





Access to State-Funded^a Public Benefits in New Hampshire for Survivors,

Based on Immigration Status^b

By: Daniel Enos and Leslye E. Orloff^c (With Updates by Gwenyth Szabo) May 15, 2019 (Updated September 4, 2022)

	VAWA Self- Petitioner and Battered Spouse Waiver ¹	Refugee, ² Asylee, T Visa ³	T Visa ⁴ / Continued Presence ⁵ HHS Certification	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) ⁶	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) ⁷ Lawfully Presen	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. ⁸	U Visa Applicants Limited Rene	Undocumented fits Eligibility ⁹
TANF (Cash Assistance)	Eligible with prima facie determination, ¹⁰ subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996 ¹¹ (After the first 12 months may be subject to deeming). ¹²	Refugee/Asylee: Eligible for TANF regardless of date of entry. 13 T visa: with HHS certification or eligibility determination, eligible under the Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act (TVPA) of 2000 to the same extent as refugees. 14	Human trafficking victims eligible: with HHS Certification (based on continued presence or a bona fide determination on a T visa application) or with HHS eligibility determination (under 18). 16 These human trafficking victims are eligible to the	Not eligible.	Eligible after receiving lawful permanent residency, subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996. 20 (may be subject to deeming). 21	Eligible after receiving lawful permanent residency, subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996 ²² (may be subject to deeming). ²³	No federal eligibility. ²⁴	Not eligible. ²⁵

^a Federally funded public benefits are in non-italicized typeface and state-funded public benefits are italicized.

b The chart shows eligibility based on immigration status. Applicants must also meet all other program eligibility requirements, such as income/resource limits. Children and other family members included in an individual's immigration application receive the same access to public benefits as the applicant. When children qualify for federal or state public benefits, immigrant parents can file child-only benefits applications on their children's behalf. Congress exempted from the public charge ground of inadmissibility immigrant victims applying for immigration relief and lawful permanent residency through the following immigration benefits programs: VAWA self-petitioning (as defined in footnote "d"), VAWA cancellation of removal, VAWA suspension of deportation, U visas, and T visas. For technical assistance on benefits access for immigrant survivors please contact the National Immigrant Women's Advocacy Project, American University, Washington College of Law (202) 274-4457 or info@niwap.org. NIWAP would like to thank Michelle Aronowitz and Dean's Fellows Alexandra Brown and Sandeep Purewal for their work in developing these state public benefits charts.

^c © National Immigrant Women's Advocacy Project, American University, Washington College of Law 2018. This publication was developed under grant number SJI-15-T-234 from the State Justice Institute. The points of view expressed are those of the authors and do not necessarily represent the official position or policies of the State Justice Institute.

^d See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(a)-(c) (Qualified immigrants are: **lawful permanent residents (LPRs)**; refugees; asylees; persons granted withholding of deportation/removal, conditional entry (as in effect prior to Apr. 1, 1980), humanitarian parolees; Cuban/Haitian entrants; and certain battered immigrants. A battered immigrant is someone who: (1)(a) has been battered or subjected to extreme cruelty in the U.S. by a U.S. citizen or LPR spouse, parent or step-parent or member of the spouse/parent/step-parent's family residing in the same household as the immigrant and the spouse/parent/step-parent consented to or acquiesced in such battery or cruelty, and there is a substantial connection between the battery or cruelty and the need for the public benefits, and (b) has been approved or has a petition or self-petition pending which sets forth a prima facie case for certain immigrant visa classifications, suspension of deportation, or cancellation of removal; or (2) is a victim of trafficking or a family member of a trafficking victim who has been granted twist status or whose T visa status or who

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TANF		At the state's discretion, T visa holders or applicants eligible as qualified immigrants with prima facie (bona fide) determination, subject to five-year bar for those who entered on or after August 22, 1996. 15	same extent as refugees and thus are eligible regardless of date of entry. 17 Family members with T visa status are eligible without HHS certification or determination; they are eligible to the same extent as refugees and thus eligible regardless of date of entry. 18					
Child Care	Children with prima facie determination are qualified immigrants eligible for Child Care Development Fund (CCDF)-funded child care. ²⁶ TANF-funded child childcare subject to five-year bar for immigrants who entered on or after August 22, 1996. ²⁷	Children who are asylees or refugees are eligible for CCDF-funded child care and TANF-funded child care. 28 T visa: Eligible for CCDF-funded child care and TANF-funded child care and TANF-funded child care under the Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000 to the same extent as refugees. 29 Children who are T visa holders or applicants with prima facie (bona fide) determination are eligible for CCDF-funded child care. 30 They are also eligible for TANF-funded childcare subject to five-	Human trafficking victims with an HHS Certification (based on continued presence or a bona fide determination on a T visa application) or an HHS eligibility determination (under 18) are eligible for CCDF-funded child care and TANF-funded child care. 32 Family members with T visa status eligible for CCDF-funded child care and TANF-funded child care, no need for HHS Certification or eligibility determination. 33	Eligible for CCDF-funded child care open to all immigrants, when: (1) Child care is provided in settings subject to public educational standards, including public or private prekindergarten or public and private child care provided after school or during school holidays; (2) Child care	Eligible for CCDF- funded child care open to all immigrants, when: (1) Child care is provided in settings subject to public educational standards, including public or private pre-kindergarten or public and private child care provided after school or during school holidays; (2) Childcare is subject to Head Start performance standards; or (3) Eligibility for child care services is determined by a nonprofit charitable	Eligible for CCDF- funded child care open to all immigrants, when: (1) Child care is provided in settings subject to public educational standards, including public or private pre- kindergarten or public and private child care provided after school or during school holidays; (2) Childcare is subject to Head Start performance standards; or (3) Eligibility for child care services is determined by a nonprofit charitable organization. 38	Eligible for CCDF-funded child care open to all immigrants, when: (1) Child care is provided in settings subject to public educational standards, including public or private pre-kindergarten or public and private child care provided after school or during school holidays; (2) Child care is subject to Head Start	Eligible for CCDF-funded child care open to all immigrants, when: (1) Child care is provided in settings subject to public educational standards, including public or private pre-kindergarten or public and private child care provided after school or during school holidays; (2) Child care is subject to Head Start performance standards; or (3) Eligibility for

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Child Care		entered on or after August 22, 1996. ³¹		Head Start performance standards; or (3) Eligibility for child care services is determined by a nonprofit charitable organization.	Upon receiving lawful permanent residency, eligible as for CCDF-funded child care. ³⁶ Also eligible for TANF-funded child care subject to five- year bar for those who entered on or after August 22, 1996. ³⁷	Upon receiving lawful permanent residency, eligible as for CCDF-funded child care. ³⁹ Also eligible for TANF-funded child care subject to five-year bar for those who entered on or after August 22, 1996. ⁴⁰	performance standards; or (3) Eligibility for child care services is determined by a nonprofit charitable organization. 41	services is determined by a nonprofit charitable organization. ⁴²
SNAP (Food Stamps) ⁴³	Eligible with prima facie determination, subject to an additional condition, e.g.: five years residency, younger than 18, elderly, or disabled. 44	Refugee/Asylee: Eligible with no additional conditions. 45 T visa: Eligible with prima facie (bona fide) determination on T visa application, subject to an additional condition (e.g., five-years residency, under 18, elderly, or disabled). 46 Also eligible under the Trafficking Victims Protection Act to the same extent as refugees. 47	Human trafficking victims are eligible: with an HHS Certification (based on continued presence or a bona fide determination on a T visa application) or with an HHS eligibility determination (under 18). 48 Family members with T visa status eligible without HHS certification or eligibility determination. 49 These human trafficking victims are eligible to the same extent as refugees and thus are eligible with no additional conditions. 50	Not eligible.	Eligible upon receiving lawful permanent residency, subject to an additional condition, ⁵¹ e.g.: under 18, ⁵² five years residency, ⁵³ 40 qualifying work quarters, ⁵⁴ or disabled. ⁵⁵	Eligible upon receiving lawful permanent residency, subject to an additional condition, ⁵⁶ e.g.: under 18, ⁵⁷ five years residency, ⁵⁸ 40 qualifying work quarters, ⁵⁹ elderly, ⁶⁰ or disabled. ⁶¹	Not eligible.	Not eligible.
WIC	for low-income pregnant immigration status. 62 Ap	al Nutrition Program for Wom, breastfeeding, and non-breast oplicants must live in the state an income at or below an income at or below. 64	en, Infants, and Children (W tfeeding postpartum women, in which they apply, but are	and to infants an not required to liv	d children up to age five we there for a certain am	who are found to be at rount of time in order to r	nutritional risk, withouteneet the WIC residen	out regard to ncy requirement. 63

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The Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children (WIC)		icants should apply at their lo			the income eligibility r		r guardian, who is i	the sole provider of
Purchase Health Insurance on Exchanges ⁶⁷	Eligible with prima facie determination. ⁶⁸	Refugee: Eligible. 69 Asylee: Eligible; applicants eligible if granted work authorization; applicants under 14 eligible if application pending at least 180 days. 70 T visa: Eligible with prima facie (bona fide) determination on T visa application. 71	Human trafficking victims eligible: with an HHS Certification (based on continued presence or a bona fide determination on a T visa application), or with an HHS eligibility determination (under 18). The status eligible without HHS certification or eligibility determination. These human trafficking victims are eligible to the same extent as refugees and thus are eligible regardless of date of entry. These	Not eligible. 75	Eligible upon filing SIJS application. 76	Eligible upon U visa, bona fide determination, ⁷⁷ or wait list approval. ⁷⁸	Not eligible. ⁷⁹	Not eligible. ⁸⁰
Child Health Insurance Program (CHIP) ⁸¹	Eligible with prima facie determination if arrived prior to August 22, 1996 and subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996.82	Refugee/Asylee: Eligible, exempt from five-year bar. 84 T visa: with HHS certification or eligibility determination, immediately eligible under the Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection	Human trafficking victims are eligible with an HHS certification (based on continued presence or a bona fide determination on a T visa application) or eligibility determination (under 18).87	Eligible for emergency Medicaid regardless of immigration status. 91	Eligible upon receiving lawful permanent residency, subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996. 92	If entered prior to August 22, 1996, eligible upon attaining lawful permanent residency. 94 If arrived on or after August 22, 1996,	Eligible for emergency Medicaid regardless of immigration status. ⁹⁷	Eligible for emergency Medicaid regardless of immigration status. 98

	VAWA Self- Petitioner and Battered Spouse Waiver ¹	Refugee, ² Asylee, T Visa ³	T Visa ⁴ / Continued Presence ⁵	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) ⁶	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) ⁷	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. ⁸	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented
Child Health Insurance	Eligible for emergency Medicaid regardless of immigration status. ⁸³	Act of 2000 to the same extent as refugees. 85 T visa holders and T visa applicants with prima facie (bona fide) determinations eligible as qualified immigrants, subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996. 86	Family members with T visa status are eligible without HHS Certification or eligibility determination. 88 These human trafficking victims are eligible to the same extent as refugees and are exempt from five-year bar. 89 Eligible for emergency Medicaid regardless of immigration status. 90		Eligible for emergency Medicaid regardless of immigration status. 93	eligible upon receiving lawful permanent residency, but subject to five- year bar. 95 Eligible for emergency Medicaid regardless of immigration status. 96		
Victims of Crime Act (VOCA) Compensation		ct provides compensation to come, crime scene clean up, and				•	-	
Family and Medical Leave Act – State Law	New Hampshire has no s	state Family and Medical Leav	re Act (FMLA). Federal FM	LA law applies. 10	0			
Full-Scope Medicaid ¹⁰¹	Eligible with prima facie determination if arrived prior to August 22, 1996 and subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996. 102 Eligible for emergency Medicaid regardless of immigration status. 103	Refugee/Asylee: Eligible, exempt from five-year bar. 104 T visa: with HHS certification or eligibility determination, immediately eligible under the Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000 to the same extent as refugees. 105	Human trafficking victims are eligible with an HHS Certification (based on continued presence or a bona fide determination on a T visa application) or eligibility determination (under 18). 107 Family members with T visa status eligible	Eligible for emergency Medicaid regardless of immigration status. ¹¹¹	Eligible for emergency Medicaid regardless of immigration status. 112 Eligible after receiving lawful permanent residency, subject to five-year bar for those who arrived	Eligible for emergency Medicaid regardless of immigration status. 114 If entered prior to August 22, 1996, eligible upon attaining lawful permanent residency.	Eligible for emergency Medicaid regardless of immigration status. 117	Eligible for emergency Medicaid regardless of immigration status. 118

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Full-Scope Medicaid		T visa holders and T visa applicants with prima facie (bona fide) determinations eligible as qualified immigrants, subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996. 106	without HHS Certification or eligibility determination. 108 These human trafficking victims are eligible to the same extent as refugees and are exempt from five-year bar. 109 Eligible for emergency Medicaid regardless of immigration status. 110		on or after August 22, 1996. 113	If arrived on or after August 22, 1996, eligible upon receiving lawful permanent residency, subject to five-year bar. 116		
Education- Federal Benefits: Federal Student Aid, Grants and Loans 119	With prima facie determination, eligible. ¹²⁰	Refugees, Asylees, and T visa holders or T visa applicants with prima facie (bona fide) determination, an HHS Certification or eligibility letter are eligible for federal student aid. 121	Human trafficking victims eligible: with an HHS Certification (based on continued presence or a bona fide determination on a T visa application), or with an HHS eligibility determination (under 18), and family members with T visa status, are eligible for federal student aid. 122	Not eligible for federal student aid. ¹²³	Eligible for federal student aid upon receipt of lawful permanent residency. 124	Eligible for federal student aid upon receipt of lawful permanent residency. 125	Not eligible for federal student aid.	Not eligible for federal student aid.
Education- State Law	All children, without regard to immigration status or citizenship are eligible to attend public elementary and secondary (K-12) schools. State schools may not request citizenship or immigration status information and may not bar students from enrolling in public elementary or secondary schools based on the citizenship or immigration status of the student, their parent or their guardian. Eligible to apply for and enroll in state funded colleges and universities without regard to immigration status. Parallel line in the state funded colleges and universities without regard to immigration status. Parallel line in the state funded colleges and universities without regard to immigration status. Parallel line in the state funded colleges and universities without regard to immigration status. Parallel line in the state funded colleges and universities without regard to immigration status. Parallel line in the state funded colleges and universities without regard to immigration status. Parallel line in the state funded colleges and universities without regard to immigration status. Parallel line in the state of the United States (including qualified immigrants e.g.) New Hampshire at its public postsecondary institutions does not allow in-state tuition rates and access to institutional aid or scholarships for immigrant students who are not legal residents of the United States (including qualified immigrants e.g.) New Hampshire at its public postsecondary institutions does not allow in-state tuition rates and access to institutional aid or scholarships for immigrant students who are not legal residents of the United States (including qualified immigrants e.g.) New Hampshire at its public postsecondary institutions does not allow in-state tuition rates and access to institutional aid or scholarships for immigrant students who are not legal residents of the United States (including qualified immigrants e.g.) New Hampshire at its public postsecondary institutions does not allow in-state tuition rates and access to insti							tudent, their parent stitutions does not mmigrants e.g.
Supplemental Security Income (SSI) ¹³¹	Eligible with prima facie determination if received SSI on August 22, 1996, or lawfully residing in	Refugees/Asylees: Eligible during first seven years after the status was granted. 138	Human trafficking victims: with an HHS Certification (based on continued presence or a bona fide determination	Not eligible.	Eligible upon receiving lawful permanent residency if credited with 40 quarters of	Eligible upon receiving lawful permanent residency if: credited with 40 quarters of work 151	Eligible only if receiving SSI or application pending on	Eligible only if receiving SSI or application pending on

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SSI	the U.S. as of that date and now disabled. 132 May also be eligible with a prima facie determination if currently receiving SSI based on an application filed before 1979. 133 Eligible upon receiving lawful permanent residency if credited with 40 quarters of work, 134 subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996. 135 In New Hampshire, with prima facie determination eligible for state-funded SSI if entered the U.S. on or before Aug. 22, 1996. 136 Eligible with prima facie determination if entered after Aug. 22, 1996 after a five-year waiting period. 137	Trafficking victims: Eligible under the Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000 to the same extent as refugees. 139 T visa 140: Eligible as a qualified immigrant with prima facie (bona fide) determination on T visa application if receiving SSI on August 22, 1996, or lawfully residing in the U.S. as of that date and now disabled. 141 May also be eligible with a prima facie determination if currently receiving SSI based on an application filed before 1979. 142 This eligibility allows trafficking victims who are disabled to continue to receive SSI after the 7-years. 143 New Hampshire provides state-funded SSI to refugees and asylees without a seven year limitation. 144 In New Hampshire, T visa applicants and continued presence recipients with HHS certification or eligibility letters or T visa approval are eligible for New Hampshire funded SSI if they entered the U.S. on or before Aug. 22, 1996, or if they entered after Aug. 22, 1996 after a	on a T visa application) or with an HHS eligibility determination (under 18), or family members with T visa status (no need for HHS certification or eligibility determination) are eligible to the same extent as refugees. 146 In New Hampshire, T visa applicants and continued presence recipients with HHS certification or eligibility letters are eligible for New Hampshire funded SSI if they entered the U.S. on or before Aug. 22, 1996, or if they entered after Aug. 22, 1996 after a five-year waiting period. 147		work, 148 subject to five-year bar, for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996. 149 Upon receiving lawful permanent residency, in New Hampshire, eligible for state-funded SSI if they entered the U.S. on or before Aug. 22, 1996 or if they entered after Aug. 22, 1996 after a five-year waiting period. 150	subject to five-year bar for those who arrived on or after August 22, 1996; or if receiving SSI as of August 22, 1996; or if lawfully residing in U.S. as of that date and now disabled. 152 Lawful permanent residents may also be eligible if currently receiving SSI based on an application filed before 1979. 153 Upon receiving lawful permanent residency, in New Hampshire, eligible for state-funded SSI if they entered the U.S. on or before Aug. 22, 1996 or if they entered after Aug. 22, 1996 after a five-year waiting period. 154	August 22, 1996. ¹⁵⁵	August 22, 1996. ¹⁵⁶

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SSI		five-year waiting period. ¹⁴⁵							
Professional and Occupational Licenses	New Hampshire has no s	New Hampshire has no state laws or policies regarding immigrant access to professional or occupational licenses including whether or not work authorization is sufficient or required.							
Driver's License ¹⁵⁷	The Department of Hom documentation for REAI DHS will also approve a USCIS. 161 In addition, In New Hampshire, pern New Hampshire driver It following documents 164: Immigration S. Validation Validation of Prove Successive Proof of New It compliant or new terms of the proof of New It compliant or	tatus Must provide an original I-94 departure card indicatinal passport, visa and I-551 stated permanent resident card or re expiration. Estatus vide valid out-of-state, U.S. Tevessfully complete and pass a valid of the education course and must be the education course and must be the education.	plation, lists specific document britted through the Systemation issued by DHS or other in an "Exception Process" and an "Exception Process" and an "Exception Process" and all Social Security Card and an all Social Security Card and an all Social Security Card and an are refugee or asylee status. In position, with at least sixty (60 day, wall demployment authorizate the resision, written and road test. In the driver license to transfer or a comply with the driver license or non-order of driver license or non-order to the state of the second play with the driver license or non-order to the second play with the driver license or no the second play with the driver license or non-order to the seco	nts that will provint the Alien Verifical Federal agencies of a consider "Alternation Control application to the cone of the following in a driver license; of a valid license from the congregation of the congregation card (EAD) is a driver license; of a valid license from the congregation of the congregation card (EAD) is a driver license; of a valid license from the congregation of	de satisfactory evidence tion for Entitlements Prodemonstrating lawful strative Documents." 162 ard (EAD) holders 163 we Concord DMV office and the concord DMV office and the country with at least of the country, must to for minors.	e of lawful status. 159 All rogram (S.A.V.E.). 160 atus, as determined by who wish to apply for a und provide the t sixty (60 days) left ake a New Hampshire g for (REAL ID)		eligible.	
Housing, Health, and Other Services Necessary to Protect Life and Safety	services based on immig homeless, or for victims programs; services and a kitchens, community for federally qualified health children and youths, or co In New Hampshire, the I the homeless, and homel	I programs providing services ration status. 166 Programs cor of domestic abuse, sexual assessistance relating to victims of banks, senior nutrition program centers; mental health, disable community residents; program Department of Health and Hungessness prevention services to less persons and persons at ris	asidered necessary for the pro- nult, stalking, dating violence of domestic violence or other or rams and other nutritional pro- ility, or substance abuse assis is to help individuals during pro- nan Services administers the those at risk of homelessness.	otection of life or e, or human traffic criminal activity, ograms for person stance necessary to beriods of adverse <i>Emergency Solut</i> s. ¹⁶⁸ New Hampsh	safety include, but are nothing, or for runaway, all child protection, adult plus requiring special assists protect life or safety; a weather conditions. 167 ions Grant (ESG) and plus Bureau of Homeless	not limited to: short term so bused or abandoned child protective services, or viol stance (e.g., WIC); medic activities designed to protective to protective street outreach, s	shelter or transitional ren; crisis counselir lence and abuse preval and public health ect the life or safety whelter, and rapid re	al housing for the ag and intervention wention; soup services, including of workers,	

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Public and Assisted 170 Housing, 171 and Low- Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC) Housing 172	Upon filing VAWA self-petition, applicant cannot be denied HUD public or assisted housing unless and until a final determination of ineligibility. 173 USDA rental housing follows HUD procedures for processing VAWA self-petitions, 174 so should be eligible for all USDA rental housing unless and until a final determination of ineligibility. Regardless of immigration status, eligible for USDA Section 515 Rural Rental Housing (without Rental Assistance), 175 and USDA Section 514/516 Farm Labor Housing if immediate family member of eligible to continue to occupy USDA Section 514/516 Farm Labor Housing farm Labor Housing unit. 177	Refugee/Asylee, T visa holder or T visa applicant with prima facie (bona fide) determination eligible for: HUD public and assisted housing; 183 USDA Section 515 Rural Rental Housing; 184 USDA Section 521 Rural Rental Assistance; 185 USDA Section 514/516 Farm Labor Housing if immediate family member 186 or remaining household member 187 of eligible domestic farm laborer. Upon receiving lawful permanent residency USDA Section 514/516 Farm Labor Housing. 188 Refugees, asylees and T visa applicants who are eligible for New Hampshire's Emergency Assistance Program (EA) if eligible for TANF. 189 EA provides financial assistance to families with children who have a housing or utility crisis. 190 May be eligible for New	Human trafficking victims with an HHS Certification (based on continued presence or a bona fide determination on a T visa application), or with an HHS eligibility determination (under 18), and family members with T visa status (no need for HHS certification or eligibility determination), 192 are eligible for: HUD public and assisted housing 193 and USDA rental housing. 194 T visa applicants with bona fide determinations and trafficking victims with continued presence who have HHS certification or eligibility letters are eligible for New Hampshire's Emergency Assistance Program (EA) if eligible for TANF. 195 EA provides financial assistance to families with children who have a housing or utility crisis. 196 May be eligible for New	Eligible for USDA Section 515 Rural Rental Housing (without Rental Assistance), 198 and Section 514/516 Farm Labor Housing if immediate family member of eligible domestic farm laborer. 199 May be eligible for New Hampshire Low Income Housing Tax Credits. 200	Eligible for USDA Section 515 Rural Rental Housing (without Rental Assistance), 201 and Section 514/516 Farm Labor Housing if immediate family member of eligible domestic farm laborer. 202 Upon receiving lawful permanent residency, 203 eligible for HUD 204 and USDA 205 rental housing. 206 Upon receiving lawful permanent residency SIJS recipients are eligible for New Hampshire's Emergency Assistance Program (EA) if eligible for TANF. 207 EA provides financial assistance to families with children who have a housing or utility crisis. 208	Eligible for USDA Section 515 Rural Rental Housing (without Rental Assistance), 210 and Section 514/516 Farm Labor Housing if immediate family member of eligible domestic farm laborer. 211 Upon receiving lawful permanent residency, 212 eligible for HUD 213 and USDA 214 rental housing. 215 Upon receiving lawful permanent residency U visa recipients are eligible for New Hampshire's Emergency Assistance Program (EA) if eligible for TANF. 216 EA provides financial assistance to families with children who have a housing or utility crisis. 217	Eligible for USDA Section 515 Rural Rental Housing (without Rental Assistance), 219 and Section 514/516 Farm Labor Housing if immediate family member of eligible domestic farm laborer. 220 Upon receiving lawful permanent residency U visa recipients are eligible for New Hampshire's Emergency Assistance Program (EA) if eligible for TANF. 221 EA provides financial assistance to families with children who have a housing or utility crisis. 222	Eligible for USDA Section 515 Rural Rental Housing (without Rental Assistance), 224 and Section 514/516 Farm Labor Housing if immediate family member of eligible domestic farm laborer. 225 May be eligible for New Hampshire Low Income Housing Tax Credits eligible. 226
	Upon receiving lawful permanent residency,	Hampshire Low Income Housing Tax Credits eligible. ¹⁹¹	Hampshire Low Income Housing Tax Credits eligible. ¹⁹⁷		May be eligible for New Hampshire	New Hampshire Low Income Housing Tax Credits eligible. ²¹⁸	May be eligible for New	

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Public and Assisted Housing and LIHTC	eligible for USDA Section 514/516 Farm Lab or Housing; ¹⁷⁸ USDA Section 521 Rural Rental Assistance. ¹⁷⁹				Low Income Housing Tax Credits eligible. ²⁰⁹		Hampshire Low Income Housing Tax Credits eligible. ²²³	
	VAWA self-petitioners are eligible for New Hampshire's Emergency Assistance Program (EA) if eligible for TANF. ¹⁸⁰ EA provides financial assistance to families with children who have a housing or utility crisis. ¹⁸¹							
	May be eligible for New Hampshire Low Income Housing Tax Credits eligible. ¹⁸²							
Income Tax Credits	Child Tax Credit: Immiga child tax credit on their Immigrants eligible to re	grants with social security nun r income taxes. ²²⁷ A qualifyin secive social security numbers visa applicants once they are	g child must be a citizen, nat include lawful permanent res	cional, or resident sidents, refugees,	of the U.S with an SSN asylees, and VAWA sel	or an Individual Taxpaye f-petitioners, T visa appl	er Identification Nur icants with bona fide	mber (ITIN). ²²⁸
	their income taxes when • A dependent of the A spouse who of the A spouse who of the An individual of the child or dependent of the VAWA self-petitioners, to immigration status can	child under the age of 13, is unable to physically or men who is unable to care for then must have a social security nur T visa applicants with bona fier obtain an ITIN. 232	ntally care for themselves, or nselves, mentally or physical nber or ITIN. ²³¹ Immigrants de determinations and wait-li	ly who has lived veligible to receivest approved U vis	with the taxpayer for at less social security numbers applicants once they a	least six months. ²³⁰ rs include lawful permandure granted work authoriz	ent residents, refuged ation. Any immigra	es, asylees, and nt without regard
Earned Income Tax Credit (EITC)	VAWA self- petitioners who: have been granted work authorization or who are granted lawful	Refugees, asylees, asylum applicants, and T visa holders with work authorization or lawful permanent residency who:	Recipients of T visa bona fide determinations or continued presence who: are granted work authorization, have lived	DACA applicants who: are granted work authorization,	SIJS recipients granted lawful permanent residency who: have lived in the U.S. at	Once granted lawful permanent residency ²⁵³ or work authorization U visa holders and U visa	Not eligible.	Not eligible.

	VAWA Self- Petitioner and Battered Spouse Waiver ¹	Refugee, ² Asylee, T Visa ³	T Visa ⁴ / Continued Presence ⁵	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) ⁶	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) ⁷	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. ⁸	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented
EITC	permanent residency, have lived in the U.S. for at least 183 days during the tax year, ²³³ have a social security number valid for work, ²³⁴ and have earned income during the tax year ²³⁵ are eligible for the earned income tax credit (EITC). ²³⁶	have lived in the U.S. for at least 183 days during the tax year, 237 have a social security number valid for work, 238 and have earned income during the tax year 239 are eligible for the earned income tax credit (EITC).	in the U.S. for at least 183 days during the tax year, 241 have a social security number valid for work, 242 and have earned income during the tax year 243 are eligible for the earned income tax credit (EITC). 244	have lived in the U.S. for at least 183 days during the tax year, 245 have a social security number valid for work, 246 and have earned income during the tax year 247 are eligible for the earned income tax credit (EITC).	least 183 days during the tax year, 249 have a social security number valid for work, 250 and have earned income during the tax year 251 are eligible for the earned income tax credit (EITC). 252	applicants with deferred action (based on bona fide determinations or wait-list approval) who have lived in the U.S. for six months, ²⁵⁴ who have a social security number valid for work, ²⁵⁵ and who are earning income are eligible for the earned income tax credit (EITC). ²⁵⁶		
Legal Services ²⁵⁷	An immigrant who (or whose child) is battered or subjected to extreme cruelty 258 inside or outside of the United States 259 is eligible for legal assistance from Legal Services Corporation (LSC)-funded agencies on matters related to the abuse. 260 Eligible for legal assistance on any matter the LSC-funded agency handles upon receiving lawful permanent resident status, 261 or spouses,	Refugee/Asylee: Refugees and Asylees are eligible for legal assistance on any matter the Legal Services Corporation (LSC)-funded agency handles. 268 T visa: An immigrant who has been (or whose child has been) a victim of trafficking in the U.S, including a T visa holder, 269 is eligible for legal assistance on any matter the LSC-funded agency handles. 270	An immigrant victim of severe forms of human trafficking with (or seeking) HHS Certification, 275 and family members with (or applying for) T visa status, 276 are eligible for legal assistance on any matter the LSC-funded agency handles. Eligible for Office of Violence Against Women funded Legal Assistance 277 for victims of domestic violence, sexual assault, stalking 278 or dating violence. 279	A DACA recipient who is (or whose child is) battered or subjected to extreme cruelty, ²⁸¹ or is a victim of sexual assault or trafficking in the U.S., ²⁸² is eligible for legal services from LSC-funded agencies ²⁸³ on matters	Eligible for LSC- funded legal assistance when the child has suffered battering or extreme cruelty, ²⁸⁹ or sexual assault or trafficking in the U.S., ²⁹⁰ on matters related to the abuse. ²⁹¹ Eligible for legal assistance on any matter the LSC- funded agency handles upon receiving LPR status, ²⁹² or, for the spouse, parent or unmarried child	An immigrant who has (or whose child has) been granted, applied for, or qualifies to apply for U visa status and a family member eligible to apply for U visa status ²⁹⁸ is eligible for legal assistance from Legal Services Corporation (LSC)-funded agencies ²⁹⁹ on matters related to the crime victimization. ³⁰⁰	An immigrant who has (or whose child has) applied for, or qualifies to apply for U visa status and a family member eligible to apply for, U visa status ³⁰⁷ is eligible for legal assistance from Legal Services Corporation (LSC)-funded agencies ³⁰⁸ on matters related to the crime victimization. ³⁰⁹	An immigrant victim who is (or whose child is), battered or subjected to extreme cruelty, 314 or is a victim of sexual assault or trafficking in the U.S., 315 is eligible for legal services from LSC-funded agencies 316 on matters related to the abuse. 317 Eligible for Office of Violence Against

	VAWA Self- Petitioner and Battered Spouse Waiver ¹	Refugee, ² Asylee, T Visa ³	T Visa ⁴ / Continued Presence ⁵	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) ⁶	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) ⁷	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. ⁸	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented
Legal Services	parents, and unmarried children under age 21 of U.S. citizens ²⁶² become eligible for full representation on any matter upon filing an application for lawful permanent residency. ²⁶³ Eligible for Office of Violence Against Women funded Legal Assistance ²⁶⁴ as a victim of domestic violence, sexual assault, stalking ²⁶⁵ or dating violence. ²⁶⁶ Must be at least 11 years old. ²⁶⁷	Eligible for Office of Violence Against Women funded Legal Assistance ²⁷¹ for victims of domestic violence, sexual assault, stalking ²⁷² or dating violence. ²⁷³ Must be at least 11 years old. ²⁷⁴	Must be at least 11 years old. 280	related to the abuse. ²⁸⁴ Eligible for Office of Violence Against Women funded Legal Assistance ²⁸⁵ for victims of domestic violence, sexual assault, stalking ²⁸⁶ or dating violence. ²⁸⁷ Must be at least 11 years old. ²⁸⁸	under 21 of a U.S. citizen, upon filing an application for LPR status. 293 Eligible for Office of Violence Against Women funded Legal Assistance 294 for victims of domestic violence, sexual assault, stalking 295 or dating violence. 296 Must be at least 11 years old. 297	Eligible for legal assistance on any matter the LSC-funded agency handles upon receiving LPR status, 301 or, for the spouse, parent or unmarried child under 21 of a U.S. citizen, upon filing an application for LPR status. 302 Eligible for Office of Violence Against Women funded Legal Assistance 303 for victims of domestic violence, sexual assault, stalking 304 or dating violence. 305 Must be at least 11 years old. 306	Eligible for Office of Violence Against Women funded Legal Assistance 310 for victims of domestic violence, sexual assault, stalking 311 or dating violence. 312 Must be at least 11 years old. 313	Women funded Legal Assistance ³¹⁸ for victims of domestic violence, sexual assault, stalking ³¹⁹ or dating violence. ³²⁰ Must be at least 11 years old. ³²¹
Weatherization Assistance Program (WAP) and Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP)	Eligible for weatherization assistance (WAP) for families living in multi-unit dwellings, without regard to immigration status. 322 Eligible for LIHEAP heating/cooling assistance and single-family weatherization assistance upon receipt of prima facie determination. 323	Eligible for weatherization assistance (WAP) for families living in multiunit dwellings, without regard to immigration status. 327 Refugees, asylees, T visa holders, and T visa applicants with prima facie (bona fide) determination eligible for LIHEAP heating/cooling assistance and single-	Eligible for weatherization assistance (WAP) for families living in multi-unit dwellings without, regard to immigration status. 332 Human trafficking victims with HHS Certification (based on continued presence or a bona fide determination on a T visa application) or with HHS eligibility determination (under 18),	Eligible for weatherizatio n assistance (WAP) for families living in multi-unit dwellings, without regard to immigration status. 337 Eligible for New	Eligible for weatherization assistance (WAP) for families living in multi-unit dwellings, without regard to immigration status. 339 Eligible for LIHEAP heating/cooling assistance and single-family	Eligible for weatherization assistance (WAP) for families living in multi-unit dwellings without, regard to immigration status. 344 Eligible for LIHEAP heating/cooling assistance and singlefamily weatherization assistance upon receiving lawful	Eligible for weatherization assistance (WAP) for families living in multi-unit dwellings, without regard to immigration status. 349 Eligible for New Hampshire's Weatherization Program if	Eligible for weatherization assistance (WAP) for families living in multi-unit dwellings, without regard to immigration status. 353 Eligible for New Hampshire's Weatherization Program if applicant meets

	VAWA Self- Petitioner and Battered Spouse Waiver ¹	Refugee, ² Asylee, T Visa ³	T Visa ⁴ / Continued Presence ⁵	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) ⁶	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) ⁷	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. ⁸	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented
WAP and LIHEAP	Eligible for New Hampshire's Weatherization Program and Fuel Assistance Program (FAP) if applicant meets gross household income, number of household members, and vulnerability to heating costs requirements. 324 VAWA self-petitioners are eligible for New Hampshire's Emergency Assistance Program (EA) if eligible for TANF, 325 EA provides financial assistance to families with children who have a housing or utility crisis. 326	family weatherization assistance. 328 Eligible for New Hampshire's Weatherization Program and Fuel Assistance Program (FAP) if applicant meets gross household income, number of household members, and vulnerability to heating costs requirements. 329 Refugees, asylees and T visa applicants who are eligible for New Hampshire's Emergency Assistance Program (EA) if eligible for TANF. 330 EA provides financial assistance to families with children who have a housing or utility crisis. 331	are considered refugees and thus are eligible for LIHEAP heating/cooling and single-family weatherization assistance. 333 Eligible for New Hampshire's Weatherization Program and Fuel Assistance Program (FAP) if applicant meets gross household income, number of household members, and vulnerability to heating costs requirements. 334 T visa applicants with bona fide determinations and trafficking victims with continued presence who have HHS certification or eligibility letters are eligible for New Hampshire's Emergency Assistance Program (EA) if eligible for TANF. 335 EA provides financial assistance to families with children who have a housing or utility crisis. 336	Hampshire's Weatherizatio n Program if applicant meets gross household income, number of household members, and vulnerability to heating costs requirements. 338	weatherization assistance upon receiving lawful permanent residency. 340 Eligible for New Hampshire's Weatherization Program and Fuel Assistance Program (FAP) if applicant meets gross household income, number of household members, and vulnerability to heating costs requirements. 341 Upon receiving lawful permanent residency SIJS recipients are eligible for New Hampshire's Emergency Assistance Program (EA) if eligible for TANF. 342 EA provides financial assistance to families with children who have a housing or utility crisis. 343	Eligible for New Hampshire's Weatherization Program and Fuel Assistance Program (FAP) if applicant meets gross household income, number of household members, and vulnerability to heating costs requirements. 346 Upon receiving lawful permanent residency U visa recipients are eligible for New Hampshire's Emergency Assistance Program (EA) if eligible for TANF. 347 EA provides financial assistance to families with children who have a housing or utility crisis. 348	applicant meets gross household income, number of household members, and vulnerability to heating costs requirements. 350 Upon receiving lawful permanent residency U visa recipients are eligible for New Hampshire's Emergency Assistance Program (EA) if eligible for TANF. 351 EA provides financial assistance to families with children who have a housing or utility crisis. 352	gross household income, number of household members, and vulnerability to heating costs requirements. 354

	VAWA Self- Petitioner and Battered Spouse Waiver ¹	Refugee, ² Asylee, T Visa ³	T Visa ⁴ / Continued Presence ⁵	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) ⁶	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) ⁷	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. ⁸	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented
Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Assistance ³⁵⁵	disaster relief, including: threats to life, property, p	A provided emergency service search and rescue, emergency public health and safety. 356 vides temporary food assistance	y medical care, mass care and	l shelter, resource	es for essential needs suc	ch as food, water and med	licine, and reduction	of immediate NAP benefits. 357
Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA)- Restricted Programs 358	Upon receipt of prima facie determination: Eligible for FEMA Assistance Programs, Individuals and Households Program (IHP), and Disaster Unemployment Assistance (DUA). 359 Eligible for Emergency Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP), subject to five-year bar, unless under 18, or lawfully residing on August 22, 1996 and either receiving disability-related benefits or born before Aug. 22, 1931. 360	FEMA Assistance Programs, Individuals and Households Program (IHP), Disaster Unemployment Assistance (DUA): open to Refugees. Asylees, T visa applicants with prima facie (bona fide) determination. 361 Emergency SNAP open to Refugees/Asylees (no five-year bar), 362 and T visa applicants with prima facie (bona fide) determination, subject to five-year bar, unless under 18, or lawfully residing on August 22, 1996 and either receiving disability- related benefits or born before Aug. 22, 1931. 363	Human trafficking victims eligible: with HHS Certification (based on continued presence or a bona fide determination on a T visa application) or with HHS eligibility determination (under 18) or family members with T visa status (no need for HHS certification or eligibility determination). 364 These human trafficking victims are considered refugees and thus are eligible for FEMA Assistance Programs, Individual and Households Program (IHP), Disaster Unemployment Assistance (DUA), and Emergency SNAP. 365	Not eligible.	Upon receiving lawful permanent residency: Eligible for FEMA Assistance Programs, Individuals and Households Program (IHP), and Disaster Unemployment Assistance (DUA). 366 Eligible for Emergency SNAP, subject to five-year bar, unless under 18 years of age; can be credited with 40 quarters of work earned by the individual, parents, or spouse; or lawfully residing on August 22, 1996 and either receiving disability-related benefits or born before Aug. 22, 1931. 367	Upon receiving lawful permanent residency: Eligible for FEMA Assistance Programs, Individuals and Households Program (IHP), and Disaster Unemployment Assistance (DUA). 368 Eligible for Emergency SNAP, subject to five-year bar, unless under 18 years of age; can be credited with 40 quarters of work earned by the individual, parents, or spouse; or lawfully residing on August 22, 1996 and either receiving disability-related benefits or born before Aug. 22, 1931. 369	Upon receiving lawful permanent residency: Eligible for FEMA Assistance Programs, Individuals and Households Program (IHP), and Disaster Unemployment Assistance (DUA). 370 Eligible for Emergency SNAP, subject to five-year bar, unless under 18 years of age; can be credited with 40 quarters of work earned by the individual, parents, or spouse; or lawfully residing on August 22, 1996 and either receiving	Not eligible. ³⁷²

	VAWA Self- Petitioner and Battered Spouse Waiver ¹	Refugee, ² Asylee, T Visa ³	T Visa ⁴ / Continued Presence ⁵	Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) ⁶	Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) ⁷	U Visa, bona fide, or wait list approval. ⁸	U Visa Applicants	Undocumented
FEMA – Restricted Programs							disability-related benefits or born before Aug. 22, 1931. 371	
Unemployment Insurance ³⁷³	Eligible for UI upon receipt of work authorization. ³⁷⁴	Refugee: Eligible for UI upon receipt of work authorization. 375 Asylee: Eligible for UI upon grant receipt of work authorization. 376 T Visa: Eligible for UI upon receipt of work authorization. 377	Eligible for UI upon receipt of HHS certification or eligibility letter and work authorization. ³⁷⁸	Eligible for UI upon receipt of work authorization.	Eligible for UI upon receipt of work authorization. ³⁸⁰	Eligible for UI upon receipt of work authorization. 381	Not eligible. ³⁸²	Not eligible. 383

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¹ VAWA self-petitioner for public benefits purposes includes: VAWA self-petitioners, battered spouse waiver applicants, applicants for relief under VAWA Cuban Adjustment Act ("VAWA CAA"), VAWA Haitian Refugee Immigration and Fairness Act ("VAWA HRIFA"), VAWA Nicaraguan and Central American Relief Act ("VAWA NACARA"), VAWA cancellation of removal, VAWA suspension of deportation, and battered spouses and children with approved I-130 visa applications filed by their abusive citizen spouse, parent or step-parent. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c); 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(51). Battered Spouse Waiver (BSW) applicants/recipients have the same eligibility for public benefits purposes as VAWA self-petitioners. BWS victims are eligible either as conditional permanent residents if they still have that status and/or are or continue to be eligible once they file their battered spouse waiver application. Battered spouse waiver applicants have greater benefits access than conditional and lawful permanent residents because they have access to exemptions from deeming and have access to benefits that are only available to battered immigrants.

² Afghans granted humanitarian parole between July 31, 2021, and September 30, 2022 — and their spouses and children, and parents or guardians of unaccompanied children granted parole after September 30, 2022 — also are eligible for federal benefits to the same extent as refugees. Eligibility for this group continues until March 31, 2023, or the end of their parole term, whichever is later. Extending Government Funding and Delivering Emergency Assistance Act, Pub. L. 117-43 (Sept. 30, 2021). Ukrainians paroled into the U.S. between February 24, 2022, and September 30, 2023 — and their spouses and children, and parents, guardians or primary caregivers of unaccompanied children paroled into the U.S. after September 30, 2023 — are eligible for federal benefits to the same extent as refugees. Department of Homeland Security, President Biden to Announce Uniting-ukraine-new-streamlined-process-welcome-ukr

³ See 8 U.S.C. §§ 1641(b)(2)-(3), (c)(4) (Asylees, Refugees and trafficking victims and family members of trafficking victims with T visa status or a pending T visa application setting forth a "prima facie" (bona facie) case for eligibility); Classification for Victims of Severe Forms of Trafficking in Persons; Eligibility for "T" Nonimmigrant Status, 81 Fed. Reg. 92266, 92279, 92304, 92307 (Dec. 19, 2016) (effective Jan. 18, 2017) (to be codified at 8 C.F.R. pts. 212, 214, 245, 274) (Prima facie/bona fide determinations on T visa applications are made by the Department of Homeland Security.).

⁴ See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b)(1) (Bona fide T visa applicants with HHS certification, trafficking victims under 18 with HHS eligibility determination, and family members with T visa status are eligible for public benefits to the same extent as refugees.); Classification for Victims of Severe Forms of Trafficking in Persons; Eligibility for "T" Nonimmigrant Status, 81 Fed. Reg. 92266, 92278 (Dec. 19, 2016) (effective Jan. 18, 2017) (to be codified at 8 C.F.R. pts. 212, 214, 245, 274); New Classification for Victims of Severe Forms of Trafficking in Persons; Eligibility for "T" Nonimmigrant Status, 67 Fed. Reg. 4784, 4789-91 (Jan. 31, 2002) (to be codified at 8 C.F.R. pt. 103), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/federal-register-new-classification/.

- ¹⁰ Battered Spouse Waiver victims are VAWA self-petitioners as defined in INA § 101(a)(51). To be eligible for a battered spouse waiver the victim must be a battered immigrant spouse of a U.S. citizen or lawful permanent resident who filed an immigration case on the battered spouse's behalf through which the immigrant spouse was granted conditional permanent residency. Most battered spouse waiver applicants will have conditional permanent residency at the time they file their battered spouse waiver application. Their public benefits eligibility is based either on their conditional permanent residency or on their battered spouse waiver application. It is important to note that after an abused immigrant spouse files their battered spouse waiver application, they become eligible for VAWA self-petitioning related deeming exceptions and eligible for state funded public benefits to the same extent as all other VAWA self-petitioners in states that grant self-petitioners access to state funded public benefits.
- ¹¹ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c).
- 12 8 U.S.C. 1631(f) (Qualified immigrants who have been battered or subjected to extreme cruelty by a spouse, a parent or a member of the spouse's or parent's family are exempt from deeming for 12 months. The exemption from deeming may be extended if the battered immigrant obtains an order from a judge or a ruling from the U.S. Department of Homeland Security recognizing the battering or extreme cruelty the immigrant victim suffered.) (Interim Guidance on Verification of Citizenship, Qualified Alien Status and Eligibility Under Title IV of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, Att'y Gen. Order No. 2129-97, 62 Fed. Reg. 61,344, at 61,371 (Nov. 17, 1997)), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/1997-doj-interim-guidance-benefits/. See Catherine Longville and Leslye Orloff, https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/deeming-fact-sheet/. Applicability of Public Charge and Deeming Rules to Immigrant Survivors and Their Children Eligible for Healthcare Subsidies, in NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (April 9, 2015), https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/public-charge-deeming/
- ¹³ 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(b)(2)(A)(ii); 1613(b)(1). Federal eligibility for refugees and asylees extends for the first five years after attaining that status. However, if they have attained lawful permanent resident status with 40 qualifying work quarters, they will already have satisfied the five-year bar for eligibility as an LPR by the time their refugee/asylee benefit period for TANF ends. *See* 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(b)(2)(B). Or, they may be eligible as a veteran and/or member of a veteran's family, for which neither the five-year bar nor the five-year time limit applies. *See* 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(b)(2)(C), 1613(b)(2). Or, in some states their eligibility as a refugee or asylee continues past this five-year limit. *States can also continue to provide benefits once the mandated five year federal coverage period for refugees and asylees ends. See* Nat'l Immigration Law Ctr., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. Since refugees, asylees and trafficking victims with continued presence or who are T visa applicants are not required under U.S. immigration laws to have a sponsor, they are not subject to sponsor deeming. *See* OFFICE OF FAMILY ASSISTANCE, U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., *TANF-ACF-PI-2003-03 (Deeming of Sponsor's Income and Resources to A Non-Citizen)* (April 17, 2003), https://www.acf.hhs.gov/ofa/resource/policy/pi-ofa/2003/pi2003-2htm-0.

⁵ See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b)(1)(E)(i)(II)(bb) (Immigrants with HHS certification that their continued presence is needed to effectuate prosecution of human traffickers are eligible to receive public benefits to the same extent as refugees.); OFFICE ON TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS, U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., OTIP-FS-16-01, CERTIFICATION FOR ADULT VICTIMS OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING FACT SHEET 1 (2016), https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification%20Fact%20Sheet%20Posting%20%282%29.pdf.

⁶ See DACA, NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR. (last visited Mar. 2, 2018), https://www.nilc.org/issues/daca/ (DACA is "deferred action" for certain undocumented youth who came to the United States as children.).

⁷ See 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(27)(j) (Special Immigrant Juvenile Status (SIJS) allows certain youth immigrant survivors of abuse, abandonment, and/or neglect by a parent to obtain legal immigration status.).

⁸ See Ctr. for Medicare & Medicaid Serv., U.S. Dep't of Health & Hum. Serv., Medicaid and CHIP Coverage for "Lawfully Residing" Children and Pregnant Women 2 (2010), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/pb-gov-hhslawfullyresidingmedicaid-07-01-10-also-in-qualified-immigrants/ (Upon receipt of deferred action U visa applicants are considered lawfully present.). U visa applicants receive deferred action which provides formal protection from deportation when they receive a bona fide determination or wait-list approval from U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS). See ,NIWAP, New DHS U Visa Bona Fide Policy Provides Earlier Access Deferred Action and Work Authorization To Applicants and NIWAP New Study Provides Evidence-Based Support for These New DHS Policies (June 14, 2021) https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/transforming-lives-study-21.

⁹ State benefits agencies are only allowed to ask for immigration status and social security number information for the family members who is the applicant for the benefit. See NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR, Privacy Protections in Selected Federal Benefits Programs (Feb. 21, 2018) https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2018/03/privacy-protections-fed-programs-tbl-2018.pdf (providing guidelines on what information a State may request from a parent applying on behalf of a child applicant); see also Anna Pohl, Hema Sarangapani, Amanda Baran, and Cecilia Olavarria, Chapter 4.3:
Barriers to Accessing Services: The Importance of Advocates Accompanying Battered Immigrants Applying for Public Benefits (Jul. 10, 2013), https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/ch4-3-importance-advocates; see also Policy Guidance Regarding Inquiries Into Citizenship, Immigration Status and Social Security Numbers In Status Applications For Medicaid, State Children's Health Insurance Program (Schip), Temporary Assistance For Needy Families (Tanf), and Food Stamp Benefits, U.S. DEP'T HEALTH & HUM. SERV. (Mar. 24, 2006),

https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/pb-gov-hhsqacitizenshippolicyguidance-03-24-06.

¹⁴ See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b)(1); Classification for Victims of Severe Forms of Trafficking in Persons; Eligibility for "T" Nonimmigrant Status, 81 Fed. Reg. 92266, 92278 (Dec. 19, 2016) (effective Jan. 18, 2017) (to be codified at 8 C.F.R. pts. 212, 214, 245, 274); New Classification for Victims of Severe Forms of Trafficking in Persons; Eligibility for "T" Nonimmigrant Status, 67 Fed. Reg. 4784, 4789-91 (Jan. 31, 2002) (to be codified at 8 C.F.R. pt. 103), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/federal-register-new-classification/. TANF benefits for refugees are available without a five-year waiting period, but are limited to five years. However, if the refugee attains lawful permanent resident status with 40 qualifying work quarters, they will already have satisfied the five-year bar for eligibility as a lawful permanent resident by the time their refugee/asylee benefit period for TANF ends. See 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(b)(2)(B). Or, they may be eligible as a veteran and/or member of a veteran's family, for which neither the five-year bar nor the five-year time limit applies, See 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(b)(2)(C), 1613(b)(2). Or, in some states their eligibility as a refugee or asylee continues past this five-year limit. See NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table ovrw fedprogs/. Since refugees, asylees and trafficking victims with continued presence or who are T visa applicants are not required under U.S. immigration laws to have a sponsor, they are not subject to sponsor deeming. See Office of Family Assistance, U.S. Dep't of Health & Hum. SERV., TANF-ACF-PI-2003-03 (Deeming of Sponsor's Income and Resources to A Non-Citizen) (April 17, 2003), https://www.acf.hhs.gov/ofa/resource/policy/pi-ofa/2003/pi2003-2htm-0. 15 NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(4). An applicant with a military connection is eligible as a matter of federal law, without the five-year bar. See 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(b)(2)(C), 1613(b)(2). Federal law does not require states to impose the five-year time limit to trafficking victim eligibility as a qualified immigrant. Since refugees, asylees and trafficking victims with continued presence or who are T visa applicants are not required under U.S. immigration laws to have a sponsor, they are not subject to sponsor deeming. See Office of Family Assistance, U.S. Dep't of Health & Hum. Serv., TANF-ACF-PI-2003-03 (Deeming of Sponsor's Income and Resources to A Non-Citizen) (April 17, 2003), https://www.acf.hhs.gov/ofa/resource/policy/pi-ofa/2003/pi2003-2htm-0.

¹⁶ OFFICE ON TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS, U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., OTIP-FS-16-01, CERTIFICATION FOR ADULT VICTIMS OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING FACT SHEET 1 (2016), https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification%20Fact%20Sheet%20Posting%20%282%29.pdf. See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certification)).

17 OFFICE ON TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS, U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., OTIP-FS-16-01, CERTIFICATION FOR ADULT VICTIMS OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING FACT SHEET 1 (2016), https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification%20Fact%20Sheet%20Posting%20%282%29.pdf. See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certification)). Since refugees, asylees and trafficking victims with continued presence or who are T visa applicants are not required under U.S. immigration laws to have a sponsor, they are not subject to sponsor deeming. https://www.acf.hhs.gov/ofa/resource/policy/pi-ofa/2003/pi2003-2htm-0

18 OFFICE ON TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS, U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., OTIP-FS-16-01, CERTIFICATION FOR ADULT VICTIMS OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING FACT SHEET 1 (2016).

https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification%20Fact%20Sheet%20Posting%20%282%29.pdf. See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b).

¹⁹ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.

²⁰ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1). SIJS applicant with a military connection is eligible without five-year bar. *See* 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(b)(2)(C), 1613(b)(2).

21 8 U.S.C. 1631(f) (Qualified immigrants who have been battered or subjected to extreme cruelty by a spouse, a parent or a member of the spouse's or parent's family are exempt from deeming for 12 months. The exemption from deeming may be extended if the battered immigrant obtains an order from a judge or a ruling from the U.S. Department of Homeland Security recognizing the battering or extreme cruelty the immigrant victim suffered.) (Interim Guidance on Verification of Citizenship, Qualified Alien Status and Eligibility Under Title IV of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, Att'y Gen. Order No. 2129-97, 62 Fed. Reg. 61,344, at 61,371 (Nov. 17, 1997)). http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/1997-doj-interim-guidance-benefits/ See Catherine Longville and Leslye Orloff, Public Benefits: What is "Deeming" and What Are its Exceptions, (January 13, 2015), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/deeming-fact-sheet/; Applicability of Public Charge and Deeming Rules to Immigrant Survivors and Their Children Eligible for Healthcare Subsidies, in NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (April 9, 2015), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/public-charge-deeming/. Qualified immigrants may also be exempt from deeming when they naturalize, when they can show they are credited with 40 qualifying quarters of work, when they qualify for the up to 12 month exception for indigence, or have another form of immigration status does not require sponsorship. See 8 U.S.C. § 1631; DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERVS., OFF. OF FAM. ASSISTANCE, TANF-ACF-PI-2003-03 (Deeming of Sponsor's Income and Resources To A Non-Citizen), (2003), https://www.acf.hhs.gov/ofa/resource/policy/pi-ofa/2003/pi2003-2htm-0

²² NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).

²³ 8 U.S.C. 1631(f) (Qualified immigrants who have been battered or subjected to extreme cruelty by a spouse, a parent or a member of the spouse's or parent's family are exempt from deeming for 12 months. The exemption from deeming may be extended if the battered immigrant obtains an order from a judge or a ruling from the U.S. Department of Homeland Security recognizing the battering or extreme cruelty the immigrant victim suffered.) (Interim Guidance on Verification of Citizenship, Qualified Alien Status and Eligibility Under Title IV of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, Att'y Gen. Order No. 2129-97, 62 Fed. Reg. 61,344, at 61,371 (Nov. 17, 1997)). https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/1997-doj-interim-guidance-benefits/

See Catherine Longville and Leslye Orloff, Public Benefits: What is "Deeming" and What Are its Exceptions, (January 13, 2015), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/deeming-fact-sheet/; Applicability of Public Charge and Deeming Rules to Immigrant Survivors and Their Children Eligible for Healthcare Subsidies, in NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (April 9, 2015), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/public-charge-deeming/. Qualified immigrants may also be exempt from deeming when they naturalize, when they can show they are credited with 40 qualifying quarters of work, when they qualify for the up to 12 month exception for indigence, or have another form of immigraiton status does not require sponsorship. 8 U.S.C. § 1631; DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERVS., OFF. OF FAM. ASSISTANCE, TANF-ACF-PI-2003-03 (Deeming of Sponsor's Income and Resources To A Non-Citizen), (2003), https://www.acf.hhs.gov/ofa/resource/policy/pi-ofa/2003/pi2003-2htm-0

- ²⁴ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.
- ²⁵ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR..., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011)*, https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.
- ²⁶ In determining Child Care Development Fund direct eligibility for subsidized child care, eligibility is based on then citizenship or immigration status of the child. The immigration status of the child's parent or parents is not relevant to this determination. Citizen and qualified immigrant children are directly eligible for all CCDF funded child care, including but not limited to child care provided by non-profit charitable organizations. U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Verification of Citizenship and Immigration Status by Non-Profit Organizations and Head Start Grantees, in OFFICE OF CHILD CARE (May 2, 2008), https://www.acf.hhs.gov/occ/resource/pi-2008-01; NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare pp116-17 053106.pdf. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c).
- ²⁷ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare_pp116-17_053106.pdf. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c).
- ²⁸ See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(2)-(3). NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare_pp116-17_053106.pdf.
- ²⁹ See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b)(1); NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare pp116-17 053106.pdf.
- ³⁰ See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(4). NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare pp116-17 053106.pdf.
- ³¹ See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(4). NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare_pp116-17_053106.pdf.
- ³² OFFICE ON TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS, U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., OTIP-FS-16-01, CERTIFICATION FOR ADULT VICTIMS OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING FACT SHEET 1 (2016), https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification%20Fact%20Sheet%20Posting%20%282%29.pdf; NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare_pp116-17_053106.pdf. See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS certification).
- ³³ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare_pp116-17_053106.pdf; Benish Anver & Leslye E. Orloff, *Immigrant Crime Victim Child Care Access*, NAT'L IMMIGRATION WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (Mar. 13, 2013), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/pb-chart-childcare/; OFFICE ON TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS, U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., OTIP-FS-16-01, CERTIFICATION FOR ADULT VICTIMS OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING FACT SHEET 1 (2016),
- https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification%20Fact%20Sheet%20Posting%20%282%29.pdf. See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b).
- ³⁴ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare_pp116-17_053106.pdf.
- ³⁵ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare pp116-17 053106.pdf.
- ³⁶ In determining Child Care Development Fund direct eligibility for subsidized child care, eligibility is based on then citizenship or immigration status of the child. The immigration status of the child's parent or parents is not relevant to this determination. Citizen and qualified immigrant children are directly eligible for all CCDF funded child care, including but not limited to child care provided by non-profit charitable organizations. U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Verification of Citizenship and Immigration Status by Non-Profit Organizations and Head Start Grantees, in Office of Child Care (May 2, 2008), https://www.acf.hhs.gov/occ/resource/pi-2008-01. NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare pp116-17 053106.pdf. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c).
- ³⁷ 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(b)(2)(A)(ii); Eligibility is based on the citizenship or immigration status of the child. The immigration status of the child's parent or parents is not relevant to this determination. U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Verification of Citizenship and Immigration Status by Non-Profit Organizations and Head Start Grantees, in Office of Child Care (May 2, 2008), https://www.acf.hhs.gov/occ/resource/pi-2008-01. NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare pp116-17 053106.pdf. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).

- ³⁸ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare_pp116-17_053106.pdf.
- ³⁹ In determining Child Care Development Fund direct eligibility for subsidized child care, eligibility is based on then citizenship or immigration status of the child. The immigration status of the child's parent or parents is not relevant to this determination. Citizen and qualified immigrant children are directly eligible for all CCDF funded child care, including but not limited to child care provided by non-profit charitable organizations. U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Verification of Citizenship and Immigration Status by Non-Profit Organizations and Head Start Grantees, in Office of Child Care (May 2, 2008), https://www.acf.hhs.gov/occ/resource/pi-2008-01. NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare_pp116-17_053106.pdf. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c).
- ⁴⁰ 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(b)(2)(A)(ii); Eligibility is based on the citizenship or immigration status of the child. The immigration status of the child's parent or parents is not relevant to this determination. U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Verification of Citizenship and Immigration Status by Non-Profit Organizations and Head Start Grantees, in Office of Child Care (May 2, 2008), https://www.acf.hhs.gov/occ/resource/pi-2008-01. NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare pp116-17 053106.pdf. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).
- ⁴¹ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare_pp116-17_053106.pdf.
- ⁴² NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 116, 117 (4th ed. 2002, rev. 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/childcare_pp116-17_053106.pdf.
- ⁴³ See FOOD & NUTRITION SERV., U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM (SNAP) (2017), https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/eligibility (As with most public benefits, to obtain food stamps, individuals must also meet resource, income, and employment requirements. There is a pre-screening tool to determine if an individual might be eligible for nutrition assistance.); See also SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018). (In general, non-citizens who have lived in the U.S. for 5 years or more, are blind or disabled, are under the age of 18, were admitted for lawful permanent residence with 40 qualifying quarters or are lawfully residing and are on active duty in the U.S. Army, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard or honorably discharged are eligible.)
- ⁴⁴ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; *SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility*, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fins.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018); *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c); See also 8 U.S.C. § 1612(a)(1)-1612(a)(2). Battered immigrants are not subject to deeming for at least 12 months, with the possibility of extension. *See Guidance on Non-Citizen Eligibility*, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, at 31, available at https://fins-prod.azureedge.net/sites/default/files/snap/Non-Citizen_Guidance_063011.pdf (last accessed Apr. 12, 2019)
- ⁴⁵ See 8 USC §1612(a)(2)(A) and (L). Directly eligible for SNAP as refugees and asylees for seven years. However, they retain eligibility past the seven years since they will have transitioned into qualified immigrant status, with indefinite eligibility for SNAP, after five years. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(2)-(3). See also Nat'l Immigration Law Ctr., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(2)-(3). See also Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Guidance on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, at 31, https://fins-prod.azureedge.net/sites/default/files/snap/Non-Citizen_Guidance_063011.pdf (last accessed Mar. 13, 2019). https://fins-prod.azureedge.net/sites/default/files/snap/Non-Citizen_Guidance_063011.pdf (last accessed Mar. 13, 2019). https://fins-prod.azureedge.net/sites/default/files/snap/Non-Citizen_Guidance_063011.pdf
- 46 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(4); NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; *SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility*, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018).
- ⁴⁷See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (1). Eligible to the same extent as refugees. (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS certification. Applicants under age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certification)). NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; *SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility*, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018).
- ⁴⁸ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; *SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility*, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018);. *See* 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certification)).
- ⁴⁹ Office on Trafficking in Persons, U.S. Dep't of Health & Hum. Serv., OTIP-FS-16-01, Certification for Adult Victims of Human Trafficking Fact Sheet 1 (2016), https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification%20Fact%20Sheet%20Posting%20%282%29.pdf. See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b).
- ⁵⁰ 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b). Applicants over age 18 require an HHS certification. Applicants under age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certification). See

 NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility For Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated
 Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. Dep't of Agric., Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program,
 https://www.fins.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018).

- ⁵¹ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; *SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility*, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018).
- ⁵² SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018).
- 53 SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018). Five-year residency includes time in qualified status prior to turning 18. When SIJS children become qualified immigrants, they may be exempt from deeming when they naturalize, or if they can show they are credited with 40 qualifying quarters of work, or if they are eligible for a 12 month exception for indigence, or have another form of immigration status does not require sponsorship. 8 U.S.C. § 1631; Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Guidance on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, at 31-33, https://fns-prod.azureedge.net/sites/default/files/snap/Non-Citizen Guidance 063011.pdf (last accessed Mar. 13, 2019).
- ⁵⁴ SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018). (Although eligibility based on 40 work quarters includes work performed by applicant, spouse, and parents while the applicant was under 18, SIJS youth are generally not able to satisfy this condition.).
- ⁵⁵ SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018). May be subject to deeming.
- ⁵⁶ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; *SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility*, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018).
- ⁵⁷ SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018). (Eligible children are exempt from sponsor deeming.).
- ⁵⁸ SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018). (Five-year residency includes time in qualified status prior to turning 18.). May be subject to deeming.
- ⁵⁹ See SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018). (Although eligibility based on 40 work quarters includes work performed by applicant, spouse, and parents while the applicant was under 18, SIJS youth are generally not able to satisfy this condition.).
- ⁶⁰ SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018). (Born on or before August 22, 1931 and lawfully resided in the U.S. on August 22, 1996.). May be subject to deeming.
- 61 SNAP Policy on Non-Citizen Eligibility, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC., SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/snap-policy-non-citizen-eligibility (last accessed Oct. 24, 2018). May be subject to deeming.
- ⁶² 42 U.S.C.S. § 1786; Women, Infants, and Children (WIC), U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC. FOOD & NUTRITION SERV., https://www.fns.usda.gov/wic/women-infants-and-children-wic (last visited June 14, 2018).
- 63 WIC Contacts, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC. FOOD & NUTRITION SERV., https://www.fns.usda.gov/wic/wic-contacts (last visited June 14, 2018).
- 64 WIC Eligibility Requirements, U.S. DEP'T OF AGRIC. FOOD & NUTRITION SERV., https://www.fns.usda.gov/wic/wic-eligibility-requirements (last visited June 14, 2018).
- 65 WIC Local Offices, N.H. DEP'T HEALTH & HUM. SERVS., https://www.dhhs.nh.gov/dphs/nhp/wic/offices.htm (last visited July 26, 2018).
- 66 25 Tex. Admin. Code § 31.22; Texas WIC Income Guidelines, TX WIC, Apply, https://texaswic.org/apply (last visited July 24, 2018).
- ⁶⁷ Under the Affordable Care Act, in "mixed status" households, each family member may have different eligibility for exchanges and subsidies. NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS: THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT & MIXED-STATUS FAMILIES (rev. 2014), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/11/FAO-ACA-and-mixed-status-families-2014-12-1.pdf.
- ⁶⁸ NAT'L ÎMMIGRATION LAW CTR., "LAWFULLY PRESENT" INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE UNDER THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT 5 (2012, rev. 2016), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/lawfully-present-imm-categories-ACA-2016-07.pdf. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c).
- ⁶⁹ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., "LAWFULLY PRESENT" INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE UNDER THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT 2 (2012, rev. 2016), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/lawfully-present-imm-categories-ACA-2016-07.pdf. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(2).
- ⁷⁰ Cindy Mann, CTR. FOR MEDICARE & MEDICAID SERV., U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., MEDICAID AND CHIP COVERAGE FOR "LAWFULLY RESIDING" CHILDREN AND PREGNANT WOMEN 3 (2010), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/pb-gov-hhslawfullyresidingmedicaid-07-01-10-also-in-qualified-immigrants/. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(3); 45 C.F.R § 152.2(5) (2017) ("A pending applicant for asylum under section 208(a) of the INA (8 U.S.C. § 1158) or for withholding of removal under section 241(b)(3) of the INA (8 U.S.C. § 1231) or under the Convention Against Torture who has been granted employment authorization, and such an applicant under the age of 14 who has had an application pending for at least 180 days.").

- ⁷¹ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., "LAWFULLY PRESENT" INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE UNDER THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT 5 (2012, rev. 2016), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/lawfully-present-imm-categories-ACA-2016-07.pdf. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(4).
- ⁷² NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., "LAWFULLY PRESENT" INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE UNDER THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT 5 (2012, rev. 2016), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/lawfully-present-imm-categories-ACA-2016-07.pdf. *See* 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS certification).
- ⁷³ OFFICE ON TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS, U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., OTIP-FS-16-01, CERTIFICATION FOR ADULT VICTIMS OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING FACT SHEET 1 (2016), https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification%20Fact%20Sheet%20Posting%20%282%29.pdf. See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b).
- ⁷⁴ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., "LAWFULLY PRESENT" INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE UNDER THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT 5 (2012, rev. 2016), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/lawfully-present-imm-categories-ACA-2016-07.pdf. *See* 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS certification. Applicants under age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certification)).
- ⁷⁵ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., "LAWFULLY PRESENT" INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE UNDER THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT 1, 1 n.4, 4-5 n.8 (2012, rev. 2016), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/lawfully-present-imm-categories-ACA-2016-07.pdf (DACA recipients are the only deferred action recipients not eligible for insurance under the ACA.).

 ⁷⁶ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., "LAWFULLY PRESENT" INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE UNDER THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT 5 (2012, rev. 2016), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/lawfully-present-imm-categories-ACA-2016-07.pdf.
- ⁷⁷ U visa bona fide determinations come with deferred action which is protection from deportation and which makes U visa applicants eligible for health care as lawfully residing immigrant. Cindy Mann, CTR. FOR MEDICAID SERV., U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., MEDICAID AND CHIP COVERAGE FOR "LAWFULLY RESIDING" CHILDREN AND PREGNANT WOMEN 3 (2010), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/pb-gov-hhslawfullyresidingmedicaid-07-01-10-also-in-qualified-immigrants/.
- ⁷⁸ Cindy Mann, CTR. FOR MEDICARE & MEDICAID SERV., U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., MEDICAID AND CHIP COVERAGE FOR "LAWFULLY RESIDING" CHILDREN AND PREGNANT WOMEN 3 (2010), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/pb-gov-hhslawfullyresidingmedicaid-07-01-10-also-in-qualified-immigrants/; Carly Erickson & Leslye E. Orloff, *U-Visa Victim Benefits under the Affordable Care Act (ACA)*, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (June 18, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/u-visa-healthcare-aca/.
- ⁷⁹ Carly Erickson & Leslye E. Orloff, *U-Visa Victim Benefits under the Affordable Care Act (ACA)*, NAT'L IMMGR. WOMEN'S ADVOC. PROJECT (June 18, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/u-visa-healthcare-aca/; NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., "LAWFULLY PRESENT" INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE UNDER THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT 5-6 (2012, rev. 2016), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/lawfully-present-imm-categories-ACA-2016-07.pdf.
- ⁸⁰ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., "LAWFULLY PRESENT" INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE UNDER THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT 1 (2012, rev. 2016), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/lawfully-present-imm-categories-ACA-2016-07.pdf (DACA coverage limited to those "lawfully present" in the United States).
- 81 Footnotes in this section contain additional details on health care subsidies, including co-pays that may be required. They contain further state by state information on health care access for immigrant survivors of domestic and sexual violence. See MORGAN, LEWIS & BOCKIUS, LLP Chapter 17.1: Emergency Medicaid Urgent Medical Services for Immigrant Crime Victims and Children, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (December 2016), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/ch17-1-emergencymedicaid; see id. Chapter 17.2: Coverage for Forensic Costs for Immigrant crime Victims: Medical Coverage and Services (February 12, 2017) http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/ch17-2-forensiccoverageimmvictims; see id. Chapter 17.3: Post-Assault Healthcare and Crime Victim Compensation for Immigrant
- Victims of Violence (June 13, 2017) http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/ch17-3-postassault-healthcare-compensation; see id. Chapter 17.4: Pre-Natal and Child Health Care for Immigrant Victims and Their Children (February 17, 2017) http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/ch17-4-prenatal-care.
- 82 42 C.R.F. § 435.406(2)(i); 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c); NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility*
- ⁸³ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011)*, https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.
- 84 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(b)(2)(A); 1613. Federal eligibility for Medicaid for refugees and asylees extends for the first seven years after attaining that status; however, in most states their eligibility can continue past this seven-year limitation, since by seven years they may have become lawful permanent residents with 40 qualifying quarters of work credit and will have satisfied the five-year bar to access to Medicaid. See 8 U.S.C. § 1612(b)(2)(B). Or, they may be a veteran and/or a member of a veteran's family, for whom the five-year bar and seven-year limit do not apply. See 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(b)(2)(C), 1613(b)(2). States can also continue to provide benefits once the mandated seven-year federal coverage period for refugees and asylees ends. See also Nat'l Immigration Law Ctr., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct.
- 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. See state law citations in this chart to identify if this state provides benefits for asylees and refugees beyond the seven-year limitation.
- ⁸⁵ 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b)(1). Human trafficking victims with HHS certification or an HHS determination letter are eligible as refugees for 7 years. To continue to receive benefits once 7 years has passed since they received their HHS certification or HHS determination letter, they will need to file for and be granted a T visa. This allows them to continue to qualify for public benefits as qualified immigrants. So long as the trafficking victim files for a T visa soon after receiving HHS certification or determination, they should gain qualified immigrant status and the 5-year bar will be completed prior to reaching the 7-year limit on refugee benefits. States can also continue to provide benefits once the mandated seven-year federal coverage period for refugees and asylees ends.

See also Nat'l Immigration Law Ctr., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. See state law citations in this chart to identify if this state provides benefits for asylees and refugees beyond the seven-year limitation.

- ⁸⁶ See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(4).
- 87 NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. *See* 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS certification. Applicants under age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certification)). *See also* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(4). Human trafficking victims with HHS certification or an HHS determination letter are eligible as refugees for 7 years. To continue to receive benefits once 7 years has passed, since they received their HHS certification or HHS determination letter, they will need to file for and be granted a T visa. This allows them to continue to qualify for public benefits as qualified immigrants. So long as the trafficking victim files for a T visa soon after receiving HHS certification or determination, they should gain qualified immigrant status and the 5-year bar will be completed prior to reaching the 7-year limit on refugee benefits.
- ⁸⁸ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; Office on Trafficking in Persons, U.S. Dep't of Health & Hum. Serv., OTIP-FS-16-01, Certification for Adult Victims of Human Trafficking Fact Sheet 1 (2016), https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification%20Fact%20Sheet%20Posting%20%282%29.pdf. *See* 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b).
- ⁸⁹ 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b)(1). Bona fide T visa applicants with HHS certification, trafficking victims under 18 with HHS eligibility determination, and family members with T visa status are eligible for public benefits to the same extent as refugees. NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17*, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. *See* 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS certification. Applicants under age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certification)).
- ⁹⁰ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.
- ⁹¹ NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011)*, https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.
- ⁹² NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide* To Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).
- 93 NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.
- 94 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1). NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.
- ⁹⁵ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).
- ⁹⁶ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.
- ⁹⁷ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.
- ⁹⁸ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.
- ⁹⁹Victims of Crime Act (VOCA) compensation for crime victims is a program providing services necessary to protect health and safety of crime victims that helps victims heal and overcome the emotional and financial impact of crime victimization on their lives. VOCA compensation is separate from and does not fall within the definitions of "federal public benefit" or "state public benefit" under U.S. public benefits laws and thus is open to all crime victims without regard to immigration status. *See*, Joye E. Frost, Office for Victims of Crime, U.S. Department of Justice, Letter ro Cassie T Jones Alabama Crime Victims' Compensation Commission (July 2, 2010) available at https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/ojp-ovc-letter-on-access-to-voca-victim-compensation-7-2-2010; For an overview of what types of victim compensation are covered by VOCA compensation programs in each state *see*, Leslye Orloff, Katelyn Deibler and Annie Roebuck, *Post-Assault Healthcare and Victims of Crime Act Coverage for Domestic and Sexual Violence Victims* (July 18, 2018) available at: https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/post-assault-coverage-chart; and: Sarah Andrews, Vanessa Brown, Aurora de Heer, Joseph Leonard, Ryan Lighty, Katherine O'Keefe, Celia Soehner, William Springer, Josh Sterling, Linda Way-Smith, Beau Yanoshik, Morgan Lewis and Bockius, LLP and NIWAP, *Post-Assault Healthcare and Crime Victim Compensation for Immigrant Victims of Violence Medical Coverage and Services for Immigrants* (July 13, 2018) available at https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/ch17-3-postassault-healthcare-compensation (contains a more detailed discussion of VOCA compensation available in each state with links and citations).

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- ¹⁰¹ Footnotes in this section contain additional details on health care subsidies including co-pays that may be required. They contain further state by state information on health care access for immigrant survivors of domestic and sexual violence. *See* MORGAN, LEWIS & BOCKIUS, LLP *Chapter 17.1: Emergency Medicaid Urgent Medical Services for Immigrant Crime Victims and Children*, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (December 2016), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/ch17-1-emergencymedicaid; *see id. Chapter 17.2: Coverage for Forensic Costs for Immigrant crime Victims: Medical Coverage and Services* (February 12, 2017)
- http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/ch17-2-forensiccoverageimmvictims; see id. Chapter 17.3: Post-Assault Healthcare and Crime Victim Compensation for Immigrant Victims of Violence (June 13, 2017) http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/ch17-3-postassault-healthcare-compensation; see id. Chapter 17.4: Pre-Natal and Child Health Care For Immigrant Victims and Their Children (February 17, 2017) http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/ch17-4-prenatal-care.
- ¹⁰² 42 C.R.F. § 435.406(2)(i); 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c); NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17*, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table ovrw fedprogs/.
- ¹⁰³ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011)*, https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.
- 104 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(b)(2)(A); 1613. Federal eligibility for Medicaid for refugees and asylees extends for the first seven years after attaining that status; however, in most states their eligibility can continue past this seven-year limitation, since by seven years they may have become lawful permanent residents with 40 qualifying quarters of work credit and will have satisfied the five-year bar to access to Medicaid. See 8 U.S.C. § 1612(b)(2)(B). Or, they may be a veteran and/or a member of a veteran's family, for whom the five-year bar and seven-year limit do not apply. See 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(b)(2)(C), 1613(b)(2). States can also continue to provide benefits once the mandated seven-year federal coverage period for refugees and asylees ends. See also Nat'l Immigration Law Ctr., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct.
- 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. See state law citations in this chart to identify if this state provides benefits for asylees and refugees beyond the seven-year limitation.
- 105 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b)(1). Human trafficking victims with HHS certification or an HHS determination letter are eligible as refugees for 7 years. To continue to receive benefits once 7 years has passed since they received their HHS certification or HHS determination letter, they will need to file for and be granted a T visa. This allows them to continue to qualify for public benefits as qualified immigrants. So long as the trafficking victim files for a T visa soon after receiving HHS certification or determination, they should gain qualified immigrant status and the 5-year bar will be completed prior to reaching the 7-year limit on refugee benefits. States can also continue to provide benefits once the mandated seven-year federal coverage period for refugees and asylees ends. See also Nat'l Immigration Law Ctr., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. See state law citations in this chart to identify if this state provides benefits for asylees and refugees beyond the seven-year limitation.
- ¹⁰⁶ See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(4).
- ¹⁰⁷ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. *See* 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS certification. Applicants under age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certification)).
- 108 NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; Office on Trafficking in Persons, U.S. Dep't of Health & Hum. Serv., OTIP-FS-16-01, Certification For Adult Victims of Human Trafficking Fact Sheet 1 (2016), https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification%20Fact%20Sheet%20Posting%20%282%29.pdf. *See* 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b).
- 109 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b)(1). Bona fide T visa applicants with HHS certification, trafficking victims under 18 with HHS eligibility determination, and family members with T visa status are eligible for public benefits to the same extent as refugees. NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. *See* 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS certification).
- 110 NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table ovrw fedprogs/.
- 111 NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011)*, https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.
- 112 NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011)*, https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table ovrw fedprogs/.
- 113 NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1); *see also* N.H. Code Admin. R. He-W 616.02 (New Hampshire follows federal policy.).
- 114 NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.

- 115 NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20, footnote 7 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.
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- 117 NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/.
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- ¹¹⁹ See generally Office of Fed. Student Aid, U.S. Dep't of Educ., Federal Student Aid Handbook 2016-2017 (2016),
- https://ifap.ed.gov/fsahandbook/attachments/1617FSAHbkActiveIndexMaster.pdf (The information in this section applies to all student financial aid including grants and loans.).
 120 OFFICE OF FED. STUDENT AID, U.S. DEP'T OF EDUC., MANY NON-U.S. CITIZENS QUALIFY FOR FEDERAL STUDENT AID (last visited Mar. 5, 2018),
- https://studentaid.ed.gov/sa/eligibility/non-us-citizens; Daniel T. Madzelan, OFFICE. OF POST-SECONDARY EDUC., U.S. DEP'T OF EDUC., ELIGIBILITY FOR TITLE IV AID FOR "BATTERED IMMIGRANTS-QUALIFIED ALIENS" AS PROVIDED FOR IN THE VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN ACT (2007), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/pb-gov-memovawapetitionsgrantsloans-6-4-10/. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c); OFFICE OF FED. STUDENT AID, U.S. DEP'T OF EDUC., FEDERAL STUDENT AID HANDBOOK 2016-2017 1-33, 1-34 (2016), https://ifap.ed.gov/fsahandbook/attachments/1617FSAHbkActiveIndexMaster.pdf.
- ¹²¹ OFFICE OF FED. STUDENT AID, U.S. DEP'T OF EDUC., MANY NON-U.S. CITIZENS QUALIFY FOR FEDERAL STUDENT AID (last visited Mar. 5, 2018), https://studentaid.ed.gov/sa/eligibility/non-us-citizens. *See* 8 U.S.C. §§ 1641(b)(2)-(3), (c)(4); OFFICE OF FED. STUDENT AID, U.S. DEP'T OF EDUC., FEDERAL STUDENT AID HANDBOOK 2016-2017 1-29 (2016), https://ifap.ed.gov/fsahandbook/attachments/1617FSAHbkActiveIndexMaster.pdf.
- ¹²² OFFICE OF FED. STUDENT AID, U.S. DEP'T OF EDUC., MANY NON-U.S. CITIZENS QUALIFY FOR FEDERAL STUDENT AID (last visited Mar. 5, 2018), https://studentaid.ed.gov/sa/eligibility/non-us-citizens. *See* 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b); OFFICE OF FED. STUDENT AID, U.S. DEP'T OF EDUC., FEDERAL STUDENT AID HANDBOOK 2016-2017 1-33 (2016), https://ifap.ed.gov/fsahandbook/attachments/1617FSAHbkActiveIndexMaster.pdf.
- ¹²³ OFFICE OF FED. STUDENT AID, U.S. DEP'T OF EDUC., MANY NON-U.S. CITIZENS QUALIFY FOR FEDERAL STUDENT AID (last visited Mar. 5, 2018), https://studentaid.ed.gov/sa/eligibility/non-us-citizens.
- ¹²⁴ OFFICE OF FED. STUDENT AID, U.S. DEP'T OF EDUC., MANY NON-U.S. CITIZENS QUALIFY FOR FEDERAL STUDENT AID (last visited Mar. 5, 2018), https://studentaid.ed.gov/sa/eligibility/non-us-citizens. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).
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- 126 Plyler v. Doe 457 U.S. 202 (1982); U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION, STUDENTS, IMMIGRATION STATUS, AND THE RIGHT TO PUBLIC EDUCATION (JUNE 20, 2021) https://blog.ed.gov/2021/07/students-immigration-status-and-the-right-to-public-education/.
- 127 U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement, Memo: Undocumented Students Authorized to Enroll in Post-Secondary Educational Institutions (July 24, 2008)

 https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/pb-gov-dhsundocstudentpost2ndeduaccess-7-24-08. This law applies to all states except those that have implemented state laws or policies that limit or deny enrollment in public colleges or universities which are Alabama, Georgia and South Carolina. (Current as of July 2021). See, NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., Current State Laws and Policies on Access to Higher Education for Immigrants (July 2021)

 https://www.nilc.org/issues/education/eduaccesstoolkit/eduaccesstoolkit/eduaccesstoolkit/2/#maps.
- 128 U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement, Memo: Undocumented Students Authorized to Enroll in Post-Secondary Educational Institutions (July 24, 2008)

 https://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/pb-gov-dhsundocstudentpost2ndeduaccess-7-24-08. This law applies to all states except those that have implemented state laws or policies that limit or deny enrollment in public colleges or universities which are Alabama, Georgia and South Carolina. (Current as of July 2021). See, NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., Current State Laws and Policies on Access to Higher Education for Immigrants (July 2021)

 https://www.nilc.org/issues/education/eduaccesstoolkit/eduaccesstoolkit/eduaccesstoolkit/2/#maps.
- 129 RSA 187-A:16 XXIII (January 1, 2013) http://www.gencourt.state.nh.us/legislation/2012/HB1383.html
- ¹³⁰ See Toolkit: Access to Postsecondary Education, NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR. (Oct. 2017), https://www.nilc.org/issues/education/eduaccesstoolkit2a/#tables; NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., Current State Laws and Policies on Access to Higher Education for Immigrants (July 2021) https://www.nilc.org/issues/education/eduaccesstoolkit2/#maps;; NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., Education https://www.nilc.org/issues/education/eduaccesstoolkit2/#maps;; NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., Education https://www.nilc.org/issues/education/eduaccesstoolkit2/#maps;; NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., Education https://www.nilc.org/issues/education/eduaccesstoolkit2/#maps;

- ¹³¹ SOC. SECURITY ADMIN., UNDERSTANDING SUPPLEMENTAL SECURITY INCOME SSI ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS 2017 EDITION (2017), https://www.ssa.gov/ssi/text-eligibility-ussi.htm (While the chart shows eligibility to apply for SSI benefits by immigration status, those with qualified immigration statuses must also meet all other eligibility requirements. To obtain SSI benefits individuals must be aged 65 or over, blind, or disabled; and have limited income, limited resources, be a resident of one of the 50 states, DC, or Northern Mariana Islands, and not be absent from the country for a full calendar month, in addition to other requirements.).
- 132 NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; Soc. Security Admin., Spotlight on SSI Benefits for Aliens (2017), https://www.ssa.gov/ssi/spotlights/spot-non-citizens.htm. *See* 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(a)(2)(E) (prior SSI), 1612(a)(2)(F) (current disability), 1641(c) (battered immigrant).
- 134 Noncitizen Eligibility for Federal Public Assistance: Policy Overview, Congressional Research Service, Alison Siskin, Specialist in Immigration Policy (Dec. 12, 2016) (p. 10, note a), https://fas.org/sgp/crs/misc/RL33809.pdf. In 2018, \$5,280 = 4 quarters of work credit. https://www.ssa.gov/oact/cola/QC.html.
- 135 NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; Soc. Security Admin., Spotlight on SSI Benefits for Aliens (2017), https://www.ssa.gov/ssi/spotlights/spot-non-citizens.htm. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1) (Due to the work requirement, few SIJS children will qualify, although work done by the applicant, parent or spouse counts toward the 40 quarters of work.).
- ¹³⁶ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 9: State-Funded SSI Replacement Programs in GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 108 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Mar. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/tbl9 state-ssi 2011-03 NEdeleted2014-04.pdf.*
- ¹³⁷ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 9: State-Funded SSI Replacement Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 108 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Mar. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/tbl9 state-ssi 2011-03 NEdeleted2014-04.pdf.
- 138 NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; Soc. Security Admin., Spotlight on SSI Benefits for Aliens (2017), https://www.ssa.gov/ssi/spotlights/spot-non-citizens.htm. *See* 8 U.S.C.§ 1641(b)(2)-(3). For some Federal programs such as SSI, a general bar applies where qualified immigrants are ineligible, unless they have attained LPR status with 40 qualifying quarters and satisfy the five-year bar, have a specified military connection, or fall within other limited exceptions. See 8 U.S.C. 1612(a)(2). For refugees and asylees, this bar does not apply until seven years after the date that they are admitted to refugee or asylee status; however, § 1612(b)(2) lists exceptions that independently lift the bar after seven years.
- ¹³⁹ See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b).
- 14022 U.S.C. § 7105(b)(1). T visa holders, bona fide T visa applicants with HHS certification, trafficking victims under 18 with HHS eligibility determination, and family members with T visa status are eligible for public benefits to the same extent as refugees. See 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(a)(1)-(2); 1613. Federal eligibility for refugees and asylees extends for the first seven years after attaining that status. However, § 1612(b)(2) lists exceptions that independently lift the seven year limit; including, if they have attained LPR status with 40 qualifying quarters, are a veteran, and/or a member of a veteran's family. See § 1641(b)(2)-(3). States can also continue to provide benefits once the mandated seven year federal coverage period for refugees and asylees ends. See state law citations in this chart to identify if this state provides benefits for asylees and refugees beyond the seven year limitation. NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Progr
- ¹⁴¹ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; Soc. Security Admin., Spotlight on SSI Benefits for Aliens (2017), https://www.ssa.gov/ssi/spotlights/spot-non-citizens.htm. *See* 8 U.S.C.§§ 1612(a)(2)(E) (prior SSI), 1612(a)(2)(F) (current disability), 1641(c)(4) (trafficking victims).
- ¹⁴² See 8 U.S.C. § 1612(a)(2)(H).
- ¹⁴³ See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(4).
- ¹⁴⁴ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 9: State-Funded SSI Replacement Programs in GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 108 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Mar. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/tbl9 state-ssi 2011-03 NEdeleted2014-04.pdf.*
- ¹⁴⁵ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 9: State-Funded SSI Replacement Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 108 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Mar. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/tbl9 state-ssi 2011-03 NEdeleted2014-04.pdf.
- 146 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b); See NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; Soc. Security Admin., Spotlight on SSI Benefits for Aliens (2017), https://www.ssa.gov/ssi/spotlights/spot-non-citizens.htm.
- ¹⁴⁷ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 9: State-Funded SSI Replacement Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 108 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Mar. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/tbl9_state-ssi_2011-03_NEdeleted2014-04.pdf.
- Noncitizen Eligibility for Federal Public Assistance: Policy Overview, Congressional Research Service, Alison Siskin, Specialist in Immigration Policy (Dec. 12, 2016) (p. 10, note a), https://fas.org/sgp/crs/misc/RL33809.pdf. In 2018, \$5,280 = 4 quarters of work credit. https://www.ssa.gov/oact/cola/QC.html.

- ¹⁴⁹ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; Soc. Security Admin., Spotlight on SSI Benefits for Aliens (2017),
- https://www.ssa.gov/ssi/spotlights/spot-non-citizens.htm. See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1) (Due to the work requirement, few SIJS children will qualify, although work done by the applicant, parent or spouse counts toward the 40 quarters of work.).
- ¹⁵⁰ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 9: State-Funded SSI Replacement Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 108 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Mar. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/tbl9 state-ssi 2011-03 NEdeleted2014-04.pdf.
- Noncitizen Eligibility for Federal Public Assistance: Policy Overview, Congressional Research Service, Alison Siskin, Specialist in Immigration Policy (Dec. 12, 2016) (p. 10, note a), https://fas.org/sgp/crs/misc/RL33809.pdf. In 2018, \$5,280 = 4 quarters of work credit. https://www.ssa.gov/oact/cola/QC.html.
- 152 NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* Guide to Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/; Soc. Security Admin., Spotlight on SSI Benefits for Aliens (2017), https://www.ssa.gov/ssi/spotlights/spot-non-citizens.htm. *See* 8 U.S.C. §§ 1612(a)(2)(B) (LPR eligibility for SSI), 1612(a)(2)(E) (prior SSI), 1612(a)(2)(F) (current disability), 1641(b)(1) (LPR qualified immigrant status).
- ¹⁵³ See 8 U.S.C. § 1612(a)(2)(H).
- ¹⁵⁴ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 9: State-Funded SSI Replacement Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 108 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Mar. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/tbl9 state-ssi 2011-03 NEdeleted2014-04.pdf.
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- 156 NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in Guide to Immigrant El*
- ¹⁵⁷ NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT, ACCEPTABLE FORMS OF DOCUMENTATION AND IDENTIFICATION FOR STATE DRIVER'S LICENSE/IDENTIFICATION CARD (SEPTEMBER 5, 2014) 1 (2014), http://library.niwap.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/Drivers-License-Access.pdf.
- 158 REAL ID Act of 2005, 49 U.S.C. § 30301 Note (2005). See also 6 C.F.R. § 37.11 (g) (2012); Joan Friedland, Updates on REAL ID and Increased Information Sharing by Departments of Motor Vehicles, NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., (Jan. 8, 2018), https://www.nilc.org/news/the-torch/1-04-18/.
- ¹⁵⁹ See 6 C.F.R. § 37.11(g)(1) (2012).
- ¹⁶⁰ See SAVE CaseCheck, U.S. CITIZENSHIP & IMMGR. SERVS., https://www.uscis.gov/save/casecheck (last visited July 9, 2018). For special rules and step-by-step instructions for SAVE verification in cases of VAWA self-petitioners, see PIH NOTICE 2017-02 (HA), VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN ACT (VAWA) SELF-PETITIONER VERIFICATION PROCEDURES (2017), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/hud-vawa-self-petitioner-verification-procedures/ and Benish Anver, Alexandra Brown and Leslye E. Orloff, HOW TO ADVOCATE FOR PUBLIC AND ASSISTED HOUSING FOR YOUR BATTERED IMMIGRANT OR TRAFFICKING SURVIVOR CLIENT (2017) http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/pub-asst-housing-advocacy.
- ¹⁶¹ See 6 C.F.R. § 37.11(g)(2) (2012); Cindy Mann, CTR. FOR MEDICARE & MEDICAID SERV., U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., MEDICAID AND CHIP COVERAGE FOR "LAWFULLY RESIDING" CHILDREN AND PREGNANT WOMEN 2 (2010), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/pb-gov-hhslawfullyresidingmedicaid-07-01-10-also-in-qualified-immigrants/ (For example, the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services has identified categories of lawfully present immigrants for purposes of Medicaid and CHIP eligibility. These individuals should be able to access full Real ID compliant driver's licenses without waiting for work authorization. This may be an area for advocacy in individual cases).
- ¹⁶² See 6 C.F.R. § 37.11(h) (2012); NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., THE REAL ID ACT: QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS 8-9 (2016), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/11/REAL-ID-Act-O-and-A.pdf.
- ¹⁶³ VAWA self-petitioners receive employment authorization once their case has been approved. Trafficking victims receive legal work authorization based on HHS certification for victims with continued presence and for T visa applicants with bona fide determinations. U visa applicants will receive work authorization after their case has been wait-list approved based on deferred action. Asylum applicants become eligible for work authorization approximately 6 months after filing for asylum. DACA recipients receive work authorization based on deferred action and SIJS children receive work authorization once they are granted lawful permanent residency. Once an immigrant receives legal work authorization from DHS they can apply for and receive a Social Security Number.
- ¹⁶⁴ NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT, ACCEPTABLE FORMS OF DOCUMENTATION AND IDENTIFICATION FOR STATE DRIVER'S LICENSE/IDENTIFICATION CARD (SEPTEMBER 5, 2014) 1 (2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/drivers-license-access/.
- ¹⁶⁵ Driver Licensing Non-US Citizen, N.H. DEP'T OF SAFETY DIV. OF MOTOR VEHICLES, https://www.nh.gov/safety/divisions/dmv/driver-licensing/non-us-citizen/index.htm (last visited May 30, 2018); see Under 18, N.H. DEP'T OF SAFETY DIV. OF MOTOR VEHICLES, Apply for a Driver License, https://www.nh.gov/safety/divisions/dmv/driver-licensing/apply/under-18.htm (last visited May 20, 2018).

- ¹⁶⁶ U.S. Dep't of Justice, Dep't of Health & Human Servs. & Dep't of Hous. & Human Dev., Joint Letter on Immigrant Access to Shelter and Transitional Housing (Aug. 5, 2016), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/joint-letter-hud-hhs-ad-doj-immigrant-access-shelter-transitional-housing-aug-2016/ (stating that services must be in-kind, available regardless of income, and provided at the community level). *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1611(b)(1)(D).
- ¹⁶⁷ CATHERINE LONGVILLE & LESLYE E. ORLOFF, PROGRAMS OPEN TO IMMIGRANT VICTIMS AND TO ALL IMMIGRANTS WITHOUT REGARD TO IMMIGRATION STATUS 1 (2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/programs-open-to-all-immigrants/; *Three Federal Agencies Issue Joint Letter on Shelters and Transitional Housing*, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (Aug. 12, 2016), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/joint-agency-letter-shelters-transitional-housing/.
- ¹⁶⁸ Emergency Solutions Grant, N.H. DEP'T OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVS., https://www.dhhs.nh.gov/news-and-media/rfa-2023-dehs-04-emerg-emergency-solutions-grant (last visited Sept. 3, 2022).
- ¹⁶⁹ Shelter Services, N.H. DEP'T OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVS., https://www.dhhs.nh.gov/dcbcs/bhhs/shelter.htm (last visited May 24, 2018).
- ¹⁷⁰ Immigrants including victims who are lawfully residing in the United States or its territories and possessions under section 141 of the Compacts of Free Association between the U.S. and the Governments of the Marshall Islands, the Federated States of Micronesia and Palau are eligible for public and assisted housing. HUD PUBLIC AND INDIAN HOUSING, Eligibity Determination and Denial of Assistance, Citizenship Status 10 (November 2019) available at:
- https://www.hud.gov/sites/dfiles/PIH/documents/HCV_Guidebook_Eligibility_Determination_and_Denial_of_Assistance.pdf (last visited Aug. 27. 2022) (However in Guam, such immigrants are not entitled to a preference in receiving housing assistance over a U.S. citizen or national resident who is otherwise eligible for such assistance).
- ¹⁷¹ See generally NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in LIST OF SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS FOR THE WEBINAR: "IMMIGRANT ACCESS TO FEDERALLY ASSISTED HOUSING" (FEB. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/ (contains lists of housing programs that are unrestricted and lists of housing programs that various forms of immigration restrictions).
- ¹⁷² For detailed information about Low Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC) funding housing eligibility and how to find LIHTC funded units in communities across the country see, VAWA Home: Rights for Survivors in LIHTC https://www.vawahome.com/ (last visited February 10, 2022).
- HUD public and assisted housing refers to HUD assisted housing covered by Section 214 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1980, 42 U.S.C. § 1436a. See Housing Act. Section 2.14, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT, http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/housing-act-sec 214/ (last visited Mar. 9, 2018); DEP'T OF HOUS. & URBAN DEV., PIH NOTICE 2017-02 (HA), VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN ACT (VAWA) SELF-PETITIONER VERIFICATION PROCEDURES (2017), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/hud-vawa-self-petitioner-verification-procedures/; TONYA ROBINSON, ACTING GENERAL COUNSEL, C., U.S. DEP'T OF HOUS. & URBAN DEV., MEMORANDUM FOR SECRETARY JULIAN CASTRO ON ELIGIBILITY OF BATTERED NONCITIZEN SELF-PETITIONERS FOR FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE UNDER SECTION 214 OF THE HOUSING AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT ACT OF 1980 (2016), http://library.niwap.org/wp-content/uploads/Eligibility-of-VAWA-Self-Petitioners-2016-12-14.pdf; U.S. DEP'T OF HOUS. & URBAN DEV., HUD HANDBOOK 4350.3: OCCUPANCY REQUIREMENTS OF SUBSIDIZED MULTIFAMILY HOUSING PROGRAMS at Appendix 2-B (2013), https://www.hud.gov/sites/documents/43503HSGH.PDF (instructions for verifying battered immigrant eligibility for multi-family programs) (referring to the *Interim Guidance on Verification of Citizenship, Qualified Alien Status, and Eligibility* Under Title IV of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, 62 FR 61344 at
- 174 USDA RURAL HOUSING SERVICE, Interim Rule, *Reinvention of the Sections 514, 515, 516 and 521 Multi-Family Housing Programs*, 69 Fed. Reg. 69032 (Nov. 26, 2004) (to be codified at 7 C.F.R. pt. 1806, 1822, 1902, 1925 ("Appendix 2 to the HUD Handbook 4350.3 is incorporated into internal Agency procedures."); USDA RURAL HOUSING SERVICE, Interim Final Rule, *Reinvention of the Sections 514, 515, 516 and 521 Multi-Family Housing Programs*, 70 Fed. Reg. 8503 (Feb. 22, 2005) (to be codified at 7 C.F.R. 3560) (deciding "to delay implementation of the sections listed below in order to harmonize its procedures with HUD under 42 U.S.C. 1436a"); DEP'T OF HOUS. & URBAN DEV., HUD HANDBOOK 4350.3: OCCUPANCY REQUIREMENTS OF SUBSIDIZED MULTIFAMILY HOUSING PROGRAMS at Appendix 2-B (2013),
- https://www.hud.gov/sites/documents/43503HSGH.PDF (instructions on verifying battered immigrant eligibility for HUD multi-family programs) (referring to the *Interim Guidance on Verification of Citizenship, Qualified Alien Status, and Eligibility* Under Title IV of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, 62 FR 61344 at Exhibit B to Attachment 5) (Nov. 17, 1997); DEP'T OF HOUS. & URBAN DEV., PIH NOTICE 2017-02 (HA), VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN ACT (VAWA) SELF-PETITIONER VERIFICATION PROCEDURES (2017), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/hud-vawa-self-petitioner-verification-procedures/; MEMORANDUM FOR SECRETARY JULIAN CASTRO ON ELIGIBILITY OF BATTERED NONCITIZEN SELF-PETITIONERS FOR FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE UNDER SECTION 214 OF THE HOUSING AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT ACT OF 1980 (2016), http://library.niwap.org/wp-content/uploads/Eligibility-of-VAWA-Self-Petitioners-2016-12-14.pdf. *See also* 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c).

 175 See 42 U.S.C. § 1485.

Exhibit B to Attachment 5 (Nov. 17, 1997)). See also 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c).

- ¹⁷⁶ NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in LIST OF SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS FOR THE WEBINAR: "IMMIGRANT ACCESS TO FEDERALLY ASSISTED HOUSING" (FEB. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/ (stating that Section 514/516: Lessee (but not household) must be U.S. Citizen or lawful permanent resident). See 7 C.F.R. § 3560.11 (including immediate family member).

 ¹⁷⁷ See 7 C.F.R. § 3560.158(d); USDA MFH ASSET MANAGEMENT HANDBOOK HB 2-3650, § 6.30(D) (stating that a remaining family member who is a co-tenant or member of the
- household, who has the legal capacity to sign the lease, and is a U.S. citizen or qualified immigrant, may remain in the housing after the original tenant has departed); *NHLP*, *Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017)*, *reprinted in* List of Supporting Documents for the Webinar: "Immigrant Access to Federally Assisted Housing" (Feb. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/; *see also* 8 U.S.C. §§ 1641(c).
- ¹⁷⁸ See 42 U.S.C. § 1484(f)(3)(A), 1486(g)(4) (Sections 514 and 516 Farm Labor Housing); NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in LIST OF SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS FOR THE WEBINAR: "IMMIGRANT ACCESS TO FEDERALLY ASSISTED HOUSING" (FEB. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/ ("Section 514/516: Lessee (but not household) must be U.S. Citizen or lawful permanent resident.").
- ¹⁷⁹ See 42 U.S.C. § 1490(a); NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in LIST OF SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS FOR THE WEBINAR: "IMMIGRANT ACCESS TO FEDERALLY ASSISTED HOUSING" (FEB. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/. NH ADC HE-W 699.05; Emergency Assistance, N.H. DEP'T OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVS., https://www.dhhs.nh.gov/dfa/tanf/emergency.htm (last visited June 14, 2018). (Must be eligible for TANF, but are not required to have filed for or received TANF cash assistance.)
- ¹⁸¹ NH ADC HE-W 699.05; *Emergency Assistance*, N.H. DEP'T OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVS., https://www.dhhs.nh.gov/dfa/tanf/emergency.htm (last visited June 14, 2018).
- ¹⁸² See HUD Limits, N.H. HOUS., http://www.nhhfa.org/hud-limits (last visited June 14, 2018). New Hampshire Housing allocates the Low Income Housing Tax Credits (LIHTC). The LIHTC program does not impose immigrant restrictions. However, when housing units use these federally funded tax credits or other federally funded subsidies, the housing units with this combination of funding would only be available to immigrants, including VAWA self-petitioners, who could meet the eligibility requirements of the federal subsidies involved. See, DEP'T OF HOUS. & URBAN DEV., PIH NOTICE 2017-02 (HA), VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN ACT (VAWA) SELF-PETITIONER VERIFICATION PROCEDURES (2017), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/hud-vawa-self-petitioner-verification-procedures/.
- ¹⁸³ NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. *See* 8 U.S.C. §§ 1641(b)(2)-(3), (c)(4). ¹⁸⁴ *See* 42 U.S.C. § 1485.
- ¹⁸⁵ See 42 U.S.C. § 1490(a); see also 8 U.S.C. §§ 1641(b)(2)-(3), (c)(4); NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in LIST OF SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS FOR THE WEBINAR: "IMMIGRANT ACCESS TO FEDERALLY ASSISTED HOUSING" (Feb. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/.
- ¹⁸⁶ NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in LIST OF SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS FOR THE WEBINAR: "IMMIGRANT ACCESS TO FEDERALLY ASSISTED HOUSING" (FEB. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/ (stating that Section 514/516: Lessee (but not household) must be U.S. Citizen or lawful permanent resident). See 7 C.F.R. § 3560.11 (including immediate family member).
- ¹⁸⁷ See 7 C.F.R. § 3560.158(d); USDA MFH ASSET MANAGEMENT HANDBOOK HB 2-3650, § 6.30(D) (stating that a remaining family member who is a co-tenant or member of the household, who has the legal capacity to sign the lease, and is a U.S. citizen or qualified immigrant, may remain in the housing after the original tenant has departed); NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in LIST OF SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS FOR THE WEBINAR: "IMMIGRANT ACCESS TO FEDERALLY ASSISTED HOUSING" (Feb. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/; see also 8 U.S.C. §§ 1641(b)(2)-(3), (c)(4).
- ¹⁸⁸ See 42 U.S.C. § 1484(f)(3)(A), 1486(g)(4) (Sections 514 and 516 Farm Labor Housing).
- ¹⁸⁹ NH ADC HE-W 699.05; *Emergency Assistance*, N.H. DEP'T OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVS., https://www.dhhs.nh.gov/dfa/tanf/emergency.htm (last visited June 14, 2018). (Must be eligible for TANF, but are not required to have filed for or received TANF cash assistance.)
- ¹⁹⁰ NH ADC HE-W 699.05; *Emergency Assistance*, N.H. DEP'T OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVS., https://www.dhhs.nh.gov/dfa/tanf/emergency.htm (last visited June 14, 2018).
- ¹⁹¹ See HUD Limits, N.H. HOUS., http://www.nhhfa.org/hud-limits (last visited June 14, 2018). New Hampshire Housing allocates the Low Income Housing Tax Credits (LIHTC). The LIHTC program does not impose immigrant restrictions. However, when housing units use these federally funded tax credits or other federally funded subsidies, the housing units with this combination of funding would only be available to immigrants who could meet the eligibility requirements of the federal subsidies involved.
- ¹⁹² See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS certification. Applicants under age 18 require an HHS eligibility determination (not a certification)). NIWAP American University, Washington College of Law

- ¹⁹³ NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table_ovrw_fedprogs/. *See also* 22 U.S.C. 7105(b); OFFICE ON TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS, U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., OTIP-FS-16-01, CERTIFICATION FOR ADULT VICTIMS OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING FACT SHEET 1 (2016), https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification%20Fact%20Sheet%20Posting%20%282%29.pdf.
- 194 See OFFICE ON TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS, U.S. DEP'T OF HEALTH & HUM. SERV., OTIP-FS-16-01, CERTIFICATION FOR ADULT VICTIMS OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING FACT SHEET 1 (2016), https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification%20Fact%20Sheet%20Posting%20%282%29.pdf; 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b)(1)(B) (requirement to expand benefits and services); see also 22 U.S.C. 7105(b); 42 U.S.C. § 1485 (Section 515 Rural Housing); 42 U.S.C. § 1490(a) (Section 521 housing assistance); 42 U.S.C. § 1484(f)(3)(A), 1486(g)(4) (Sections 514 and 516 Farm Labor Housing). NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in LIST OF SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS FOR THE WEBINAR: "IMMIGRANT ACCESS TO FEDERALLY ASSISTED HOUSING" (FEB. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/.
- ¹⁹⁵ NH ADC HE-W 699.05; *Emergency Assistance*, N.H. DEP'T OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVS., https://www.dhhs.nh.gov/dfa/tanf/emergency.htm (last visited June 14, 2018). (Must be eligible for TANF, but are not required to have filed for or received TANF cash assistance.)
- ¹⁹⁶ NH ADC HE-W 699.05; *Emergency Assistance*, N.H. DEP'T OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVS., https://www.dhhs.nh.gov/dfa/tanf/emergency.htm (last visited June 14, 2018).
- ¹⁹⁷ See HUD Limits, N.H. HOUS., http://www.nhhfa.org/hud-limits (last visited June 14, 2018). New Hampshire Housing allocates the Low Income Housing Tax Credits (LIHTC). The LIHTC program does not impose immigrant restrictions. However, when housing units use these federally funded tax credits or other federally funded subsidies, the housing units with this combination of funding would only be available to immigrants who could meet the eligibility requirements of the federal subsidies involved.
- ¹⁹⁸ See 42 U.S.C. § 1485 (2011); NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in List of Supporting Documents for the Webinar: "Immigrant Access to Federally Assisted Housing" (Feb. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/.
- ¹⁹⁹ May also be eligible for proration in HUD or USDA housing programs, or for federal housing assistance from other unrestricted programs. *See* 7 C.F.R. § 3560.11 (2012). ²⁰⁰ *See HUD Limits*, N.H. HOUS., http://www.nhhfa.org/hud-limits (last visited June 14, 2018). New Hampshire Housing allocates the Low Income Housing Tax Credits (LIHTC). The LIHTC program does not impose immigrant restrictions. However, when housing units use these federally funded tax credits or other federally funded subsidies, the housing units with this combination of funding would only be available to immigrants, including who could meet the eligibility requirements of the federal subsidies involved. DACA applicants will only qualify if the housing is LIHTC only or LIHTC is combined with one of the USDA programs listed above.
- ²⁰¹ See 42 U.S.C. § 1485 (2011); NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in List of Supporting Documents for the Webinar: "Immigrant Access to Federally Assisted Housing" (Feb. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/.
- ²⁰² May also be eligible for proration in HUD or USDA housing programs, or for federal housing assistance from unrestricted programs. See 7 C.F.R. § 3560.11 (2012).
- ²⁰³ See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).
- ²⁰⁴ NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table ovrw fedprogs/.
- ²⁰⁵ See 42 U.S.C. § 1490(a) (2011) (Section 521 rental assistance); 42 U.S.C. §§ 1484(f)(3)(A), 1486(g)(4) (2010) (Sections 514 and 516 Farm Labor Housing); 42 U.S.C. § 1485 (2011) (Section 515 Rural Rental Housing).
- ²⁰⁶ See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1) (2012).
- ²⁰⁷ NH ADC HE-W 699.05; *Emergency Assistance*, N.H. DEP'T OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVS., https://www.dhhs.nh.gov/dfa/tanf/emergency.htm (last visited June 14, 2018). (Must be eligible for TANF, but are not required to have filed for or received TANF cash assistance.)
- ²⁰⁸ NH ADC HE-W 699.05; *Emergency Assistance*, N.H. DEP'T OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVS., https://www.dhhs.nh.gov/dfa/tanf/emergency.htm (last visited June 14, 2018).
- ²⁰⁹ See HUD Limits, N.H. HOUS., http://www.nhhfa.org/hud-limits (last visited June 14, 2018). New Hampshire Housing allocates the Low Income Housing Tax Credits (LIHTC). The LIHTC program does not impose immigrant restrictions. However, when housing units use these federally funded tax credits or other federally funded subsidies, the housing units with this combination of funding would only be available to immigrants who could meet the eligibility requirements of the federal subsidies involved. SIJS applicants and recipients prior to receipt of lawful permanent residency will only qualify if the housing is LIHTC only or LIHTC is combined with one of the USDA programs listed above.

 ²¹⁰ See 42 U.S.C. § 1485 (2011); NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in LIST OF SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS FOR THE WEBINAR: "IMMIGRANT ACCESS TO FEDERALLY ASSISTED HOUSING" (FEB. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-

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- ²¹¹ May also be eligible for proration in HUD or USDA housing programs, or for federal housing assistance from unrestricted programs. See 7 C.F.R. § 3560.11 (2012).
- ²¹² See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).
- ²¹³ NAT'L IMMIGR. L. CTR., *Table 1: Overview of Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Programs in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 17, 17-20 (4th ed. 2002, table updated Oct. 2011), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/table ovrw fedprogs/.
- ²¹⁴ See 42 U.S.C. § 1490(a) (2011) (Section 521 rental assistance); 42 U.S.C. § 1484(f)(3)(A), 1486(g)(4) (2010) (Sections 514 and 516 Farm Labor Housing); 42 U.S.C. § 1485 (2011) (Section 515 Rural Rental Housing).
- ²¹⁵ See 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1) (2012).
- ²¹⁶ NH ADC HE-W 699.05; *Emergency Assistance*, N.H. DEP'T OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVS., https://www.dhhs.nh.gov/dfa/tanf/emergency.htm (last visited June 14, 2018). (Must be eligible for TANF, but are not required to have filed for or received TANF cash assistance.)
- ²¹⁷ NH ADC HE-W 699.05; *Emergency Assistance*, N.H. DEP'T OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVS., https://www.dhhs.nh.gov/dfa/tanf/emergency.htm (last visited June 14, 2018).
- ²¹⁸ See HUD Limits, N.H. HOUS., http://www.nhhfa.org/hud-limits (last visited June 14, 2018). New Hampshire Housing allocates the Low Income Housing Tax Credits (LIHTC). The LIHTC program does not impose immigrant restrictions. However, when housing units use these federally funded tax credits or other federally funded subsidies, the housing units with this combination of funding would only be available to immigrants who could meet the eligibility requirements of the federal subsidies involved. Prior to receipt of lawful permanent residency applicants approved for the U visa wait list will only qualify if the housing is LIHTC only or LIHTC is combined with one of the USDA programs listed above.
- ²¹⁹ See 42 U.S.C. § 1485 (2011); NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in List of Supporting Documents for the Webinar: "Immigrant Access to Federally Assisted Housing" (Feb. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/.
- ²²⁰ May also be eligible for proration in HUD or USDA housing programs, or for federal housing assistance from unrestricted programs. See 7 C.F.R. § 3560.11 (2012).
- ²²¹ NH ADC HE-W 699.05; *Emergency Assistance*, N.H. DEP'T OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVS., https://www.dhhs.nh.gov/dfa/tanf/emergency.htm (last visited June 14, 2018). (Must be eligible for TANF, but are not required to have filed for or received TANF cash assistance.)
- ²²² NH ADC HE-W 699.05; *Emergency Assistance*, N.H. DEP'T OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVS., https://www.dhhs.nh.gov/dfa/tanf/emergency.htm (last visited June 14, 2018).
- ²²³ See HUD Limits, N.H. HOUS., http://www.nhhfa.org/hud-limits (last visited June 14, 2018). New Hampshire Housing allocates the Low Income Housing Tax Credits (LIHTC). The LIHTC program does not impose immigrant restrictions. However, when housing units use these federally funded tax credits or other federally funded subsidies, the housing units with this combination of funding would only be available to immigrants who could meet the eligibility requirements of the federal subsidies involved. Prior to receipt of lawful permanent residency applicants approved for the U visa wait list will only qualify if the housing is LIHTC only or LIHTC is combined with one of the USDA programs listed above.
- ²²⁴ See 42 U.S.C. § 1485 (2011); NHLP, Chart on Federally Assisted Housing and Immigrant Eligibility (Feb. 2017), reprinted in List of Supporting Documents for the Webinar: "Immigrant Access to Federally Assisted Housing" (Feb. 22, 2017) at Attachment A (2017), www.niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/info-packet-webinar-immigrant-access-and-housing/.
- ²²⁵ May also be eligible for proration in HUD or USDA housing programs, or for federal housing assistance from unrestricted programs. See 7 C.F.R. § 3560.11 (2012).
- ²²⁶ See HUD Limits, N.H. HOUS., http://www.nhhfa.org/hud-limits (last visited June 14, 2018). New Hampshire Housing allocates the Low Income Housing Tax Credits (LIHTC). The LIHTC program does not impose immigrant restrictions. However, when housing units use these federally funded tax credits or other federally funded subsidies, the housing units with this combination of funding would only be available to immigrants who could meet the eligibility requirements of the federal subsidies involved.
- ²²⁷ 26 U.S.C. § 24; U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 972, CHILD TAX CREDIT, at 3 (2017).
- ²²⁸ 26 U.S.C. § 24(f); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 972, CHILD TAX CREDIT, at 2 (2017).
- ²²⁹ See https://www.irs.gov/individuals/individual-taxpayer-identification-number (IRS ITIN Information Page).
- ²³⁰ 26 U.S.C.A § 21(b); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 503, CHILD AND DEPENDENT CARE EXPENSES, at 1, 3 (2017).
- ²³¹ U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 503, CHILD AND DEPENDENT CARE EXPENSES, at 3 (2017).
- ²³² U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 503, CHILD AND DEPENDENT CARE EXPENSES, at 2 (2017).
- ²³³ 26 U.S.C. § 32(c)(1)(D); see also 26 U.S.C. § 6013(g); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 5, 18 (2017); see also U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 4 (2017).
- ²³⁴ U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 4 (2017); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 31 (2017).

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- ²³⁵ U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 31-32 (2017); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 7 (2017).
- ²³⁶ U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 1, 31-32 (2018).
- ²³⁷ 26 U.S.C. § 32(c)(1)(D); see also 26 U.S.C. § 6013(g); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 5, 18 (2017); see also U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 4 (2017).
- ²³⁸ U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 4 (2017); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 31 (2017).
- ²³⁹ U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 31-32 (2017); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 7 (2017).
- ²⁴⁰ U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 1, 31-32 (2018).
- ²⁴¹ 26 U.S.C. § 32(c)(1)(D); see also 26 U.S.C. § 6013(g); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 5, 18 (2017); see also U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 4 (2017).
- ²⁴² U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 4 (2017); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 31 (2017).
- ²⁴³ U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 31-32 (2017); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 7 (2017).
- ²⁴⁴ U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 1, 31-32 (2018).
- ²⁴⁵ 26 U.S.C. § 32(c)(1)(D); see also 26 U.S.C. § 6013(g); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 5, 18 (2017); see also U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 4 (2017).
- ²⁴⁶ U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 4 (2017); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 31 (2017).
- ²⁴⁷ U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 31-32 (2017); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 7 (2017).
- ²⁴⁸ U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 1, 31-32 (2018).
- ²⁴⁹ 26 U.S.C. § 32(c)(1)(D); see also 26 U.S.C. § 6013(g); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 5, 18 (2017); see also U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 4 (2017).
- ²⁵⁰ U.S. Dep't of Treasury, I.R.S., pub. 596, Earned Income Credit (EIC), at 4 (2017); U.S. Dep't of Treasury, I.R.S., pub. 519, U.S. Tax Guide for Aliens, at 31 (2017).
- ²⁵¹ U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 31-32 (2017); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 7 (2017).
- ²⁵² U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 1, 31-32 (2018).
- ²⁵³ 26 U.S.C.A § 32(c)(1)(D) (West 2018); see also 26 U.S.C.A § 6013(g) (West 2018).
- ²⁵⁴ U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 1, 4 (2018).
- 255 U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 596, EARNED INCOME CREDIT (EIC), at 4 (2017); U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 31 (2017).
- ²⁵⁶ U.S. DEP'T OF TREASURY, I.R.S., PUB. 519, U.S. TAX GUIDE FOR ALIENS, at 1, 31-32 (2018).
- ²⁵⁷ See Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005, NAT'L LEGAL AID & DEFENDER ASS'N CORNERSTONE Jan.-Apr. 2015, at 20, http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/anti-abuse-lsc-reg-articles-cornerstone_jan-apr-2015/ (describing Legal Services Corporation funded legal services available to immigrant victims of violence and their families).
- appear violent but that are a part of an overall pattern of violence. 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(b) (1996). The definition of battering or extreme cruelty is identical to that in the immigration regulations. See 45 C.F.R. §§ 1626.4(a)(1)(i) (1996) (victim); 45 C.F.R. §§ 1626.4(a)(1)(ii) (1996) (parent of victim); Leslye E. Orloff, Brittnay Roberts & Stefanie Gitler, Battering and Extreme Cruelty: Drawing Examples from Civil Protection Order and Family Law Cases, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (Sept. 12, 2015), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/extreme-cruelty-examples-protection-order/. Compare 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(b) (1997) and 8 C.F.R. § 204.2(c)(1)(vi) (2012).
- ²⁵⁹ The abuse may have occurred either inside or outside of the U.S. *See* RONALD S. FLAGG, GENERAL COUNSEL & VICE PRESIDENT FOR LEGAL AFFAIRS, LEGAL SERVICES CORPORATION, PROGRAM LETTER 14-3: ASSESSING ELIGIBILITY OF ALIENS UNDER 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(c)(1) (2014) (interpreting 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(c)).
- ²⁶⁰ 45 C.F.R. 1626.4 (b) ("Related legal assistance means legal assistance directly related" "to the prevention of, or obtaining relief from, the battery [or] cruelty" and "includes representation in matters that will assist a person eligible for assistance under this part to escape from the abusive situation, ameliorate the current effects of the abuse, or project Amelican University, awashington to be a project of Law".

against future abuse, so long as the recipient can show the necessary connection of the representation to the abuse. Such representation may include immigration law matters and domestic or poverty law matters (such as obtaining civil protective orders, divorce, paternity, child custody, child and spousal support, housing, public benefits, employment, abuse and neglect, juvenile proceedings and contempt actions)."). See also Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005, NAT'L LEGAL AID & DEFENDER ASS'N CORNERSTONE Jan.-Apr. 2015, at 20, http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/anti-abuse-lsc-reg-articles-cornerstone_jan-apr-2015/; Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey, & Leslye E. Orloff, And Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005's New Path to Legal Services Corporation Funded Representation for Immigrant Survivors of Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, Human Trafficking, and Other Crimes, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Nov. 3, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/and-legal-services-for-all/; Catherine Longville, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Guide: Access to Publicly Funded Legal Services for Immigrant Survivors, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Oct. 1, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/lsc-tool-accesspubliclyfundedls/.

²⁶¹ 45 C.F.R. § 1626.5(a).

²⁶² 45 C.F.R. § 1626.5(b).

²⁶³ Upon applying for 45 C.F.R. § 1626.5(b) or receiving lawful permanent residency 45 C.F.R. § 1626.5(a) victim switch eligibility tracks from anti-abuse (which includes a restriction that the legal assistance be related to the abuse 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4 to immigration related eligibility under for 45 C.F.R. § 1626.5 under which applicants are eligible of any legal assistance offered by the LSC funded agency. See Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005, NAT'L LEGAL AID & DEFENDER Ass'n CORNERSTONE Jan.-Apr. 2015, at 20, http://niwaplibrary.wel.american.edu/pubs/anti-abuse-lsc-reg-articles-cornerstone_jan-apr-2015/; Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey, & Leslye E. Orloff, And Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005's New Path to Legal Services Corporation Funded Representation for Immigrant Survivors of Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, Human Trafficking, and Other Crimes, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Nov. 3, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wel.american.edu/pubs/and-legal-services-for-all/; Catherine Longville, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Guide: Access to Publicly Funded Legal Services for Immigrant Survivors, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Oct. 1, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wel.american.edu/pubs/lsc-tool-accesspubliclyfundedls/.

²⁶⁴ OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, FY 2018 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS GRANT PROGRAM PRE-APPLICATION CONFERENCE CALL TUESDAY, DECEMBER 19, 2017, https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/1020436/download ("The purpose of the LAV Program is to increase the availability of civil and criminal legal assistance needed to effectively aid adult and youth victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, at dating violence, at minimum or no cost to the victims. The LAV Grant Program supports the provision of holistic legal services. For example, survivors may also need legal assistance with other legal matters relating to or arising out of the abuse or violence, including family matters such as divorce, child custody or child support, immigration, administrative agency proceedings, housing, and assistance related to human trafficking.").

²⁶⁵ Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2000 § 1512, 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)); Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000, tit. II, § 1201(a), Pub. L. 106-386, 114 Stat. 1464 (2000) [hereinafter VAWA 2000], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/vawa-gov-vawa-2000-pub-l-106-386-10-28-00/.

²⁶⁶ Violence Against Women and Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005 § 103, Pub. L. 109-162, 119 Stat. 2960 (2006) (codified at 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017)) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)) [hereinafter VAWA 2005], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/senate-judicial-hearing-july-19-2005-1/.

²⁶⁷ See, e.g., OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, OVW FY 2017 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS (LAV) GRANT PROGRAM SOLICITATION (2017), https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/922496/download (listing representation of child sexual assault victims under age of 11 as out-of-scope for Legal Assistance for Victims grant funded programs).

²⁶⁸ See 45 C.F.R. § 1626.5(c).

²⁶⁹ See 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(1)(i) (trafficking victim); 45 C.F.R. §§ 1626.4 (a)(1)(ii) (parent of trafficking victim); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(k)(2) (A "victim of trafficking" under the anti-abuse regulation is a victim of any conduct included in the definition of "trafficking" under law, including, but not limited to, local, state, and federal law, and T visa holders regardless of certification from the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS)); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(c)(2)(ii) (stating that to qualify for legal assistance by an LSC funded agency, the trafficking must have occurred in the U.S. or violate U.S. law, 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(c)(1), and the trafficking victim must be present in the U.S. at the time of the application for legal assistance).

²⁷⁰ See 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(2).

²⁷¹ OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, FY 2018 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS GRANT PROGRAM PRE-APPLICATION CONFERENCE CALL TUESDAY, DECEMBER 19, 2017, https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/1020436/download ("The purpose of the LAV Program is to increase the availability of civil and criminal legal American University, Washington College of Law

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assistance needed to effectively aid adult and youth victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking who are seeking relief in legal matters relating to or arising out of that abuse or violence, at minimum or no cost to the victims. The LAV Grant Program supports the provision of holistic legal services. For example, survivors may also need legal assistance with other legal matters relating to or arising out of the abuse or violence, including family matters such as divorce, child custody or child support, immigration, administrative agency proceedings, housing, and assistance related to human trafficking.").

- ²⁷² Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2000 § 1512, 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)); Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000, tit. II, § 1201(a), Pub. L. 106-386, 114 Stat. 1464 (2000) [hereinafter VAWA 2000], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/vawa-gov-vawa-2000-pub-l-106-386-10-28-00/.
- ²⁷³ Violence Against Women and Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005 § 103, Pub. L. 109-162, 119 Stat. 2960 (2006) (codified at 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017)) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)) [hereinafter VAWA 2005], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/senate-judicial-hearing-july-19-2005-1/.
- ²⁷⁴ See, e.g., OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, OVW FY 2017 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS (LAV) GRANT PROGRAM SOLICITATION (2017), https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/922496/download (listing representation of child sexual assault victims under age of 11 as out-of-scope for Legal Assistance for Victims grant funded programs).
- ²⁷⁵ See 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(2)(i)(A) (HHS certified victim); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(2)(ii) (seeking certification); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(j) ("Victim of severe forms of trafficking" means any person described at 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b)(1)(C), with the inclusion of those still seeking HHS certification.); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(c)(1) (stating that to qualify for legal assistance by an LSC funded agency, the victim must be present in the U.S. at the time of the application for legal assistance, 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(c)(2)(ii), and the trafficking must have occurred in the U.S. or violated U.S. law).
- ²⁷⁶ See 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(2)(i)(B) (visa holder); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(2)(ii) (visa applicant); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(c) (stating that eligibility for legal assistance under these provisions does not require HHS certification, 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(2)(ii), although the trafficking must either have occurred in the U.S. or violated U.S. law).
- ²⁷⁷ OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, FY 2018 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS GRANT PROGRAM PRE-APPLICATION CONFERENCE CALL TUESDAY, DECEMBER 19, 2017, https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/1020436/download ("The purpose of the LAV Program is to increase the availability of civil and criminal legal assistance needed to effectively aid adult and youth victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking who are seeking relief in legal matters relating to or arising out of that abuse or violence, at minimum or no cost to the victims. The LAV Grant Program supports the provision of holistic legal services. For example, survivors may also need legal assistance with other legal matters relating to or arising out of the abuse or violence, including family matters such as divorce, child custody or child support, immigration, administrative agency proceedings, housing, and assistance related to human trafficking.").
- ²⁷⁸ Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2000 § 1512, 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)); Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000, tit. II, § 1201(a), Pub. L. 106-386, 114 Stat. 1464 (2000) [hereinafter VAWA 2000], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/vawa-gov-vawa-2000-pub-l-106-386-10-28-00/.
- ²⁷⁹ Violence Against Women and Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005 § 103, Pub. L. 109-162, 119 Stat. 2960 (2006) (codified at 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017)) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)) [hereinafter VAWA 2005], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/senate-judicial-hearing-july-19-2005-1/.

 ²⁸⁰ See, e.g., OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, OVW FY 2017 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS (LAV) GRANT PROGRAM SOLICITATION (2017),

https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/922496/download (listing representation of child sexual assault victims under age of 11 as out-of-scope for Legal Assistance for Victims grant funded programs)

grant funded programs).

- ²⁸¹ See 45 C.F.R. §§ 1626.4(a)(1)(i) (crime victim or family member eligible for U visa relief); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(1)(ii) (parent of U visa eligible child); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(h) (definitions); 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(15)(U)(i)(I)-(a)(15)(U)(iii) (stating that to qualify for a U visa, the victim must have suffered substantial physical or mental abuse as a result of having been a victim of one or more of the following, or any similar activity in violation of Federal, State, or local criminal law: rape; torture; trafficking; incest; domestic violence; sexual assault; abusive sexual contact; prostitution; sexual exploitation; stalking; female genital mutilation; being held hostage; peonage; involuntary servitude; slave trade; kidnapping; abduction; unlawful criminal restraint; false imprisonment; blackmail; extortion; manslaughter; murder; felonious assault; witness tampering; obstruction of justice; perjury; fraud in foreign labor contracting (as defined in section 1351 of title 18); or attempt, conspiracy, or solicitation to commit any of the above mentioned crimes); Leslye E. Orloff, Brittnay Roberts & Stefanie Gitler, *Battering and Extreme Cruelty: Drawing Examples from Civil Protection Order and Family Law Cases*, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (Sept. 12, 2015), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/extreme-cruelty-examples-protection-order/ (suggesting the definition of battering or extreme cruelty is identical to that in the immigration regulations). *Compare* 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(b) *and* 8 C.F.R. § 204.2(c)(1)(vi).
- ²⁸² 45 C.F.R. §§ 1626.4(a)(1)(i) (victim); 45 C.F.R. §§ 1626.4(a)(1)(ii) (parent of victim); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(k) ("Victim of sexual assault or trafficking" means a victim of sexual assault subjected to any conduct included in the definition of sexual assault in VAWA, 42 U.S.C. 13925(a)(29), or a victim of trafficking subjected to any conduct included in the definition of "trafficking" under law, including, but not limited to, local, state, and federal law, and T visa holders regardless of certification from the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.).
- The abuse must either have occurred in the U.S. or violate U.S. law. See 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(c).

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²⁸⁴ Related legal assistance means legal assistance directly related to the prevention of, or obtaining relief from, the battery or cruelty and includes representation in matters that will assist a person eligible for assistance under this part to escape from the abusive situation, ameliorate the current effects of the abuse, or protect against future abuse, so long as the recipient can show the necessary connection of the representation to the abuse. Such representation may include immigration law matters and domestic or poverty law matters (such as obtaining civil protective orders, divorce, paternity, child custody, child and spousal support, housing, public benefits, employment, abuse and neglect, juvenile proceedings and contempt actions). 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4 (b); see also Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005, NAT'L LEGAL AID & DEFENDER ASS'N CORNERSTONE Jan.-Apr. 2015, at 20, http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/anti-abuse-lsc-reg-articles-cornerstone_jan-apr-2015/ (describing Legal Services Corporation funded legal services available to immigrant victims of violence and their families); Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey, & Leslye E. Orloff, And Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005's New Path to Legal Services Corporation Funded Representation for Immigrant Survivors of Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, Human Trafficking, and Other Crimes, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Nov. 3, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/and-legal-services-for-all/; Catherine Longville, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Guide: Access to Publicly Funded Legal Services for Immigrant Survivors, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Oct. 1, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/lsc-tool-accesspubliclyfundedls/.

²⁸⁵ OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, FY 2018 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS GRANT PROGRAM PRE-APPLICATION CONFERENCE CALL TUESDAY, DECEMBER 19, 2017, https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/1020436/download ("The purpose of the LAV Program is to increase the availability of civil and criminal legal assistance needed to effectively aid adult and youth victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking who are seeking relief in legal matters relating to or arising out of that abuse or violence, at minimum or no cost to the victims. The LAV Grant Program supports the provision of holistic legal services. For example, survivors may also need legal assistance with other legal matters relating to or arising out of the abuse or violence, including family matters such as divorce, child custody or child support, immigration, administrative agency proceedings, housing, and assistance related to human trafficking.").

²⁸⁶ Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2000 § 1512, 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)); Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000, tit. II, § 1201(a), Pub. L. 106-386, 114 Stat. 1464 (2000) [hereinafter VAWA 2000], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/vawa-gov-vawa-2000-pub-l-106-386-10-28-00/.

²⁸⁷ Violence Against Women and Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005 § 103, Pub. L. 109-162, 119 Stat. 2960 (2006) (codified at 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017)) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)) [hereinafter VAWA 2005], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/senate-judicial-hearing-july-19-2005-1/.

²⁸⁸ See, e.g. Office on Violence Against Women, U.S. Dep't of Justice, OVW FY 2017 Legal Assistance for Victims (LAV) Grant Program Solicitation (2017), https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/922496/download (listing representation of child sexual assault victims under age of 11 as out-of-scope for Legal Assistance for Victims grant funded programs).

²⁸⁹ 45 C.F.R. §§ 1626.4(a)(1)(i); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(b) ("Battered or subjected to extreme cruelty includes, but is not limited to, being the victim of any act or threatened act of violence, including any forceful detention, which results or threatens to result in physical or mental injury. Psychological or sexual abuse or exploitation, including rape, molestation, incest (if the victim is a minor), or forced prostitution may be considered acts of violence. Other abusive actions may also be acts of violence under certain circumstances, including acts that, in and of themselves, may not initially appear violent but that are a part of an overall pattern of violence."). See Leslye E. Orloff, Brittnay Roberts & Stefanie Gitler, Battering and Extreme Cruelty: Drawing Examples from Civil Protection Order and Family Law Cases, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (Sept. 12, 2015), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/extreme-cruelty-examples-protection-order/ (suggesting the definition of battering or extreme cruelty is identical to that in the immigration regulations). Compare 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(b) and 8 C.F.R. § 204.2(c)(1)(vi).

²⁹⁰ 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(1)(i); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(k) ("Victim of sexual assault or trafficking" means a victim of sexual assault subjected to any conduct included in the definition of sexual assault in VAWA, 42 U.S.C. 13925(a)(29), or a victim of trafficking subjected to any conduct included in the definition of "trafficking" under law, including, but not limited to, local, state, and federal law, and T visa holders regardless of certification from the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.).

²⁹¹ 45 C.F.R. 1626.4(b) ("Related legal assistance means legal assistance directly related" "to the prevention of, or obtaining relief from, the battery [or] cruelty" and "includes representation in matters that will assist a person eligible for assistance under this part to escape from the abusive situation, ameliorate the current effects of the abuse, or protect against future abuse, so long as the recipient can show the necessary connection of the representation to the abuse. Such representation may include immigration law matters and domestic or poverty law matters (such as obtaining civil protective orders, divorce, paternity, child custody, child and spousal support, housing, public benefits, employment, abuse and neglect, juvenile proceedings and contempt actions).").

See also Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005, NAT'L LEGAL AID & DEFENDER ASS'N CORNERSTONE Jan.-Apr. 2015, at 20, http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/anti-abuse-lsc-reg-articles-cornerstone_jan-apr-2015/ (describing Legal Services Corporation funded legal services available to immigrant victims of violence and their families); Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey, & Leslye E. Orloff, And Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005's New Path to Legal Services Corporation Funded Representation for Immigrant Survivors of Domestic NIVAP American University, Washington College of Law

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²⁹³ See 45 C.F.R. § 1626.5(b); Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005, NAT'L LEGAL AID & DEFENDER ASS'N CORNERSTONE Jan.-Apr. 2015, at 20, http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/anti-abuse-lsc-reg-articles-cornerstone_jan-apr-2015/ (describing Legal Services Corporation funded legal services available to immigrant victims of violence and their families); Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey, & Leslye E. Orloff, And Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005's New Path to Legal Services Corporation Funded Representation for Immigrant Survivors of Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, Human Trafficking, and Other Crimes, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Nov. 3, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/and-legal-services-for-all/; Catherine Longville, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Guide: Access to Publicly Funded Legal Services for Immigrant Survivors, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Oct. 1, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/lsc-tool-accesspubliclyfundedls/.

²⁹⁴ OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, FY 2018 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS GRANT PROGRAM PRE-APPLICATION CONFERENCE CALL TUESDAY, DECEMBER 19, 2017, https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/1020436/download ("The purpose of the LAV Program is to increase the availability of civil and criminal legal assistance needed to effectively aid adult and youth victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, and stalking who are seeking relief in legal matters relating to or arising out of that abuse or violence, at minimum or no cost to the victims. The LAV Grant Program supports the provision of holistic legal services. For example, survivors may also need legal assistance with other legal matters relating to or arising out of the abuse or violence, including family matters such as divorce, child custody or child support, immigration, administrative agency

²⁹⁵ Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2000 § 1512, 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)); Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000, tit. II, § 1201(a), Pub. L. 106-386, 114 Stat. 1464 (2000) [hereinafter VAWA 2000], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/vawa-gov-vawa-2000-pub-l-106-386-10-28-00/.

²⁹⁶ Violence Against Women and Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005 § 103, Pub. L. 109-162, 119 Stat. 2960 (2006) (codified at 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017)) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)) [hereinafter VAWA 2005], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/senate-judicial-hearing-july-19-2005-1/.

²⁹⁷ See, e.g., OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, OVW FY 2017 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS (LAV) GRANT PROGRAM SOLICITATION (2017), https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/922496/download (listing representation of child sexual assault victims under age of 11 as out-of-scope for Legal Assistance for Victims grant funded programs).

²⁹⁸ 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(1)(i) (crime victim or family member eligible for U visa relief); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(1)(ii) (parent of U visa eligible child); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(h) (definitions); 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(15)(U)(i)(I)-(a)(15)(U)(iii) (stating that to qualify for a U visa, the victim must have suffered substantial physical or mental abuse as a result of having been a victim of one or more of the following, or any similar activity in violation of Federal, State, or local criminal law: rape; torture; trafficking; incest; domestic violence; sexual assault; abusive sexual contact; prostitution; sexual exploitation; stalking; female genital mutilation; being held hostage; peonage; involuntary servitude; slave trade; kidnapping; abduction; unlawful criminal restraint; false imprisonment; blackmail; extortion; manslaughter; murder; felonious assault; witness tampering; obstruction of justice; perjury; fraud in foreign labor contracting (as defined in section 1351 of title 18); or attempt, conspiracy, or solicitation to commit any of the above mentioned crimes). ²⁹⁹ To qualify for legal representation by an LSC funded agency, the abuse must either have occurred inside the U.S. or violated U.S. law. 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(c)(1). 300 "Related legal assistance means legal assistance directly related" "to the prevention of, or obtaining relief from, the battery [or] cruelty" and "includes representation in matters that will assist a person eligible for assistance under this part to escape from the abusive situation, ameliorate the current effects of the abuse, or protect against future abuse, so long as the recipient can show the necessary connection of the representation to the abuse. Such representation may include immigration law matters and domestic or poverty law matters (such as obtaining civil protective orders, divorce, paternity, child custody, child and spousal support, housing, public benefits, employment, abuse and neglect, juvenile proceedings and contempt actions)." 45 C.F.R. 1626.4 (b); see also Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005, NAT'L LEGAL AID & DEFENDER ASS'N CORNERSTONE Jan.-Apr. 2015, at 20, http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/anti-abuse-lsc-reg-articlescornerstone jan-apr-2015/; Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey, & Leslye E. Orloff, And Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005's New Path to Legal Services Corporation Funded Representation for Immigrant Survivors of Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, Human Trafficking, and Other Crimes, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Nov. 3, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/and-legal-services-for-all/; Catherine Longville, Henrissa Bassev & Leslye E. Orloff, Guide: Access to Publicly Funded Legal Services for Immigrant Survivors, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Oct. 1, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/lsc-tool-accesspubliclyfundedls/.

³⁰¹ See 45 C.F.R. § 1626.5(a).

³⁰² See 45 C.F.R. § 1626.5(b); Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005, NAT'L LEGAL AID & DEFENDER ASS'N CORNERSTONE Jan.-Apr. 2015, at 20, http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/anti-abuse-lsc-reg-articles-cornerstone_jan-apr-2015/; Benish American University, Washington College of Law

Anver, Henrissa Bassey, & Leslye E. Orloff, And Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005's New Path to Legal Services Corporation Funded Representation for Immigrant Survivors of Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, Human Trafficking, and Other Crimes, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Nov. 3, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/and-legal-services-for-all/; Catherine Longville, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Guide: Access to Publicly Funded Legal Services for Immigrant Survivors, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Oct. 1, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/lsc-tool-accesspubliclyfundedls/.

³⁰³OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, FY 2018 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS GRANT PROGRAM PRE-APPLICATION CONFERENCE CALL TUESDAY, DECEMBER 19, 2017, https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/1020436/download ("The purpose of the LAV Program is to increase the availability of civil and criminal legal assistance needed to effectively aid adult and youth victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking who are seeking relief in legal matters relating to or arising out of that abuse or violence, at minimum or no cost to the victims. The LAV Grant Program supports the provision of holistic legal services. For example, survivors may also need legal assistance with other legal matters relating to or arising out of the abuse or violence, including family matters such as divorce, child custody or child support, immigration, administrative agency proceedings, housing, and assistance related to human trafficking.").

³⁰⁴ Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2000 § 1512, 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)); Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000, tit. II, § 1201(a), Pub. L. 106-386, 114 Stat. 1464 (2000) [hereinafter VAWA 2000], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/vawa-gov-vawa-2000-pub-l-106-386-10-28-00/.

³⁰⁵ Violence Against Women and Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005 § 103, Pub. L. 109-162, 119 Stat. 2960 (2006) (codified at 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017)) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)) [hereinafter VAWA 2005], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/senate-judicial-hearing-july-19-2005-1/.

³⁰⁶ See, e.g., Office on Violence Against Women, U.S. Dep't of Justice, OVW FY 2017 Legal Assistance for Victims (LAV) Grant Program Solicitation (2017), https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/922496/download (listing representation of child sexual assault victims under age of 11 as out-of-scope for Legal Assistance for Victims grant funded programs).

³⁰⁷ See 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(1)(i) (crime victim or family member eligible for U visa relief); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(1)(ii) (parent of U visa eligible child); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(h) (definitions); 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(15)(U)(i)(I)-(a)(15)(U)(iii) (stating that to qualify for a U visa, the victim must have suffered substantial physical or mental abuse as a result of having been a victim of one or more of the following, or any similar activity in violation of Federal, State, or local criminal law: rape; torture; trafficking; incest; domestic violence; sexual assault; abusive sexual contact; prostitution; sexual exploitation; stalking; female genital mutilation; being held hostage; peonage; involuntary servitude; slave trade; kidnapping; abduction; unlawful criminal restraint; false imprisonment; blackmail; extortion; manslaughter; murder; felonious assault; witness tampering; obstruction of justice; perjury; fraud in foreign labor contracting (as defined in section 1351 of title 18); or attempt, conspiracy, or solicitation to commit any of the above mentioned crimes). ³⁰⁸ To qualify for legal representation by an LSC funded agency, the abuse must either have occurred inside the U.S. or violated U.S. law. 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(c)(1). ³⁰⁹ 45 C.F.R. 1626.4 (b) ("Related legal assistance means legal assistance directly related" "to the prevention of, or obtaining relief from, the battery [or] cruelty" and "includes representation in matters that will assist a person eligible for assistance under this part to escape from the abusive situation, ameliorate the current effects of the abuse, or protect against future abuse, so long as the recipient can show the necessary connection of the representation to the abuse. Such representation may include immigration law matters and domestic or poverty law matters (such as obtaining civil protective orders, divorce, paternity, child custody, child and spousal support, housing, public benefits, employment, abuse and neglect, juvenile proceedings and contempt actions)."). See also Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005, NAT'L LEGAL AID & DEFENDER ASS'N CORNERSTONE Jan.-Apr. 2015, at 20, http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/anti-abuse-lsc-reg-articlescornerstone jan-apr-2015/ (describing Legal Services Corporation funded legal services available to immigrant victims of violence and their families); Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey, & Leslye E. Orloff, And Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005's New Path to Legal Services Corporation Funded Representation for Immigrant Survivors of Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, Human Trafficking, and Other Crimes, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Nov. 3, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/and-legal-services-for-all/; Catherine Longville, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Guide: Access to Publicly Funded Legal Services for Immigrant Survivors, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Oct. 1, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/lsc-tool-accesspubliclyfundedls/.

³¹⁰ OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, FY 2018 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS GRANT PROGRAM PRE-APPLICATION CONFERENCE CALL TUESDAY, DECEMBER 19, 2017, https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/1020436/download ("The purpose of the LAV Program is to increase the availability of civil and criminal legal assistance needed to effectively aid adult and youth victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking who are seeking relief in legal matters relating to or arising out of that abuse or violence, at minimum or no cost to the victims. The LAV Grant Program supports the provision of holistic legal services. For example, survivors may also need legal assistance with other legal matters relating to or arising out of the abuse or violence, including family matters such as divorce, child custody or child support, immigration, administrative agency proceedings, housing, and assistance related to human trafficking.").

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- ³¹¹ Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2000 § 1512, 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)); Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000, tit. II, § 1201(a), Pub. L. 106-386, 114 Stat. 1464 (2000) [hereinafter VAWA 2000], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/vawa-gov-vawa-2000-pub-l-106-386-10-28-00/.
- 312 Violence Against Women and Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005 § 103, Pub. L. 109-162, 119 Stat. 2960 (2006) (codified at 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017)) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)) [hereinafter VAWA 2005], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/senate-judicial-hearing-july-19-2005-1/.
 313 See, e.g., Office on Violence Against Women, U.S. Dep't of Justice, OVW FY 2017 Legal Assistance for Victims (LAV) Grant Program Solicitation (2017), https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/922496/download (listing representation of child sexual assault victims under age of 11 as out-of-scope for Legal Assistance for Victims grant funded programs).
- includes, but is not limited to, being the victim of any act or threatened act of violence, including any forceful detention, which results or threatens to result in physical or mental injury. Psychological or sexual abuse or exploitation, including rape, molestation, incest (if the victim is a minor), or forced prostitution may be considered acts of violence. Other abusive actions may also be acts of violence under certain circumstances, including acts that, in and of themselves, may not initially appear violent but that are a part of an overall pattern of violence. The definition of battering or extreme cruelty is identical to that in the immigration regulations." *See* Leslye E. Orloff, Brittnay Roberts & Stefanie Gitler, *Battering and Extreme Cruelty: Drawing Examples from Civil Protection Order and Family Law Cases*, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (Sept. 12, 2015), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/extreme-cruelty-examples-protection-order/. *Compare* 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(b) (1997) *and* 8 C.F.R. § 204.2(c)(1)(vi) (2012).

 315 See 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(1)(i) (victim); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(a)(1)(ii) (parent of victim); 45 C.F.R. § 1626.2(k) ("Victim of sexual assault or trafficking" means a victim of sexual assault subjected to any conduct included in the definition of "trafficking" under law, including, but not limited to, local, state, and federal law, and T visa holders regardless of certification from the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.).
- The abuse must either have occurred in the U.S. or violate U.S. law. See 45 C.F.R. § 1626.4(c).
- 317 See also 45 C.F.R. 1626.4(b) ("Related legal assistance means legal assistance directly related to the prevention of, or obtaining relief from, the battery or cruelty and includes representation in matters that will assist a person eligible for assistance under this part to escape from the abusive situation, ameliorate the current effects of the abuse, or protect against future abuse, so long as the recipient can show the necessary connection of the representation to the abuse. Such representation may include immigration law matters and domestic or poverty law matters (such as obtaining civil protective orders, divorce, paternity, child custody, child and spousal support, housing, public benefits, employment, abuse and neglect, juvenile proceedings and contempt actions)."; Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005, NAT'L LEGAL AID & DEFENDER ASS'N CORNERSTONE Jan.-Apr. 2015, at 20, http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/anti-abuse-lsc-reg-articles-cornerstone_jan-apr-2015/; Benish Anver, Henrissa Bassey, & Leslye E. Orloff, And Legal Services Access for All: Implementing the Violence Against Women Act of 2005's New Path to Legal Services Corporation Funded Representation for Immigrant Survivors of Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, Human Trafficking, and Other Crimes, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Nov. 3, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/and-legal-services-for-all/; Catherine Longville, Henrissa Bassey & Leslye E. Orloff, Guide: Access to Publicly Funded Legal Services for Immigrant Survivors, NAT'L IMMIGRANT WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT (NIWAP), (Oct. 1, 2014), http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/lsc-tool-accesspubliclyfundedls/.
- ³¹⁸OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, FY 2018 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS GRANT PROGRAM PRE-APPLICATION CONFERENCE CALL TUESDAY, DECEMBER 19, 2017, https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/1020436/download ("The purpose of the LAV Program is to increase the availability of civil and criminal legal assistance needed to effectively aid adult and youth victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking who are seeking relief in legal matters relating to or arising out of that abuse or violence, at minimum or no cost to the victims. The LAV Grant Program supports the provision of holistic legal services. For example, survivors may also need legal assistance with other legal matters relating to or arising out of the abuse or violence, including family matters such as divorce, child custody or child support, immigration, administrative agency proceedings, housing, and assistance related to human trafficking.").

³²¹ See, e.g., OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN, U.S. DEP'T OF JUSTICE, OVW FY 2017 LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS (LAV) GRANT PROGRAM SOLICITATION (2017), https://www.justice.gov/ovw/page/file/922496/download (listing representation of child sexual assault victims under age of 11 as out-of-scope for Legal Assistance for Victims grant funded programs).

³¹⁹ Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2000 § 1512, 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)); Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000, tit. II, § 1201(a), Pub. L. 106-386, 114 Stat. 1464 (2000) [hereinafter VAWA 2000], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/vawa-gov-vawa-2000-pub-l-106-386-10-28-00/.

³²⁰ Violence Against Women and Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005 § 103, Pub. L. 109-162, 119 Stat. 2960 (2006) (codified at 34 U.S.C. § 10441 (2017)) (originally codified at 42 U.S.C. § 3796gg (2000)) [hereinafter VAWA 2005], http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/pubs/senate-judicial-hearing-july-19-2005-1/.

- ³²² NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Low-Income Home Energy (LIHEAP) and Weatherization Assistance Programs (WAP) in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 150, 150-51 (4th ed. 2002, rev. May 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/liheapwap_pp150-51_053006.pdf.
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- ³²⁴ Weatherization Assistance Program, N.H. OFFICE OF STRATEGIC INITIATIVES, https://www.nh.gov/osi/energy/programs/weatherization/ (last visited May 24, 2018); Fuel Assistance Program, N.H. OFFICE OF STRATEGIC INITIATIVES, https://www.nh.gov/osi/energy/programs/fuel-assistance/ (last visited May 24, 2018).
- 325 NH ADC HE-W 699.05; *Emergency Assistance*, N.H. DEP'T OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVS., https://www.dhhs.nh.gov/dfa/tanf/emergency.htm (last visited June 14, 2018). (Must be eligible for TANF, but are not required to have filed for or received TANF cash assistance.)
- ³²⁶ NH ADC HE-W 699.05; *Emergency Assistance*, N.H. DEP'T OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVS., https://www.dhhs.nh.gov/dfa/tanf/emergency.htm (last visited June 14, 2018).
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- ³²⁹ Weatherization Assistance Program, N.H. OFFICE OF STRATEGIC INITIATIVES, https://www.nh.gov/osi/energy/programs/weatherization/ (last visited May 24, 2018); Fuel Assistance Program, N.H. OFFICE OF STRATEGIC INITIATIVES, https://www.nh.gov/osi/energy/programs/fuel-assistance/ (last visited May 24, 2018).
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- https://traffickingresourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/Certification%20Fact%20Sheet%20Posting%20%282%29.pdf. See 22 U.S.C. § 7105(b) (Applicants over age 18 require an HHS certification).
- ³³⁴ Weatherization Assistance Program, N.H. OFFICE OF STRATEGIC INITIATIVES, https://www.nh.gov/osi/energy/programs/weatherization/ (last visited May 24, 2018); Fuel Assistance Program, N.H. OFFICE OF STRATEGIC INITIATIVES, https://www.nh.gov/osi/energy/programs/fuel-assistance/ (last visited May 24, 2018).
- 335 NH ADC HE-W 699.05; *Emergency Assistance*, N.H. DEP'T OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVS., https://www.dhhs.nh.gov/dfa/tanf/emergency.htm (last visited June 14, 2018). (Must be eligible for TANF, but are not required to have filed for or received TANF cash assistance.)
- ³³⁶ NH ADC HE-W 699.05; *Emergency Assistance*, N.H. DEP'T OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVS., https://www.dhhs.nh.gov/dfa/tanf/emergency.htm (last visited June 14, 2018).
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- ³⁴⁰ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Low-Income Home Energy (LIHEAP) and Weatherization Assistance Programs (WAP) in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 150, 150-51 (4th ed. 2002, rev. May 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/liheapwap_pp150-51_053006.pdf. *See* 8 U.S.C. § 1640(b)(1).
- ³⁴¹ Weatherization Assistance Program, N.H. OFFICE OF STRATEGIC INITIATIVES, https://www.nh.gov/osi/energy/programs/weatherization/ (last visited May 24, 2018); Fuel Assistance Program, N.H. OFFICE OF STRATEGIC INITIATIVES, https://www.nh.gov/osi/energy/programs/fuel-assistance/ (last visited May 24, 2018).
- 342 NH ADC HE-W 699.05; *Emergency Assistance*, N.H. DEP'T OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVS., https://www.dhhs.nh.gov/dfa/tanf/emergency.htm (last visited June 14, 2018). (Must be eligible for TANF, but are not required to have filed for or received TANF cash assistance.)

- ³⁴³ NH ADC HE-W 699.05; *Emergency Assistance*, N.H. DEP'T OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVS., https://www.dhhs.nh.gov/dfa/tanf/emergency.htm (last visited June 14, 2018).
- ³⁴⁴ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Low-Income Home Energy (LIHEAP) and Weatherization Assistance Programs (WAP) in* GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 150, 150-51 (4th ed. 2002, rev. May 2006), https://www.nilc.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/liheapwap_pp150-51_053006.pdf.
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- ³⁴⁸ NH ADC HE-W 699.05; *Emergency Assistance*, N.H. DEP'T OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVS., https://www.dhhs.nh.gov/dfa/tanf/emergency.htm (last visited June 14, 2018).
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- ³⁵² NH ADC HE-W 699.05; *Emergency Assistance*, N.H. DEP'T OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVS., https://www.dhhs.nh.gov/dfa/tanf/emergency.htm (last visited June 14, 2018).
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- ³⁵⁶ NAT'L IMMIGRATION LAW CTR., *Disaster Assistance: Food, Shelter, Cash Payments, Loans, and Other Help for Victims of Major Disasters in GUIDE TO IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 162*, 162-64 (4th ed. 2002, rev. Oct. 2017), https://www.nilc.org/issues/economic-support/disaster-help/.
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- ³⁷² See FED. EMERGENCY MGMT. AGENCY, FEMA CITIZENSHIP/IMMIGRATION REQUIREMENTS (2015), https://www.fema.gov/faq-details/FEMA-Citizenship-Immigration-requirements-1370032118159 (stating that undocumented individuals can apply on behalf of a minor US citizen child who has a social security card).
- ³⁷³ To be eligible for unemployment insurance, each class of immigrant must have had prior work authorization and had to have been working with the authorization at the time they applied for unemployment. Work authorization must remain valid while they receive unemployment and if work authorization expires, then so does the eligibility for unemployment.
- ³⁷⁴ 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(1)(B)(i), or (ii); or 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(2), or (3).
- ³⁷⁵ 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(3).
- ³⁷⁶ INA § 208(d)(2); 8 C.F.R. § 274a.12(c)(8); 8 C.F.R. § 274a.12(a)(5).8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(2).
- ³⁷⁷ 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(4).
- ³⁷⁸ 8 U.S.C. § 1641(c)(4).
- ³⁷⁹ See Rebecca Smith, *Immigrant Workers' Eligibility for Unemployment Insurance*, NAT'L EMPLOYMENT LAW PROJECT (Mar. 31, 2020), https://www.nelp.org/publication/immigrant-workers-eligibility-unemployment-insurance/ ("The general rule is that workers must have valid work authorization during the base period, at the time that they apply for benefits, and throughout the period during which they are receiving benefits.").
- ³⁸⁰ 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).
- ³⁸¹ 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b)(1).
- ³⁸² See Rebecca Smith, Immigrant Workers' Eligibility for Unemployment Insurance, NAT'L EMPLOYMENT LAW PROJECT (Mar. 31, 2020), https://www.nelp.org/publication/immigrant-workers-eligibility-unemployment-insurance/ ("The general rule is that workers must have valid work authorization during the base period, at the time that they apply for benefits, and throughout the period during which they are receiving benefits.").
- ³⁸³ See Rebecca Smith, Immigrant Workers' Eligibility for Unemployment Insurance, NAT'L EMPLOYMENT LAW PROJECT (Mar. 31, 2020), https://www.nelp.org/publication/immigrant-workers-eligibility-unemployment-insurance/ ("Under the current state and federal systems, undocumented workers are not eligible for unemployment benefits.").