funded Legal Services for Immigrant Survivors, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Oct. 1, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/lsc-tool-accesspubliclyfundedls/.
- <sup>467</sup> See 45 C.F.R. § 1626.5(a).
- 468 See 45 C.F.R. § 1626.5(b); Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005, NAT'L LEGAL AID & DEFENDER ASS'N CORNERSTONE Jan.-Apr. 2015, at 20, http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/anti-abuse-lsc-reg-articles-cornerstone\_jan-apr-2015/; Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey, & Leslye E. Orloff, And Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005's New Path to Legal Services Corporation Funded Representation for Immigrant Survivors of Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, Human Trafficking, and Other Crimes, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Nov. 3, 2014),
- http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/and-legal-services-for-all/; Catherine Longville, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, *Guide: Access to Publicly Funded Legal Services for Immigrant Survivors*, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Oct. 1, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/lsc-tool-accesspubliclyfundedls/.
- 469 OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, FY 2018 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS GRANT PROGRAM PRE-APPLICATION CONFERENCE CALL TUESDAY, DECEMBER 19, 2017, https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/1020436/download ("The purpose of the LAV Program is to increase the availability of civil and criminal legal assistance needed to effectively aid adult and youth victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking who are seeking relief in legal matters relating to or arising out of that abuse or violence, at minimum or no cost to the victims. The LAV Grant Program supports the provision of holistic legal services. For example, survivors may also need legal assistance with other legal matters relating to or arising out of the abuse or violence, including family matters such as divorce, child custody or child support, immigration, administrative agency proceedings, housing, and assistance related to human trafficking.").
- <sup>470</sup> Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2000 § 1512, 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)); Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000, tit. II, § 1201(a), Pub. L. 106-386, 114 Stat. 1464 (2000) [hereinafter VAWA 2000], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/vawa-gov-vawa-2000-pub-l-106-386-10-28-00/.
- <sup>471</sup> Violence Against Women and Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005 § 103, Pub. L. 109-162, 119 Stat. 2960 (2006) (codified at 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017)) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)) [hereinafter VAWA 2005], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/senate-judicial-hearing-july-19-2005-1/.
- <sup>472</sup> See, e.g., Office on Violence Against Women, U.S. Dep't of Justice, OVW FY 2017 Legal Assistance for Victims (LAV) Grant Program Solicitation (2017), https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/922496/download (listing representation of child sexual assault victims under age of 11 as out-of-scope for Legal Assistance for Victims grant funded programs).
- <sup>473</sup> See 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(1)(i) (crime victim or family member eligible for U visa relief); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(1)(ii) (parent of U visa eligible child); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(h) (definitions); 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(15)(U)(i)(I)-(a)(15)(U)(iii) (stating that to qualify for a U visa, the victim must have suffered substantial physical or mental abuse as a result of having been a victim of one or more of the following, or any similar activity in violation of Federal, State, or local criminal law: rape; torture; trafficking; incest; domestic violence; sexual assault; abusive sexual contact; prostitution; sexual exploitation; stalking; female genital mutilation; being held hostage; peonage; involuntary servitude; slave trade; kidnapping; abduction; unlawful criminal restraint; false imprisonment; blackmail; extortion; manslaughter; murder; felonious assault; witness tampering; obstruction of justice; perjury; fraud in foreign labor contracting (as defined in section 1351 of title 18); or attempt, conspiracy, or solicitation to commit any of the above mentioned crimes).
- <sup>474</sup> To qualify for legal representation by an LSC funded agency, the abuse must either have occurred inside the U.S. or violated U.S. law. 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(c)(1).

<sup>475</sup> 45 C.F.R. 1626.4 (b) ("Related legal assistance means legal assistance directly related" "to the prevention of, or obtaining relief from, the battery [or] cruelty" and "includes representation in matters that will assist a person eligible for assistance under this part to escape from the abusive situation, ameliorate the current effects of the abuse, or protect against future abuse, so long as the recipient can show the necessary connection of the representation to the abuse. Such representation may include immigration law matters and domestic or poverty law matters (such as obtaining civil protective orders, divorce, paternity, child custody, child and spousal support, housing, public benefits, employment, abuse and neglect, juvenile proceedings and contempt actions)."). See also Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005, NAT'L LEGAL AID & DEFENDER ASs'N CORNERSTONE Jan.-Apr. 2015, at 20, http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/anti-abuse-lsc-reg-articles-cornerstone\_jan-apr-2015/ (describing Legal Services Corporation funded legal services available to immigrant victims of violence and their families); Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey, & Leslye E. Orloff, And Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005's New Path to Legal Services Corporation Funded Representation for Immigrant Survivors of Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, Human Trafficking, and Other Crimes, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN's ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Nov. 3, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/and-legal-services-for-all/; Catherine Longville, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Guide: Access to Publicly Funded Legal Services for Immigrant Survivors, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN's ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Oct. 1, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/lsc-tool-accesspubliclyfundedls/.

476 OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, FY 2018 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS GRANT PROGRAM PRE-APPLICATION CONFERENCE CALL TUESDAY, DECEMBER 19, 2017, https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/1020436/download ("The purpose of the LAV Program is to increase the availability of civil and criminal legal assistance needed to effectively aid adult and youth victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking who are seeking relief in legal matters relating to or arising out of that abuse or violence, at minimum or no cost to the victims. The LAV Grant Program supports the provision of holistic legal services. For example, survivors may also need legal assistance with other legal matters relating to or arising out of the abuse or violence, including family matters such as divorce, child custody or child support, immigration, administrative agency proceedings, housing, and assistance related to human trafficking.").

477 Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2000 § 1512, 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)); Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000, tit. II, § 1201(a), Pub. L. 106-386, 114 Stat. 1464 (2000) [hereinafter VAWA 2000], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/vawa-gov-vawa-2000-pub-l-106-386-10-28-00/.

478 Violence Against Women and Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005 § 103, Pub. L. 109-162, 119 Stat. 2960 (2006) (codified at 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017)) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)) [hereinafter VAWA 2005], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/senate-judicial-hearing-july-19-2005-1/.

479 See e.g. Defice on Violence Against Women U.S. Dep't of Justice Reauthorization (2017)

<sup>479</sup> See, e.g., OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, OVW FY 2017 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS (LAV) GRANT PROGRAM SOLICITATION (2017), https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/922496/download (listing representation of child sexual assault victims under age of 11 as out-of-scope for Legal Assistance for Victims grant funded programs).

<sup>480</sup> 45 C.F.R. §§ 1626.4(a)(1)(i) (1996) (victim); 45 C.F.R. §§ 1626.4(a)(1)(ii) (1996) (parent of victim); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(b) (1996) ("Battered or subjected to extreme cruelty includes, but is not limited to, being the victim of any act or threatened act of violence, including any forceful detention, which results or threatens to result in physical or mental injury. Psychological or sexual abuse or exploitation, including rape, molestation, incest (if the victim is a minor), or forced prostitution may be considered acts of violence. Other abusive actions may also be acts of violence under certain circumstances, including acts that, in and of themselves, may not initially appear violent but that are a part of an overall pattern of violence. The definition of battering or extreme cruelty is identical to that in the immigration regulations." *See* Leslye E. Orloff, Brittnay Roberts & Stefanie Gitler, *Battering and Extreme Cruelty: Drawing Examples from Civil Protection Order and Family Law Cases*, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (Sept. 12, 2015), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/extreme-cruelty-examples-protection-order/. *Compare* 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(b) (1997) *and* 8 C.F.R. § 204.2(c)(1)(vi) (2012).

<sup>481</sup> See 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(1)(i) (victim); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(1)(ii) (parent of victim); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(k) ("Victim of sexual assault or trafficking" means a victim of sexual assault subjected to any conduct included in the definition of sexual assault in VAWA, 42 U.S.C. 13925(a)(29), or a victim of trafficking subjected to any conduct included in the definition of "trafficking" under law, including, but not limited to, local, state, and federal law, and T visa holders regardless of certification from the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.).

<sup>482</sup> The abuse must either have occurred in the U.S. or violate U.S. law. See 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(c).

483 See also 45 C.F.R. 1626.4(b) ("Related legal assistance means legal assistance directly related to the prevention of, or obtaining relief from, the battery or cruelty and includes representation in matters that will assist a person eligible for assistance under this part to escape from the abusive situation, ameliorate the current effects of the abuse, or protect against future abuse, so long as the recipient can show the necessary connection of the representation to the abuse. Such representation may include immigration law matters and domestic or poverty law matters (such as obtaining civil protective orders, divorce, paternity, child custody, child and spousal support, housing, public benefits, employment, abuse and neglect, juvenile proceedings and contempt actions)."; Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005, NAT'L LEGAL AID & DEFENDER ASS'N CORNERSTONE Jan.-Apr. 2015, at 20, http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/anti-abuse-lsc-reg-articles-cornerstone\_jan-apr-2015/; Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey, & Leslye E. Orloff, And Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005's New Path to Legal Services Corporation Funded Representation for Immigrant Survivors of Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, Human Trafficking, and Other Crimes, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Nov. 3, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/and-legal-services-for-all/; Catherine Longville, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Guide: Access to Publicly Funded Legal Services for Immigrant Survivors, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Oct. 1, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/lsc-tool-accesspubliclyfundedls/.

<sup>484</sup>OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, FY 2018 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS GRANT PROGRAM PRE-APPLICATION CONFERENCE CALL TUESDAY, DECEMBER 19, 2017, https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/1020436/download ("The purpose of the LAV Program is to increase the availability of civil and criminal legal assistance needed to effectively aid adult and youth victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking who are seeking relief in legal matters relating to or arising out of that abuse or violence, at minimum or no cost to the victims. The LAV Grant Program supports the provision of holistic legal services. For example, survivors may also need legal assistance with other legal matters relating to or arising out of the abuse or violence, including family matters such as divorce, child custody or child support, immigration, administrative agency proceedings, housing, and assistance related to human trafficking.").

- 485 Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2000 § 1512, 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)); Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000, tit. II, § 1201(a), Pub. L. 106-386, 114 Stat. 1464 (2000) [hereinafter VAWA 2000], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/vawa-gov-vawa-2000-pub-l-106-386-10-28-00/.
- <sup>486</sup> Violence Against Women and Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005 § 103, Pub. L. 109-162, 119 Stat. 2960 (2006) (codified at 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017)) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)) [hereinafter VAWA 2005], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/senate-judicial-hearing-july-19-2005-1/.
- 487 See, e.g., OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, OVW FY 2017 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS (LAV) GRANT PROGRAM SOLICITATION (2017),
- https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/922496/download (listing representation of child sexual assault victims under age of 11 as out-of-scope for Legal Assistance for Victims grant funded programs).
- <sup>488</sup> NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., Low-Income Home Energy (LIHEAP) and Weatherization Assistance Programs (WAP) in GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 150, 150-51 (4th ed. 2002, rev. May 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/liheapwap\_pp150-51\_053006.pdf.
- 489 HHS ADMINISTRATION FOR CHILDREN AND FAMILIES, LIHEAP IM 2024-03 Changes to LIHEAP Eligibility for Citizens of Countries Governed by the Compacts of Free Association (COFA) ACF-OCS-LIHEAP-IM-24-03 (June 12, 2024) https://www.acf.hhs.gov/ocs/policy-guidance/liheap-im-2024-03-changes-liheap-eligibility-citizens-countries-governed.
- <sup>490</sup> NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., Low-Income Home Energy (LIHEAP) and Weatherization Assistance Programs (WAP) in Guide to IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 150, 150-51 (4th ed. 2002, rev. May 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/liheapwap\_pp150-51\_053006.pdf. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c).
- <sup>491</sup> Energy Assist Programs, HAWAI'I ELECTRIC LIGHT, https://www.hawaiielectriclight.com/billing-and-payment/energy-assist-programs (last visited May 21, 2018).
- <sup>492</sup> NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Low-Income Home Energy (LIHEAP) and Weatherization Assistance Programs (WAP) in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 150, 150-51 (4th ed. 2002, rev. May 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/liheapwap\_pp150-51\_053006.pdf.
- <sup>493</sup> NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., Low-Income Home Energy (LIHEAP) and Weatherization Assistance Programs (WAP) in Guide to IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 150, 150-51 (4th ed. 2002, rev. May 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/liheapwap\_pp150-51\_053006.pdf. See 8 U.S.C. §§ 1641(b)(2), (b)(3), (c)(4).
- <sup>494</sup> Energy Assist Programs, HAWAI'I ELECTRIC LIGHT, https://www.hawaiielectriclight.com/billing-and-payment/energy-assist-programs (last visited May 21, 2018).
- <sup>495</sup> NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., Low-Income Home Energy (LIHEAP) and Weatherization Assistance Programs (WAP) in Guide to IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 150, 150-51 (4th ed. 2002, rev. May 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/liheapwap\_pp150-51\_053006.pdf.
- <sup>496</sup> NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., Low-Income Home Energy (LIHEAP) and Weatherization Assistance Programs (WAP) in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 150, 150-51 (4th ed. 2002, rev. May 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/liheapwap\_pp150-51\_053006.pdf; Office on Trafficking in Persons, U.S. Dep't of Health & Hum. Serv., OTIP-FS-16-01, Certification for Adult Victims of Human Trafficking Fact Sheet 1 (2016),
- https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification%20Fact%20Sheet%20Posting%20%282%29.pdf. See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS certification. Applicants under age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certification)).
- <sup>497</sup> Energy Assist Programs, HAWAI'I ELECTRIC LIGHT, https://www.hawaiielectriclight.com/billing-and-payment/energy-assist-programs (last visited May 21, 2018).
- <sup>498</sup> NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Low-Income Home Energy (LIHEAP) and Weatherization Assistance Programs (WAP) in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs* 150, 150-51 (4th ed. 2002, rev. May 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/liheapwap\_pp150-51\_053006.pdf.
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- <sup>529</sup> See FeD. EMERGENCY MGMT. AGENCY, FEMA CITIZENSHIP/IMMIGRATION REQUIREMENTS (2015), https://www.fema.gov/faq-details/FEMA-Citizenship-Immigration-requirements-1370032118159 (stating that undocumented individuals can apply on behalf of a minor US citizen child who has a social security card).
- <sup>530</sup> To be eligible for unemployment insurance, each class of immigrant must have had prior work authorization and had to have been working with the authorization at the time they applied for unemployment. Work authorization must remain valid while they receive unemployment and if work authorization expires, then so does the eligibility for unemployment.

  <sup>531</sup> 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(1)(B)(i), or (ii); or 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(2), or (3).

532 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR, EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING ADMINISTRATION ADVISOR SYSTEM, UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE PROGRAM LETTER NO. 07-25 (Dember 30, 2024) (Nationals of the Federated States of Micronesia, the Republic of the Marshall Islands, and the Republic of Palau, are eligible to receive federal, state, and local public benefits including unemployment benefits).

<sup>533</sup> 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(3).

<sup>534</sup> INA § 208(d)(2); 8 C.F.R. § 274a.12(c)(8); 8 C.F.R. §§ 274a.12(a)(5).8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(2).

<sup>535</sup> 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(4).

<sup>536</sup> 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(4).

<sup>537</sup> See Rebecca Smith, *Immigrant Workers' Eligibility for Unemployment Insurance*, NAT'L EMPLOYMENT LAW PROJECT (Mar. 31, 2020), https://www.nelp.org/publication/immigrant-workers-eligibility-unemployment-insurance/ ("The general rule is that workers must have valid work authorization during the base period, at the time that they apply for benefits, and throughout the period during which they are receiving benefits.").

<sup>538</sup> 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).

<sup>539</sup> 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).

<sup>540</sup> See Rebecca Smith, *Immigrant Workers' Eligibility for Unemployment Insurance*, NAT'L EMPLOYMENT LAW PROJECT (Mar. 31, 2020), https://www.nelp.org/publication/immigrant-workers-eligibility-unemployment-insurance/ ("The general rule is that workers must have valid work authorization during the base period, at the time that they apply for benefits, and throughout the period during which they are receiving benefits.").

<sup>541</sup> See Rebecca Smith, *Immigrant Workers' Eligibility for Unemployment Insurance*, NAT'L EMPLOYMENT LAW PROJECT (Mar. 31, 2020), https://www.nelp.org/publication/immigrant-workers-eligibility-unemployment-insurance/ ("Under the current state and federal systems, undocumented workers are not eligible for unemployment benefits.").