



**Oregon Public Benefits Screening for
Immigrant Survivors by Forms of Immigration Relief¹
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September 5, 2022 (Updated: October 1, 2024)**

The purpose of this simplified chart is to provide a tool that victim advocates, attorneys, judges and court staff can use to identify which immigrant survivors and immigrant children qualify for which state or federally funded public benefits, programs and services. This tool was designed to be a first step to identify which immigrant survivors may qualify for which benefits and services. When an immigrant survivor is listed as qualifying or qualifying with conditions on this chart, the second step is to turn to the full public benefits chart NIWAP developed for your jurisdiction where you can look up the details/conditions of what is needed to prove eligibility and what are the sources of law that prove eligibility.

This chart is not an exhaustive list of public benefits available to immigrants in Oregon and but a simplified snapshot of access to certain benefits including cash assistance, healthcare, and housing. This chart is meant to be used in conjunction with NIWAP's [Access to State-Funded Public Benefits in Oregon for Survivors, Based on Immigration Status](#), available at: <https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/oregon-benefits> that provides detailed information with citations to all of the relevant sources of law, regulations, and policies. This more detailed publication includes citations to materials that you can take with you when you accompany an immigrant victim applying for state or federal public benefits or other forms of assistance. In addition to the benefits and services discussed on this chart below, there is also a wide range of assistance that is available as a matter of law to all immigrants regardless of status.¹ For an interactive map that breaks down available public benefits based on the state and immigration status go here: <http://map.niwap.org/>.

Note: The 1996 welfare reform laws authorized states to implement state laws that offer immigrants more state funded benefits than federal public benefits provided and also authorized states to impose more restrictions on the federal public benefits immigrants living in the state could access. This state has elected to:

- Offer MORE STATE FUNDED BENEFITS to certain groups of immigrants in the following benefits programs: Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), TANF-funded child care, Child Health Insurance Program (CHIP), Prenatal care, State-funded health care, State Family Medical Leave Act (FMLA), Post-secondary education in-state tuition and financial aid, and state driver's licenses.
- Impose MORE RESTRICTIONS on immigrant access to federal public benefits: Not Applicable.

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PROGRAM	Lawful Permanent Residents and Naturalized Citizens	VAWA Self Petitioner and Battered Spouse Waiver ²	Refugees, Asylees, T Visas, ³ Afghans, ⁴ and Ukrainians ⁵	T Visa Bona Fide or Continued Presence	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA)	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS)	U Visa, Bona Fide, or Wait List Approval	U Visa (Petition Filed)	Undocumented
CASH & NUTRITION ASSISTANCE, AND CHILDCARE									
<u>Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) (Cash Assistance)</u>	Lawful permanent residents, eligible with conditions. Naturalized citizens eligible. In OR, if victims of domestic violence* ² eligible.	Eligible with conditions upon VAWA prima facie determination or Battered Spouse Waiver. In OR, eligible as domestic violence victims.	Eligible.	Eligible with HHS certification or eligibility letter. In OR, if victims of domestic violence*eligible	Not Eligible. In OR, if victims of domestic violence* eligible.	Eligible with conditions upon obtaining lawful permanent residency. In OR, if victims of domestic violence* eligible.	Eligible with conditions upon obtaining lawful permanent residency. In OR, if victims of domestic violence* eligible.	Not eligible. In OR, if victims of domestic violence* eligible.	Not eligible. In OR, if victims of domestic violence* eligible.
<u>Child Care Funded by TANF and the Child Care Development Fund (CCDF)</u>	Lawful permanent residents, eligible with conditions. Naturalized citizens, eligible. In OR, if victims of domestic violence* eligible for TANF-funded childcare.	Eligible for CCDF. In OR, eligible for TANF funded childcare as domestic violence* victims.	Eligible for CCDF. Eligible for TANF funded childcare. In OR, if victims of domestic violence* eligible for TANF-funded childcare.	Eligible for CCDF. Eligible for TANF funded childcare with HHS certification or eligibility letter. In OR, if victims of domestic violence* eligible for TANF-funded childcare.	Eligible for CCDF. In OR, if victims of domestic violence* eligible for TANF-funded childcare.	Eligible for CCDF. Eligible for TANF funded childcare with conditions upon lawful permanent residency. In OR, if victims of domestic violence* eligible for TANF-funded childcare.	Eligible for CCDF. Eligible for TANF funded childcare with conditions upon lawful permanent residency. In OR, if victims of domestic violence* eligible for TANF-funded childcare.	Eligible for CCDF. In OR, if victims of domestic violence* eligible for TANF-funded childcare.	Eligible for CCDF. In OR, if victims of domestic violence* eligible for TANF-funded childcare.

² * Child abuse is not included within the definition of domestic violence in Oregon. OR. REV. STAT. §107.705(4)(c). Thus, for public benefits purposes a child who suffered abuse by a parent would not qualify for domestic violence based public benefits eligibility in Oregon.

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Supplemental Security Income (SSI)	Lawful permanent residents, eligible with conditions. Naturalized citizens, eligible.	Eligible with conditions upon prima facie determination.	Eligible during first 7 years after status is granted.	Eligible with conditions upon receipt of HHS certification or eligibility letter.	Not eligible.	Eligible with conditions upon lawful permanent residency.	Eligible with conditions upon lawful permanent residency.	Not eligible.	Not eligible.
Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP)	Lawful permanent residents, eligible with conditions. Naturalized citizens, eligible.	Eligible with conditions upon prima facie determination.	Eligible.	Eligible with HHS certification or eligibility letter.	Not eligible.	Eligible with conditions upon obtaining lawful permanent residency.	Eligible with conditions upon obtaining lawful permanent residency.	Not eligible.	Not eligible.
Nutrition Program: For Women, Infants & Children (WIC)	Eligible.	Eligible.	Eligible.	Eligible.	Eligible.	Eligible.	Eligible.	Eligible.	Eligible.
HEALTHCARE									
Emergency Medicaid	Eligible.	Eligible.	Eligible.	Eligible.	Eligible.	Eligible.	Eligible.	Eligible.	Eligible.
Health Insurance Exchanges	Eligible.	Eligible with prima facie determination.	<u>Refugee:</u> Eligible. <u>Asylee:</u> Eligible upon receipt of work authorization or 6 months after filing for asylum	Eligible.	Eligible upon being granted Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA).	Eligible upon filing SIJS application.	Eligible upon U visa bona fide determination, wait list approval, or U visa.	Not eligible.	Not eligible.

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<p>Health Insurance Exchanges</p>			<p>for children under age 14.</p> <p><u>T visa:</u> Eligible upon prima facie determination.</p> <p><u>Afghans special immigrants and Afghan and Ukrainian parolees</u> are eligible to the same extent as refugees.</p>						
<p><u>Medicaid</u></p>	<p>Lawful permanent residents, eligible with conditions.</p> <p>Naturalized citizens, eligible.</p> <p>In OR, lawful permanent residents are eligible for full-scope health care through Cover All People or the Medicaid program.</p>	<p>Eligible with conditions upon VAWA prima facie determination.</p> <p>In OR, eligible for full-scope health care through Cover All People or the Medicaid program.</p>	<p>Eligible.</p> <p>In OR, eligible for full-scope health care through Cover All People or the Medicaid program.</p>	<p>Eligible with HHS certification or eligibility letter.</p> <p>In OR, eligible for full-scope health care through Cover All People or the Medicaid program.</p>	<p>Not eligible.</p> <p>In OR, eligible for full-scope health care through Cover All People program.</p>	<p>Eligible upon lawful permanent residency with conditions.</p> <p>In OR, eligible for full-scope health care through Cover All People program.</p>	<p>Eligible upon lawful permanent residency with conditions.</p> <p>In OR, eligible for full-scope health care through Cover All People program.</p>	<p>Not eligible.</p> <p>In OR, eligible for full-scope health care through Cover All People program.</p>	<p>Not eligible.</p> <p>In OR, eligible for full-scope health care through Cover All People program.</p>

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<u>Prenatal Care</u>	In OR, prenatal care, 12 months of post-partum care, and reproductive health care are available regardless of immigration status.	In OR, prenatal care, 12 months of post-partum care, and reproductive health care are available regardless of immigration status.	In OR, prenatal care, 12 months of post-partum care, and reproductive health care are available regardless of immigration status.	In OR, prenatal care, 12 months of post-partum care, and reproductive health care are available regardless of immigration status.	In OR, prenatal care, 12 months of post-partum care, and reproductive health care are available regardless of immigration status.	In OR, prenatal care, 12 months of post-partum care, and reproductive health care are available regardless of immigration status.	In OR, prenatal care, 12 months of post-partum care, and reproductive health care are available regardless of immigration status.	In OR, prenatal care, 12 months of post-partum care, and reproductive health care are available regardless of immigration status.	In OR, prenatal care, 12 months of post-partum care, and reproductive health care are available regardless of immigration status.
<u>Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP)</u>	Naturalized citizens eligible. In OR, eligible for child health care through Cover All Kids without regard to immigration status.	In OR, eligible for child health care through Cover All Kids without regard to immigration status.	Eligible. In OR, eligible for child health care through Cover All Kids without regard to immigration status.	Eligible with HHS certification or eligibility letter. In OR, eligible for child health care through Cover All Kids without regard to immigration status.	In OR, eligible for child health care through Cover All Kids without regard to immigration status.	In OR, eligible for child health care through Cover All Kids without regard to immigration status.	In OR, eligible for child health care through Cover All Kids without regard to immigration status.	In OR, eligible for child health care through Cover All Kids without regard to immigration status.	In OR, eligible for child health care through Cover All Kids without regard to immigration status.
<u>Victims of Crime Act (VOCA) Compensation</u>	The Victims of Crime Act provides compensation to crime victims for costs associated with the crime victimization. Costs covered by VOCA include compensation for medical bills, lost wages, counseling sessions, crime scene clean up, and reimbursement for many other expenses. VOCA compensation is available to crime victims without regard to citizenship or immigration status.								
<u>Family Medical Leave Act (FMLA)</u>	May be eligible for OR Family Leave Act without regard to immigration status.	May be eligible for OR Family Leave Act without regard to immigration status.	May be eligible for OR Family Leave Act without regard to immigration status.	May be eligible for OR Family Leave Act without regard to immigration status.	May be eligible for OR Family Leave Act without regard to immigration status.	May be eligible for OR Family Leave Act without regard to immigration status.	May be eligible for OR Family Leave Act without regard to immigration status.	May be eligible for OR Family Leave Act without regard to immigration status.	May be eligible for OR Family Leave Act without regard to immigration status.

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HOUSING AND WEATHERIZATION									
<u>Public & Assisted Housing and Low Income Tax Credit Housing</u> ⁶	Eligible. In OR may be eligible to live in Low Income Housing Tax Credit property.	Eligible upon filing. In OR may be eligible to live in Low Income Housing Tax Credit property.	Eligible. In OR may be eligible to live in Low Income Housing Tax Credit property.	Eligible with HHS certification or eligibility letter. In OR may also be eligible to live in Low Income Housing Tax Credit property.	Not eligible. In OR may be eligible to live in Low Income Housing Tax Credit property.	Eligible upon receiving lawful permanent residency. In OR may be eligible to live in Low Income Housing Tax Credit property.	Eligible upon receiving lawful permanent residency. In OR may be eligible to live in Low Income Housing Tax Credit property.	Not eligible. In OR may be eligible to live in Low Income Housing Tax Credit property.	Not eligible. In OR may be eligible to live in Low Income Housing Tax Credit property.
<u>Emergency Shelter, Transitional Housing, Health, and Life and Safety Services</u>	Eligible.	Eligible.	Eligible.	Eligible.	Eligible.	Eligible.	Eligible.	Eligible.	Eligible.
<u>Weatherization Assistance Program (WAP) and Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP)</u>	Eligible for WAP if living in multi-family dwellings. Eligible for LIHEAP.	Eligible for WAP if living in multi-family dwellings. Eligible for LIHEAP with conditions upon prima facie determination.	WAP if living in multi-family dwellings. Eligible for LIHEAP.	WAP if living in multi-family dwellings. Eligible for LIHEAP with conditions upon receipt of HHS certification or eligibility letter.	WAP if living in multi-family dwellings.	WAP if living in multi-family dwellings. Eligible with conditions for LIHEAP upon receiving lawful permanent residency.	WAP if living in multi-family dwellings. Eligible with conditions for LIHEAP upon receiving lawful permanent residency.	WAP if living in multi-family dwellings.	WAP if living in multi-family dwellings.
EDUCATION									
<u>Federal Education</u>	Eligible.	Eligible upon prima facie determination.	Eligible.	Eligible with HHS certification or eligibility letter.	Not eligible.	Eligible upon lawful permanent residency.	Eligible upon lawful permanent residency.	Not eligible.	Not eligible.

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State Education	Eligible.	Eligible upon prima facie determination.	Eligible with conditions.	Eligible with conditions.	Eligible with conditions.	Eligible with conditions.	Eligible with conditions.	Eligible with conditions.	Eligible with conditions.
<p>All children, without regard to immigration status or citizenship are eligible to attend public elementary and secondary (K-12) schools. State schools may not request citizenship or immigration status information and may not bar students from enrolling in public elementary or secondary schools based on the citizenship or immigration status of the student, their parent or their guardian. Eligible to apply for and enroll in state funded colleges and universities without regard to citizenship or immigration status.</p> <p>In Oregon student who are not citizens or lawful permanent residents are eligible for pay in-state tuition and fees for enrollment in a public university in Oregon and may be eligible for some scholarships if the student: 1) during each of the 3 years prior to receiving a high school diploma or leaving school before receiving a high school diploma, the student attended an elementary or secondary school in Oregon; 2) during each of the 5 years immediately prior to receiving a high school diploma or leaving school before receiving a high school diploma, attended an elementary or a secondary school in any state or territory of the United States, D.C. or Puerto Rico; 3) No more than 3 years before initially enrolling in an Oregon public university received a high school diploma or GED from an Oregon secondary school; and shows an intention to become a citizen or lawful permanent resident by submitting either: submitting an official copy of the student's application for federal immigration benefits or a statement of intent to apply for citizenship as permitted under federal law. Students must also submit an affidavit attesting to the fact that the student had applied for or a federal individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN).</p>									
LEGAL SERVICES, DRIVER'S LICENSES, AND EARNED INCOME TAX CREDITS									
Legal Services	<p>Lawful permanent residents, applicants for lawful permanent residency, and naturalized citizens eligible for all LSC funded legal services.</p> <p>Victims of domestic, sexual, or</p>	<p>Eligible for Legal Services Corporation (LSC)-funded legal services with conditions and fully eligible when victims file for lawful permanent residency.</p> <p>Eligible for VAWA funded legal services.</p>	<p>Eligible for all LSC funded legal services.</p> <p>Victims of domestic, sexual, or dating violence, or stalking eligible for VAWA funded legal services.</p>	<p>Eligible for LSC funded legal services when they receive HHS certification or eligibility letter.</p> <p>Victims of domestic, sexual, or dating violence, or stalking eligible for VAWA funded legal services.</p>	<p>May be eligible if victims of abuse for LSC funded legal services with conditions.</p> <p>Victims of domestic, sexual, or dating violence, or stalking eligible for</p>	<p>May be eligible if victims of abuse for LSC funded legal services with conditions and when SIJS children file for lawful permanent residency fully eligible.</p> <p>Victims of domestic, sexual, or dating</p>	<p>Eligible for LSC-funded legal services with conditions and fully eligible when victims file for lawful permanent residency.</p> <p>Victims of domestic, sexual, or dating violence, or stalking eligible for VAWA</p>	<p>Eligible for LSC-funded legal services with conditions and fully eligible when victims file for lawful permanent residency.</p> <p>Victims of domestic,</p>	<p>May be eligible if victims of abuse for LSC funded legal services with conditions.</p> <p>Victims of domestic, sexual, or dating violence, or stalking eligible for VAWA</p>

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Legal Services	dating violence, or stalking eligible for VAWA funded legal services.				VAWA funded legal services.	violence, or stalking eligible for VAWA funded legal services.	funded legal services.	sexual, or dating violence, or stalking eligible for VAWA funded legal services.	funded legal services.
<u>Driver's License</u>	Eligible for OR driver's license. Eligible for federally recognized driver's license and ID.	Eligible for OR driver's license. Eligible for federally recognized driver's license and ID upon receipt of work authorization.	Eligible for OR driver's license. Eligible for federally recognized driver's license and ID.	Eligible for OR driver's license. Eligible upon receipt of HHS certification or eligibility letter for federally recognized driver's license and ID.	Eligible for OR driver's license. Eligible for federally recognized driver's license and ID upon receipt of work authorization.	Eligible for OR driver's license. Eligible for federally recognized driver's license and ID upon receipt of work authorization.	Eligible for OR driver's license. Eligible for federally recognized driver's license and ID upon receipt of work authorization.	Eligible for OR driver's license.	Eligible for OR driver's license.
<u>Professional & Occupational Licenses</u>	Eligible.	Oregon grants professional and occupational licenses to all persons who are eligible without regard to immigration status and allows applicants to provide either an Individual Taxpayer Identification Number (ITIN) or a Social Security Number (SSN).							
<u>Income Tax Credit</u>	Immigrants with social security numbers or Individual Taxpayer Identification Numbers (ITINs) who care for dependent children under the age of 17 or who care for a spouse or other individual unable to physically or mentally care for themselves are eligible to claim a child or dependent tax credit on their income taxes.								
<u>Earned Income Tax Credit (EITC)</u>	Eligible.	Eligible with conditions upon receipt of work authorization.	Eligible with conditions upon receipt of work authorization.	Eligible with conditions upon receipt of work authorization.	Eligible with conditions upon receipt of work authorization.	Eligible with conditions upon receipt of work authorization.	Eligible with conditions upon receipt of work authorization.	Not eligible.	Not eligible.

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FEMA AND UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE									
<u>Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA)</u>	Eligible for disaster relief. Eligible for food, unemployment and all other FEMA assistance.	Eligible for disaster relief. Eligible upon prima facie determination for food, unemployment and other FEMA assistance.	Eligible for disaster relief. Eligible for food, unemployment and other FEMA assistance.	Eligible for disaster relief. Eligible upon receipt of HHS determination or eligibility letter for food, unemployment and other FEMA assistance.	Eligible for disaster relief.	Eligible for disaster relief. Eligible receipt of lawful permanent residency for food, unemployment and other FEMA assistance.	Eligible for disaster relief. Eligible receipt of lawful permanent residency for food, unemployment and other FEMA assistance.	Eligible for disaster relief.	Eligible for disaster relief.
<u>Unemployment Insurance</u>	Eligible.	Eligible upon receipt of work authorization.	<u>Refugees:</u> Eligible. <u>Asylees, Afghans, and Ukrainians:</u> Eligible upon receipt of work authorization. <u>T Visa:</u> Eligible as T visa holder or upon receipt work authorization.	Eligible upon receipt of HHS certification or eligibility letter and work authorization.	Eligible upon receipt of work authorization.	Eligible upon receipt of work authorization.	Eligible upon receipt of work authorization.	Not eligible.	Not eligible.
*To be eligible for unemployment insurance, each class of immigrant must have had prior work authorization and had to have been working with the authorization at the time they applied for unemployment. Work authorization must remain valid while they receive unemployment and if work authorization expires, then so does the eligibility for unemployment.									

¹ Catherine Longville & Leslye E. Orloff, *Programs Open to Immigrant Victims and All Immigrants Without Regard to Immigration Status*, National Immigrant Women's Advocacy Project (July 23, 2015), <https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/programs-open-to-all-immigrants>.

² Battered Spouse Waiver (BSW) applicants/recipients have the same eligibility for public benefits purposes as VAWA self-petitioners. BWS victims are eligible either as conditional permanent residents if they still have that status and/or are or continue to be eligible once they file their battered spouse waiver application. Battered spouse waiver applicants have greater benefits access than conditional and lawful permanent residents because they have access to exemptions from deeming and have access to benefits that are only available to battered immigrants.

³ See 8 U.S.C. §§ 1641(b)(2)-(3), (c)(4) (Asylees, Refugees and trafficking victims and family members of trafficking victims with T visa status or a pending T visa application setting forth a “prima facie” (bona facie) case for eligibility); Classification for Victims of Severe Forms of Trafficking in Persons; Eligibility for “T” Nonimmigrant Status, 81 Fed. Reg. 92266, 92279, 92304, 92307 (Dec. 19, 2016) (effective Jan. 18, 2017) (to be codified at 8 C.F.R. pts. 212, 214, 245, 274) (Prima facie/bona fide determinations on T visa applications are made by the Department of Homeland Security.).

⁴ **Afghans entering between 7/31/21 and 9/30/23:** In 2021, Congress extended benefits eligibility to certain Afghans paroled into the U.S. through § 2502 of the Extending Government Funding and Delivering Emergency Assistance Act, Pub. L. 117-43, 135 Stat. 344, 377 (2021). This law was amended by the Continuing Appropriations and Ukraine Supplemental Appropriations Act, Pub. L. 117-180 § 149, 135 Stat. 2114, 2124 (2022), and by the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2023, Pub. L. 117-328 § 1501, 136 Stat. 4459, 5195 (2022). This law as amended provides that:

- Afghans granted humanitarian parole between July 31, 2021 and September 30, 2023 are eligible for resettlement assistance, entitlement programs, federally recognized driver’s licenses and identification cards, and other federal and state public benefits to the same extent as refugees through the end of their humanitarian parole.
- The spouses and children of these Afghans granted humanitarian parolees who are granted their own humanitarian parole after September 30, 2022, are also eligible for resettlement assistance, entitlement programs, federally recognized driver’s licenses and identification cards, and other federal and state public benefits to the same extent as refugees through the end of their humanitarian parole.
- Parents or guardians of unaccompanied Afghan children granted parole after September 30, 2023 are— also eligible for resettlement assistance, entitlement programs, federally recognized driver’s licenses and identification cards, and other federal and state public benefits to the same extent as refugees through the end of their humanitarian parole.

See OFF. OF REFUGEE RESETTLEMENT, U.S. DEP’T OF HEALTH AND HUM. SERV., *Fact Sheet: Benefits for Afghan and Iraqi Special Immigrant Visa (SIV) Holders or SQ/SI Parolees* <https://www.acf.hhs.gov/orr/fact-sheet/benefits-afghan-and-iraqi-special-immigrant-visa-siv-holders-or-sq/si-parolees> (last visited November 29, 2023) (Iraqi and Afghan special immigrant visa holders (SIV) and special immigrant parolees (who have applied for SIV status) are eligible for federal benefits to the same extent as refugees.) See also *The Administration for Children and Families Office of Refugee Resettlement Policy Letters on Public Benefits for Afghan Refugees* (November 29, 2023) <https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/orr-policy-letters-afghan-refugees> (Contains HHS Policy Letters and Fact Sheets regarding Afghan Refugees).

Afghans entering on or after 10/1/23:

- Afghan humanitarian parolees arriving on or after October 1, 2023, are not eligible for federal public benefits to the same extent as refugees. See *The Administration for Children and Families Office of Refugee Resettlement Policy Letters on Public Benefits for Afghan Refugees* (November 29, 2023) <https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/orr-policy-letters-afghan-refugees> (Contains HHS Policy Letters and Fact Sheets regarding Afghan Refugees).

Afghans under the Temporary Protected Status:

- Are considered lawful present individuals which provides access to healthcare exchanges to purchase health insurance and some states state-funded healthcare subsidies or other access to state funded benefits to the same extent as other lawful present individuals, cited on this public benefits chart as DACA, SIJS, U-visa bona fide or wait list approval. Extension of Designation of Afghanistan for TPS, 88 Fed. Reg. 65728 (Sep. 25, 2023). See *Clarifying the Eligibility of Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) Recipients and Certain Other Noncitizens for a Qualified Health Plan through an Exchange, Advance Payments of the Premium Tax Credit, Cost-Sharing Reductions, and a Basic Health Program*, 89 Fed. Reg. 39392, 39436 (May 8, 2024).

Afghans with pending or approved applications for asylum:

- Receive the same public benefits access as all other asylees. Afghan asylum applicants will have greater access to public benefits than other asylum applicants if they were granted one of the forms of humanitarian parole listed above that receives access to public benefits to the same extent as refugees. Once an Afghan recipient of humanitarian parole applies for and is granted asylum, they receive access to state and federal public benefits to the same extent as asylees.

See also, *Changes to Benefits Eligibility and Services for Afghans Arriving as Humanitarian Parolees*, SETTLEIN (FEB. 21, 2024) <https://www.settlein.support/en-us/articles/16903785241629>.

⁵ Ukraine Security Supplemental Appropriations Act of 2024, 118 P.L. 50; 2024 Enacted H.R. 815; 118 Enacted H.R. 815; 138 Stat. 895 (2024). *Department of Homeland Security, President Biden to Announce Uniting For Ukraine, a New Streamlined Process to Welcome Ukrainians Fleeing the Russian Invasion of Ukraine*, DEP'T OF HOMELAND SEC. (April 21, 2022) <https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/ukrainians-2022-dhs/> (Ukrainians paroled into the U.S. between February 24, 2022, and September 30, 2024 – and their spouses and children, and parents, guardians or primary caregivers of unaccompanied children paroled into the U.S. after September 30, 2024 – are eligible for federal benefits to the same extent as refugees.); *See The Administration for Children and Families Office of Refugee Resettlement Policy Letters on Public Benefits for Ukrainian Refugees* (November 29, 2023) <https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/orr-policy-letters-ukrainian-refugees> (Contains HHS Policy Letters and Fact Sheets regarding Ukrainian Refugees).

⁶ Some households, depending on the immigration status of its residents, may qualify for the Low-Income Housing Tax Credit; see [Access to State-Funded Public Benefits in Oregon for Survivors](#) to determine whether the immigrant or family members may be eligible. For more information on LIHTC see <https://www.vawahome.com/>.