





Access to State-Funded^a Public Benefits in North Dakota for Survivors, Based on Immigration Status^b

By: Daniel Enos and Leslye E. Orloff^c (With Updates by Mary Ann McLean) April 12, 2019 (Updated September 4, 2022)

	VAWA Self- Petitioner ¹ and Battered Spouse Waiver ²	Refugee, ³ Asylee, T Visa ⁴ I Immigrant ^d	T Visa ⁵ / Continued Presence ⁶ HHS Certification	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) ⁷	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) ⁸ Lawfully Present	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. ⁹	U Visa Applicants Limited Benef	Undocumented
TANF (Cash Assistance)	Eligible with prima facie determination, subject to five-year bar ¹¹ for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996 ¹² (After the first 12 months may be subject to deeming). ¹³	Refugee/Asylee: Eligible for TANF regardless of date of entry. 14 T visa holders or applicants with prima facie (bona fide) determination 15: Eligible under the Victims of	Human trafficking victims eligible: with HHS Certification (based on continued presence or a bona fide determination on a T visa application) or with HHS eligibility determination (under 18). 17	Not eligible. ²⁰	Eligible after receiving lawful permanent residency, subject to five-year bar ²¹ for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996. ²² (may be subject to deeming). ²³	Eligible after receiving lawful permanent residency, subject to five-year bar ²⁴ for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996 ²⁵ (may be subject to deeming). ²⁶	No federal eligibility. ²⁷	Not eligible. ²⁸

^a Federally funded public benefits are in non-italicized typeface and state-funded public benefits are italicized.

b The chart shows eligibility based on immigration status. Applicants must also meet all other program eligibility requirements, such as income/resource limits. Children and other family members included in an individual's immigration application receive the same access to public benefits as the applicant. When children qualify for federal or state public benefits, immigrant parents can file child-only benefits applications on their children's behalf. Congress exempted from the public charge ground of inadmissibility immigrant victims applying for immigration relief and lawful permanent residency through the following immigration benefits programs: VAWA self-petitioning (as defined in footnote "d"), VAWA cancellation of removal, VAWA suspension of deportation, U visas, and T visas. For technical assistance on benefits access for immigrant survivors please contact the National Immigrant Women's Advocacy Project, American University, Washington College of Law (202) 274-4457 or info@niwap.org. NIWAP would like to thank Michelle Aronowitz and Dean's Fellows Alexandra Brown and Sandeep Purewal for their work in developing these state public benefits charts.

^c © National Immigrant Women's Advocacy Project, American University, Washington College of Law 2018. This publication was developed under grant number SJI-15-T-234 from the State Justice Institute. The points of view expressed are those of the authors and do not necessarily represent the official position or policies of the State Justice Institute.

^d See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(a)-(c) (Qualified immigrants are: **lawful permanent residents** (**LPRs**); refugees; asylees; persons granted withholding of deportation/removal, conditional entry (as in effect prior to Apr. 1, 1980), humanitarian parolees; Cuban/Haitian entrants; and certain battered immigrants. A battered immigrant is someone who: (1)(a) has been battered or subjected to extreme cruelty in the U.S. by a U.S. citizen or LPR spouse, parent or step-parent or member of the spouse/parent/step-parent's family residing in the same household as the immigrant and the spouse/parent/step-parent consented to or acquiesced in such battery or cruelty, and there is a substantial connection between the battery or cruelty and the need for the public benefits, and (b) has been approved or has a petition or self-petition pending which sets forth a prima facie case for certain immigrant visa classifications, suspension of deportation, or cancellation of removal; or (2) is a victim of trafficking or a family member of a trafficking victim who has been granted T visa status or whose T visa application sets forth a prima facie case.). For discussion of prima facie determinations by immigration judges in suspension of deportation and cancellation of removal cases for battered immigrants, see OFFICE OF THE CHIEF IMMIGRATION JUDGE, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, OPERATING POLICY AND PROCEDURE MEMORANDUM 97-9; MOTIONS FOR "PRIMA FACIE" DETERMINATION AND VERIFICATION REQUESTS FOR BATTERED SPOUSES AND CHILDREN, http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/prima-facie-verification-requests/ (last visited Mar. 2, 2018).

	VAWA Self- Petitioner ¹ and Battered Spouse Waiver ²	Refugee, ³ Asylee, T Visa ⁴	T Visa ⁵ / Continued Presence ⁶	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) ⁷	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) ⁸	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. ⁹	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented
TANF		Trafficking and Violence Protection Act (TVPA) of 2000 to the same extent as refugees. 16	These human trafficking victims are eligible to the same extent as refugees and thus are eligible regardless of date of entry. ¹⁸					
			Family members with T visa status are eligible without HHS certification or determination; they are eligible to the same extent as refugees and thus eligible regardless of date of entry. 19					
Child Care	Children with prima facie determination are qualified immigrants eligible for Child Care Development Fund (CCDF)-funded child care. ²⁹ TANF-funded childcare subject to five-year bar for immigrants who entered on or after August 22, 1996. ³⁰	Children who are asylees or refugees are eligible for CCDF-funded child care and TANF-funded child care. ³¹ T visa: Eligible for CCDF-funded child care and TANF-funded child care under the Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000 to the same extent as refugees. ³² Children who are T visa	Human trafficking victims with an HHS Certification (based on continued presence or a bona fide determination on a T visa application) or an HHS eligibility determination (under 18) are eligible for CCDF-funded child care and TANF-funded child care; 35 Family members with T visa status eligible for CCDF-funded child care and TANF-funded child care and TANF-funded child care, no need for HHS Certification or	Eligible for CCDF-funded child care open to all immigrants, when: (1) Child care is provided in settings subject to public educational standards, including public or private prekindergarten or public and private child care provided after school or	Eligible for CCDF- funded child care open to all immigrants, when: (1) Child care is provided in settings subject to public educational standards, including public or private pre- kindergarten or public and private child care provided after school or during school holidays; (2) Childcare is subject to Head Start performance	Eligible for CCDF- funded child care open to all immigrants, when: (1) Child care is provided in settings subject to public educational standards, including public or private pre- kindergarten or public and private child care provided after school or during school holidays; (2) Childcare is subject to Head Start performance standards; or	Eligible for CCDF-funded child care open to all immigrants, when: (1) Child care is provided in settings subject to public educational standards, including public or private prekindergarten or public and private child care provided after school or	Eligible for CCDF-funded child care open to all immigrants, when: (1) Child care is provided in settings subject to public educational standards, including public or private prekindergarten or public and private child care provided after school or
		holders or applicants with prima facie (bona fide) determination are	eligibility determination. ³⁶	during school holidays;	standards; or (3) Eligibility for child care services is	(3) Eligibility for child care services is determined by a	during school holidays;	during school holidays;

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Child Care		eligible for CCDF- funded child care. ³³ They are also eligible for TANF-funded childcare subject to five-year bar for those who entered on or after August 22, 1996. ³⁴		(2) Child care is subject to Head Start performance standards; or (3) Eligibility for child care services is determined by a nonprofit charitable organization. ³⁷	determined by a nonprofit charitable organization. 38 Upon receiving lawful permanent residency, eligible as for CCDF-funded child care. 39 Also eligible for TANF-funded child care subject to five- year bar for those who entered on or after August 22, 1996. 40	nonprofit charitable organization. 41 Upon receiving lawful permanent residency, eligible as for CCDF-funded child care. 42 Also eligible for TANF-funded child care subject to five-year bar for those who entered on or after August 22, 1996. 43	(2) Child care is subject to Head Start performance standards; or (3) Eligibility for child care services is determined by a nonprofit charitable organization. ⁴⁴	(2) Child care is subject to Head Start performance standards; or (3) Eligibility for child care services is determined by a nonprofit charitable organization. 45
SNAP (Food Stamps) ⁴⁶	Eligible with prima facie determination, subject to an additional condition, e.g.: five years residency, younger than 18, elderly, or disabled. ⁴⁷	Refugee/Asylee: Eligible with no additional conditions. 48 T visa: Eligible with prima facie (bona fide) determination on T visa application, subject to an additional condition (e.g., five-years residency, under 18, elderly, or disabled). 49 Also eligible under the Trafficking Victims Protection Act to the same extent as refugees. 50	Human trafficking victims are eligible: with an HHS Certification (based on continued presence or a bona fide determination on a T visa application) or with an HHS eligibility determination (under 18). ⁵¹ Family members with T visa status eligible without HHS certification or eligibility determination. ⁵² These human trafficking victims are eligible to the same extent as refugees and thus are eligible with no additional conditions. ⁵³	Not eligible.	Eligible upon receiving lawful permanent residency, subject to an additional condition, 54 e.g.: under 18,55 five years residency, 56 40 qualifying work quarters, 57 or disabled. 58	Eligible upon receiving lawful permanent residency, subject to an additional condition, ⁵⁹ e.g.: under 18, ⁶⁰ five years residency, ⁶¹ 40 qualifying work quarters, ⁶² elderly, ⁶³ or disabled. ⁶⁴	Not eligible.	Not eligible.

	VAWA Self- Petitioner ¹ and Battered Spouse Waiver ²	Refugee, ³ Asylee, T Visa ⁴	T Visa ⁵ / Continued Presence ⁶	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) ⁷	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) ⁸	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. ⁹	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented
The Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children	education for low-incoregard to immigration requirement. Application in certain In North Dakota, appli	ome pregnant, breastfeeding status. 65 Applicants must lants must also have an incomprograms (TANF, SNAP) licants can apply at any Wie	Women, Infants, and Childry, and non-breastfeeding positive in the state in which the me at or below an income leader of the feeding of the feed below 185 percent of the feed	stpartum women, and y apply, but are not evel or standard set be state. 68 In North Da	d to infants and children required to live there for by the State agency or be akota, the income eligibil	up to age five who are for a certain amount of time determined automatically	und to be at nutrition in order to meet the vincome-eligible ba	nal risk, without WIC residency sed on
Purchase Health Insurance on Exchangese	Eligible with prima facie determination. ⁷⁰	Refugee: Eligible. ⁷¹ Asylee: Eligible; applicants eligible if granted work authorization; applicants under 14 eligible if application pending at least 180 days. ⁷² T visa: Eligible with prima facie (bona fide) determination on T visa application. ⁷³	Human trafficking victims eligible: with an HHS Certification (based on continued presence or a bona fide determination on a T visa application), or with an HHS eligibility determination (under 18). ⁷⁴ Family members with T visa status eligible without HHS certification or eligibility determination. ⁷⁵ These human trafficking victims are considered refugees and thus are eligible regardless of date of entry. ⁷⁶	Not eligible. ⁷⁷	Eligible upon filing SIJS application. ⁷⁸	Eligible upon U visa, bona fide determination, ⁷⁹ or wait list approval. ⁸⁰	Not eligible. ⁸¹	Not eligible. ⁸²

^e Under the Affordable Care Act, in "mixed status" households, each family member may have different eligibility for exchanges and subsidies. NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS: THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT & MIXED-STATUS FAMILIES (rev. 2014), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/11/FAQ-ACA-and-mixed-status-families-2014-12-1.pdf.

	VAWA Self- Petitioner ¹ and Battered Spouse Waiver ²	Refugee, ³ Asylee, T Visa ⁴	T Visa ⁵ / Continued Presence ⁶	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) ⁷	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) ⁸	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. ⁹	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented
Child Health Insurance Program (CHIP) 83 84	Eligible with prima facie determination if arrived prior to August 22, 1996 and subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996. 85 Eligible for emergency Medicaid regardless of immigration status. 86 In North Dakota, if entered on or after Aug. 22, 1996, are eligible for subsidized health care through CHIP after the VAWA selfpetitioner attains lawful permanent residency. 87	Refugee/Asylee: Eligible, exempt from five-year bar. 88 T visa holders and T visa applicants with prima facie (bona fide) determinations: those who arrived prior to August 22, 1996, are immediately eligible as qualified immigrants under the Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000 to the same extent as refugees, with no seven year limit. 89 Those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996, are eligible as qualified immigrants, but are subject to a five-year bar. 90 In North Dakota, refugees, asylees, T visa holders and T visa applicants with bona fide determinations who entered on or after Aug. 22, 1996, are eligible for subsidized health care through CHIP. 91	Human trafficking victims are eligible with an HHS certification (based on continued presence or a bona fide determination on a T visa application) or eligibility determination (under 18).92 Family members with T visa status are eligible without HHS Certification or eligibility determination.93 These human trafficking victims are eligible to the same extent as refugees and are exempt from five-year bar.94 Eligible for emergency Medicaid regardless of immigration status.95 In North Dakota, T visa applicants with bona fide determinations are eligible for subsidized health care through CHIP if entering prior to August 22, 1996.96 In North Dakota, T visa applicants and continued presence	Eligible for emergency Medicaid regardless of immigration status. 98	Eligible upon receiving lawful permanent residency, subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996. 99 Eligible for emergency Medicaid regardless of immigration status. 100 In North Dakota, if entered on or after Aug. 22, 1996, eligible for subsidized health care through CHIP once the SIJS recipient attains lawful permanent residency and after 5 year bar and accruing 40 quarters of work credit. 101 Exception, an SIJS recipient with lawful permanent residency who is a veteran or a person on active duty military or the spouse, unmarried surviving spouse or child of a veteran or a person on active military duty, eligible	If entered prior to August 22, 1996, eligible upon attaining lawful permanent residency. If arrived on or after August 22, 1996, eligible upon receiving lawful permanent residency, but subject to five-year bar. 104 Eligible for emergency Medicaid regardless of immigration status. 105 In North Dakota, if entered on or after Aug. 22, 1996, eligible for subsidized health care through CHIP once the U visa holder attains lawful permanent residency, after a 5-year bar and after accruing 40 quarters of work credit. 106 Exception, a U visa holder with lawful permanent residency who is a veteran or a person on active	Eligible for emergency Medicaid regardless of immigration status. 108	Eligible for emergency Medicaid regardless of immigration status. 109

	VAWA Self- Petitioner ¹ and Battered Spouse Waiver ²	Refugee, ³ Asylee, T Visa ⁴	T Visa ⁵ / Continued Presence ⁶	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) ⁷	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) ⁸	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. ⁹	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented
СНІР			recipients who entered on or after Aug. 22, 1996, are eligible for subsidized health care through CHIP ⁹⁷		without any accrual of work quarters requirement. ¹⁰²	duty military or the spouse, unmarried surviving spouse or child of a veteran or a person on active military duty, eligible without any accrual of work quarters requirement. 107		
Full-Scope Medicaid ¹¹⁰	Eligible with prima facie determination if arrived prior to August 22, 1996 and subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996. 111 Eligible for emergency Medicaid regardless of immigration status. 112 In North Dakota, if entered on or after Aug. 22, 1996, are eligible for subsidized health care through Medicaid after the VAWA selfpetitioner attains lawful permanent residency. 113	Refugee/Asylee: Eligible, exempt from five-year bar. 114 T visa holders and T visa applicants with prima facie (bona fide) determinations: those who arrived prior to August 22, 1996, are immediately eligible as qualified immigrants under the Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000 to the same extent as refugees, with no seven year limit. 115 Those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996, are eligible as qualified immigrants, but are subject to a five-year bar. 116 In North Dakota, refugees, asylees, T visa holders and T visa	Human trafficking victims are eligible with an HHS Certification (based on continued presence or a bona fide determination on a T visa application) or eligibility determination (under 18). 118 Family members with T visa status eligible without HHS Certification or eligibility determination. 119 These human trafficking victims are eligible to the same extent as refugees and are exempt from five-year bar. 120 Eligible for emergency Medicaid regardless of immigration status. 121	Eligible for emergency Medicaid regardless of immigration status. 124	Eligible for emergency Medicaid regardless of immigration status. 125 If entered prior to August 22, 1996, eligible upon attaining lawful permanent residency. 126 If arrived on or after August 22, 1996, eligible upon receiving lawful permanent residency, subject to five-year bar. 127 In North Dakota, if entered on or after Aug. 22, 1996, eligible for subsidized health care through Medicaid once the SIJS recipient attains	Eligible for emergency Medicaid regardless of immigration status. 130 Eligible upon receiving lawful permanent residency, subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996. 131 In North Dakota, if entered on or after Aug. 22, 1996, eligible for subsidized health care through Medicaid once the U visa holder attains lawful permanent residency, after a 5-year bar and after accruing 40 quarters of work credit. 132 Exception, a U visa	Eligible for emergency Medicaid regardless of immigration status. 134	Eligible for emergency Medicaid regardless of immigration status. 135
		nolders and 1 visa applicants with bona fide determinations who	In North Dakota, T visa applicants with bona		lawful permanent residency and after 5	Exception, a U visa holder with lawful permanent residency		

	VAWA Self- Petitioner ¹ and Battered Spouse Waiver ²	Refugee, ³ Asylee, T Visa ⁴	T Visa ⁵ / Continued Presence ⁶	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) ⁷	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) ⁸	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. ⁹	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented
Full-Scope Medicaid		entered on or after Aug. 22, 1996, are eligible for subsidized health care through Medicaid. ¹¹⁷	fide determinations are eligible for subsidized health care through Medicaid if entering prior to August 22, 1996. 122 In North Dakota, T visa applicants and continued presence recipients who entered on or after Aug. 22, 1996, are eligible for subsidized health care through Medicaid. 123		year bar and accruing 40 quarters of work credit. 128 Exception, an SIJS recipient with lawful permanent residency who is a veteran or a person on active duty military or the spouse, unmarried surviving spouse or child of a veteran or a person on active military duty, eligible without any accrual of work quarters requirement. 129	who is a veteran or a person on active duty military or the spouse, unmarried surviving spouse or child of a veteran or a person on active military duty, eligible without any accrual of work quarters requirement. 133		
Victims of Crime Act (VOCA) Compensation		Act provides compensation g sessions, crime scene clear					-	
Family Medical Leave Act – State Law	North Dakota has no s	state Family Medical Leave	Act (FMLA). Federal FMI	LA law applies. ¹³⁷				
Education- Federal Benefits: Federal Student Aid, Grants and Loans ¹³⁸	With prima facie determination, eligible. ¹³⁹	Refugees, Asylees, and T visa holders or T visa applicants with prima facie (bona fide) determination, an HHS Certification or eligibility letter are eligible for federal student aid. 140	Human trafficking victims eligible: with an HHS Certification (based on continued presence or a bona fide determination on a T visa application), or with an HHS eligibility determination (under 18), and family members with T visa status, are eligible for federal student aid. 141	Not eligible for federal student aid. 142	Eligible for federal student aid upon receipt of lawful permanent residency. ¹⁴³	Eligible for federal student aid upon receipt of lawful permanent residency. ¹⁴⁴	Not eligible for federal student aid.	Not eligible for federal student aid.

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Education- State Law	immigration status inf parent, or their guardi In North Dakota, only Immigration and Natu	regard to immigration status formation and may not bar s an. ¹⁴⁵ Eligible to apply for a immigrants who are lawful uralization Service and show tess to institutional aid or so	tudents from enrolling in pu an enroll in state funded col permanent residents (must wing they have been parolea	ablic elementary or seleges and universition have Alien Registra indefinitely, or have	secondary schools based on the	on the citizenship or imm igration status. ¹⁴⁶ fugees holding I-94 visas	igration status of the	e student, their
Supplemental Security Income (SSI) ¹⁴⁸	Eligible with prima facie determination if received SSI on August 22, 1996, or lawfully residing in the U.S. as of that date and now disabled. He with a prima facie determination if currently receiving SSI based on an application filed before 1979. Eligible upon receiving lawful permanent residency if credited with 40 quarters of work, 151 subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996. 152	Refugees/Asylees: Eligible during first seven years after the status was granted. 153 Trafficking victims: Eligible under the Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000 to the same extent as refugees. 154 T visa 155: Eligible as a qualified immigrant with prima facie (bona fide) determination on T visa application if receiving SSI on August 22, 1996, or lawfully residing in the U.S. as of that date and now disabled. 156 May also be eligible with a prima facie determination if currently receiving SSI based on an application filed before 1979. 157 This eligibility allows trafficking victims who	Human trafficking victims: with an HHS Certification (based on continued presence or a bona fide determination on a T visa application) or with an HHS eligibility determination (under 18), or family members with T visa status (no need for HHS certification or eligibility determination) are eligible to the same extent as refugees. 159	Not eligible.	Eligible upon receiving lawful permanent residency if credited with 40 quarters of work, 160 subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996. 161	Eligible upon receiving lawful permanent residency if: credited with 40 quarters of work ¹⁶² subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996; or if receiving SSI as of August 22, 1996; or if lawfully residing in U.S. as of that date and now disabled. ¹⁶³ Lawful permanent residents may also be eligible if currently receiving SSI based on an application filed before 1979. ¹⁶⁴	Not eligible. 165	Not eligible. 166

	VAWA Self- Petitioner ¹ and Battered Spouse Waiver ²	Refugee, ³ Asylee, T Visa ⁴	T Visa ⁵ / Continued Presence ⁶	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) ⁷	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) ⁸	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. ⁹	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented
SSI		are disabled to continue to receive SSI after the 7-years. ¹⁵⁸						
Driver's License ¹⁶⁷	The Department of Ho All documentation for (S.A.V.E.). ¹⁷⁰ DHS w as determined by USC North Dakota require.	Act, evidence of "lawful state omeland Security (DHS), by REAL ID compliant ID's vill also approve acceptance CIS. ¹⁷¹ In addition, DHS per state following documentations."	regulation, lists specific do will be submitted through the of other documentation issu rmits states to establish an	ocuments that will particle Systematic Alien and by DHS or other 'Exception Process'	rovide satisfactory evider Verification for Entitlemon Federal agencies demons	nce of lawful status. ¹⁶⁹ ents Program strating lawful status,	Not el	igible.
	• Proof of Soc	ntification: ertificate of Naturalization, ard¹⁷⁴, unexpired Foreign P cial Security number of North Dakota Residence	assport with I-94 (I-20 or I					
Professional & Occupational Licenses	No state laws or pol	licies regarding immigrar	at access to professional of	or occupational lic	enses including wheth	er or not work authoriz	zation is sufficient	or required.
Housing, Health, and Other Services Necessary to	those services based of for the homeless, or for intervention programs prevention; soup kitch health services (include)	sted programs providing services immigration status. 175 Proper victims of domestic abuses; services and assistance relatens, community food banks ding federally qualified healers, children and youths, or community food states.	ograms considered necessar e, sexual assault, stalking, dating to victims of domestic s, senior nutrition programs th centers); mental health, d	y for the protection ating violence, or hu violence or other c and other nutritiona disability, or substan	of life or safety include, luman trafficking, or for ruriminal activity, child prol programs for persons rece abuse assistance neces	but are not limited to: sho inaway, abused or abando itection, adult protective s iquiring special assistance issary to protect life or safe	ort term shelter or tra oned children; crisis services, or violence e (e.g., WIC); medica ety; activities design	nsitional housing counseling and abuse all and public
Protect Life or Safety	services to the homele	Commerce Department, Con ess, and homelessness preven financial assistance to facil	ntion services to those at ris	sk of homelessness. ¹	⁷⁷ The North Dakota Divis	sion of Community Servic	es administers the s	
Public and Assisted 179 Housing, 180 and Low- Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC)	Upon filing VAWA self-petition, applicant cannot be denied HUD public or assisted housing unless and until a final determination of ineligibility. ¹⁸²	facie (bona fide) determination eligible for: HUD public and	Human trafficking victims with an HHS Certification (based on continued presence or a bona fide determination on a T visa application), or with an HHS eligibility determination	Rental Housing (without Rental Assistance), ²⁰¹ and Section 514/516 Farm	Eligible for USDA Section 515 Rural Rental Housing (without Rental Assistance), ²⁰⁴ and Section 514/516 Farm Labor Housing if immediate family	Eligible for USDA Section 515 Rural Rental Housing (without Rental Assistance), ²¹¹ and Section 514/516 Farm Labor Housing if immediate family	Eligible for USDA Section 515 Rural Rental Housing (without Rental Assistance), ²¹⁸ and Section 514/516 Farm	Eligible for USDA Section 515 Rural Rental Housing (without Rental Assistance), ²²¹ and Section 514/516 Farm
Housing ¹⁸¹		assisted housing; ¹⁹⁰	(under 18), and family members with T visa	Labor Housing if immediate	member of eligible	member of eligible	Labor Housing if immediate	Labor Housing if immediate

	VAWA Self- Petitioner ¹ and Battered Spouse Waiver ²	Refugee, ³ Asylee, T Visa ⁴	T Visa ⁵ / Continued Presence ⁶	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) ⁷	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) ⁸	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. ⁹	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented
Public and Assisted Housing and LIHTC	USDA rental housing follows HUD procedures for processing VAWA self-petitions, 183 so should be eligible for all USDA rental housing unless and until a final determination of ineligibility. Regardless of immigration status, eligible for USDA Section 515 Rural Rental Housing (without Rental Assistance), 184 and USDA Section 514/516 Farm Labor Housing if immediate family member of eligible tenant. 185 Upon filing self-VAWA self-petition, remaining household member of eligible domestic farm laborer eligible to continue to occupy USDA Section 514/516 Farm Labor Housing unit. 186 Upon receiving lawful permanent residency, eligible	USDA Section 515 Rural Rental Housing; 191 USDA Section 521 Rural Rental Assistance; 192 USDA Section 514/516 Farm Labor Housing if immediate family member 193 or remaining household member 194 of eligible domestic farm laborer. Upon receiving lawful permanent residency USDA Section 514/516 Farm Labor Housing. 195 In North Dakota, may be eligible to live in Low Income Housing Tax Credit property. 196	status (no need for HHS certification or eligibility determination), are o, eligible for: 197 HUD public and assisted housing 198 and USDA rental housing. 199 In North Dakota, may be eligible to live in Low Income Housing Tax Credit property. 200	family member of eligible domestic farm laborer. 202 In North Dakota, may be eligible to live in Low Income Housing Tax Credit property. 203	domestic farm laborer. 205 Upon receiving lawful permanent residency, 206 eligible for HUD ²⁰⁷ and USDA ²⁰⁸ rental housing. 209 In North Dakota, may be eligible to live in Low Income Housing Tax Credit property. 210	domestic farm laborer. 212 Upon receiving lawful permanent residency, 213 eligible for HUD ²¹⁴ and USDA ²¹⁵ rental housing. 216 In North Dakota, may be eligible to live in Low Income Housing Tax Credit property. 217	family member of eligible domestic farm laborer. 219 In North Dakota, may be eligible to live in Low Income Housing Tax Credit property. 220	family member of eligible domestic farm laborer. 222 In North Dakota, may be eligible to live in Low Income Housing Tax Credit property. 223

	VAWA Self- Petitioner ¹ and	Refugee, ³ Asylee, T Visa ⁴	T Visa ⁵ / Continued Presence ⁶	Deferred Action for Childhood	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) ⁸	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. ⁹	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented
	Battered Spouse Waiver ²			Arrivals (DACA) ⁷				
LIHTC	for USDA Section 514/516 Farm Lab or Housing; ¹⁸⁷							
	USDA Section 521							
	Rural Rental							
	Assistance. ¹⁸⁸							
	In North Dakota,							
	may be eligible to							
	live in Low Income Housing Tax Credit							
	property. 189							
	Child Tax Credit: Imi	migrants with social security						
Income Tax		t on their income taxes. ²²⁴						
Credits		s eligible to receive social se	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-		_		
	determinations, and w	ait-list approved U visa app	neants once they are grante	d work authorization	n. Any immigrant withou	it regard to immigration s	status can obtain an .	111N. ²²⁰
	Child and Dependent	Care Tax Credit: Immigrant	s with social security numb	ers or Individual Ta	xpayer Identification Nu	mbers (ITINs) can claim	a child or dependent	care tax credit on
	their income taxes who	en they care for—						
	-	nt child under the age of 13,						
	-	ho is unable to physically o						
		nal who is unable to care for nt must have a social securit					mant racidants, rafu	goos asyloos and
	_	rs, T visa applicants with bo			-	-		-
		status can obtain an ITIN. ²²		water fist approved to	visa approants once the	y are granted work addition		Srune William
	VAWA self-	VAWA self-petitioners	Recipients of T visa	DACA	SIJS recipients	Once granted lawful	Not eligible.	Not eligible.
Earned	petitioners who:	who: have been granted	bona fide	applicants who:	granted lawful	permanent residency ^a		
Income Tax	have been granted	work authorization or	determinations or	are granted work	permanent residency	or work authorization		
Credit	work authorization	who are granted lawful permanent residency,	continued presence who: are granted work	authorization, have lived in the	who: have lived in the U.S. at least 183	U visa holders and U visa applicants with		
(EITC)	or who are granted lawful permanent	have lived in the U.S.	authorization, have	U.S. for at least	days during the tax	deferred action		
(2220)	residency, have	for at least 183 days	lived in the U.S. for at	183 days during	year, ²⁴⁶ have a social	(based on bona fide		
	lived in the U.S. for	during the tax year, ²³⁴	least 183 days during	the tax year, ²⁴²	security number valid	determinations or		
	at least 183 days	have a social security	the tax year, ²³⁸ have a	have a social	for work, ²⁴⁷ and have	wait-list approval)		
	during the tax	number valid for	social security number	security number	earned income during	who have lived in the		
	year, ²³⁰ have a social security	work, ²³⁵ and have earned income during	valid for work, ²³⁹ and have earned income	valid for work, ²⁴³ and	the tax year ²⁴⁸ are eligible for the	U.S. for six months,		
	number valid for	the tax year ²³⁶ are	during the tax year ²⁴⁰	have earned	earned income tax	a who have a social		
	work, ²³¹ and have	eligible for the earned	are eligible for the	income during	credit (EITC). ²⁴⁹	security number valid		
						for work, a and who		

	VAWA Self- Petitioner ¹ and Battered Spouse Waiver ²	Refugee, ³ Asylee, T Visa ⁴	T Visa ⁵ / Continued Presence ⁶	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) ⁷	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) ⁸	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. ⁹	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented
EITC	earned income during the tax year ²³² are eligible for the earned income tax credit (EITC). ²³³	income tax credit (EITC). ²³⁷	earned income tax credit (EITC). ²⁴¹	the tax year ²⁴⁴ are eligible for the earned income tax credit (EITC).		are earning income are eligible for the earned income tax credit (EITC). ^a		
Legal Services ²⁵⁰	An immigrant who (or whose child) is battered or subjected to extreme cruelty ²⁵¹ inside or outside of the United States ²⁵² is eligible for legal assistance from Legal Services Corporation (LSC)-funded agencies on matters related to the abuse. ²⁵³ Eligible for legal assistance on any matter the LSC-funded agency handles upon receiving lawful permanent resident status, ²⁵⁴ or spouses, parents, and unmarried children under age 21 of U.S. citizens ²⁵⁵ become eligible for	Refugee/Asylee: Refugees and Asylees are eligible for legal assistance on any matter the Legal Services Corporation (LSC)- funded agency handles. ²⁶¹ T visa: An immigrant who has been (or whose child has been) a victim of trafficking in the U.S, including a T visa holder, ²⁶² is eligible for legal assistance on any matter the LSC-funded agency handles. ²⁶³ Eligible for Office of Violence Against Women funded Legal Assistance ²⁶⁴ for victims of domestic violence, sexual assault, stalking ²⁶⁵ or dating	An immigrant victim of severe forms of human trafficking with (or seeking) HHS Certification, ²⁶⁸ and family members with (or applying for) T visa status, ²⁶⁹ are eligible for legal assistance on any matter the LSC-funded agency handles. Eligible for Office of Violence Against Women funded Legal Assistance ²⁷⁰ for victims of domestic violence, sexual assault, stalking ²⁷¹ or dating violence. ²⁷² Must be at least 11 years old. ²⁷³	A DACA recipient who is (or whose child is) battered or subjected to extreme cruelty, ²⁷⁴ or is a victim of sexual assault or trafficking in the U.S., ²⁷⁵ is eligible for legal services from LSC-funded agencies ²⁷⁶ on matters related to the abuse. ²⁷⁷ Eligible for Office of Violence Against Women funded Legal Assistance ²⁷⁸ for victims of domestic	Eligible for LSC- funded legal assistance when the child has suffered battering or extreme cruelty, ²⁸² or sexual assault or trafficking in the U.S., ²⁸³ on matters related to the abuse. ²⁸⁴ Eligible for legal assistance on any matter the LSC- funded agency handles upon receiving LPR status, ²⁸⁵ or, for the spouse, parent or unmarried child under 21 of a U.S. citizen, upon filing an application for LPR status. ²⁸⁶ Eligible for Office of Violence Against	An immigrant who has (or whose child has) been granted, applied for, or qualifies to apply for U visa status and a family member eligible to apply for U visa status ²⁹¹ is eligible for legal assistance from Legal Services Corporation (LSC)-funded agencies ²⁹² on matters related to the crime victimization. ²⁹³ Eligible for legal assistance on any matter the LSC-funded agency handles upon receiving LPR status, ²⁹⁴ or, for the spouse, parent or	An immigrant who has (or whose child has) applied for, or qualifies to apply for U visa status and a family member eligible to apply for U visa status ³⁰⁰ is eligible for legal assistance from Legal Services Corporation (LSC)-funded agencies ³⁰¹ on matters related to the crime victimization. ³⁰² Eligible for Office of Violence Against Women funded Legal Assistance ³⁰³ for	An immigrant victim who is (or whose child is), battered or subjected to extreme cruelty, 307 or is a victim of sexual assault or trafficking in the U.S., 308 is eligible for legal services from LSC-funded agencies 309 on matters related to the abuse. 310 Eligible for Office of Violence Against Women funded Legal Assistance 311 for victims of domestic violence, sexual
	full representation on any matter upon filing an application for lawful permanent residency. ²⁵⁶	violence. ²⁶⁶ Must be at least 11 years old. ²⁶⁷		violence, sexual assault, stalking ²⁷⁹ or dating violence. ²⁸⁰	Women funded Legal Assistance ²⁸⁷ for victims of domestic violence, sexual assault, stalking ²⁸⁸ or dating violence. ²⁸⁹	unmarried child under 21 of a U.S. citizen, upon filing an application for LPR status. ²⁹⁵	victims of domestic violence, sexual assault, stalking ³⁰⁴ or dating	assault, stalking ³¹² or dating violence. ³¹³ Must be at least 11 years old. ³¹⁴

	VAWA Self- Petitioner ¹ and Battered Spouse Waiver ²	Refugee, ³ Asylee, T Visa ⁴	T Visa ⁵ / Continued Presence ⁶	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) ⁷	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) ⁸	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. ⁹	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented
Legal Services	Eligible for Office of Violence Against Women funded Legal Assistance ²⁵⁷ as a victim of domestic violence, sexual assault, stalking ²⁵⁸ or dating violence. ²⁵⁹ Must be at least 11 years old. ²⁶⁰			Must be at least 11 years old. ²⁸¹	Must be at least 11 years old. ²⁹⁰	Eligible for Office of Violence Against Women funded Legal Assistance ²⁹⁶ for victims of domestic violence, sexual assault, stalking ²⁹⁷ or dating violence. ²⁹⁸ Must be at least 11 years old. ²⁹⁹	violence. ³⁰⁵ Must be at least 11 years old. ³⁰⁶	
Weatherization Assistance Program (WAP) and Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP)	Eligible for weatherization assistance (WAP) for families living in multi-unit dwellings, without regard to immigration status. 315 Eligible for LIHEAP heating/cooling assistance and single-family weatherization assistance upon receipt of prima facie determination. 316	Eligible for weatherization assistance (WAP) for families living in multi- unit dwellings, without regard to immigration status. ³¹⁷ Refugees, asylees, T visa holders, and T visa applicants with prima facie (bona fide) determination eligible for LIHEAP heating/cooling assistance and single- family weatherization assistance. ³¹⁸	Eligible for weatherization assistance (WAP) for families living in multi- unit dwellings without, regard to immigration status. ³¹⁹ Human trafficking victims with HHS Certification (based on continued presence or a bona fide determination on a T visa application) or with HHS eligibility determination (under 18), are considered refugees and thus are eligible for LIHEAP heating/cooling and single-family weatherization assistance. ³²⁰	Eligible for weatherization assistance (WAP) for families living in multi-unit dwellings, without regard to immigration status. ³²¹	Eligible for weatherization assistance (WAP) for families living in multi-unit dwellings, without regard to immigration status. 322 Eligible for LIHEAP heating/cooling assistance and singlefamily weatherization assistance upon receiving lawful permanent residency. 323	Eligible for weatherization assistance (WAP) for families living in multi-unit dwellings without, regard to immigration status. 324 Eligible for LIHEAP heating/cooling assistance and singlefamily weatherization assistance upon receiving lawful permanent residency. 325	Eligible for weatherization assistance (WAP) for families living in multi-unit dwellings, without regard to immigration status. ³²⁶	Eligible for weatherization assistance (WAP) for families living in multi-unit dwellings, without regard to immigration status. ³²⁷

	VAWA Self- Petitioner ¹ and Battered Spouse Waiver ²	Refugee, ³ Asylee, T Visa ⁴	T Visa ⁵ / Continued Presence ⁶	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) ⁷	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) ⁸	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. ⁹	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented
Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Assistance ³²⁸	emergency disaster re- immediate threats to li D-SNAP, which provi	MA provided emergency so lief, including: search and re ife, property, public health a ides temporary food assistar	escue, emergency medical c and safety. ³²⁹ ace for households affected	are, mass care and s	shelter, resources for esse	ntial needs such as food, useholds that are not nor	water and medicine, nally eligible for SN	and reduction of JAP benefits. 330
Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA)- Restricted Programs ³³¹	Upon receipt of prima facie determination: Eligible for FEMA Assistance Programs, Individuals and Households Program (IHP), and Disaster Unemployment Assistance (DUA). 332 Eligible for Emergency Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP), subject to five-year bar, unless under 18, or lawfully residing on August 22, 1996 and either receiving disability-related benefits or born before Aug. 22, 1931. 333	FEMA Assistance Programs, Individuals and Households Program (IHP), Disaster Unemployment Assistance (DUA): open to Refugees, Asylees, T visa applicants with prima facie (bona fide) determination. 334 Emergency SNAP open to Refugees/Asylees (no five-year bar), 335 and T visa applicants with prima facie (bona fide) determination, subject to five-year bar, unless under 18, or lawfully residing on August 22, 1996 and either receiving disability- related benefits or born before Aug. 22, 1931. 336	Human trafficking victims eligible: with HHS Certification (based on continued presence or a bona fide determination on a T visa application) or with HHS eligibility determination (under 18) or family members with T visa status (no need for HHS certification or eligibility determination). 337 These human trafficking victims are considered refugees and thus are eligible for FEMA Assistance Programs, Individual and Households Program (IHP), Disaster Unemployment Assistance (DUA), and Emergency SNAP. 338	Not eligible.	Upon receiving lawful permanent residency: Eligible for FEMA Assistance Programs, Individuals and Households Program (IHP), and Disaster Unemployment Assistance (DUA). 339 Eligible for Emergency SNAP, subject to five-year bar, unless under 18 years of age; can be credited with 40 quarters of work earned by the individual, parents, or spouse; or lawfully residing on August 22, 1996 and either receiving disability-related benefits or born before Aug. 22, 1931. 340	Upon receiving lawful permanent residency: Eligible for FEMA Assistance Programs, Individuals and Households Program (IHP), and Disaster Unemployment Assistance (DUA). 341 Eligible for Emergency SNAP, subject to five-year bar, unless under 18 years of age; can be credited with 40 quarters of work earned by the individual, parents, or spouse; or lawfully residing on August 22, 1996 and either receiving disability-related benefits or born before Aug. 22, 1931. 342	Upon receiving lawful permanent residency: Eligible for FEMA Assistance Programs, Individuals and Households Program (IHP), and Disaster Unemployment Assistance (DUA). 343 Eligible for Emergency SNAP, subject to five-year bar, unless under 18 years of age; can be credited with 40 quarters of work earned by the individual, parents, or spouse; or lawfully residing on August 22, 1996	Not eligible. ³⁴⁵

	VAWA Self- Petitioner ¹ and Battered Spouse Waiver ²	Refugee, ³ Asylee, T Visa ⁴	T Visa ⁵ / Continued Presence ⁶	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) ⁷	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) ⁸	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. ⁹	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented
FEMA Restricted Programs							and either receiving disability-related benefits or born before Aug. 22, 1931. ³⁴⁴	
Unemployment Insurance ³⁴⁶	Eligible for UI upon receipt of work authorization. ³⁴⁷	Refugee: Eligible for UI upon receipt of work authorization. ³⁴⁸ Asylee: Eligible for UI upon grant receipt of work authorization. ³⁴⁹ T Visa: Eligible for UI upon receipt work authorization. ³⁵⁰	Eligible for UI upon receipt HHS certification or eligibility letter and work authorization. ³⁵¹	Eligible for UI upon receipt of work authorization. ³⁵²	Eligible for UI upon receipt of work authorization. ³⁵³	Eligible for UI upon receipt of work authorization. ³⁵⁴	Not eligible. ³⁵⁵	Not eligible. ³⁵⁶

¹ VAWA self-petitioner for public benefits purposes includes: VAWA self-petitioners, battered spouse waiver applicants, applicants for relief under VAWA Cuban Adjustment Act ("VAWA CAA"), VAWA Haitian Refugee Immigration and Fairness Act ("VAWA HRIFA"), VAWA Nicaraguan and Central American Relief Act ("VAWA NACARA"), VAWA cancellation of removal, VAWA suspension of deportation, and battered spouses and children with approved I-130 visa applications filed by their abusive citizen spouse, parent or step-parent. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c); 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(51). Battered Spouse Waiver (BSW) applicants/recipients have the same eligibility for public benefits purposes as VAWA self-petitioners. BWS victims are eligible either as conditional permanent residents if they still have that status and/or are or continue to be eligible once they file their battered spouse waiver application. Battered spouse waiver applicants have greater benefits access than conditional and lawful permanent residents because they have access to exemptions from deeming and have access to benefits that are only available to battered immigrants.

² Battered Spouse Waiver victims are VAWA self-petitioners as defined in INA § 101(a)(51). To be eligible for a battered spouse waiver the victim must be a battered immigrant spouse of a U.S.

eitizen or lawful permanent resident who filed an immigration case on the battered spouse's behalf through which the immigrant spouse was granted conditional permanent residency. Most battered spouse waiver applicants will have conditional permanent residency at the time they file their battered spouse waiver application. Their public benefits eligibility is based either on their conditional permanent residency or on their battered spouse waiver application. It is important to note that after an abused immigrant spouse files their battered spouse waiver application, they become eligible for VAWA self-petitioning related deeming exceptions and eligible for state funded public benefits to the same extent as all other VAWA self-petitioners in states that grant self-petitioners access to state funded public benefits.

³ Afghans granted humanitarian parole between July 31, 2021, and September 30, 2022 — and their spouses and children, and parents or guardians of unaccompanied children granted parole after September 30, 2022 — also are eligible for federal benefits to the same extent as refugees. Eligibility for this group continues until March 31, 2023, or the end of their parole term, whichever is later. Extending Government Funding and Delivering Emergency Assistance Act, Pub. L. 117-43 (Sept. 30, 2021). Ukrainians paroled into the U.S. between February 24, 2022, and September 30, 2023 — and their spouses and children, and parents, guardians or primary caregivers of unaccompanied children paroled into the U.S. after September 30, 2023 — are eligible for federal benefits to the same extent as refugees. Department of Homeland Security, President Biden to Announce Uniting For Ukraine, a New Streamlined Process to Welcome Ukrainians Fleeing the Russian Invasion of Ukraine. (April 21, 2022) https://www.dhs.gov/news/2022/04/21/president-biden-announce-uniting-ukraine-new-streamlined-process-welcome-ukrainians.

⁴ See 8 U.S.C. §§ 1641(b)(2)-(3), (c)(4) (Asylees, Refugees and trafficking victims and family members of trafficking victims with T visa status or a pending T visa application setting forth a "prima facie" (bona facie) case for eligibility); Classification for Victims of Severe Forms of Trafficking in Persons; Eligibility for "T" Nonimmigrant Status, 81 Fed. Reg. 92266, 92279, 92304, 92307 (Dec. 19, 2016) (effective Jan. 18, 2017) (to be codified at 8 C.F.R. pts. 212, 214, 245, 274) (Prima facie/bona fide determinations on T visa applications are made by the Department of Homeland Security.).

⁵ See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b)(1) (Bona fide T visa applicants with HHS certification, trafficking victims under 18 with HHS eligibility determination, and family members with T visa status are eligible for public benefits to the same extent as refugees.); Classification for Victims of Severe Forms of Trafficking in Persons; Eligibility for "T" Nonimmigrant

- Status, 81 Fed. Reg. 92266, 92278 (Dec. 19, 2016) (effective Jan. 18, 2017) (to be codified at 8 C.F.R. pts. 212, 214, 245, 274); New Classification for Victims of Severe Forms of Trafficking in Persons; Eligibility for "T" Nonimmigrant Status, 67 Fed. Reg. 4784, 4789-91 (Jan. 31, 2002) (to be codified at 8 C.F.R. pt. 103), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/federal-register-new-classification/.
- ⁶ See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b)(1)(E)(i)(II)(bb) (Immigrants with HHS certification that their continued presence is needed to effectuate prosecution of human traffickers are eligible to receive public benefits to the same extent as refugees.); OFFICE ON TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS, U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., OTIP-FS-16-01, CERTIFICATION FOR ADULT VICTIMS OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING FACT SHEET 1 (2016), https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification%20Fact%20Sheet%20Posting%20%282%29.pdf.

 ⁷ See DACA, NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR. (last visited Mar. 2, 2018), https://www.nilc.org/issues/daca/ (DACA is "deferred action" for certain undocumented youth who came to the United States as children.).
- ⁸ See 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(27)(j) (Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) allows certain youth immigrant survivors of abuse, abandonment, and/or neglect by a parent to obtain legal immigration status.).
- ⁹ See Ctr. for Medicare & Medicard Serv., U.S. Dep't of Health & Hum. Serv., Medicard and CHIP Coverage for "Lawfully Residing" Children and Pregnant Women 2 (2010), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/pb-gov-hhslawfullyresidingmedicaid-07-01-10-also-in-qualified-immigrants/ (Upon receipt of deferred action U visa applicants are considered lawfully present.). U visa applicants receive deferred action which provides formal protection from deportation when they receive a bona fide determination or wait-list approval from U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS). See ,NIWAP, New DHS U Visa Bona Fide Policy Provides Earlier Access Deferred Action and Work Authorization To Applicants and NIWAP New Study Provides Evidence-Based Support for These New DHS Policies (June 14, 2021) https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/transforming-lives-study-21.
- ¹⁰ State benefits agencies are only allowed to ask for immigration status and social security number information for the family members who is the applicant for the benefit. See NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR, Privacy Protections in Selected Federal Benefits Programs (Feb. 21, 2018) https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2018/03/privacy-protections-fed-programs-tbl-2018.pdf (providing guidelines on what information a State may request from a parent applying on behalf of a child applicant); see also Anna Pohl, Hema Sarangapani, Amanda Baran, and Cecilia Olavarria, Chapter 4.3: Barriers to Accessing Services: The Importance of Advocates Accompanying Battered Immigrants Applying for Public Benefits (Jul. 10, 2013), https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/ch4-3-importance-advocates; see also Policy Guidance Regarding Inquiries Into Citizenship, Immigration Status and Social Security Numbers In State Applications For Medicaid, State Children's Health Insurance Program (Schip), Temporary Assistance For Needy Families (Tanf), and Food Stamp Benefits, U.S. DEP'T HEALTH & HUM. SERV. (Mar. 24, 2006), https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/pb-gov-hhsqacitizenshippolicyguidance-03-24-06.
- 11 N.D. DEP'T OF HUMAN SERVICES, Qualified Aliens Lawfully Admitted for Permanent Residence on or After August 22, 1996 400-19-45-40-25-10 (July 1, 2012) (Discussing rules for application of, counting of and termination of the 5 year bar for immigrants in North Dakota) available at https://www.nd.gov/dhs/policymanuals/40019/40019.htm#400 19 45 40 25 10.htm?TocPath=Temporary%2520Assistance%2520For%2520Needy%2520Families%2520(TANF)%2520400-19%257CTANF%2520Non-Financial%2520Eligibility%2520Factors%2520400-19-45%257CCitizen%2520or%2520Alien%2520Status%2520400-19-45-40%257CQualified%2520Aliens%2520400-19-45-40-25%257C
 3.
- ¹² NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c).
- 13 8 U.S.C. 1631(f) (Qualified immigrants who have been battered or subjected to extreme cruelty by a spouse, a parent or a member of the spouse's or parent's family are exempt from deeming for 12 months. The exemption from deeming may be extended if the battered immigrant obtains an order from a judge or a ruling from the U.S. Department of Homeland Security recognizing the battering or extreme cruelty the immigrant victim suffered.) (Interim Guidance on Verification of Citizenship, Qualified Alien Status and Eligibility Under Title IV of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, Att'y Gen. Order No. 2129-97, 62 Fed. Reg. 61,344, at 61,371 (Nov. 17, 1997)), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/1997-doj-interim-guidance-benefits/. See Catherine Longville and Leslye Orloff, https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/deeming-fact-sheet/. Applicability of Public Charge and Deeming Rules to Immigrant Survivors and Their Children Eligible for Healthcare Subsidies, in NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (April 9, 2015), https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/public-charge-deeming/
- ¹⁴ 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(b)(2)(A)(ii); 1613(b)(1); Federal eligibility for refugees and asylees extends for the first five years after attaining that status; however, in most states their eligibility continues past this five year limitation, since they will have been in the U.S. long enough that the five year bar to public benefits access to certain benefits programs will not apply. As a result, they will become "qualified immigrants" eligible for federal means-tested public benefits with no "five year bar" waiting period. If a state does not recognize the "qualified immigrant" exception, § 1612(b)(2) lists exceptions that independently lift the five year bar; including, if they have attained LPR status with 40 qualifying quarters, are a veteran, and/or a member of a veteran's family. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(2)-(3). States can also continue to provide benefits once the mandated five year federal coverage period for refugees and asylees ends. See also Nat'l Immigration Law Ctr., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct.
- 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. Since refugees, asylees and trafficking victims with continued presence or who are T visa applicants are not required under U.S. immigration laws to have a sponsor, they are not subject to sponsor deeming. See OFFICE OF FAMILY ASSISTANCE, U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., TANF-ACF-PI-2003-03 (Deeming of Sponsor's Income and Resources to A Non-Citizen) (April 17, 2003), https://www.acf.hhs.gov/ofa/resource/policy/pi-ofa/2003/pi2003-2htm-0
- ¹⁵ See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b)(1) (T visa holders with HHS certification or eligibility letter are eligible under the TVPA for public benefits to the same extent as refugees.); Classification for Victims of Severe Forms of Trafficking in Persons; Eligibility for "T" Nonimmigrant Status, 81 Fed. Reg. 92266, 92278 (Dec. 19, 2016) (effective Jan. 18, 2017) (to be codified at 8 C.F.R. pts. 212, 214, 245, 274); New Classification for Victims of Severe Forms of Trafficking in Persons; Eligibility for "T" Nonimmigrant Status, 67 Fed. Reg. 4784, 4789-91 (Jan. 31, 2002) (to be codified at 8 C.F.R. pt. 103), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/federal-register-new-classification/.

- ¹⁶ Trafficking victims are immediately eligible to access TANF based upon eligibility under the Trafficking Victim's Protection Act, which limits benefits to 7 years following the required HHS certification or HHS determination letter. See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b)(1). In most states, once the 5 years of eligibility under the Trafficking Act has passed, they can continue their eligibility for TANF as a qualified immigrant, 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c), if they are a T visa holder or a T visa applicant with a bona fide determination (which will include an HHS certification or an HHS determination letter). See also NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.
- ¹⁷ OFFICE ON TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS, U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., OTIP-FS-16-01, CERTIFICATION FOR ADULT VICTIMS OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING FACT SHEET 1 (2016), https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification% 20Fact% 20Sheet% 20Posting% 20% 282% 29.pdf. See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certification)).
- ¹⁸ OFFICE ON TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS, U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., OTIP-FS-16-01, CERTIFICATION FOR ADULT VICTIMS OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING FACT SHEET 1 (2016), https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification% 20Fact% 20Sheet% 20Posting% 20% 282% 29.pdf. See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certification)). Since refugees, asylees and trafficking victims with continued presence or who are T visa applicants are not required under U.S. immigration laws to have a sponsor, they are not subject to sponsor deeming. https://www.acf.hhs.gov/ofa/resource/policy/pi-ofa/2003/pi2003-2htm-0
- ¹⁹ OFFICE ON TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS, U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., OTIP-FS-16-01, CERTIFICATION FOR ADULT VICTIMS OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING FACT SHEET 1 (2016), https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification%20Fact%20Sheet%20Posting%20%282%29.pdf. See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b).
- ²⁰ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.
- ²¹ N.D. DEP'T OF HUMAN SERVICES, *Qualified Aliens Lawfully Admitted for Permanent Residence on or After August 22, 1996 400-19-45-40-25-10* (July 1, 2012) (Discussing rules for application of, counting of and termination of the 5 year bar for immigrants in North Dakota) available at https://www.nd.gov/dhs/policymanuals/40019/40019.htm#400 19 45 40 25 10.htm?TocPath=Temporary%2520Assistance%2520For%2520Needy%2520Families%2520(TANF)%2520400-19%257CTANF%2520Non-Financial%2520Eligibility%2520Factors%2520400-19-45%257CCitizen%2520or%2520Alien%2520Status%2520400-19-45-

40%257CQualified%2520Aliens%2520400-19-45-40-25%257C 3.

- ²² NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1). SIJS applicant with a military connection is eligible without five-year bar. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1612(b)(2)(C), 1613(b)(2).
- ²³ 8 U.S.C. 1631(f) (Qualified immigrants who have been battered or subjected to extreme cruelty by a spouse, a parent or a member of the spouse's or parent's family are exempt from deeming for 12 months. The exemption from deeming may be extended if the battered immigrant obtains an order from a judge or a ruling from the U.S. Department of Homeland Security recognizing the battering or extreme cruelty the immigrant victim suffered.) (Interim Guidance on Verification of Citizenship, Qualified Alien Status and Eligibility Under Title IV of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, Att'y Gen. Order No. 2129-97, 62 Fed. Reg. 61,344, at 61,371 (Nov. 17, 1997)). http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/1997-doj-interim-guidance-benefits/ See Catherine Longville and Leslye Orloff, Public Benefits: What is "Deeming" and What Are its Exceptions, (January 13, 2015), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/deeming-fact-sheet/; Applicability of Public Charge and Deeming Rules to Immigrant Survivors and Their Children Eligible for Healthcare Subsidies, in NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (April 9, 2015), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/public-charge-deeming/. Qualified immigrants may also be exempt from deeming when they naturalize, when they can show they are credited with 40 qualifying quarters of work, when they qualify for the up to 12 month exception for indigence, or have another form of immigration status does not require sponsorship. See 8 U.S.C. § 1631; DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERVS., OFF. OF FAM. ASSISTANCE, TANF-ACF-PI-2003-03 (Deeming of Sponsor's Income and Resources To A Non-Citizen), (2003), https://www.acf.hhs.gov/ofa/resource/policy/pi-of
- ²⁴ N.D. DEP'T OF HUMAN SERVICES, *Qualified Aliens Lawfully Admitted for Permanent Residence on or After August 22, 1996 400-19-45-40-25-10* (July 1, 2012) (Discussing rules for application of, counting of and termination of the 5 year bar for immigrants in North Dakota) available at https://www.nd.gov/dhs/policymanuals/40019/40019.htm#400 19 45 40 25 10.htm?TocPath=Temporary%2520Assistance%2520for%2520Needy%2520Families%2520(TANF)%2520400-19%257CTANF%2520Non-Financial%2520Eligibility%2520Factors%2520400-19-45%257CCitizen%2520or%2520Alien%2520Status%2520400-19-45-40%257CQualified%2520Aliens%2520400-19-45-40-25%257C
 3.
- ²⁵ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).
- 26 8 U.S.C. 1631(f) (Qualified immigrants who have been battered or subjected to extreme cruelty by a spouse, a parent or a member of the spouse's or parent's family are exempt from deeming for 12 months. The exemption from deeming may be extended if the battered immigrant obtains an order from a judge or a ruling from the U.S. Department of Homeland Security recognizing the battering or extreme cruelty the immigrant victim suffered.) (Interim Guidance on Verification of Citizenship, Qualified Alien Status and Eligibility Under Title IV of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, Att'y Gen. Order No. 2129-97, 62 Fed. Reg. 61,344, at 61,371 (Nov. 17, 1997)). http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/1997-doj-interim-guidance-benefits/ See Catherine Longville and Leslye Orloff, Public Benefits: What is "Deeming" and What Are its Exceptions, (January 13, 2015), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/deeming-fact-sheet/; Applicability of Public Charge and Deeming Rules to Immigrant Survivors and Their Children Eligible for Healthcare Subsidies, in NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (April 9, 2015), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/public-charge-deeming/. Qualified immigrants may also be exempt from deeming when they naturalize, when they can show they are credited with 40 qualifying quarters of work, when they qualify for the up to 12 month exception for indigence, or have another form of immigraiton status does not require sponsorship. 8 U.S.C. § 1631; DEP'T OF

HEALTH & HUM. SERVS., OFF. OF FAM. ASSISTANCE, TANF-ACF-PI-2003-03 (Deeming of Sponsor's Income and Resources To A Non-Citizen), (2003), https://www.acf.hhs.gov/ofa/resource/policy/pi-ofa/2003/pi2003-2htm-0

- ²⁷ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.
- ²⁸ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR.., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.
- ²⁹ In determining Child Care Development Fund direct eligibility for subsidized child care, eligibility is based on then citizenship or immigration status of the child. The immigration status of the child's parent or parents is not relevant to this determination. Citizen and qualified immigrant children are directly eligible for all CCDF funded child care, including but not limited to child care provided by non-profit charitable organizations. **U.S. Department of Health and Human Services**, Verification of Citizenship and Immigration Status by Non-Profit Organizations and Head Start Grantees, in OFFICE OF CHILD CARE (May 2, 2008), https://www.acf.hhs.gov/occ/resource/pi-2008-01; NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare pp116-17 053106.pdf. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c).
- ³⁰ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare_pp116-17_053106.pdf. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c).
- ³¹ See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(2)-(3). NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare_pp116-17_053106.pdf.
- ³² See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b)(1); NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare_pp116-17_053106.pdf.
- ³³ See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(4). NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare_pp116-17_053106.pdf.
- ³⁴ See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(4). NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare_pp116-17_053106.pdf.
- ³⁵ OFFICE ON TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS, U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., OTIP-FS-16-01, CERTIFICATION FOR ADULT VICTIMS OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING FACT SHEET 1 (2016), https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification%20Fact%20Sheet%20Posting%20%282%29.pdf; NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare_pp116-17_053106.pdf. See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS certification.)
- ³⁶ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare_pp116-17_053106.pdf; Benish Anver & Leslye E. Orloff, *Immigrant Crime Victim Child Care Access*, NAT'L IMMIGRATION WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (Mar. 13, 2013), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/pb-chart-childcare/; OFFICE ON TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS, U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., OTIP-FS-16-01, CERTIFICATION FOR ADULT VICTIMS OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING FACT SHEET 1 (2016).
- https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification%20Fact%20Sheet%20Posting%20%282%29.pdf. See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b).
- ³⁷ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare_pp116-17_053106.pdf.
- ³⁸ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare_pp116-17_053106.pdf.
- ³⁹ In determining Child Care Development Fund direct eligibility for subsidized child care, eligibility is based on then citizenship or immigration status of the child. The immigration status of the child's parent or parents is not relevant to this determination. Citizen and qualified immigrant children are directly eligible for all CCDF funded child care, including but not limited to child care provided by non-profit charitable organizations. **U.S. Department of Health and Human Services**, Verification of Citizenship and Immigration Status by Non-Profit Organizations and Head Start Grantees, in Office of Child Care (May 2, 2008), https://www.acf.hhs.gov/occ/resource/pi-2008-01. NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare_pp116-17_053106.pdf. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c).
- ⁴⁰ 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(b)(2)(A)(ii); Eligibility is based on the citizenship or immigration status of the child. The immigration status of the child's parent or parents is not relevant to this determination. **U.S. Department of Health and Human Services**, Verification of Citizenship and Immigration Status by Non-Profit Organizations and Head Start Grantees, in OFFICE of CHILD CARE (May 2, 2008), https://www.acf.hhs.gov/occ/resource/pi-2008-01. NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare_pp116-17_053106.pdf. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).
- ⁴¹ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare_pp116-17_053106.pdf.

- ⁴² In determining Child Care Development Fund direct eligibility for subsidized child care, eligibility is based on then citizenship or immigration status of the child. The immigration status of the child's parent or parents is not relevant to this determination. Citizen and qualified immigrant children are directly eligible for all CCDF funded child care, including but not limited to child care provided by non-profit charitable organizations. **U.S. Department of Health and Human Services**, Verification of Citizenship and Immigration Status by Non-Profit Organizations and Head Start Grantees, in Office of Child Care (May 2, 2008), https://www.acf.hhs.gov/occ/resource/pi-2008-01. NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare_pp116-17_053106.pdf. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c).
- ⁴³ 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(b)(2)(A)(ii); Eligibility is based on the citizenship or immigration status of the child. The immigration status of the child's parent or parents is not relevant to this determination. U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Verification of Citizenship and Immigration Status by Non-Profit Organizations and Head Start Grantees, in OFFICE OF CHILD CARE (May 2, 2008), https://www.acf.hhs.gov/occ/resource/pi-2008-01. NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare_pp116-17_053106.pdf. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).
- ⁴⁴ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare_pp116-17_053106.pdf.
- ⁴⁵ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare_pp116-17_053106.pdf.
- ⁴⁶ See FOOD & NUTRITION SERV., U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM (SNAP) (2017), https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/eligibility (As with most public benefits, to obtain food stamps, individuals must also meet resource, income, and employment requirements. There is a pre-screening tool to determine if an individual might be eligible for nutrition assistance.); See also SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018). (In general, non-citizens who have lived in the U.S. for 5 years or more, are blind or disabled, are under the age of 18, were admitted for lawful permanent residence with 40 qualifying quarters or are lawfully residing and are on active duty in the U.S. Army, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard or honorably discharged are eligible.)
- ⁴⁷ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program, https://www.fins.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018); *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c); See also 8 U.S.C. § 1612(a)(1)-1612(a)(2). Battered immigrants are not subject to deeming for at least 12 months, with the possibility of extension. *See Guidance on Non-Citizen Eligibility*, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program, at 31, available at https://fns-prod.azureedge.net/sites/default/files/snap/Non-Citizen Guidance 063011.pdf (last accessed Apr. 12, 2019).
- ⁴⁸ See 8 USC §1612(a)(2)(A) and (L). Directly eligible for SNAP as refugees and asylees for seven years. However, they retain eligibility past the seven years since they will have transitioned into qualified immigrant status, with indefinite eligibility for SNAP, after five years. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(2)-(3). See also Nat'l Immigration Law Ctr., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table-ovrw-fedprogs/; 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(2)-(3). See also Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Guidance on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, at 31, https://fins-prod.azureedge.net/sites/default/files/snap/Non-Citizen Guidance-063011.pdf (last accessed Mar. 13, 2019). https://fins-prod.azureedge.net/sites/default/files/snap/Non-Citizen Guidance-063011.pdf
- ⁴⁹ 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(4); NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; *SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility*, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018).
- ⁵⁰See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (1). Eligible to the same extent as refugees. (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS certification. Applicants under age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certification)). NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide To Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs* 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; *SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility*, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018).
- ⁵¹ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility For Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; *SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility*, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018);. *See* 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certification)).
- ⁵² OFFICE ON TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS, U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., OTIP-FS-16-01, CERTIFICATION FOR ADULT VICTIMS OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING FACT SHEET 1 (2016), https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification%20Fact%20Sheet%20Posting%20%282%29.pdf. See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b).
- ⁵³ 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b). Applicants over age 18 require an HHS certification. Applicants under age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certification). *See*NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; *SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility*, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018).

- ⁵⁴ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; *SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility*, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018).
- ⁵⁵ SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018).
- ⁵⁶ SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018). Five-year residency includes time in qualified status prior to turning 18. When SIJS children become qualified immigrants, they may be exempt from deeming when they naturalize, or if they can show they are credited with 40 qualifying quarters of work, or if they are eligible for a 12 month exception for indigence, or have another form of immigration status does not require sponsorship. 8 U.S.C. § 1631; Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Guidance on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, at 31-33, https://fns-prod.azureedge.net/sites/default/files/snap/Non-Citizen Guidance 063011.pdf (last accessed Mar. 13, 2019).
- ⁵⁷ SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018). (Although eligibility based on 40 work quarters includes work performed by applicant, spouse, and parents while the applicant was under 18, SIJS youth are generally not able to satisfy this condition.).
- ⁵⁸ SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018). May be subject to deeming.
- ⁵⁹ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; *SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility*, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018).
- ⁶⁰ SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018). (Eligible children are exempt from sponsor deeming.).
- ⁶¹ SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018). (Five-year residency includes time in qualified status prior to turning 18.). May be subject to deeming.
- ⁶² See SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018). (Although eligibility based on 40 work quarters includes work performed by applicant, spouse, and parents while the applicant was under 18, SIJS youth are generally not able to satisfy this condition.).
- ⁶³ SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018). (Born on or before August 22, 1931 and lawfully resided in the U.S. on August 22, 1996.). May be subject to deeming.
- ⁶⁴ SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018). May be subject to deeming.
- 65 42 U.S.C.S. § 1786; Women, Infants, and Children (WIC), U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC. FOOD & NUTRITION SERV., https://www.fns.usda.gov/wic/women-infants-and-children-wic (last visited June 14, 2018).
- 66 WIC Contacts, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC. FOOD & NUTRITION SERV., https://www.fns.usda.gov/wic/wic-contacts (last visited June 14, 2018).
- ⁶⁷ WIC Eligibility Requirements, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC. FOOD & NUTRITION SERV., https://www.fns.usda.gov/wic/wic-eligibility-requirements (last visited June 14, 2018). ⁶⁸N.D. WIC PRGRM., Local Agency Directory (May 2018), http://www.ndhealth.gov/WIC/WicSites.pdf.
- ⁶⁹ North Dakota WIC Income Eligibility Guidelines, N.D. DEP'T OF HEALTH, Women, Infants and Children (WIC), http://www.ndhealth.gov/wic/ (last visited July 20, 2018).
- ⁷⁰ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., "LAWFULLY PRESENT" INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE UNDER THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT 5 (2012, rev. 2016), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/lawfully-present-imm-categories-ACA-2016-07.pdf. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c).
- ⁷¹ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., "LAWFULLY PRESENT" INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE UNDER THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT 2 (2012, rev. 2016), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/lawfully-present-imm-categories-ACA-2016-07.pdf. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(2).
- ⁷² Cindy Mann, CTR. FOR MEDICARE & MEDICAID SERV., U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., MEDICAID AND CHIP COVERAGE FOR "LAWFULLY RESIDING" CHILDREN AND PREGNANT WOMEN 3 (2010), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/pb-gov-hhslawfullyresidingmedicaid-07-01-10-also-in-qualified-immigrants/. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(3); 45 C.F.R § 152.2(5) (2017) ("A pending applicant for asylum under section 208(a) of the INA (8 U.S.C. § 1158) or for withholding of removal under section 241(b)(3) of the INA (8 U.S.C. § 1231) or under the Convention Against Torture who has been granted employment authorization, and such an applicant under the age of 14 who has had an application pending for at least 180 days.").
- ⁷³ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., "LAWFULLY PRESENT" INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE UNDER THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT 5 (2012, rev. 2016), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/lawfully-present-imm-categories-ACA-2016-07.pdf. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(4).
- ⁷⁴ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., "LAWFULLY PRESENT" INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE UNDER THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT 5 (2012, rev. 2016), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/lawfully-present-imm-categories-ACA-2016-07.pdf. *See* 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS certification. Applicants under age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certification)).

- ⁷⁵ OFFICE ON TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS, U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., OTIP-FS-16-01, CERTIFICATION FOR ADULT VICTIMS OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING FACT SHEET 1 (2016), https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification%20Fact%20Sheet%20Posting%20%282%29.pdf. See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b).
- ⁷⁶ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., "LAWFULLY PRESENT" INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE UNDER THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT 5 (2012, rev. 2016), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/lawfully-present-imm-categories-ACA-2016-07.pdf. *See* 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS certification. Applicants under age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certification)).
- ⁷⁷ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., "LAWFULLY PRESENT" INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE UNDER THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT 1, 1 n.4, 4-5 n.8 (2012, rev. 2016), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/lawfully-present-imm-categories-ACA-2016-07.pdf (DACA recipients are the only deferred action recipients not eligible for insurance under the ACA.).

 ⁷⁸ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., "LAWFULLY PRESENT" INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE UNDER THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT 5 (2012, rev. 2016), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/lawfully-present-imm-categories-ACA-2016-07.pdf.
- ⁷⁹ U visa bona fide determinations come with deferred action which is protection from deportation and which makes U visa applicants eligible for health care as lawfully residing immigrant. Cindy Mann, Ctr. for Medicare & Medicaid Serv., U.S. Dep't of Health & Hum. Serv., Medicaid and CHIP Coverage for "Lawfully Residing" Children and Pregnant Women 3 (2010), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/pb-gov-hhslawfullyresidingmedicaid-07-01-10-also-in-qualified-immigrants/.
- ⁸⁰ Cindy Mann, CTR. FOR MEDICARE & MEDICAID SERV., U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., MEDICAID AND CHIP COVERAGE FOR "LAWFULLY RESIDING" CHILDREN AND PREGNANT WOMEN 3 (2010), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/pb-gov-hhslawfullyresidingmedicaid-07-01-10-also-in-qualified-immigrants/; Carly Erickson & Leslye E. Orloff, *U-Visa Victim Benefits under the Affordable Care Act (ACA)*, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (June 18, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/u-visa-healthcare-aca/.
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- ⁸² NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., "LAWFULLY PRESENT" INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE UNDER THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT 1 (2012, rev. 2016), https://www.nilc.org/wpcontent/uploads/2015/10/lawfully-present-imm-categories-ACA-2016-07.pdf (DACA coverage limited to those "lawfully present" in the United States).
- 83 Kaiser Family Foundation, *Table 3: State Adoption of Laws to Cover Immigrant Populations January 2021* (North Dakota N/A (M-CHIP) responses indicate that the state does not provide a separate CHIP program for uninsured children. Thus eligibility for health care for immigrant children in North Dakota is governed by the same rules as Medicaid) https://files.kff.org/attachment/Table-3-State-Adoption-of-Options-to-Cover-Immigrant-Populations-January-2021.pdf; Footnotes in this section contain additional details on health care subsidies, including co-pays that may be required. They contain further state by state information on health care access for immigrant survivors of domestic and sexual violence. *See* MORGAN, LEWIS & BOCKIUS, LLP *Chapter 17.1: Emergency Medicaid Urgent Medical Services for Immigrant Crime Victims and Children*, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (December 2016), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/ch17-1-emergencymedicaid; *see id. Chapter 17.2: Coverage for Forensic Costs for Immigrant crime Victims: Medical Coverage and Services* (February 12, 2017) http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/ch17-2-forensiccoverageimmvictims; *see id. Chapter 17.3: Post-Assault Healthcare and Crime Victim Compensation for Immigrant Victims of Violence* (June 13, 2017) http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/ch17-3-postassault-healthcare-compensation; *see id. Chapter 17.4: Pre-Natal and Child Health Care For Immigrant Victims and Their Children* (February 17, 2017) http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/ch17-4-prenatal-care.
- ⁸⁴ N.D. DEP'T OF HUMAN SERVICES, *Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP)* (Qualified immigrants eligible for CHIP, however state Medicaid eligibility rules apply to determine whether the lawful permanent residency requirements, the 5-year bar, and 40 quarter of work credit requirements apply. The footnotes in this section describe the eligibility requirements in North Dakota for each category of noncitizen discussed in this chart). https://www.nd.gov/dhs/services/medicalserv/chip/.
- 85 42 C.R.F. § 435.406(2)(i); 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c); NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide* To Immigrant Eligibility For Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.
- 86 NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.87 N.D. Admin. Code 75-02-02.1-18(8)(k)
- https://ndlegis.gov/information/acdata/pdf/75-02-02.1.pdf; N.D. Policy Manual, *Qualified Aliens* 510-03-35-58-11 https://www.nd.gov/dhs/policymanuals/51003/51003.htm#510-03-35-58.htm%3FTocPath%3DEligibility%2520factors%2520for%2520ACA%2520Medicaid%2520510-03%7CBasic%2520Factors%2520of%2520Eligibility%2520510-03-35%7C 10 (Certain battered aliens; battered alien children; and the parents of such children with an I-551 card showing B2-1, B2-3, B2-6, OR B2-8.); NAT'L IMMIGRATION
- LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20, footnote 5 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.
- 88 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(a)(1)-(2); 1613. Federal eligibility for refugees and asylees extends for the first seven years after attaining that status; however, in most states their eligibility can continue past this seven year limitation, since by seven years they will either have become lawful permanent residents or they will have been in the U.S. long enough that the five year bar to public benefits access will not apply. As a result, they will be "qualified immigrants" eligible for federal means-tested public benefits with no "five year bar" waiting period. If a state does not recognize the "qualified immigrant" exception, § 1612(b)(2) lists exceptions that independently lift the five year bar; including, if they have attained lawful permanent resident status with 40 qualifying quarters, are the provided benefits once the mandated seven year federal coverage period for refugees and American University, washington College of Law.

asylees ends. See also Nat'l Immigration Law Ctr., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. See state law citations in this chart to identify if this state provides benefits for asylees and refugees beyond the seven year limitation.

- ⁸⁹ 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b)(1) Bona fide T visa applicants with HHS certification, trafficking victims under 18 with HHS eligibility determination, and family members with T visa status are eligible for public benefits to the same extent as refugees. *See also* 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(a)(1)-(2); 1613. Federal eligibility for refugees and asylees extends for the first seven years after attaining that status; however, in most states their eligibility continues past this seven year limitation, since by seven years they will have been in the U.S. long enough that the five year bar to public benefits access will not apply. As a result, they will become "qualified immigrants" eligible for federal means-tested public benefits with no "five year bar" waiting period. If a state does not recognize the "qualified immigrant" exception, § 1612(b)(2) lists exceptions that independently lift the five year bar; including, if they have attained LPR status with 40 qualifying quarters, are a veteran, and/or a member of a veteran's family. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(2)-(3). States can also continue to provide benefits once the mandated seven year federal coverage period for refugees and asylees ends. *See also* Nat'l Immigration Law Ctr., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. *See* state law citations in this chart to identify if this state provides benefits for asylees and refugees beyond the seven year limitation.
- ⁹⁰22 U.S.C. § 7105(b)(1); *See also* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(4). Human trafficking victims with HHS certification or an HHS determination letter are eligible as refugees for 7 years. To continue to receive benefits once 7 years has passed, since they received their HHS certification or HHS determination letter, they will need to file for and be granted a T visa. This allows them to continue to qualify for public benefits as qualified immigrants. So long as the trafficking victim files for a T visa soon after receiving HHS certification or determination, they should gain qualified immigrant status and the 5-year bar will be completed prior to reaching the 7-year limit on refugee benefits.
- 91 N.D. Admin. Code 75-02-02.1-18(8); N.D. Policy Manual, *Qualified Aliens* 510-03-35-58 (Eligible from date of arrival in North Dakota without 5 year bar or 40 quarters: 3. Refugees; 4. Asylees, 6. T visa holders or T visa applicants with bona fide determinations (prima facie case)) https://www.nd.gov/dhs/policymanuals/51003/51003.htm#510-03-35-58.htm%3FTocPath%3DEligibility%2520factors%2520for%2520ACA%2520Medicaid%2520510-03%7CBasic%2520Factors%2520of%2520Eligibility%2520510-03-35%7C____10; NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide To Immigrant El*
- 92 NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. *See* 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS certification. Applicants under age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certification)). *See also* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(4). Human trafficking victims with HHS certification or an HHS determination letter are eligible as refugees for 7 years. To continue to receive benefits once 7 years has passed, since they received their HHS certification or HHS determination letter, they will need to file for and be granted a T visa. This allows them to continue to qualify for public benefits as qualified immigrants. So long as the trafficking victim files for a T visa soon after receiving HHS certification or determination, they should gain qualified immigrant status and the 5-year bar will be completed prior to reaching the 7-year limit on refugee benefits.
- 93 NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; Office on Trafficking in Persons, U.S. Dep't of Health & Hum. Serv., OTIP-FS-16-01, Certification for Adult Victims of Human Trafficking Fact Sheet 1 (2016), https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification%20Fact%20Sheet%20Posting%20%282%29.pdf. *See* 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b).
- ⁹⁴ 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b)(1). Bona fide T visa applicants with HHS certification, trafficking victims under 18 with HHS eligibility determination, and family members with T visa status are eligible for public benefits to the same extent as refugees. NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. *See* 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS certification. Applicants under age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certification)).
- 95 NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. N.D. Admin. Code 75-02-02.1-18(8); NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.
- ⁹⁷ N.D. Admin. Code 75-02-02.1-18(8) (f. Continued presence are victims of severe forms of human trafficking. K. T visa holders and T visa applicants with bona fide determinations which set out a prima facie case) https://ndlegis.gov/information/acdata/pdf/75-02-02.1.pdf; NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20, footnote 5 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011). https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table ovry fedprogs/.
- ⁹⁸ NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011)*, https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.
- ⁹⁹ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide* To Immigrant Eligibility For Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).
- ¹⁰⁰ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table-ovrw-fedprogs/.

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101 N.D. Admin. Code 75-02-02.1-18(8)(1); N.D. Policy Manual, Aliens Lawfully Admitted for Permanent Residence on or After August 22, 1996 510-03-35-65 (Aliens admitted
for Lawful Permanent Residence (LPR) on or after August 22, 1996 are banned from Medicaid, for five years from the date they obtained LPR status. After the five-year ban,
aliens who are lawful permanent residents who can be credited with forty qualifying quarters of social security coverage may be eligible for Medicaid.)
https://www.nd.gov/dhs/policymanuals/51003/51003.htm#510-03-35-65.htm%3FTocPath%3DEligibility%2520factors%2520factors%2520ACA%2520Medicaid%2520510-
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105 NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20
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Aliens Lawfully Admitted for Permanent Residence on or After August 22, 1996 510-03-35-65 (Aliens admitted for Lawfull Permanent Residence (LPR) on or after August 22.
1996 are banned from Medicaid, for five years from the date they obtained LPR status. After the five-year ban, aliens who are lawful permanent residents who can be credited with
forty qualifying quarters of social security coverage may be eligible for Medicaid.) https://www.nd.gov/dhs/policymanuals/51003/51003.htm#510-03-35-
12; NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL
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107 N.D. Admin. Code 75-02-02.1-18(8)(a); NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT
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subsidies including co-pays that may be required. They contain further state by state information on health care access for immigrant survivors of domestic and sexual violence.
See MORGAN, LEWIS & BOCKIUS, LLP Chapter 17.1: Emergency Medicaid – Urgent Medical Services for Immigrant Crime Victims and Children, NAT'L IMMIGRANT
WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (December 2016), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/ch17-1-emergencymedicaid; see id. Chapter 17.2: Coverage for Forensic Costs for
Immigrant crime Victims: Medical Coverage and Services (February 12, 2017) http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/ch17-2-forensiccoverageimmvictims; see id. Chapter
17.3: Post-Assault Healthcare and Crime Victim Compensation for Immigrant Victims of Violence (June 13, 2017) http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/ch17-3-postassault-
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111 42 C.R.F. § 435.406(2)(i); 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c); NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility For
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113 N.D. Admin. Code 75-02-02.1-18(8)(k) https://ndlegis.gov/information/acdata/pdf/75-02-02.1.pdf; N.D. Policy Manual, Qualified Aliens 510-03-35-58-11
03%7CBasic%2520Factors%2520eff%2520Eligibility%2520510-03-35%7C 10 (Certain battered aliens; battered alien children; and the parents of such children with an I-
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114 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(a)(1)-(2); 1613. Federal eligibility for refugees and asylees extends for the first seven years after attaining that status; however, in most states their eligibility can continue past
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this seven year limitation, since by seven years they will either have become lawful permanent residents or they will have been in the U.S. long enough that the five year bar to public benefits access

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will not apply. As a result, they will be "qualified immigrants" eligible for federal means-tested public benefits with no "five year bar" waiting period. If a state does not recognize the

asylees ends. See also Nat'l Immigration Law Ctr., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. See state law citations in this chart to identify if this state provides benefits for asylees and refugees beyond the seven year limitation.

- 115 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b)(1) Bona fide T visa applicants with HHS certification, trafficking victims under 18 with HHS eligibility determination, and family members with T visa status are eligible for public benefits to the same extent as refugees. See also 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(a)(1)-(2); 1613. Federal eligibility for refugees and asylees extends for the first seven years after attaining that status; however, in most states their eligibility continues past this seven year limitation, since by seven years they will have been in the U.S. long enough that the five year bar to public benefits access will not apply. As a result, they will become "qualified immigrants" eligible for federal means-tested public benefits with no "five year bar" waiting period. If a state does not recognize the "qualified immigrant" exception, § 1612(b)(2) lists exceptions that independently lift the five year bar; including, if they have attained LPR status with 40 qualifying quarters, are a veteran, and/or a member of a veteran's family. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(2)-(3). States can also continue to provide benefits once the mandated seven year federal coverage period for refugees and asylees ends. See also Nat'l Immigration Law Ctr., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. See state law citations in this chart to identify if this state provides benefits for asylees and refugees beyond the seven year limitation.
- ¹¹⁶22 U.S.C. § 7105(b)(1); *See also* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(4). Human trafficking victims with HHS certification or an HHS determination letter are eligible as refugees for 7 years. To continue to receive benefits once 7 years has passed, since they received their HHS certification or HHS determination letter, they will need to file for and be granted a T visa. This allows them to continue to qualify for public benefits as qualified immigrants. So long as the trafficking victim files for a T visa soon after receiving HHS certification or determination, they should gain qualified immigrant status and the 5-year bar will be completed prior to reaching the 7-year limit on refugee benefits.
- 117 N.D. Admin. Code 75-02-02.1-18(8); N.D. Policy Manual, *Qualified Aliens* 510-03-35-58 (Eligible from date of arrival in North Dakota without 5 year bar or 40 quarters: 3. Refugees; 4. Asylees, 6. T visa holders or T visa applicants with bona fide determinations (prima facie case)) https://www.nd.gov/dhs/policymanuals/51003/51003.htm#510-03-35-58.htm%3FTocPath%3DEligibility%2520factors%2520for%2520ACA%2520Medicaid%2520510-03%7CBasic%2520Factors%2520of%2520Eligibility%2520510-03-35%7C_____10; NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide To Immigrant*
- ¹¹⁸ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. *See* 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS certification. Applicants under age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certification)).
- ¹¹⁹ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; Office on Trafficking in Persons, U.S. Dep't of Health & Hum. Serv., OTIP-FS-16-01, Certification for Adult Victims of Human Trafficking Fact Sheet 1 (2016), https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification%20Fact%20Sheet%20Posting%20%282%29.pdf. *See* 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b).
- 120 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b)(1). Bona fide T visa applicants with HHS certification, trafficking victims under 18 with HHS eligibility determination, and family members with T visa status are eligible for public benefits to the same extent as refugees. NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. *See* 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS certification. Applicants under age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certification)).
- ¹²¹ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.*
- ¹²² N.D. Admin. Code 75-02-02.1-18(8); NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide To Immigrant Eligibility For Federal Programs (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011)*, https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.
- 123 N.D. Admin. Code 75-02-02.1-18(8) (f. Continued presence are victims of severe forms of human trafficking. K. T visa holders and T visa applicants with bona fide determinations which set out a prima facie case) https://ndlegis.gov/information/acdata/pdf/75-02-02.1.pdf; NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20, footnote 5 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011)*, https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.
- ¹²⁴ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.*
- 125 NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.
- 126 NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20, footnote 7 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.

¹²⁷ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).

128 N.D. Admin. Code 75-02-02.1-18(8)(1); N.D. Policy Manual, *Aliens Lawfully Admitted for Permanent Residence on or After August* 22, 1996 510-03-35-65 (Aliens admitted for Lawful Permanent Residence (LPR) on or after August 22, 1996 are banned from Medicaid, for five years from the date they obtained LPR status. After the five-year ban, aliens who are lawful permanent residents who can be credited with forty qualifying quarters of social security coverage may be eligible for Medicaid.) <a href="https://www.nd.gov/dhs/policymanuals/51003/51003.htm#510-03-35-65.htm%3FTocPath%3DEligibility%2520factors%2520for%2520ACA%2520Medicaid%2520510-03-35-65.htm%3FTocPath%3DEligibility%2520factors%2520for%2520ACA%2520Medicaid%2520510-03-65.htm%3FTocPath%3DEligibility%2520factors%2520for%2520ACA%2520Medicaid%2520510-03-65.htm%3FTocPath%3DEligibility%2520factors%2520for%2520ACA%2520Medicaid%2520510-03-65.htm%3FTocPath%3DEligibility%2520factors%2520for%2520ACA%2520Medicaid%2520510-03-65.htm%3FTocPath%3DEligibility%2520factors%2520for%2520ACA%2520Medicaid%2520510-03-65.htm%3FTocPath%3DEligibility%2520factors%2520for%2520ACA%2520Medicaid%2520510-03-65.htm%3FTocPath%3DEligibility%2520factors%2520for%2520ACA%2520Medicaid%2520510-03-65.htm%3FTocPath%3DEligibility%2520factors%2520for%2520ACA%2520Medicaid%2520510-03-65.htm%3FTocPath%3DEligibility%2520factors%2520for%2520ACA%2520Medicaid%2520510-03-65.htm%3FTocPath%3DEligibility%2520factors%2520for%2520ACA%2520Medicaid%2520510-03-65.htm%3FTocPath%3DEligibility%2520factors%2520for%2520ACA%2520Medicaid%2520510-03-65.htm%3FTocPath%3DEligibility%2520factors%2520for%2520ACA%2520Medicaid%2520510-03-65.htm%3FTocPath%3DEligibility%2520factors%2520for%2520ACA%2520Medicaid%2520510-03-65.htm%3FTocPath%3DEligibility%2520factors%2520factors%2520for%2520ACA%2520Medicaid%2520510-03-65.htm%3DEligibility%2520factors%2520factors%2520factors%2520factors%2520factors%2520factors%2520factors%2520factors%2520factors%2520factors%2520factors%2520factors%2520factors%2520factors%2520factors%2520factors%2520fac

129 N.D. Admin. Code 75-02-02.1-18(8)(a); NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20, footnote 5 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.

130 NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.

131 NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).*

132 N.D. Admin. Code 75-02-02.1-18(8)(1); N.D. Policy Manual, *Aliens Lawfully Admitted for Permanent Residence on or After August* 22, 1996 510-03-35-65 (Aliens admitted for Lawful Permanent Residence (LPR) on or after August 22, 1996 are banned from Medicaid, for five years from the date they obtained LPR status. After the five-year ban, aliens who are lawful permanent residents who can be credited with forty qualifying quarters of social security coverage may be eligible for Medicaid.)

https://www.nd.gov/dhs/policymanuals/51003/51003.htm#510-03-35-65.htm%3FTocPath%3DEligibility%2520factors%2520for%2520ACA%2520Medicaid%2520510-03%7CBasic%2520Factors%2520of%2520Eligibility%2520510-03-35%7C

12; NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-

133 N.D. Admin. Code 75-02-02.1-18(8)(a); NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20, footnote 5 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.

134 NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.

135 NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011)*, https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.

136 Victims of Crime Act (VOCA) compensation for crime victims is a program providing services necessary to protect health and safety of crime victims that helps victims heal and overcome the emotional and financial impact of crime victimization on their lives. VOCA compensation is separate from and does not fall within the definitions of "federal public benefit" or "state public benefit" under U.S. public benefits laws and thus is open to all crime victims without regard to immigration status. *See*, Joye E. Frost, Office for Victims of Crime, U.S. Department of Justice, Letter ro Cassie T Jones Alabama Crime Victims' Compensation Commission (July 2, 2010) available at https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/ojp-ovc-letter-on-access-to-voca-victim-compensation-7-2-2010; For an overview of what types of victim compensation are covered by VOCA compensation programs in each state *see*, Leslye Orloff, Katelyn Deibler and Annie Roebuck, *Post-Assault Healthcare and Victims of Crime Act Coverage for Domestic and Sexual Violence Victims* (July 18, 2018) available at: https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/post-assault-coverage-chart; and: Sarah Andrews, Vanessa Brown, Aurora de Heer, Joseph Leonard, Ryan Lighty, Katherine O'Keefe, Celia Soehner, William Springer, Josh Sterling, Linda Way-Smith, Beau Yanoshik, Morgan Lewis and Bockius, LLP and NIWAP, *Post-Assault Healthcare and Crime Victim Compensation for Immigrant Victims of Violence – Medical Coverage and Services for Immigrants* (July 13, 2018) available at https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/ch17-3-postassault-healthcare-compensation (contains a more detailed discussion of VOCA compensation available in each state with links and citations).

137 U.

¹³⁸ See generally Office of Fed. Student Aid, U.S. Dep't of Educ., Federal Student Aid Handbook 2016-2017 (2016),

support/table ovrw fedprogs/.

https://ifap.ed.gov/fsahandbook/attachments/1617FSAHbkActiveIndexMaster.pdf (The information in this section applies to all student financial aid including grants and loans.).

139 OFFICE OF FED. STUDENT AID, U.S. DEP'T OF EDUC., MANY NON-U.S. CITIZENS QUALIFY FOR FEDERAL STUDENT AID (last visited Mar. 5, 2018),

https://studentaid.ed.gov/sa/eligibility/non-us-citizens; Daniel T. Madzelan, Office. of Post-Secondary Educ., U.S. Dep't of Educ., Eligibility for Title IV Aid for "Battered Immigrants-Qualified Aliens" as Provided For in the Violence Against Women Act (2007), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/pb-gov-memovawapetitionsgrantsloans-6-4-10/. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c); Office of Fed. Student Aid, U.S. Dep't of Educ., Federal Student Aid Handbook 2016-2017 1-33, 1-34 (2016), https://ifap.ed.gov/fsahandbook/attachments/1617FSAHbkActiveIndexMaster.pdf.

140 OFFICE OF FED. STUDENT AID, U.S. DEP'T OF EDUC., MANY NON-U.S. CITIZENS QUALIFY FOR FEDERAL STUDENT AID (last visited Mar. 5, 2018), https://studentaid.ed.gov/sa/eligibility/non-us-citizens. See 8 U.S.C. §§ 1641(b)(2)-(3), (c)(4); OFFICE OF FED. STUDENT AID, U.S. DEP'T OF EDUC., FEDERAL STUDENT AID HANDBOOK 2016-2017 1-29 (2016), https://ifap.ed.gov/fsahandbook/attachments/1617FSAHbkActiveIndexMaster.pdf.

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- ¹⁴¹ OFFICE OF FED. STUDENT AID, U.S. DEP'T OF EDUC., MANY NON-U.S. CITIZENS QUALIFY FOR FEDERAL STUDENT AID (last visited Mar. 5, 2018), https://studentaid.ed.gov/sa/eligibility/non-us-citizens. *See* 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b); OFFICE OF FED. STUDENT AID, U.S. DEP'T OF EDUC., FEDERAL STUDENT AID HANDBOOK 2016-2017 1-33 (2016), https://ifap.ed.gov/fsahandbook/attachments/1617FSAHbkActiveIndexMaster.pdf.
- ¹⁴² OFFICE OF FED. STUDENT AID, U.S. DEP'T OF EDUC., MANY NON-U.S. CITIZENS QUALIFY FOR FEDERAL STUDENT AID (last visited Mar. 5, 2018), https://studentaid.ed.gov/sa/eligibility/non-us-citizens.
- ¹⁴³ OFFICE OF FED. STUDENT AID, U.S. DEP'T OF EDUC., MANY NON-U.S. CITIZENS QUALIFY FOR FEDERAL STUDENT AID (last visited Mar. 5, 2018), https://studentaid.ed.gov/sa/eligibility/non-us-citizens. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).
- ¹⁴⁴ OFFICE OF FED. STUDENT AID, U.S. DEP'T OF EDUC., MANY NON-U.S. CITIZENS QUALIFY FOR FEDERAL STUDENT AID (last visited Mar. 5, 2018), https://studentaid.ed.gov/sa/eligibility/non-us-citizens. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).
- ¹⁴⁵ Plyler v. Doe 457 U.S. 202 (1982); U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION, STUDENTS, IMMIGRATION STATUS, AND THE RIGHT TO PUBLIC EDUCATION (JUNE 20, 2021) https://blog.ed.gov/2021/07/students-immigration-status-and-the-right-to-public-education/.
- 146 U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement, Memo: Undocumented Students Authorized to Enroll in Post-Secondary Educational Institutions (July 24, 2008)

 https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/pb-gov-dhsundocstudentpost2ndeduaccess-7-24-08. This law applies to all states except those that have implemented state laws or policies that limit or deny enrollment in public colleges or universities which are Alabama, Georgia and South Carolina. (Current as of July 2021). See, NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., Current State Laws and Policies on Access to Higher Education for Immigrants (July 2021)

 https://www.nilc.org/issues/education/eduaccesstoolkit/eduaccesstoolkit/eduaccesstoolkit/2/#maps.
- 147 See 6. International Students, N.D. UNIV. SYSTM., http://www.ndus.nodak.edu/makers/procedures/NDUS/default.asp?PID=280&SID=57 (last accessed July 20, 2018).

 148 Soc. Security Admin., Understanding Supplemental Security Income SSI Eligibility Requirements 2017 Edition (2017), https://www.ssa.gov/ssi/text-eligibility-ussi.htm (While the chart shows eligibility to apply for SSI benefits by immigration status, those with qualified immigration statuses must also meet all other eligibility requirements. To obtain SSI benefits individuals must be aged 65 or over, blind, or disabled; and have limited income, limited resources, be a resident of one of the 50 states, DC, or Northern Mariana Islands, and not be absent from the country for a full calendar month, in addition to other requirements.).
- ¹⁴⁹ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; Soc. Security Admin., Spotlight on SSI Benefits for Aliens (2017), https://www.ssa.gov/ssi/spotlights/spot-non-citizens.htm. *See* 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(a)(2)(E) (prior SSI), 1612(a)(2)(F) (current disability), 1641(c) (battered immigrant).

 ¹⁵⁰ See 8 U.S.C. § 1612(a)(2)(H).
- 151 Noncitizen Eligibility for Federal Public Assistance: Policy Overview, Congressional Research Service, Alison Siskin, Specialist in Immigration Policy (Dec. 12, 2016) (p. 10, note a), https://fas.org/sgp/crs/misc/RL33809.pdf. In 2018, \$5,280 = 4 quarters of work credit. https://www.ssa.gov/oact/cola/QC.html.
- ¹⁵² NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; Soc. Security Admin., Spotlight on SSI Benefits for Aliens (2017), https://www.ssa.gov/ssi/spotlights/spot-non-citizens.htm. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1) (Due to the work requirement, few SIJS children will qualify, although work done by the applicant, parent or spouse counts toward the 40 quarters of work.).
- 153 NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility For Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; Soc. Security Admin., Spotlight on SSI Benefits for Aliens (2017), https://www.ssa.gov/ssi/spotlights/spot-non-citizens.htm. *See* 8 U.S.C.§ 1641(b)(2)-(3). For some Federal programs such as SSI, a general bar applies where qualified immigrants are ineligible, unless they have attained LPR status with 40 qualifying quarters and satisfy the five-year bar, have a specified military connection, or fall within other limited exceptions. See 8 U.S.C. 1612(a)(2). For refugees and asylees, this bar does not apply until seven years after the date that they are admitted to refugee or asylee status; however, § 1612(b)(2) lists exceptions that independently lift the bar after seven years.
- ¹⁵⁴ See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b).

15522 U.S.C. § 7105(b)(1). T visa holders, bona fide T visa applicants with HHS certification, trafficking victims under 18 with HHS eligibility determination, and family members with T visa status are eligible for public benefits to the same extent as refugees. See 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(a)(1)-(2); 1613. Federal eligibility for refugees and asylees extends for the first seven years after attaining that status. However, § 1612(b)(2) lists exceptions that independently lift the seven year limit; including, if they have attained LPR status with 40 qualifying quarters, are a veteran, and/or a member of a veteran's family. See § 1641(b)(2)-(3). States can also continue to provide benefits once the mandated seven year federal coverage period for refugees and asylees ends. See state law citations in this chart with the retarn University of the provides of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Coverage period for the first seven year limitation. NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Coverage period for the first seven year limitation.

Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; Soc. Security Admin., Spotlight on SSI Benefits for Aliens (2017), https://www.ssa.gov/ssi/spotlights/spot-non-citizens.htm.

- 156 NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; Soc. Security Admin., Spotlight on SSI Benefits for Aliens (2017), https://www.ssa.gov/ssi/spotlights/spot-non-citizens.htm. *See* 8 U.S.C.§§ 1612(a)(2)(E) (prior SSI), 1612(a)(2)(F) (current disability), 1641(c)(4) (trafficking victims).
- ¹⁵⁷ See 8 U.S.C. § 1612(a)(2)(H). ¹⁵⁸ See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(4).
- 159 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b); See NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility For Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; Soc. Security Admin., Spotlight on SSI Benefits for Aliens (2017), https://www.ssa.gov/ssi/spotlights/spot-non-citizens.htm.
- 160 Noncitizen Eligibility for Federal Public Assistance: Policy Overview, Congressional Research Service, Alison Siskin, Specialist in Immigration Policy (Dec. 12, 2016) (p. 10, note a), https://fas.org/sgp/crs/misc/RL33809.pdf. In 2018, \$5.280 = 4 quarters of work credit. https://www.ssa.gov/oact/cola/OC.html.
- ¹⁶¹ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; Soc. Security Admin., Spotlight on SSI Benefits for Aliens (2017), https://www.ssa.gov/ssi/spotlights/spot-non-citizens.htm. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1) (Due to the work requirement, few SIJS children will qualify, although work done by the applicant, parent or spouse counts toward the 40 quarters of work.).
- ¹⁶² Noncitizen Eligibility for Federal Public Assistance: Policy Overview, Congressional Research Service, Alison Siskin, Specialist in Immigration Policy (Dec. 12, 2016) (p. 10, note a), https://fas.org/sgp/crs/misc/RL33809.pdf. In 2018, \$5,280 = 4 quarters of work credit. https://www.ssa.gov/oact/cola/QC.html.
- 163 NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; Soc. Security Admin., Spotlight on SSI Benefits for Aliens (2017), https://www.ssa.gov/ssi/spotlights/spot-non-citizens.htm. *See* 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(a)(2)(B) (LPR eligibility for SSI), 1612(a)(2)(E) (prior SSI), 1612(a)(2)(F) (current disability), 1641(b)(1) (LPR qualified immigrant status).
- ¹⁶⁴ See 8 U.S.C. § 1612(a)(2)(H).
- ¹⁶⁵ Noncitizen Eligibility for Federal Public Assistance: Policy Overview, Congressional Research Service, Alison Siskin, Specialist in Immigration Policy (Dec. 12, 2016) (p. 10, note a), https://fas.org/sgp/crs/misc/RL33809.pdf. In 2018, \$5,280 = 4 quarters of work credit. https://www.ssa.gov/oact/cola/QC.html.
- 166 Noncitizen Eligibility for Federal Public Assistance: Policy Overview, CONGRESSIONAL RESEARCH SERVICE, Alison Siskin, Specialist in Immigration Policy (Dec. 12, 2016) (p. 10, note a), https://fas.org/sgp/crs/misc/RL33809.pdf. In 2018, \$5,280 = 4 quarters of work credit. https://www.ssa.gov/oact/cola/QC.html.
- ¹⁶⁷ NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT, ACCEPTABLE FORMS OF DOCUMENTATION AND IDENTIFICATION FOR STATE DRIVER'S LICENSE/IDENTIFICATION CARD (SEPTEMBER 5, 2014) 1 (2014), http://library.niwap.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/Drivers-License-Access.pdf.
- ¹⁶⁸ REAL ID Act of 2005, 49 U.S.C. § 30301 Note (2005). See also 6 C.F.R. § 37.11 (g) (2012); Joan Friedland, Updates on REAL ID and Increased Information Sharing by Departments of Motor Vehicles, NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., (Jan. 8, 2018), https://www.nilc.org/news/the-torch/1-04-18/.
- ¹⁶⁹ See 6 C.F.R. § 37.11(g)(1) (2012).
- ¹⁷⁰ See SAVE CaseCheck, U.S. CITIZENSHIP & IMMGR. SERVS., https://www.uscis.gov/save/casecheck (last visited July 9, 2018). For special rules and step-by-step instructions for SAVE verification in cases of VAWA self-petitioners, see PIH NOTICE 2017-02 (HA), VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN ACT (VAWA) SELF-PETITIONER VERIFICATION PROCEDURES (2017), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/hud-vawa-self-petitioner-verification-procedures/ and Benish Anver, Alexandra Brown and Leslye E. Orloff, HOW TO ADVOCATE FOR PUBLIC AND ASSISTED HOUSING FOR YOUR BATTERED IMMIGRANT OR TRAFFICKING SURVIVOR CLIENT (2017) http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/pub-asst-housing-advocacy.
- ¹⁷¹ See 6 C.F.R. § 37.11(g)(2) (2012); Cindy Mann, CTR. FOR MEDICARE & MEDICAID SERV., U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., MEDICAID AND CHIP COVERAGE FOR "LAWFULLY RESIDING" CHILDREN AND PREGNANT WOMEN 2 (2010), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/pb-gov-hhslawfullyresidingmedicaid-07-01-10-also-in-qualified-immigrants/ (For example, the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services has identified categories of lawfully present immigrants for purposes of Medicaid and CHIP eligibility. These individuals should be able to access full Real ID compliant driver's licenses without waiting for work authorization. This may be an area for advocacy in individual cases).
- ¹⁷² See 6 C.F.R. § 37.11(h) (2012); NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., THE REAL ID ACT: QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS 8-9 (2016), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/11/REAL-ID-Act-Q-and-A.pdf.
- 173 N.D. DEP'T OF TRANS., *Proof of Identification Documents* (Jan. 2017), https://www.dot.nd.gov/divisions/driverslicense/docs/proof-of-identification-documents.pdf.
 174 VAWA self-petitioners receive employment authorization once their case has been approved. Trafficking victims receive legal work authorization based on HHS certification for victims with continued presence and for T visa applicants with bona fide determinations. U visa applicants will receive work authorization after their case has been wait-list approved based on deferred action. Asylum applicants become eligible for work authorization approximately 6 months after filing for asylum. DACA recipients receive work

authorization based on deferred action and SIJS children receive work authorization once they are granted lawful permanent residency. Once an immigrant receives legal work authorization from DHS they can apply for an receive a Social Security Number.

- 175 U.S. Dep't of Justice, Dep't of Health & Human Servs. & Dep't of Hous. & Human Dev., Joint Letter on Immigrant Access to Shelter and Transitional Housing (Aug. 5, 2016), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/joint-letter-hud-hhs-ad-doj-immigrant-access-shelter-transitional-housing-aug-2016/ (stating that services must be in-kind, available regardless of income, and provided at the community level). See 8 U.S.C. § 1611(b)(1)(D).
- ¹⁷⁶ CATHERINE LONGVILLE & LESLYE E. ORLOFF, PROGRAMS OPEN TO IMMIGRANT VICTIMS AND TO ALL IMMIGRANTS WITHOUT REGARD TO IMMIGRATION STATUS 1 (2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/programs-open-to-all-immigrants/; *Three Federal Agencies Issue Joint Letter on Shelters and Transitional Housing*, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (Aug. 12, 2016), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/joint-agency-letter-shelters-transitional-housing/.
- 177 Emergency Solutions Grant, ND COMMERCE, COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT, https://www.commerce.nd.gov/community-services/community-development/emergency-solutions-grants-esg#:~:text=The%20Emergency%20Solutions%20Grant%20is,those%20persons%20quickly%20regain%20stability (last visited Sept. 3, 2022).

¹⁷⁸ North Dakota Homeless Grant (NDHG), OFFICE OF CMMTY. SERVS.,

https://www.communityservices.nd.gov/communitydevelopment/Programs/NorthDakotaHomelessGrantNDHG/ (last visited July 20, 2018).

- ¹⁷⁹ Immigrants including victims who are lawfully residing in the United States or its territories and possessions under section 141 of the Compacts of Free Association between the U.S. and the Governments of the Marshall Islands, the Federated States of Micronesia and Palau are eligible for public and assisted housing. HUD PUBLIC AND INDIAN HOUSING, *Eligiblity Determination and Denial of Assistance*, Citizenship Status 10 (November 2019) available at:
- https://www.hud.gov/sites/dfiles/PIH/documents/HCV_Guidebook_Eligibility_Determination_and_Denial_of_Assistance.pdf (last visited Aug. 27. 2022) (However in Guam, such immigrants are not entitled to a preference in receiving housing assistance over a U.S. citizen or national resident who is otherwise eligible for such assistance).
- ¹⁸⁰ See generally NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in LIST OF SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS FOR THE WEBINAR: "IMMIGRANT ACCESS TO FEDERALLY ASSISTED HOUSING" (Feb. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/ (contains lists of housing programs that are unrestricted and lists of housing programs that various forms of immigration restrictions).
- ¹⁸¹ For detailed information about Low Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC) funding housing eligibility and how to find LIHTC funded units in communities across the country *see*, VAWA Home: Rights for Survivors in LIHTC https://www.vawahome.com/ (last visited February 10, 2022).
- HUD public and assisted housing refers to HUD assisted housing covered by Section 214 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1980, Title 42 of the U.S. Code Section 1436a. *See Housing Act. Section 2.14*, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT, http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/housing-act-sec 214/ (last visited Mar. 9, 2018); DEP'T OF HOUS. & URBAN DEV., PIH NOTICE 2017-02 (HA), VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN ACT (VAWA) SELF-PETITIONER VERIFICATION PROCEDURES (2017), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/hud-vawa-self-petitioner-verification-procedures/; TONYA ROBINSON, ACTING GENERAL COUNSEL, C., U.S. DEP'T OF HOUS. & URBAN DEV., MEMORANDUM FOR SECRETARY JULIAN CASTRO ON ELIGIBILITY OF BATTERED NONCITIZEN SELF-PETITIONERS FOR FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE UNDER SECTION 214 OF THE HOUSING AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT ACT OF 1980 (2016), http://library.niwap.org/wp-content/uploads/Eligibility-of-VAWA-Self-Petitioners-2016-12-14.pdf; U.S. DEP'T OF HOUS. & URBAN DEV., HUD HANDBOOK 4350.3: OCCUPANCY REQUIREMENTS OF SUBSIDIZED MULTIFAMILY HOUSING PROGRAMS at Appendix 2-B (2013),
- https://www.hud.gov/sites/documents/43503HSGH.PDF (instructions for verifying battered immigrant eligibility for multi-family programs) (referring to the *Interim Guidance on Verification of Citizenship, Qualified Alien Status, and Eligibility* Under Title IV of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, 62 FR 61344 at Exhibit B to Attachment 5 (Nov. 17, 1997)). *See also* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c) (2012).
- ¹⁸³ USDA RURAL HOUSING SERVICE, Interim Rule, *Reinvention of the Sections 514, 515, 516 and 521 Multi-Family Housing Programs*, 69 Fed. Reg. 69032 (Nov. 26, 2004) (to be codified at 7 C.F.R. pt. 1806, 1822, 1902, 1925 ("Appendix 2 to the HUD Handbook 4350.3 is incorporated into internal Agency procedures."); USDA RURAL HOUSING SERVICE, Interim Final Rule, *Reinvention of the Sections 514, 515, 516 and 521 Multi-Family Housing Programs*, 70 Fed. Reg. 8503 (Feb. 22, 2005) (to be codified at 7 C.F.R. 3560) (deciding "to delay implementation of the sections listed below in order to harmonize its procedures with HUD under 42 U.S.C. 1436a"); DEP'T OF HOUS. & URBAN DEV., HUD HANDBOOK 4350.3: OCCUPANCY REQUIREMENTS OF SUBSIDIZED MULTIFAMILY HOUSING PROGRAMS at Appendix 2-B (2013),
- https://www.hud.gov/sites/documents/43503HSGH.PDF (instructions on verifying battered immigrant eligibility for HUD multi-family programs) (referring to the *Interim Guidance on Verification of Citizenship, Qualified Alien Status, and Eligibility* Under Title IV of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, 62 FR 61344 at Exhibit B to Attachment 5) (Nov. 17, 1997); DEP'T OF HOUS. & URBAN DEV., PIH NOTICE 2017-02 (HA), VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN ACT (VAWA) SELF-PETITIONER VERIFICATION PROCEDURES (2017), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/hud-vawa-self-petitioner-verification-procedures/; MEMORANDUM FOR SECRETARY JULIAN CASTRO ON ELIGIBILITY OF BATTERED NONCITIZEN SELF-PETITIONERS FOR FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE UNDER SECTION 214 OF THE HOUSING AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT ACT OF 1980 (2016), http://library.niwap.org/wp-content/uploads/Eligibility-of-VAWA-Self-Petitioners-2016-12-14.pdf. *See also* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c).

 184 See 42 U.S.C. § 1485.
- ¹⁸⁵ NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in LIST OF SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS FOR THE WEBINAR: "IMMIGRANT ACCESS TO FEDERALLY ASSISTED HOUSING" (FEB. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/ (stating that Section 514/516: Lessee (but not household) must be U.S. Citizen or lawful permanent resident). See 7 C.F.R. § 3560.11 (including immediate family member).

- ¹⁸⁶ See 7 C.F.R. § 3560.158(d); USDA MFH ASSET MANAGEMENT HANDBOOK HB 2-3650, § 6.30(D) (stating that a remaining family member who is a co-tenant or member of the household, who has the legal capacity to sign the lease, and is a U.S. citizen or qualified immigrant, may remain in the housing after the original tenant has departed); *NHLP*, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in List of Supporting Documents for the Webinar: "Immigrant Access to Federally Assisted Housing" (Feb. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/; see also 8 U.S.C. §§ 1641(c).
- ¹⁸⁷ See 42 U.S.C. § 1484(f)(3)(A), 1486(g)(4) (Sections 514 and 516 Farm Labor Housing); NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in List of Supporting Documents for the Webinar: "Immigrant Access to Federally Assisted Housing" (Feb. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/ ("Section 514/516: Lessee (but not household) must be U.S. Citizen or lawful permanent resident.").
- ¹⁸⁸ See 42 U.S.C. § 1490(a); NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in LIST OF SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS FOR THE WEBINAR: "IMMIGRANT ACCESS TO FEDERALLY ASSISTED HOUSING" (FEB. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/. ¹⁸⁹ See Low Income Housing Tax Credit, N.D. HOUS. FIN. AGENCY, https://www.ndhfa.org/Development/LIHTC.html (last accessed July 20, 2018). The North Dakota Housing Finance Agency allocates the Low Income Housing Tax Credits (LIHTC). The LIHTC program does not impose immigrant restrictions. However, when housing units use these federal funded tax credits or other federal funded subsidies, the housing units with this combination of funding would only be available to immigrants who could meet the eligibility requirements of the federal subsidies involved. See, DEP'T OF HOUS. & URBAN DEV., PIH NOTICE 2017-02 (HA), VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN ACT (VAWA) Self-Petitioner Verification Procedures/.

 [190] NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility For Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. See 8 U.S.C. §§ 1641(b)(2)-(3), (c)(4).
- ¹⁹² See 42 U.S.C. § 1490(a); see also 8 U.S.C. §§ 1641(b)(2)-(3), (c)(4); NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in LIST OF SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS FOR THE WEBINAR: "IMMIGRANT ACCESS TO FEDERALLY ASSISTED HOUSING" (Feb. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/.
- 193 NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in LIST OF SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS FOR THE WEBINAR: "IMMIGRANT ACCESS TO FEDERALLY ASSISTED HOUSING" (Feb. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/ (stating that Section 514/516: Lessee (but not household) must be U.S. Citizen or lawful permanent resident). See 7 C.F.R. § 3560.11 (including immediate family member).

 194 See 7 C.F.R. § 3560.158(d); USDA MFH ASSET MANAGEMENT HANDBOOK HB 2-3650, § 6.30(D) (stating that a remaining family member who is a co-tenant or member of the household, who has the legal capacity to sign the lease, and is a U.S. citizen or qualified immigrant, may remain in the housing after the original tenant has departed); NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in LIST OF SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS FOR THE WEBINAR: "IMMIGRANT ACCESS TO FEDERALLY ASSISTED HOUSING" (Feb. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/; see also 8 U.S.C. §§ 1641(b)(2)-(3), (c)(4).
- ¹⁹⁵ See 42 U.S.C. § 1484(f)(3)(A), 1486(g)(4) (Sections 514 and 516 Farm Labor Housing).
- ¹⁹⁶ See Low Income Housing Tax Credit, N.D. HOUS. FIN. AGENCY, https://www.ndhfa.org/Development/LIHTC.html (last accessed July 20, 2018). The North Dakota Housing Finance Agency allocates the Low Income Housing Tax Credits (LIHTC). The LIHTC program does not impose immigrant restrictions. However, when housing units use these federal funded tax credits or other federal funded subsidies, the housing units with this combination of funding would only be available to immigrants who could meet the eligibility requirements of the federal subsidies involved.
- ¹⁹⁷ See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS certification. Applicants under age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certification)).

 ¹⁹⁸ NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. *See also* 22 U.S.C. 7105(b); OFFICE ON TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS, U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., OTIP-FS-16-01, CERTIFICATION FOR ADULT VICTIMS OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING FACT SHEET 1 (2016), https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification% 20Fact% 20Sheet% 20Posting% 20% 282% 29.pdf.
- 199 See OFFICE ON TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS, U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., OTIP-FS-16-01, CERTIFICATION FOR ADULT VICTIMS OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING FACT SHEET 1 (2016), https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification%20Fact%20Sheet%20Posting%20%282%29.pdf; 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b)(1)(B) (requirement to expand benefits and services); see also 22 U.S.C. 7105(b); 42 U.S.C. § 1485 (Section 515 Rural Housing); 42 U.S.C. § 1490(a) (Section 521 housing assistance); 42 U.S.C. § 1484(f)(3)(A), 1486(g)(4) (Sections 514 and 516 Farm Labor Housing). NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in LIST OF SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS FOR THE WEBINAR: "IMMIGRANT ACCESS TO FEDERALLY ASSISTED HOUSING" (FEB. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/.

- ²⁰⁰ See Low Income Housing Tax Credit, N.D. HOUS. FIN. AGENCY, https://www.ndhfa.org/Development/LIHTC.html (last accessed July 20, 2018). The North Dakota Housing Finance Agency allocates the Low Income Housing Tax Credits (LIHTC). The LIHTC program does not impose immigrant restrictions. However, when housing units use these federal funded tax credits or other federal funded subsidies, the housing units with this combination of funding would only be available to immigrantswho could meet the eligibility requirements of the federal subsidies involved.
- ²⁰¹ See 42 U.S.C. § 1485 (2011); NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in LIST OF SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS FOR THE WEBINAR: "IMMIGRANT ACCESS TO FEDERALLY ASSISTED HOUSING" (FEB. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/.
- ²⁰² May also be eligible for proration in HUD or USDA housing programs, or for federal housing assistance from other unrestricted programs. See 7 C.F.R. § 3560.11 (2012).
- ²⁰³ See Low Income Housing Tax Credit, N.D. HOUS. FIN. AGENCY, https://www.ndhfa.org/Development/LIHTC.html (last accessed July 20, 2018). The North Dakota Housing Finance Agency allocates the Low Income Housing Tax Credits (LIHTC). The LIHTC program does not impose immigrant restrictions. However, when housing units use these federal funded tax credits or other federal funded subsidies, the housing units with this combination of funding would only be available to immigrants who could meet the eligibility requirements of the federal subsidies involved.
- ²⁰⁴ See 42 U.S.C. § 1485 (2011); NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in LIST OF SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS FOR THE WEBINAR: "IMMIGRANT ACCESS TO FEDERALLY ASSISTED HOUSING" (Feb. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/.
- ²⁰⁵ May also be eligible for proration in HUD or USDA housing programs, or for federal housing assistance from unrestricted programs. See 7 C.F.R. § 3560.11 (2012).
- ²⁰⁶ See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).
- ²⁰⁷ NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17*, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.
- ²⁰⁸ See 42 U.S.C. § 1490(a) (2011) (Section 521 rental assistance); 42 U.S.C. §§ 1484(f)(3)(A), 1486(g)(4) (2010) (Sections 514 and 516 Farm Labor Housing); 42 U.S.C. § 1485 (2011) (Section 515 Rural Rental Housing).
- ²⁰⁹ See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1) (2012).
- ²¹⁰ See Low Income Housing Tax Credit, N.D. HOUS. FIN. AGENCY, https://www.ndhfa.org/Development/LIHTC.html (last accessed July 20, 2018). The North Dakota Housing Finance Agency allocates the Low Income Housing Tax Credits (LIHTC). The LIHTC program does not impose immigrant restrictions. However, when housing units use these federal funded tax credits or other federal funded subsidies, the housing units with this combination of funding would only be available to immigrants who could meet the eligibility requirements of the federal subsidies involved.
- ²¹¹ See 42 U.S.C. § 1485 (2011); NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in LIST OF SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS FOR THE WEBINAR: "IMMIGRANT ACCESS TO FEDERALLY ASSISTED HOUSING" (Feb. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/.
- ²¹² May also be eligible for proration in HUD or USDA housing programs, or for federal housing assistance from unrestricted programs. See 7 C.F.R. § 3560.11 (2012).
- ²¹³ See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).
- ²¹⁴ NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011)*, https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.
- ²¹⁵ See 42 U.S.C. § 1490(a) (2011) (Section 521 rental assistance); 42 U.S.C. § 1484(f)(3)(A), 1486(g)(4) (2010) (Sections 514 and 516 Farm Labor Housing); 42 U.S.C. § 1485 (2011) (Section 515 Rural Rental Housing).
- ²¹⁶ See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1) (2012).
- ²¹⁷ See Low Income Housing Tax Credit, N.D. HOUS. FIN. AGENCY, https://www.ndhfa.org/Development/LIHTC.html (last accessed July 20, 2018). The North Dakota Housing Finance Agency allocates the Low Income Housing Tax Credits (LIHTC). The LIHTC program does not impose immigrant restrictions. However, when housing units use these federally funded tax credits or other federally funded subsidies, the housing units with this combination of funding would only be available to immigrants funding would only be available to immigrants who could meet the eligibility requirements of the federal subsidies involved.
- ²¹⁸ See 42 U.S.C. § 1485 (2011); NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in List of Supporting Documents for the Webinar: "Immigrant Access to Federally Assisted Housing" (Feb. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/.
- ²¹⁹ May also be eligible for proration in HUD or USDA housing programs, or for federal housing assistance from unrestricted programs. *See* 7 C.F.R. § 3560.11 (2012). ²²⁰ *See Low Income Housing Tax Credit*, N.D. HOUS. FIN. AGENCY, https://www.ndhfa.org/Development/LIHTC.html (last accessed July 20, 2018). The North Dakota
- Housing Finance Agency allocates the Low Income Housing Tax Credits (LIHTC). The LIHTC program does not impose immigrant restrictions. However, when housing units use

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these federal funded tax credits or other federal funded subsidies, the housing units with this combination of funding would only be available to immigrants who could meet the eligibility requirements of the federal subsidies involved.

- ²²¹ See 42 U.S.C. § 1485 (2011); NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in LIST OF SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS FOR THE WEBINAR: "IMMIGRANT ACCESS TO FEDERALLY ASSISTED HOUSING" (Feb. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/.
- ²²² May also be eligible for proration in HUD or USDA housing programs, or for federal housing assistance from unrestricted programs. See 7 C.F.R. § 3560.11 (2012).
- ²²³ See Low Income Housing Tax Credit, N.D. HOUS. FIN. AGENCY, https://www.ndhfa.org/Development/LIHTC.html (last accessed July 20, 2018). The North Dakota Housing Finance Agency allocates the Low Income Housing Tax Credits (LIHTC). The LIHTC program does not impose immigrant restrictions. However, when housing units use these federal funded tax credits or other federal funded subsidies, the housing units with this combination of funding would only be available to immigrants who could meet the eligibility requirements of the federal subsidies involved. Prior to receipt of lawful permanent residency
- ²²⁴ 26 U.S.C. § 24; U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 972, CHILD TAX CREDIT, at 3 (2017).
- ²²⁵ 26 U.S.C. § 24(f); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 972, CHILD TAX CREDIT, at 2 (2017).
- ²²⁶ See https://www.irs.gov/individuals/individual-taxpayer-identification-number (IRS ITIN Information Page).
- ²²⁷ 26 U.S.C.A § 21(b); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 503, CHILD AND DEPENDENT CARE EXPENSES, at 1, 3 (2017).
- ²²⁸ U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 503, CHILD AND DEPENDENT CARE EXPENSES, at 3 (2017).
- ²²⁹ U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 503, CHILD AND DEPENDENT CARE EXPENSES, at 2 (2017).
- ²³⁰ 26 U.S.C. § 32(c)(1)(D); see also 26 U.S.C. § 6013(g); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 5, 18 (2017); see also U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 4 (2017).
- ²³¹ U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 4 (2017); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 31 (2017).
- ²³² U.S. Dep't of Treasury, I.R.S., pub. 519, U.S. Tax Guide for Aliens, at 31-32 (2017); U.S. Dep't of Treasury, I.R.S., pub. 596, Earned Income Credit (EIC), at 7 (2017).
- ²³³ U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 1, 31-32 (2018).
- ²³⁴ 26 U.S.C. § 32(c)(1)(D); see also 26 U.S.C. § 6013(g); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 5, 18 (2017); see also U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 4 (2017).
- ²³⁵ U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 4 (2017); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 31 (2017).
- ²³⁶ U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 31-32 (2017); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 7 (2017).
- ²³⁷ U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 1, 31-32 (2018).
- ²³⁸ 26 U.S.C. § 32(c)(1)(D); see also 26 U.S.C. § 6013(g); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 5, 18 (2017); see also U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 4 (2017).
- ²³⁹ U.S. Dep't of Treasury, I.R.S., pub. 596. Earned Income Credit (EIC), at 4 (2017); U.S. Dep't of Treasury, I.R.S., pub. 519, U.S. Tax Guide for Aliens, at 31 (2017).
- ²⁴⁰ U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 31-32 (2017); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 7 (2017).
- ²⁴¹ U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 1, 31-32 (2018).
- ²⁴² 26 U.S.C. § 32(c)(1)(D); see also 26 U.S.C. § 6013(g); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 5, 18 (2017); see also U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 4 (2017).
- ²⁴³ U.S. Dep't of Treasury, I.R.S., pub. 596, Earned Income Credit (EIC), at 4 (2017); U.S. Dep't of Treasury, I.R.S., pub. 519, U.S. Tax Guide for Aliens, at 31 (2017).
- ²⁴⁴ U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 31-32 (2017); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 7 (2017).
- ²⁴⁵ U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 1, 31-32 (2018).
- ²⁴⁶ 26 U.S.C. § 32(c)(1)(D); see also 26 U.S.C. § 6013(g); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 5, 18 (2017); see also U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 4 (2017).
- ²⁴⁷ U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 4 (2017); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 31 (2017).
- ²⁴⁸ U.S. Dep't of Treasury, I.R.S., pub. 519, U.S. Tax Guide for Aliens, at 31-32 (2017); U.S. Dep't of Treasury, I.R.S., pub. 596, Earned Income Credit (EIC), at 7 (2017).
- ²⁴⁹ U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 1, 31-32 (2018).

²⁵⁰ See Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005, NAT'L LEGAL AID & DEFENDER ASS'N CORNERSTONE Jan.-Apr. 2015, at 20, http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/anti-abuse-lsc-reg-articles-cornerstone_jan-apr-2015/ (describing Legal Services Corporation funded legal services available to immigrant victims of violence and their families).

251 Battered or subjected to extreme cruelty includes, but is not limited to, being the victim of any act or threatened act of violence, including any forceful detention, which results

or threatens to result in physical or mental injury. Psychological or sexual abuse or exploitation, including rape, molestation, incest (if the victim is a minor), or forced prostitution may be considered acts of violence. Other abusive actions may also be acts of violence under certain circumstances, including acts that, in and of themselves, may not initially appear violent but that are a part of an overall pattern of violence. 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(b) (1996). The definition of battering or extreme cruelty is identical to that in the immigration regulations. See 45 C.F.R. §§ 1626.4(a)(1)(i) (1996) (victim); 45 C.F.R. §§ 1626.4(a)(1)(ii) (1996) (parent of victim); Leslye E. Orloff, Brittnay Roberts & Stefanie Gitler, Battering and Extreme Cruelty: Drawing Examples from Civil Protection Order and Family Law Cases, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (Sept. 12, 2015), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/extreme-cruelty-examples-protection-order/. Compare 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(b) (1997) and 8 C.F.R. § 204.2(c)(1)(vi) (2012). ²⁵² The abuse may have occurred either inside or outside of the U.S. See RONALD S. FLAGG, GENERAL COUNSEL & VICE PRESIDENT FOR LEGAL AFFAIRS, LEGAL SERVICES CORPORATION, PROGRAM LETTER 14-3: ASSESSING ELIGIBILITY OF ALIENS UNDER 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(c)(1) (2014) (interpreting 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(c)). ²⁵³ 45 C.F.R. 1626.4 (b) ("Related legal assistance means legal assistance directly related" "to the prevention of, or obtaining relief from, the battery [or] cruelty" and "includes representation in matters that will assist a person eligible for assistance under this part to escape from the abusive situation, ameliorate the current effects of the abuse, or protect against future abuse, so long as the recipient can show the necessary connection of the representation to the abuse. Such representation may include immigration law matters and domestic or poverty law matters (such as obtaining civil protective orders, divorce, paternity, child custody, child and spousal support, housing, public benefits, employment, abuse and neglect, juvenile proceedings and contempt actions)."). See also Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005, NAT'L LEGAL AID & DEFENDER ASS'N CORNERSTONE Jan.-Apr. 2015, at 20, http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/anti-abuse-lsc-reg-articlescornerstone jan-apr-2015/; Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey, & Leslye E. Orloff, And Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005's New Path to Legal Services Corporation Funded Representation for Immigrant Survivors of Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, Human Trafficking, and Other Crimes, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Nov. 3, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/and-legal-services-for-all/; Catherine Longville, Henrissa Bassey

²⁵⁴ 45 C.F.R. § 1626.5(a).

²⁵⁵ 45 C.F.R. § 1626.5(b).

²⁵⁶ Upon applying for 45 C.F.R. § 1626.5(b) or receiving lawful permanent residency 45 C.F.R. § 1626.5(a) victim switch eligibility tracks from anti-abuse (which includes a restriction that the legal assistance be related to the abuse 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4 to immigration related eligibility under for 45 C.F.R. § 1626.5 under which applicants are eligible of any legal assistance offered by the LSC funded agency. *See* Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, *Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005*, NAT'L LEGAL AID & DEFENDER Ass'n CORNERSTONE Jan.-Apr. 2015, at 20, http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/anti-abuse-lsc-reg-articles-cornerstone_jan-apr-2015/; Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey, & Leslye E. Orloff, *And Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005's New Path to Legal Services Corporation Funded Representation for Immigrant Survivors of Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, Human Trafficking, and Other Crimes, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP)*, (Nov. 3, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/and-legal-services-for-all/; Catherine Longville, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, *Guide: Access to Publicly Funded Legal Services for Immigrant Survivors*, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Oct. 1, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/lsc-tool-accesspubliclyfundedls/.

& Leslve E. Orloff, Guide: Access to Publicly Funded Legal Services for Immigrant Survivors, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Oct. 1, 2014).

²⁵⁷ OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, FY 2018 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS GRANT PROGRAM PRE-APPLICATION CONFERENCE CALL TUESDAY, DECEMBER 19, 2017, https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/1020436/download ("The purpose of the LAV Program is to increase the availability of civil and criminal legal assistance needed to effectively aid adult and youth victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking who are seeking relief in legal matters relating to or arising out of that abuse or violence, at minimum or no cost to the victims. The LAV Grant Program supports the provision of holistic legal services. For example, survivors may also need legal assistance with other legal matters relating to or arising out of the abuse or violence, including family matters such as divorce, child custody or child support, immigration, administrative agency proceedings, housing, and assistance related to human trafficking.").

²⁵⁸ Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2000 § 1512, 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)); Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000, tit. II, § 1201(a), Pub. L. 106-386, 114 Stat. 1464 (2000) [hereinafter VAWA 2000], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/vawa-gov-vawa-2000-pub-l-106-386-10-28-00/.

²⁵⁹ Violence Against Women and Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005 § 103, Pub. L. 109-162, 119 Stat. 2960 (2006) (codified at 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017)) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)) [hereinafter VAWA 2005], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/senate-judicial-hearing-july-19-2005-1/.

http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/lsc-tool-accesspubliclyfundedls/.

- ²⁶⁰ See, e.g., OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, OVW FY 2017 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS (LAV) GRANT PROGRAM SOLICITATION (2017), https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/922496/download (listing representation of child sexual assault victims under age of 11 as out-of-scope for Legal Assistance for Victims grant funded programs).
- ²⁶¹ See 45 C.F.R. § 1626.5(c).
- ²⁶² See 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(1)(i) (trafficking victim); 45 C.F.R. §§ 1626.4 (a)(1)(ii) (parent of trafficking victim); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(k)(2) (A "victim of trafficking" under the anti-abuse regulation is a victim of any conduct included in the definition of "trafficking" under law, including, but not limited to, local, state, and federal law, and T visa holders regardless of certification from the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS)); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(c)(2)(ii) (stating that to qualify for legal assistance by an LSC funded agency, the trafficking must have occurred in the U.S. or violate U.S. law, 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(c)(1), and the trafficking victim must be present in the U.S. at the time of the application for legal assistance).
- ²⁶³ See 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(2).
- ²⁶⁴ OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, FY 2018 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS GRANT PROGRAM PRE-APPLICATION CONFERENCE CALL TUESDAY, DECEMBER 19, 2017, https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/1020436/download ("The purpose of the LAV Program is to increase the availability of civil and criminal legal assistance needed to effectively aid adult and youth victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking who are seeking relief in legal matters relating to or arising out of that abuse or violence, at minimum or no cost to the victims. The LAV Grant Program supports the provision of holistic legal services. For example, survivors may also need legal assistance with other legal matters relating to or arising out of the abuse or violence, including family matters such as divorce, child custody or child support, immigration, administrative agency proceedings, housing, and assistance related to human trafficking.").
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- ²⁶⁶ Violence Against Women and Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005 § 103, Pub. L. 109-162, 119 Stat. 2960 (2006) (codified at 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017)) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)) [hereinafter VAWA 2005], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/senate-judicial-hearing-july-19-2005-1/.
- ²⁶⁷ See, e.g., OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, OVW FY 2017 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS (LAV) GRANT PROGRAM SOLICITATION (2017), https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/922496/download (listing representation of child sexual assault victims under age of 11 as out-of-scope for Legal Assistance for Victims grant funded programs).
- ²⁶⁸ See 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(2)(i)(A) (HHS certified victim); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(2)(ii) (seeking certification); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(j) ("Victim of severe forms of trafficking" means any person described at 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b)(1)(C), with the inclusion of those still seeking HHS certification.); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(c)(1) (stating that to qualify for legal assistance by an LSC funded agency, the victim must be present in the U.S. at the time of the application for legal assistance, 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(c)(2)(ii), and the trafficking must have occurred in the U.S. or violated U.S. law).
- ²⁶⁹ See 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(2)(i)(B) (visa holder); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(2)(ii) (visa applicant); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(c) (stating that eligibility for legal assistance under these provisions does not require HHS certification, 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(2)(ii), although the trafficking must either have occurred in the U.S. or violated U.S. law).
- ²⁷⁰ OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, FY 2018 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS GRANT PROGRAM PRE-APPLICATION CONFERENCE CALL TUESDAY, DECEMBER 19, 2017, https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/1020436/download ("The purpose of the LAV Program is to increase the availability of civil and criminal legal assistance needed to effectively aid adult and youth victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking who are seeking relief in legal matters relating to or arising out of that abuse or violence, at minimum or no cost to the victims. The LAV Grant Program supports the provision of holistic legal services. For example, survivors may also need legal assistance with other legal matters relating to or arising out of the abuse or violence, including family matters such as divorce, child custody or child support, immigration, administrative agency proceedings, housing, and assistance related to human trafficking.").
- ²⁷¹ Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2000 § 1512, 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)); Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000, tit. II, § 1201(a), Pub. L. 106-386, 114 Stat. 1464 (2000) [hereinafter VAWA 2000], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/vawa-gov-vawa-2000-pub-l-106-386-10-28-00/.
- ²⁷² Violence Against Women and Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005 § 103, Pub. L. 109-162, 119 Stat. 2960 (2006) (codified at 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017)) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)) [hereinafter VAWA 2005], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/senate-judicial-hearing-july-19-2005-1/.
- ²⁷³ See, e.g., OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, OVW FY 2017 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS (LAV) GRANT PROGRAM SOLICITATION (2017), https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/922496/download (listing representation of child sexual assault victims under age of 11 as out-of-scope for Legal Assistance for Victims grant funded programs).
- ²⁷⁴ See 45 C.F.R. §§ 1626.4(a)(1)(i) (crime victim or family member eligible for U visa relief); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(1)(ii) (parent of U visa eligible child); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(h) (definitions); 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(15)(U)(i)(I)-(a)(15)(U)(iii) (stating that to qualify for a U visa, the victim must have suffered substantial physical or mental abuse as a result of American University, Washington College of Law

having been a victim of one or more of the following, or any similar activity in violation of Federal, State, or local criminal law: rape; torture; trafficking; incest; domestic violence; sexual assault; abusive sexual contact; prostitution; sexual exploitation; stalking; female genital mutilation; being held hostage; peonage; involuntary servitude; slave trade; kidnapping; abduction; unlawful criminal restraint; false imprisonment; blackmail; extortion; manslaughter; murder; felonious assault; witness tampering; obstruction of justice; perjury; fraud in foreign labor contracting (as defined in section 1351 of title 18); or attempt, conspiracy, or solicitation to commit any of the above mentioned crimes); Leslye E. Orloff, Brittany Roberts & Stefanie Gitler, *Battering and Extreme Cruelty: Drawing Examples from Civil Protection Order and Family Law Cases*, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (Sept. 12, 2015), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/extreme-cruelty-examples-protection-order/ (suggesting the definition of battering or extreme cruelty is identical to that in the immigration regulations). *Compare* 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(b) *and* 8 C.F.R. § 204.2(c)(1)(vi).

²⁷⁵ 45 C.F.R. §§ 1626.4(a)(1)(i) (victim); 45 C.F.R. §§ 1626.4(a)(1)(ii) (parent of victim); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(k) ("Victim of sexual assault or trafficking" means a victim of sexual assault subjected to any conduct included in the definition of sexual assault in VAWA, 42 U.S.C. 13925(a)(29), or a victim of trafficking subjected to any conduct included in the definition of "trafficking" under law, including, but not limited to, local, state, and federal law, and T visa holders regardless of certification from the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.).

²⁷⁶ The abuse must either have occurred in the U.S. or violate U.S. law. See 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(c).

277 Related legal assistance means legal assistance directly related to the prevention of, or obtaining relief from, the battery or cruelty and includes representation in matters that will assist a person eligible for assistance under this part to escape from the abusive situation, ameliorate the current effects of the abuse, or protect against future abuse, so long as the recipient can show the necessary connection of the representation to the abuse. Such representation may include immigration law matters and domestic or poverty law matters (such as obtaining civil protective orders, divorce, paternity, child custody, child and spousal support, housing, public benefits, employment, abuse and neglect, juvenile proceedings and contempt actions). 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4 (b); see also Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005, NAT'L LEGAL AID & DEFENDER ASS'N CORNERSTONE Jan.-Apr. 2015, at 20, http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/anti-abuse-lsc-reg-articles-cornerstone_jan-apr-2015/ (describing Legal Services Corporation funded legal services available to immigrant victims of violence and their families); Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey, & Leslye E. Orloff, And Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005's New Path to Legal Services Corporation Funded Representation for Immigrant Survivors of Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, Human Trafficking, and Other Crimes, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Nov. 3, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/and-legal-services-for-all/; Catherine Longville, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Guide: Access to Publicly Funded Legal Services for Immigrant Survivors, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Oct. 1, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/lsc-tool-accesspubliclyfundedls/.

²⁷⁸ OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, FY 2018 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS GRANT PROGRAM PRE-APPLICATION CONFERENCE CALL TUESDAY, DECEMBER 19, 2017, https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/1020436/download ("The purpose of the LAV Program is to increase the availability of civil and criminal legal assistance needed to effectively aid adult and youth victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking who are seeking relief in legal matters relating to or arising out of that abuse or violence, at minimum or no cost to the victims. The LAV Grant Program supports the provision of holistic legal services. For example, survivors may also need legal assistance with other legal matters relating to or arising out of the abuse or violence, including family matters such as divorce, child custody or child support, immigration, administrative agency proceedings, housing, and assistance related to human trafficking.").

²⁷⁹ Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2000 § 1512, 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)); Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000, tit. II, § 1201(a), Pub. L. 106-386, 114 Stat. 1464 (2000) [hereinafter VAWA 2000], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/vawa-gov-vawa-2000-pub-l-106-386-10-28-00/.

²⁸⁰ Violence Against Women and Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005 § 103, Pub. L. 109-162, 119 Stat. 2960 (2006) (codified at 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017)) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)) [hereinafter VAWA 2005], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/senate-judicial-hearing-july-19-2005-1/.

²⁸¹ See, e.g. Office on Violence Against Women, U.S. Dep't of Justice, OVW FY 2017 Legal Assistance for Victims (LAV) Grant Program Solicitation (2017), https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/922496/download (listing representation of child sexual assault victims under age of 11 as out-of-scope for Legal Assistance for Victims grant funded programs).

²⁸² 45 C.F.R. §§ 1626.4(a)(1)(i); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(b) ("Battered or subjected to extreme cruelty includes, but is not limited to, being the victim of any act or threatened act of violence, including any forceful detention, which results or threatens to result in physical or mental injury. Psychological or sexual abuse or exploitation, including rape, molestation, incest (if the victim is a minor), or forced prostitution may be considered acts of violence. Other abusive actions may also be acts of violence under certain circumstances, including acts that, in and of themselves, may not initially appear violent but that are a part of an overall pattern of violence."). *See* Leslye E. Orloff, Brittnay Roberts & Stefanie Gitler, *Battering and Extreme Cruelty: Drawing Examples from Civil Protection Order and Family Law Cases*, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (Sept. 12, 2015), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/extreme-cruelty-examples-protection-order/ (suggesting the definition of battering or extreme cruelty is identical to that in the immigration regulations). *Compare* 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(b) *and* 8 C.F.R. § 204.2(c)(1)(vi).

²⁸³ 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(1)(i); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(k) ("Victim of sexual assault or trafficking" means a victim of sexual assault subjected to any conduct included in the definition of sexual assault in VAWA, 42 U.S.C. 13925(a)(29), or a victim of trafficking subjected to any conduct included in the definition of "trafficking" under law, including, but not limited to, local, state, and federal law, and T visa holders regardless of certification from the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.).

²⁸⁴ 45 C.F.R. 1626.4(b) ("Related legal assistance means legal assistance directly related" "to the prevention of, or obtaining relief from, the battery [or] cruelty" and "includes representation in matters that will assist a person eligible for assistance under this part to escape from the abusive situation, ameliorate the current effects of the abuse, or protect against future abuse, so long as the recipient can show the necessary connection of the representation to the abuse. Such representation may include immigration law matters and domestic or poverty law matters (such as obtaining civil protective orders, divorce, paternity, child custody, child and spousal support, housing, public benefits, employment, abuse and neglect, juvenile proceedings and contempt actions)."). See also Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005, NAT'L LEGAL AID & DEFENDER ASS'N CORNERSTONE Jan.-Apr. 2015, at 20, http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/anti-abuse-lsc-reg-articles-cornerstone_jan-apr-2015/ (describing Legal Services Corporation funded legal services available to immigrant victims of violence and their families); Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey, & Leslye E. Orloff, And Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005's New Path to Legal Services Corporation Funded Representation for Immigrant Survivors of Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, Human Trafficking, and Other Crimes, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Nov. 3, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/and-legal-services-for-all/; Catherine Longville, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Guide: Access to Publicly Funded Legal Services for Immigrant Survivors, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Oct. 1, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/lsc-tool-accesspubliclyfundedls/.

²⁸⁵ See 45 C.F.R. § 1626.5(a).

²⁸⁶ See 45 C.F.R. § 1626.5(b); Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005, NAT'L LEGAL AID & DEFENDER ASS'N CORNERSTONE Jan.-Apr. 2015, at 20, http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/anti-abuse-lsc-reg-articles-cornerstone_jan-apr-2015/ (describing Legal Services Corporation funded legal services available to immigrant victims of violence and their families); Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey, & Leslye E. Orloff, And Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005's New Path to Legal Services Corporation Funded Representation for Immigrant Survivors of Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, Human Trafficking, and Other Crimes, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Nov. 3, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/and-legal-services-for-all/; Catherine Longville, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Guide: Access to Publicly Funded Legal Services for Immigrant Survivors, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Oct. 1, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/lsc-tool-accesspubliclyfundedls/.

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²⁸⁸ Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2000 § 1512, 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)); Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000, tit. II, § 1201(a), Pub. L. 106-386, 114 Stat. 1464 (2000) [hereinafter VAWA 2000], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/vawa-gov-vawa-2000-pub-l-106-386-10-28-00/.

²⁸⁹ Violence Against Women and Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005 § 103, Pub. L. 109-162, 119 Stat. 2960 (2006) (codified at 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017)) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)) [hereinafter VAWA 2005], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/senate-judicial-hearing-july-19-2005-1/.

²⁹⁰ See, e.g., Office on Violence Against Women, U.S. Dep't of Justice, OVW FY 2017 Legal Assistance for Victims (LAV) Grant Program Solicitation (2017), https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/922496/download (listing representation of child sexual assault victims under age of 11 as out-of-scope for Legal Assistance for Victims grant funded programs).

²⁹¹ 45 C.F.R. §§ 1626.4(a)(1)(i) (crime victim or family member eligible for U visa relief); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(1)(ii) (parent of U visa eligible child); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(h) (definitions); 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(15)(U)(i)(I)-(a)(15)(U)(iii) (stating that to qualify for a U visa, the victim must have suffered substantial physical or mental abuse as a result of having been a victim of one or more of the following, or any similar activity in violation of Federal, State, or local criminal law: rape; torture; trafficking; incest; domestic violence; sexual assault; abusive sexual contact; prostitution; sexual exploitation; stalking; female genital mutilation; being held hostage; peonage; involuntary servitude; slave trade; kidnapping; abduction; unlawful criminal restraint; false imprisonment; blackmail; extortion; manslaughter; murder; felonious assault; witness tampering; obstruction of justice; perjury; fraud in foreign labor contracting (as defined in section 1351 of title 18); or attempt, conspiracy, or solicitation to commit any of the above mentioned crimes).

²⁹² To qualify for legal representation by an LSC funded agency, the abuse must either have occurred inside the U.S. law. 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(c)(1).

²⁹³ "Related legal assistance means legal assistance directly related" "to the prevention of, or obtaining relief from, the battery [or] cruelty" and "includes representation in matters that will assist a person eligible for assistance under this part to escape from the abusive situation, ameliorate the current effects of the abuse, or protect against future abuse, so

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long as the recipient can show the necessary connection of the representation to the abuse. Such representation may include immigration law matters and domestic or poverty law matters (such as obtaining civil protective orders, divorce, paternity, child custody, child and spousal support, housing, public benefits, employment, abuse and neglect, juvenile proceedings and contempt actions)." 45 C.F.R. 1626.4 (b); see also Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005, NAT'L LEGAL AID & DEFENDER ASS'N CORNERSTONE Jan.-Apr. 2015, at 20, http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/anti-abuse-lsc-reg-articles-cornerstone_jan-apr-2015/; Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey, & Leslye E. Orloff, And Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005's New Path to Legal Services Corporation Funded Representation for Immigrant Survivors of Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, Human Trafficking, and Other Crimes, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Nov. 3, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/and-legal-services-for-all/; Catherine Longville, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Guide: Access to Publicly Funded Legal Services for Immigrant Survivors, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Oct. 1, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/lsc-tool-accesspubliclyfundedls/.

²⁹⁴ See 45 C.F.R. § 1626.5(a).

²⁹⁵ See 45 C.F.R. § 1626.5(b); Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005, NAT'L LEGAL AID & DEFENDER ASS'N CORNERSTONE Jan.-Apr. 2015, at 20, http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/anti-abuse-lsc-reg-articles-cornerstone_jan-apr-2015/; Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey, & Leslye E. Orloff, And Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005's New Path to Legal Services Corporation Funded Representation for Immigrant Survivors of Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, Human Trafficking, and Other Crimes, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Nov. 3, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/and-legal-services-for-all/; Catherine Longville, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Guide: Access to Publicly Funded Legal Services for Immigrant Survivors, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Oct. 1, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/lsc-tool-accesspubliclyfundedls/.

²⁹⁶ OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, FY 2018 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS GRANT PROGRAM PRE-APPLICATION CONFERENCE CALL TUESDAY, DECEMBER 19, 2017, https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/1020436/download ("The purpose of the LAV Program is to increase the availability of civil and criminal legal assistance needed to effectively aid adult and youth victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking who are seeking relief in legal matters relating to or arising out of that abuse or violence, at minimum or no cost to the victims. The LAV Grant Program supports the provision of holistic legal services. For example, survivors may also need legal assistance with other legal matters relating to or arising out of the abuse or violence, including family matters such as divorce, child custody or child support, immigration, administrative agency proceedings, housing, and assistance related to human trafficking.").

²⁹⁷ Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2000 § 1512, 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)); Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000, tit. II, § 1201(a), Pub. L. 106-386, 114 Stat. 1464 (2000) [hereinafter VAWA 2000], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/vawa-gov-vawa-2000-pub-l-106-386-10-28-00/.

²⁹⁸ Violence Against Women and Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005 § 103, Pub. L. 109-162, 119 Stat. 2960 (2006) (codified at 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017)) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)) [hereinafter VAWA 2005], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/senate-judicial-hearing-july-19-2005-1/. ²⁹⁹ See, e.g., Office on Violence Against Women, U.S. Dep't of Justice, OVW FY 2017 Legal Assistance for Victims (LAV) Grant Program Solicitation (2017), https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/922496/download (listing representation of child sexual assault victims under age of 11 as out-of-scope for Legal Assistance for Victims grant funded programs).

³⁰⁰ See 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(1)(i) (crime victim or family member eligible for U visa relief); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(1)(ii) (parent of U visa eligible child); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(h) (definitions); 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(15)(U)(i)(I)-(a)(15)(U)(iii) (stating that to qualify for a U visa, the victim must have suffered substantial physical or mental abuse as a result of having been a victim of one or more of the following, or any similar activity in violation of Federal, State, or local criminal law: rape; torture; trafficking; incest; domestic violence; sexual assault; abusive sexual contact; prostitution; sexual exploitation; stalking; female genital mutilation; being held hostage; peonage; involuntary servitude; slave trade; kidnapping; abduction; unlawful criminal restraint; false imprisonment; blackmail; extortion; manslaughter; murder; felonious assault; witness tampering; obstruction of justice; perjury; fraud in foreign labor contracting (as defined in section 1351 of title 18); or attempt, conspiracy, or solicitation to commit any of the above mentioned crimes). ³⁰¹ To qualify for legal representation by an LSC funded agency, the abuse must either have occurred inside the U.S. or violated U.S. law. 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(c)(1). ³⁰² 45 C.F.R. 1626.4 (b) ("Related legal assistance means legal assistance directly related" "to the prevention of, or obtaining relief from, the battery [or] cruelty" and "includes representation in matters that will assist a person eligible for assistance under this part to escape from the abusive situation, ameliorate the current effects of the abuse, or protect against future abuse, so long as the recipient can show the necessary connection of the representation to the abuse. Such representation may include immigration law matters and domestic or poverty law matters (such as obtaining civil protective orders, divorce, paternity, child custody, child and spousal support, housing, public benefits, employment, abuse and neglect, juvenile proceedings and contempt actions)."). See also Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005, NAT'L LEGAL AID & DEFENDER ASS'N CORNERSTONE Jan.-Apr. 2015, at 20, http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/anti-abuse-lsc-reg-articlescornerstone jan-apr-2015/ (describing Legal Services Corporation funded legal services available to immigrant victims of violence and their families); Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey, & Leslye E. Orloff, And Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005's New Path to Legal Services Corporation Funded NIVAP American University, Washington College of Law 36

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³⁰³OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, FY 2018 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS GRANT PROGRAM PRE-APPLICATION CONFERENCE CALL TUESDAY, DECEMBER 19, 2017, https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/1020436/download ("The purpose of the LAV Program is to increase the availability of civil and criminal legal assistance needed to effectively aid adult and youth victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking who are seeking relief in legal matters relating to or arising out of that abuse or violence, at minimum or no cost to the victims. The LAV Grant Program supports the provision of holistic legal services. For example, survivors may also need legal assistance with other legal matters relating to or arising out of the abuse or violence, including family matters such as divorce, child custody or child support, immigration, administrative agency proceedings, housing, and assistance related to human trafficking.").

³⁰⁴ Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2000 § 1512, 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)); Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000, tit. II, § 1201(a), Pub. L. 106-386, 114 Stat. 1464 (2000) [hereinafter VAWA 2000], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/vawa-gov-vawa-2000-pub-l-106-386-10-28-00/.

³⁰⁵ Violence Against Women and Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005 § 103, Pub. L. 109-162, 119 Stat. 2960 (2006) (codified at 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017)) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)) [hereinafter VAWA 2005], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/senate-judicial-hearing-july-19-2005-1/.

³⁰⁶ See, e.g., Office on Violence Against Women, U.S. Dep't of Justice, OVW FY 2017 Legal Assistance for Victims (LAV) Grant Program Solicitation (2017), https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/922496/download (listing representation of child sexual assault victims under age of 11 as out-of-scope for Legal Assistance for Victims grant funded programs).

³⁰⁷ 45 C.F.R. §§ 1626.4(a)(1)(i) (1996) (victim); 45 C.F.R. §§ 1626.4(a)(1)(ii) (1996) (parent of victim); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(b) (1996) ("Battered or subjected to extreme cruelty includes, but is not limited to, being the victim of any act or threatened act of violence, including any forceful detention, which results or threatens to result in physical or mental injury. Psychological or sexual abuse or exploitation, including rape, molestation, incest (if the victim is a minor), or forced prostitution may be considered acts of violence. Other abusive actions may also be acts of violence under certain circumstances, including acts that, in and of themselves, may not initially appear violent but that are a part of an overall pattern of violence. The definition of battering or extreme cruelty is identical to that in the immigration regulations." *See* Leslye E. Orloff, Brittnay Roberts & Stefanie Gitler, *Battering and Extreme Cruelty: Drawing Examples from Civil Protection Order and Family Law Cases*, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (Sept. 12, 2015), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/extreme-cruelty-examples-protection-order/. *Compare* 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(b) (1997) *and* 8 C.F.R. § 204.2(c)(1)(vi) (2012).

308 See 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(1)(i) (victim); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(1)(ii) (parent of victim); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(k) ("Victim of sexual assault or trafficking" means a victim of sexual assault subjected to any conduct included in the definition of "trafficking" under law, including, but not limited to, local, state, and federal law, and T visa holders regardless of certification from the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.).

³⁰⁹ The abuse must either have occurred in the U.S. or violate U.S. law. See 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(c).

³¹⁰ See also 45 C.F.R. 1626.4(b) ("Related legal assistance means legal assistance directly related to the prevention of, or obtaining relief from, the battery or cruelty and includes representation in matters that will assist a person eligible for assistance under this part to escape from the abusive situation, ameliorate the current effects of the abuse, or protect against future abuse, so long as the recipient can show the necessary connection of the representation to the abuse. Such representation may include immigration law matters and domestic or poverty law matters (such as obtaining civil protective orders, divorce, paternity, child custody, child and spousal support, housing, public benefits, employment, abuse and neglect, juvenile proceedings and contempt actions)."; Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005, NAT'L LEGAL AID & DEFENDER ASS'N CORNERSTONE Jan.-Apr. 2015, at 20, http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/anti-abuse-lsc-reg-articles-cornerstone_jan-apr-2015/; Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey, & Leslye E. Orloff, And Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005's New Path to Legal Services Corporation Funded Representation for Immigrant Survivors of Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, Human Trafficking, and Other Crimes, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Nov. 3, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/and-legal-services-for-all/; Catherine Longville, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Guide: Access to Publicly Funded Legal Services for Immigrant Survivors, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Oct. 1, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/lsc-tool-accesspubliclyfundedls/.

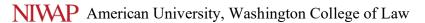
311 OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, FY 2018 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS GRANT PROGRAM PRE-APPLICATION CONFERENCE CALL TUESDAY, DECEMBER 19, 2017, https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/1020436/download ("The purpose of the LAV Program is to increase the availability of civil and criminal legal assistance needed to effectively aid adult and youth victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, and stalking who are seeking relief in legal matters relating to or arising out of that abuse or violence, at minimum or no cost to the victims. The LAV Grant Program supports the provision of holistic legal services. For example, survivors may

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- ³¹³ Violence Against Women and Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005 § 103, Pub. L. 109-162, 119 Stat. 2960 (2006) (codified at 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017)) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)) [hereinafter VAWA 2005], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/senate-judicial-hearing-july-19-2005-1/.
- ³¹⁴ See, e.g., OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, OVW FY 2017 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS (LAV) GRANT PROGRAM SOLICITATION (2017), https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/922496/download (listing representation of child sexual assault victims under age of 11 as out-of-scope for Legal Assistance for Victims grant funded programs).
- ³¹⁵ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Low-Income Home Energy (LIHEAP) and Weatherization Assistance Programs (WAP) in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 150, 150-51 (4th ed. 2002, rev. May 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/liheapwap_pp150-51_053006.pdf.
- NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., Low-Income Home Energy (LIHEAP) and Weatherization Assistance Programs (WAP) in GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 150, 150-51 (4th ed. 2002, rev. May 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/liheapwap pp150-51 053006.pdf. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c).
- ³¹⁷ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Low-Income Home Energy (LIHEAP) and Weatherization Assistance Programs (WAP) in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 150, 150-51 (4th ed. 2002, rev. May 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/liheapwap_pp150-51_053006.pdf.
- ³¹⁸ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Low-Income Home Energy (LIHEAP) and Weatherization Assistance Programs (WAP) in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 150, 150-51 (4th ed. 2002, rev. May 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/liheapwap_pp150-51_053006.pdf. *See* 8 U.S.C. §§ 1641(b)(2), (b)(3), (c)(4).
- ³¹⁹ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Low-Income Home Energy (LIHEAP) and Weatherization Assistance Programs (WAP) in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 150, 150-51 (4th ed. 2002, rev. May 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/liheapwap_pp150-51_053006.pdf.
- ³²⁰ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Low-Income Home Energy (LIHEAP) and Weatherization Assistance Programs (WAP) in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 150, 150-51 (4th ed. 2002, rev. May 2006)*, https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/liheapwap_pp150-51_053006.pdf; Office on Trafficking in Persons, U.S. Dep't of Health & Hum. Serv., OTIP-FS-16-01, Certification for Adult Victims of Human Trafficking Fact Sheet 1 (2016),
- https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification%20Fact%20Sheet%20Posting%20%282%29.pdf. See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS certification. Applicants under age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certification)).
- ³²¹ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Low-Income Home Energy (LIHEAP) and Weatherization Assistance Programs (WAP) in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 150, 150-51 (4th ed. 2002, rev. May 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/liheapwap_pp150-51_053006.pdf.
- ³²² NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Low-Income Home Energy (LIHEAP) and Weatherization Assistance Programs (WAP) in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 150, 150-51 (4th ed. 2002, rev. May 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/liheapwap_pp150-51_053006.pdf.
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- ³⁴⁵ See FED. EMERGENCY MGMT. AGENCY, FEMA CITIZENSHIP/IMMIGRATION REQUIREMENTS (2015), https://www.fema.gov/faq-details/FEMA-Citizenship-Immigration-requirements-1370032118159 (stating that undocumented individuals can apply on behalf of a minor US citizen child who has a social security card).
- ³⁴⁶ To be eligible for unemployment insurance, each class of immigrant must have had prior work authorization and had to have been working with the authorization at the time they applied for unemployment. Work authorization must remain valid while they receive unemployment and if work authorization expires, then so does the eligibility for unemployment.
- ³⁴⁷ 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(1)(B)(i), or (ii); or 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(2), or (3).
- ³⁴⁸ 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(3).
- ³⁴⁹ INA § 208(d)(2); 8 C.F.R. § 274a.12(c)(8); 8 C.F.R. §§ 274a.12(a)(5).8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(2).
- ³⁵⁰ 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(4).
- ³⁵¹ 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(4).



³⁵² See Rebecca Smith, Immigrant Workers' Eligibility for Unemployment Insurance, NAT'L EMPLOYMENT LAW PROJECT (Mar. 31, 2020), https://www.nelp.org/publication/immigrant-workers-eligibility-unemployment-insurance/ ("The general rule is that workers must have valid work authorization during the base period, at the time that they apply for benefits, and throughout the period during which they are receiving benefits.").

³⁵³ 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).

³⁵⁴ 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).

³⁵⁵ See Rebecca Smith, Immigrant Workers' Eligibility for Unemployment Insurance, NAT'L EMPLOYMENT LAW PROJECT (Mar. 31, 2020), https://www.nelp.org/publication/immigrant-workers-eligibility-unemployment-insurance/ ("The general rule is that workers must have valid work authorization during the base period, at the time that they apply for benefits, and throughout the period during which they are receiving benefits.").

³⁵⁶ See Rebecca Smith, Immigrant Workers' Eligibility for Unemployment Insurance, NAT'L EMPLOYMENT LAW PROJECT (Mar. 31, 2020), https://www.nelp.org/publication/immigrant-workers-eligibility-unemployment-insurance/ ("Under the current state and federal systems, undocumented workers are not eligible for unemployment benefits.").