





State Confidentiality Statutes By Laura Waters, Spencer Cantrell, Sandeep Purewal and Leslye E. Orloff¹ October 6, 2014² (Updated February 24, 2017)

Introduction³

Domestic violence shelters, sexual assault crisis centers, and similar service providers actively promote the safety and healing of victims who turn to them for help. Protecting confidential information about victims is a core responsibility required to promote such victim safety and healing. The Family Violence Prevention and Services Act (FVPSA) and the Violence Against Women Act (VAWA) require that any shelter, rape crisis center, domestic violence program, or similar service, in order to maintain its federal funding, are barred from disclosing to anyone any information about a victim receiving services. These federal statutes act as integral protections for victims of violent crime that wish to keep their location and records confidential from abusers, crime perpetrators, family, community members, state or local law enforcement, and federal immigration officers.

In addition to federal laws that protect the confidentiality of victims of domestic violence and sexual assault, many states also have statutes in place that protect communications between domestic violence and sexual assault service providers and victims.

The purpose of this state by state survey of state confidentiality laws and protections is to help service providers work with immigrant crime victims to help victims weigh their choices and any safety risks should shelter records be potentially subpoenaed and used against battered immigrant women. This state confidentiality review also helps programs be better prepared should federal

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² This documented was originally uploaded in October 2014. It is currently in the middle of being revised to reflect 2016 legislation.

³ LESLYE E. ORLOFF ET AL., VAWA Immigration Cases and Victim/Advocate Confidentiality, in SOMEWHERE TO TURN: MAKING DOMESTIC VIOLENCE SERVICES ACCESSIBLE TO BATTERED IMMIGRANT WOMEN 136-142 (1999).

⁴ The Violence Against Women Act of 1994, Pub. L. No. 103-222, Title IV, 108 Stat. 1902-55 (codified in scattered sections of 8 U.S.C. and 42 U.S.C.); The Family Violence Prevention and Services Act of 1984, Pub. L. No. 98-457 (codified in 42 U.S.C. Section 10401, et seq.).

immigration officers or state and local law enforcement approach shelters for information about an undocumented immigrant crime victim.⁵

While using this chart, keep in mind how mandatory reporting laws might trump confidentiality in your state. Requirements to report vary by state and by profession, so for example, some professionals might be required to report child abuse while others might be required to report abuse against vulnerable adults. Check your state's rules to make sure you are in compliance with mandated reporting requirements. Also refer to other materials on privilege to make sure you are adhering to all of your obligations to maintain privacy while also reporting abuse as needed.

State Statutes

Many state statutes address shelters' responsibilities when approached for information or records about a client. A significant majority of states have statutes in place that protect communications between domestic violence or sexual assault advocates and victims. Under a privilege statute, neither the victim nor the domestic violence counselor can be forced by courts, law enforcement, or immigration officials to reveal information unless the victim waives her privilege. Some states will allow a court to order the release of otherwise privileged information in very limited circumstances. The major circumstances are:

- 1. A court finds that the probative value of the information outweighs the harm
- 2. Reports of child neglect or abuse
- 3. Criminal, mental health, or perjury proceedings against the victim
- 4. Court actions against the counselor
- 5. Information in the records is exculpatory evidence about the abuser/defendant.

Even if all communications are not privileged, some states have laws making any information that may identify a victim confidential. Many state and federal grant programs require that grantees maintain confidentiality of identifying information as a requirement for domestic violence program funding. Combining these state confidentiality statutes with federal confidentiality provisions mandated by VAWA and FVPSA, shelters, domestic violence advocates, sexual assault advocates, and other service providers can be assured that they are required to keep client information, records, and whereabouts confidential in order to maintain their state and federal funding. Immigration laws do not have an effect on domestic violence and sexual assault service providers' obligation to maintain victim confidentiality.

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⁵ For more information regarding concrete steps a shelter should take if approached by state or local law enforcement for information regarding a victim, please see the Shelter Victim Confidentiality Memo Available at: http://iwp.legalmomentum.org/reference/additional-materials/vawa-confidentiality/state-confidentiality-laws

⁶ See Mandatory Reporting of Child Abuse and Neglect State Statute Overview, NCSL, http://www.ncsl.org/research/human-services/child-abuse-and-neglect-reporting-statutes.aspx; Link to other manuals in the National Clearinghouse on Abuse in Later Life (NCALL) http://www.ncall.us/content/mr; VRLC has chart on non-accidental injuries but I don't think they post their stuff on the web as much- what other kinds of charts do we want to link to here?

Finally, many states provide protection for communications to professionals who may provide counseling or other needed services to victims. The various protections for communications may be between clients and social workers, licensed counselors, mental health professionals, marriage/family counselors, psychiatrists, psychologists/mental health therapists, registered nurses, or school counselors.

If no confidentiality protection exists in your state, consider using the following options when assisting a battered immigrant:

- 1. Determine if the victim qualifies for VAWA, T-visa, or U-visa relief and if the victim wants to pursue this relief.
- 2. Discuss with the victim the protections the form of immigration relief for which she qualifies could provide.
- 3. Assess with the battered immigrant whether you are collecting any information that could be used to harm her if the victim or shelter was ordered to turn over the information to the perpetrator in family court or discovery.
- 4. If possible, any harmful information should be disclosed to and recorded by another professional at the shelter or program who does have a state recognized confidentiality privilege such as a social worker or physician.
- 5. Allow the victim to make an informed choice about whether she wants the shelter to maintain information for her. In many cases, information that initially appears to be damaging may not be if advocates collect this information and help the client file quickly for VAWA, T-visa, or U-visa relief. Once this information is submitted to the INS, it is automatically considered confidential.
- 6. Remember that even if your state does not have a confidentiality statute, shelters and service providers are still legally required to maintain confidentiality under the federal confidentiality provisions in FVPSA and VAWA.

Below is a mini-chart briefly summarizing each state's confidentiality statutes. The mini-chart is followed by a detailed chart for each U.S. state and territory. For more information please refer to the cited statute for your state.

Table of Most Common Privileged Relationships by State

State	Shelter and Victim	DV Advocate and Victim	SA Advocate and Victim	Attorney and Client	Physician and Patient	Psychotherapist and Patient	Religious	Husband and Wife	Social Worker and Client	Translator/Interpreter and Client	Peer Support Group Counselors	School Counselors	Address Confidentiality Program	Chiropractor and Patient	Human Trafficking Counselor and Victim	Journalist	Accountant and Client
Alabama		X		X	X	X	X	X									
Alaska		X	X	X	X	X	X	X									
Arizona		X		X	X		X	X								X	
Arkansas	X	X		X	X	X	X	X									

California		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X (human trafficking)			X			X		
Colorado		X	X	X	X		X	X	(2)								
Connecticut		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X					
Delaware				X	X	X	X	X	X								
D.C.		X		X	X	X	X	X (and domestic partners)							X		
Florida		X	X	X		X	X	X		X						X	X
Georgia				X	X	X		X	X								
Hawaii		X	X	X	X	X	X	X									
Idaho				X	X	X	X	X				X					
Illinois*		X	X	X	X	X(only for violent crimes)		X		X			X				
Indiana		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X			X				X	
Iowa*		X	X	X	X	X						X					
Kansas				X	X	X	X	X				X					
Kentucky			X	X		X	X	X				X					
Louisiana	X			X	X		X	X			X						
Maine			X	X	X	X	X	X									
Maryland				X		X	X	X	X	X		X				X	X
State	Shelter and Victim	DV Advocate and Victim	SA Advocate and Victim	Attorney and Client	Physician and Patient	Psychotherapist and Patient	Religious	Husband and Wife	Social Worker and Client	Translator/Interpreter and Client	Peer Support Group Counselors	School Counselors	Address Confidentiality Program	Chiropractor and Patient	Human Trafficking Counselor and Victim	Journalist	Accountant and Client
Massachusetts		X	X	X		X	X	X									
Michigan		X	X	X	X	X	X	X								X	
Minnesota		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X							
Mississippi				X	X	X	X	X				X					
Missouri	X			X	X	X	X		X			X	X	X			
Montana		X	X	X	X	X	X	X				X					

Nebraska		X	X	X	X	X	X	X					X				
Nevada		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X			X	X			X	X
New		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X					X			
Hampshire																	
New Jersey		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X							X	
New Mexico		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X								
New York			X	X	X	X	X	X	X					X			
North Carolina	X (agent of the center)	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X				X	
North Dakota	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X									
Ohio				X	X	X	X	X	X			X	X				
Oklahoma				X	X	X	X	X		X (for deaf)	X		X			X	X
Oregon				X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X					
Pennsylvania		X		X	X	X	X	X		X	X	X				X	
Rhode Island			X (proposed statute)	X	X	X	X		X	X							
South Carolina				X	X	X											
South Dakota	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X					
Tennessee	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X						X	
Texas			X	X	X	X	X	X									
Utah			X	X	X	X	X	X								X	
State	Shelter and Victim	DV Advocate and Victim	SA Advocate and Victim	Attorney and Client	Physician and Patient	Psychotherapist and Patient	Religious	Husband and Wife	Social Worker and Client	Translator/Interpreter and Client	Peer Support Group Counselors	School Counselors	Address Confidentiality Program	Chiropractor and Patient	Human Trafficking Counselor and Victim	Journalist	Accountant and Client
Vermont		X	X	X	X	X	X	X									
Virginia	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X							
Washington		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X						
West Virginia	X	X	X	X	X	X			X			X					
Wisconsin		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X		X			

Wyoming	X	X	X	X		X	X					
Guam			X	X	X	X	X				X	
Puerto Rico	X	X	X	X								

^{*} Other relationships covered by confidentiality statutes include: union agent and union member (735 Ill. Comp. Stat. 5/8-803.5) and the stenographer or confidential clerk of a party of a relationship covered by confidentiality statutes and the client (I.C.A. 622.10).

State	Confidential	Applicable	Statutory Language & Exceptions	Other Confidential
	Relationships	Statute(s)		Relationships
Alabama ⁷	Confidentiality	Ala. Code	Advocate means an employee or volunteer of a program for	- Attorney-client (Rule
	between	§§ 30-6-1,	victims of domestic violence receiving funds under this chapter	502)
	advocate and	30-6-8	who has a primary function of rendering advice, counseling, or	- Psychotherapist-
	victim.		assistance to victims of domestic violence; who supervises the	patient (Rule 503)
			employees or volunteers of the program; or who administers the	- Counselor-client (Rule
			program.	503A)
				- Husband-wife (Rule
			Victim means an individual who is related to the person who	504)
			commits an act of abuse in any of the following ways:	- Clergyman privilege
			a. Is related by marriage to the defendant, including a common	(Rule 505)
			law marriage.	
			b. Had a former marriage or common law marriage with the	
			defendant.	
			c. Has a child in common with the defendant regardless of	
			whether the victim and defendant have ever been married and	
			regardless of whether they are currently residing or have in the	
			past resided together in the same household.	
			d. Has or had a dating relationship with the defendant.	
			e. Is a current or former household member. A household	
			member is a person maintaining or having maintained a living	
			arrangement with the defendant where he or she is in, or was	
			engaged in, a romantic or sexual relationship.	
			f. A relative of a current or former household member as defined	
			in paragraph e. who also lived with the defendant.	
			g. An individual who is a parent, stepparent, child, or stepchild	
			and who is in or has maintained a living arrangement with the	

⁷ Updated February 23, 2017.

State	Confidential Relationships	Applicable Statute(s)	Statutory Language & Exceptions	Other Confidential Relationships
			Oral communications between a domestic violence victim and an advocate and written reports and records concerning the victim may not be disclosed without the written consent of the victim. The privilege expires upon the death of the victim. Each facility, with the approval of the office, shall establish its own rules, regulations, and policies for the performance of the responsibilities. Exception: when providing evidence in proceedings concerning child abuse.	
Alaska ⁸	Confidentiality between victim counselor and victim.	Alaska Stat. § 18.66.200- 250	Victim counselor means an employee or supervised volunteer of a victim counseling center that provides counseling to victims; who has undergone at least forty (40) hours of training in domestic violence or sexual assault, crisis intervention, victim support, treatment and related areas; or whose duties include victim counseling. Victim means a person who consults a victim counselor for assistance in overcoming adverse effects of a sexual assault or domestic violence. Except as required, a victim or victim counselor may not be compelled, without appropriate consent, to give testimony or to produce records concerning confidential communications for any purpose in a criminal, civil, legislative, or administrative proceeding. Exceptions (§18.66.210): -reports of suspected child abuse or neglect -evidence that the victim is about to commit a crime -a proceeding that occurs after the victim's death -a communication relevant to an issue of breach by the victim or	-Required Reports Privileged by Statute (Rule 502) - Lawyer-client (Rule 503) - Physician-patient, Psychotherapist-patient (Rule 504) - Husband-wife (Rule 505) - Communications to clergymen (Rule 506)

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⁸ Updated February 23, 2017.

State	Confidential Relationships	Applicable Statute(s)	Statutory Language & Exceptions	Other Confidential Relationships
	Relationships	Statute(s)	victim counselor of a duty arising out of the victim-victim counselor relationship -a communication that is determined to be admissible hearsay as an excited utterance under the Alaska Rules of Evidence -a child-in-need-of-aid proceeding under AS 47.10 -a communication made during the victim-victim counselor relationship if the services of the counselor were sought, obtained, or used to enable anyone to commit or plan a crime or to escape detention or apprehension after the commission of a crime; or -a criminal proceeding concerning criminal charges against a victim of domestic violence or sexual assault where the victim is charged with a crime (a) under AS 11.41 against a minor; or (b) in which the physical, mental, or emotional condition of the victim is raised in defense of the victim. See also Alaska Stat. § 24.65.130 (West) regarding whom a victim's advocate may compel by subpoena.	Relationships
Arizona ⁹	Confidentiality between domestic violence victim advocate and victim; Confidentiality between crime victim advocate and crime victim	Ariz. Rev. Stat. §§ 12- 2239, 13- 4401, 13- 4430	Domestic violence victim advocate means a person who is an employee or volunteer at a domestic violence shelter or service provider for victims of domestic violence and who meets the training requirements of this section (at least thirty hours of training in assisting victims of domestic violence, a portion of which must include an explanation of privileged communication and the reporting requirements prescribed in § 13-3620). A domestic violence victim advocate who is a volunteer shall perform all activities under qualified supervision. In a civil action, a domestic violence victim advocate shall not be examined as to any communication made by the domestic violence victim to the domestic violence victim advocate. Exceptions: This section does not apply to a civil action brought	- Husband-wife (§ 12-2231, 12-2232) - Clergyman-penitent privilege (§ 12-2233) - Attorney-client (§ 12-2234) - Doctor-patient (§ 12-2235) - Reporter-informant (§ 12-2237)

⁹ Updated February 23, 2017.

State	Confidential Relationships	Applicable Statute(s)	Statutory Language & Exceptions	Other Confidential Relationships
		Sutute(s)	pursuant to title 36, chapter 37, relating to the civil commitment of sexually violent persons. Unless the domestic violence shelter or service provider has immunity under other provisions of law, the communication is not privileged if the victim advocate knows or should have known that the victim will give or has given perjurious statements or statements that would tend to disprove the existence of domestic violence. The domestic violence victim advocate-victim privilege does not extend to cases in which the domestic violence victim advocate has a duty to report nonaccidental injuries and physical neglect of minors as required by § 13-3620.	
			Crime victim advocate means a person who is employed or authorized by a public or private entity to provide counseling, treatment, or other supportive assistance to crime victims. (§ 13-4401).	
			A crime victim advocate shall not disclose as a witness or otherwise any communication made by or with the victim, including any communication made to or in the presence of others, unless the victim consents in writing to the disclosure. (§ 13-4430).	
			Exceptions: the communication is not privileged if the crime victim advocate knows that the victim will give or has given perjured testimony or if the communication contains exculpatory evidence. A defendant may make a motion for disclosure of privileged information. If the court finds there is reasonable cause to believe the material is exculpatory, the court shall hold a hearing in camera. Material that the court finds is exculpatory shall be disclosed to the defendant.	
Arkansas ¹⁰	Confidentiality between DV	Ark. Code §§ 9-4-102,	"Advocate" means an employee, supervisor, or administrator of a shelter. "Shelter" means any entity that: provides services	- Lawyer-client (Rule 502)
	advocates and	9-4-106(5)	including food, housing, advice, counseling, and assistance to	- Physician-patient,

¹⁰ Updated February 23, 2017.

State	Confidential	Applicable	Statutory Language & Exceptions	Other Confidential
	Relationships	Statute(s)		Relationships
	volunteers who		victims of domestic abuse and their minor dependent children in	psychotherapist-patient
	provide direct		this state; and meets the program, fiscal, and training	(Rule 503)
	services to the		requirements of this chapter.	- Husband-wife (Rule
	victim and the			504)
	victim		All advocates and volunteers who provide direct services to victims must sign a written confidentiality agreement that prohibits the release of the names or other personal and identifying information about the victims who are served at the shelter; and the names or other personal identifying information	- Religious privilege (Rule 505)
			about the family or household members of the victims who are served at the shelter.	
			Exceptions: Confidentiality agreement shall not apply to advocates who testify in court, and shall not prevent disclosure from federal grant review, audit, or reporting.	
California ¹¹	Confidentiality	West's	For sexual assault counselors:	- Lawyer-client (West's
	between sexual	Ann. Cal.	"Sexual assault victim counselor" may mean any of the	Ann. Cal. Evid. Code §
	assault	Evid. Code	following: (a) A person who is engaged in any office, hospital,	954)
	counselor/	§§ 1035.2,	institution, or center commonly known as a rape crisis center,	- Spouse-spouse (West's
	domestic	1035.4,	whose primary purpose is the rendering of advice or assistance to	Ann. Cal. Evid. Code §
	violence	1037-	victims of sexual assault and who has received a certificate	971, 980)
	counselor and	1037.8	evidencing completion of a training program in the counseling of	- Physician-patient
	victim.		sexual assault victims issued by a counseling center that meets	(West's Ann. Cal. Evid.
	(Different rules		the criteria for the award of a grant established pursuant	Code § 992)
	for sexual		to Section 13837 of the Penal Code and who meets one of the	- Educational
	assault		following requirements:	Psychologist-patient
	counselors and		(1) Is a psychotherapist as defined in <u>Section 1010</u> ; has a master's	(West's Ann. Cal. Evid.
	domestic		degree in counseling or a related field; or has one year of	Code § 1010.5)
	violence		counseling experience, at least six months of which is in rape	- Psychotherapist-
	counselors)		crisis counseling.	patient (West's Ann.
	·		(2) Has 40 hours of training as described below and is supervised	Cal. Evid. Code § 1012)
			by an individual who qualifies as a counselor under paragraph	- Clergy-penitent
			(1). The training, supervised by a person qualified under	(West's Ann. Cal. Evid.
			paragraph (1), shall include, but not be limited to, the following	Code § 1032)

¹¹ Updated February 23, 2017.

State	Confidential Relationships	Applicable Statute(s)	Statutory Language & Exceptions	Other Confidential Relationships
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ı			areas:	- Human Trafficking Caseworker-victim
			(A) Law.	
			(B) Medicine.	(West's Ann. Cal. Evid.
			(C) Societal attitudes.	Code § 1038)
			(D) Crisis intervention and counseling techniques.	
			(E) Role playing.	
			(F) Referral services.	
[]			(G) Sexuality.	
			(b) A person who is employed by any organization providing the	
			programs specified in <u>Section 13835.2 of the Penal Code</u> ,	
			whether financially compensated or not, for the purpose of	
			counseling and assisting sexual assault victims, and who meets	
			one of the following requirements:	
			(1) Is a psychotherapist as defined in <u>Section 1010</u> ; has a master's	
			degree in counseling or a related field; or has one year of	
			counseling experience, at least six months of which is in rape	
			assault counseling.	
			(2) Has the minimum training for sexual assault counseling	
			required by guidelines established by the employing agency	
			pursuant to subdivision (c) of Section 13835.10 of the Penal	
			Code, and is supervised by an individual who qualifies as a	
			counselor under paragraph (1). The training, supervised by a	
			person qualified under paragraph (1), shall include, but not be	
			limited to, the following areas:	
			(A) Law.	
			(B) Victimology.	
			(C) Counseling.	
			(D) Client and system advocacy.	
			(E) Referral services. (1035.2)	
<u>'</u>			(2000.2)	
			For domestic violence counselors:	
			Domestic violence counselor means a person who is employed by	
			a domestic violence victim service organization, as defined in this	
			article, whether financially compensated or not, for the purposes	
			of rendering advice or assistance to victims of domestic violence	
		1	and who has at least 40 hours of training as specified in paragraph	

State	Confidential Polationships	Applicable Statute(s)	Statutory Language & Exceptions	Other Confidential
	Relationships	Statute(s)	2	Relationships
			2. The 40 hours of training shall be supervised by an individual who	
			qualifies as a counselor under paragraph 1 and who has at least	
			one year of experience counseling domestic violence victims for	
			the domestic violence service organization. The training shall	
			include but need not be limited to the following area: history of	
			domestic violence, civil and criminal law as it relates to domestic	
			violence, the domestic violence victim-counselor privilege and	
			other laws that protect the confidentiality of victim records and	
			information, societal attitudes towards domestic violence, peer	
			counseling techniques, housing, public assistance and other	
			financial resources available to meet the financial needs of	
			domestic violence victims, and referral services available to	
			domestic violence victims, and referral services available to	
			A domestic violence counselor who has been employed by the	
			domestic violence victim service organization for a period of less	
			than six months shall be supervised by a domestic violence	
			counselor who has at least one year of experience counseling	
			domestic violence victims for the domestic violence victim	
			service organization. (1037.1)	
			service organization. (1037.11)	
			A victim of domestic violence, whether or not a party to the	
			action, has a privilege to refuse to disclose, and to prevent another	
			from disclosing, a confidential communication between the	
			victim and a domestic violence counselor if the privilege is	
			claimed the holder of the privilege.	
			r	
			Exceptions: The court may compel disclosure of information	
			received by the sexual assault counselor/domestic abuse	
			counselor which constitutes relevant evidence of the facts and	
			circumstances involving an alleged sexual assault about which	
			the victim is complaining and which is the subject of a criminal	
			proceeding if the court determines that the probative value	
			outweighs the effect on the victim, the treatment relationship, and	
			the treatment services if disclosure is compelled. Nothing in this	
			article shall be construed to limit any obligation to report	

State	Confidential Relationships	Applicable Statute(s)	Statutory Language & Exceptions	Other Confidential Relationships
Colorado 12	Confidentiality between victim's advocate and victim.	Colo. Rev. Stat. § 13- 90-107	instances of child abuse. (a) The holder of the privilege. (b) A person who is authorized to claim the privilege by the holder of the privilege. (c) The person who was the domestic violence counselor at the time of the confidential communication. However, that person may not claim the privilege if there is no holder of the privilege in existence or if he or she is otherwise instructed by a person authorized to permit disclosure. "Victim's advocate" means a person at a battered women's shelter or rape crisis organization or a comparable community-based advocacy program for victims of domestic violence or sexual assault: whose primary function is to render advice, counsel, or assist victims of domestic or family violence or sexual assault; who has undergone not less than fifteen hours of training as a victim's advocate or, with respect to an advocate who assists victims of sexual assault, not less than thirty hours of training as a sexual assault victim's advocate; and, who supervises employees of the program, administers the program, or works under the direction of a supervisor of the program.	- Husband-wife/ partners in civil unions - Attorney-client - Clergy Member communication - Physician-patient - Surgeon-patient - Nurse-patient (C.R.S.A. § 13-90-107(a)-(d))
Connecticut 13	Confidentiality victim and domestic violence counselor or sexual assault counselor	Conn. Gen. Stat. § 52- 146k	"Domestic violence counselor" means any person engaged in a domestic violence agency who has undergone a minimum of twenty (20) hours of training which shall include, but not be limited to, the dynamics of domestic violence, crisis intervention, communication skills, working with diverse populations, an overview of the state criminal justice system and information about state and community resources for battered women; who is certified as a counselor by the battered women's center which provided such training; who is under the control of a direct service supervisor of a battered women's center; and whose primary purpose is the rendering of advice, counsel and assistance to, and the advocacy of the cause of, victims of	-Attorney-Client (Conn. Gen. Stat. § 46a-12) - Husband-wife (Conn. Gen. Stat. § 52-146) - Privileged communications made to Clergymen (Conn. Gen. Stat. § 52-146b) - Psychologist-patient (Conn. Gen. Stat. § 52-146c) - Psychiatrist-patient

¹² Updated February 23, 2017. ¹³ Updated February 23, 2017.

State	Confidential Relationships	Applicable Statute(s)	Statutory Language & Exceptions	Other Confidential Relationships
	Keiauonsinps	Statute(s)	domestic violence.	(Conn. Gen. Stat. § 52-
			"Sexual assault counselor" means any person engaged in a rape	146d)
			crisis center who has undergone a minimum of 20 hours of	- Interpreter privilege
			training which shall include, but not be limited to, the dynamics	(Conn. Gen. Stat. § 52-
			of sexual assault and incest, crisis intervention, communication	146l)
			skills, working with diverse populations, an overview of the state	- Privileged
			criminal justice system, information about hospital and medical	communication made by
			systems and information about state and community resources for	or to deaf or hearing
			sexual assault victims; is certified as a counselor by the sexual	impaired person with
			assault center which has provided such training; is under the	assistance of operator of
			control of a direct services supervisor of a rape crisis center; and	special
			whose primary purpose is the rendering of advice, counseling and	telecommunications
			assistance to, and the advocacy of the cause of, victims of sexual	equipment (Conn. Gen.
			assault, or any member of the armed forces of the state or the US	Stat. § 52-146m)
			who is trained and certified as a victim advocate or a sexual	- Judicial Department
			assault prevention coordinator in accordance with the military's	employee Employee
			sexual assault prevention and response program.	Assistance Program
				counselor (Conn. Gen.
			Victim means any person who consults a domestic violence	Stat. § 52-146n)
			counselor or a sexual assault counselor for the purpose of	- Physician, Surgeon,
			securing advice, counseling, or assistance concerning a mental,	Health Care Provider-
			physical or emotional condition caused by domestic violence or a	patient (Conn. Gen. Stat.
			sexual assault.	§ 52-146o)
				- Marital and Family
			A domestic violence counselor or a sexual assault counselor shall	Therapist-client (Conn.
			not disclose any confidential communications made to such a	Gen. Stat. § 52-146p)
			counselor at any time by a victim in any civil or criminal case or	- Social Worker-client
			proceeding or in any legislative or administrative proceeding	(Conn. Gen. Stat. § 52-
			unless the victim making the confidential communications waives	146q)
			the privilege, provided under no circumstances shall the location	- Government Attorney-
			of the domestic violence agency or rape crisis center or the	public official or
			identity of the domestic violence counselor or sexual assault	employee of public
			counselor be disclosed in any civil or criminal proceeding.	agency (Conn. Gen. Stat.
				§ 52-146r)
			Exceptions: in matters of proof concerning chain of custody of	- Professional
			evidence; in matters of proof concerning the physical appearance 14	Counselor-client (Conn.

State	Confidential Relationships	Applicable Statute(s)	Statutory Language & Exceptions	Other Confidential Relationships
			of the victim at the time of the injury; or where the domestic violence counselor or sexual assault counselor has knowledge that the victim has given perjured testimony and the defendant or the state has made an offer of proof that perjury may have been committed.	Gen. Stat. § 52-146s)
Delaware	No confidentiality provision. However, social workers have privileged communication s with respect to their clients. Crime victims also have the right to have certain information kept private.	24 Del. C. § 3913; 11 Del. C. § 9403	For social Workers- No licensed clinical social worker may disclose any information a acquired from persons consulting the social worker in a professional capacity except: (1) With the written consent of such person; or in the case of death or disability, the written consent of such person's personal representative; (2) That a licensed clinical social worker shall not be required to treat as confidential a communication that reveals the planning of any violent crime or act; (3) That any licensed clinical social worker who knows or reasonably suspects child abuse or neglect shall make a report to the Division of Child Protective Services of the Department of Services for Children, Youth and Their Families according to § 904 of Title 16; (4) When the person waives the privilege by bringing charges against the licensed clinical social worker. Nondisclosure of Information about Victims: Unless a victim or witness waives confidentiality in writing, neither a law-enforcement agency, the prosecutor, nor the corrections department may disclose, except among themselves or as authorized by law, the residential address, telephone number or place of employment of the victim or a member of the victim's family. Exceptions: Is required by Rules of Criminal Procedure, is necessary for law-enforcement purposes, or is permitted by the court for good cause.	- Lawyer-client (Rule 502) - Mental health provider-patient, Physician-patient, Psychotherapist-patient (Rule 503) - Husband-wife (Rule 504) - Religious privilege (Rule 505)
D.C.	Confidentiality between domestic	D.C. Code Ann. § 14- 310	A "domestic violence counselor" includes an employee, contractor, or volunteer of a domestic violence program who renders support, counseling, or assistance to a victim; has	- Attorney-Client (DC ST § 2-534) - Spouses or Domestic

State	Confidential Relationships	Applicable Statute(s)	Statutory Language & Exceptions	Other Confidential
	Relationships violence counselor/hum an trafficking counselor and victim.	Statute(s)	undergone at least forty (40) hours of domestic violence counselor training conducted by a domestic violence program; is or is under the supervision of a licensed social worker, nurse, physician, psychologist, or psychotherapist; or is or is under the supervision of a person who has at least five (5) years of experience rendering support, counseling, or assistance to persons against whom severe emotional abuse or a criminal offense has been committed or is alleged to have been committed, of which at least two (2) years of experience involves victims. A domestic violence counselor shall not disclose a confidential communication. Exceptions: As required by statute or by a court of law, as voluntarily authorized in writing by the victim, to other individuals employed at the domestic violence programs and third party providers to the extent necessary, to the metropolitan police department or other law enforcement agency to the extent necessary to protect the victim or another individual, to compile statistical or anecdotal information, for any confidential communications relevant to a claim or defense if the victim files a lawsuit against a domestic violence counselor a domestic violence program.	Relationships Partners (DC ST § 14-306) - Physician-patient, Mental Health Professional-client (DC ST § 14-307) - Clergy privilege (DC ST § 14-309) - Human trafficking counselors (DC ST § 14-311)
Florida	Confidentiality between sexual assault counselor/ trained volunteer/ domestic violence advocate and victim.	FSA §§ 90.5035- 5036	A "sexual assault counselor" is any employee of a rape crisis center whose primary purpose is the rendering of advice, counseling, or assistance to victims of sexual assault or sexual battery. A "trained volunteer" is a person who volunteers at a rape crisis center, has completed thirty (30) hours of training in assisting victims of sexual violence and related topics provided by the rape crisis center, is supervised by members of the staff of the rape crisis center, and is included on a list of volunteers that is maintained by the rape crisis center.	- Journalist's privilege (FSA § 90.5015) - Lawyer-client (FSA § 90.502) - Psychotherapist-patient (FSA § 90.503) - Husband-Wife (FSA § 90.504) - Communications to Clergy (FSA § 90.505) - Accountant-client (FSA

State	Confidential Relationships	Applicable Statute(s)	Statutory Language & Exceptions	Other Confidential
	Relationships	Statute(s)	A "victim" is a person who consults a sexual assault counselor or a trained volunteer for the purpose of securing advice, counseling, or assistance concerning a mental, physical, or emotional condition caused by a sexual assault or sexual battery, an alleged sexual assault or sexual battery, or an attempted sexual assault or sexual battery. A communication between a sexual assault counselor or trained volunteer and a victim is "confidential" if it is not intended to be disclosed to third persons other than: those present to further the interest of the victim, persons necessary for transmission of the communication, or those persons to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary to accomplish the purposes for which the sexual assault counselor was consulted. A victim has a privilege to refuse to disclose, and to prevent any other person from disclosing, a confidential communication made by the victim to a sexual assault counselor or trained volunteer or any record made in the course of advising, counseling, or assisting the victim. A "domestic violence advocate" means any employee or volunteer who has thirty (30) hours of training in assisting victims of domestic violence and is an employee of or volunteer for a program for victims of domestic violence whose primary purpose is the rendering of advice, counseling, or assistance to victims of domestic violence. A communication between a domestic violence advocate and a victim is confidential if it relates to the incident of domestic violence for which the victim is seeking assistance and if it is not intended to be disclosed to third persons other than those present to further the interest of the victim, or those persons to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary to accomplish the purpose for which the domestic violence advocate is consulted.	§ 90.5055)

State	Confidential	Applicable	Statutory Language & Exceptions	Other Confidential
	Relationships	Statute(s)		Relationships
			Exceptions: A communication between a sexual assault counselor/trained volunteer/domestic violence counselor and a victim is "confidential" if it is not intended to be disclosed to third persons other than: those persons present to further the interest of the victim in the consultation, examination, or interview; those persons necessary for the transmission of the communication; and those persons to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary to accomplish the purposes for which the sexual assault counselor/trained volunteer/domestic violence counselor is consulted.	
Georgia	Agent- family violence victim	§ 24-5- 509	No agent of a program shall be compelled to disclose any evidence in a judicial proceeding that the agent acquired while providing services to a victim, provided that such evidence was necessary to enable the agent to render services, unless the privilege has been waived by the victim, upon motion by a party, the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence at a pretrial hearing or hearing outside the presence of the jury that the evidence is material, relevant, not solely for purpose of referring to victim's character for truthfulness or untruthfulness, or probative value substantially outweighs the negative effect of the disclosure of the evidence. "Agent" means a current or former employee or volunteer of a program who has successfully completed a minimum of 20 hours of training in family violence and sexual assault intervention and prevention at a Criminal Justice Coordinating Council certified victim assistance program. "Victim" means a family violence victim or sexual assault victim. "Family violence shelter" means a program whose primary purpose is to provide services to family violence victims and their families that is not under the direct supervision of a law enforcement agency, prosecuting attorney's office, or a government agency.	-ministers, priests and rabbis (24-5-502) - Psychiatrist-patient - Psychologist-patient - Social Worker-client - Mental Health Professional-patient -licensed marriage and family therapist - Husband-wife - Privilege between grand jurors - Attorney-client (Ga. Code Ann. § 24-5-501) Note: The law provides the above lists as communications excluded from evidence on grounds of public policy, but it points out the list is not exclusive.
Hawaii	Confidentiality between victim	Hawaii Rev. Stat.	A victim counselor is either a sexual assault counselor or a domestic violence victims' counselor. A sexual assault counselor	- Lawyer-client - Physician-patient

State	Confidential Relationships	Applicable Statute(s)	Statutory Language & Exceptions	Other Confidential Relationships
	counselor and victim.	Rules of Evid. Rule § 505.5	is a person who is employed by or is a volunteer in a sexual assault crisis center, has undergone a minimum of thirty-five hours of training and who is, or who reports to and is under the direct control and supervision of, a social worker, nurse, psychiatrist, psychologist, or psychotherapist, and whose primary function is the rendering of advice, counseling or assistance to victims of sexual assault.	- Psychologist-client - Spousal - Victim Counselor-victim - Communication to Clergy (Article V. Rules 501-513)
			A domestic violence victims' counselor is a person who is employed by or is a volunteer in a domestic violence victims' program, has undergone a minimum of twenty-five hours of training and who is, or who reports to and is under the direct control and supervision of, a direct service supervisor of a domestic violence victims' program, and whose primary function is the rendering of advice, counseling, or assistance to victims of abuse.	513)
			A victim has a privilege to refuse to disclose and to prevent any other person from disclosing confidential communications made to a victim counselor for the purpose of counseling or treatment of the victim for the emotional or psychological effects of sexual assault, domestic violence, or child abuse or neglect, and to refuse to provide evidence that would identify the name, location, or telephone number of a safe house, abuse shelter, or other facility that provided temporary emergency shelter to the victim.	
			Exceptions: if the victim counselor reasonably believes the victim has given perjured testimony and a party to the proceeding has made an offer of proof that perjury may have been committed; in matters of proof concerning the physical appearance and condition of the victim at the time of the alleged crime; as to a communication relevant to an issue of breach of duty by the victim counselor or victim counseling program to the victim; to relieve victim counselors of any duty to refuse to report child abuse or neglect, domestic abuse, or abuse of a vulnerable adult, and to refuse to provide evidence in child abuse proceedings; for	

State	Confidential Relationships	Applicable Statute(s)	Statutory Language & Exceptions	Other Confidential Relationships
			communications relevant to an issue in proceedings to hospitalize the victim for mental illness or substance abuse, or in proceedings for the discharge or release of a victim previously hospitalized for mental illness or substance abuse; if the court orders an examination of the physical, mental, or emotional condition of a victim, whether a party or a witness, communications made in the course thereof are not privileged under this rule with respect to the particular purpose of which the examination is ordered unless the court orders otherwise; as to a communication relevant to the physical, mental, or emotional condition of the victim in any proceeding in which the victim relies upon the condition as an element of the victim's claim or defense or, after the victim's death, in any proceeding in which any party relies upon the condition as an element of the party's claim or defense; in any administrative or judicial proceeding in which the competency or practice of the victim counselor or of the victim counseling program is at issue, provided that the identifying data of the victims whose records are admitted into evidence shall be kept confidential unless waived by the victim. The administrative agency, board or commission shall close to the public any portion of a proceeding, as necessary to protect the confidentiality of the victim.	
Idaho	No confidentiality.			- Physician and psychotherapist-Patient privilege - Licensed counselor-client privilegeLicensed social worker-client privilege - Certified Counselor-client - Husband-wife - Attorney-client - Religious privilege (I.C. § 9-203)

State	Confidential	Applicable	Statutory Language & Exceptions	Other Confidential
****	Relationships	Statute(s)		Relationships
Illinois	Confidentiality	750 III.	Domestic violence Advocate:	- Attorney-client (ILCS
	between	Comp.	Domestic violence advocate or counselor means any person (A)	S Ct Rules of
	domestic	Stat.	who has undergone a minimum of forty hours of training in	Prof.Conduct, RPC Rule
	violence	60/227	domestic violence advocacy, crisis intervention, and related areas,	1.6)
	advocate or		and (B) who provides services to victims through a domestic	- Physician-patient 735
	counselor and		violence program either on an employed or volunteer basis.	ILCS 5/8-802 (with
	victim.			exceptions)
			Confidential communication means any communication between	- Personal Counselors of
			an alleged victim of domestic violence and a domestic violence	Violent Crime Victims-
	Confidentiality		advocate or counselor in the course of providing information,	victims (735 ILCS 5/8-
	between rape		counseling, or advocacy. The term includes all records kept by	802.2)
	crisis personnel		the advocate or counselor or by the domestic violence program in	- Language Interpreter's
	and victim (735		the course of providing services to an alleged victim concerning	privilege (735 ILCS 5/8-
	Ill. Comp. Stat.		the alleged victim and the services provided. The confidential	911)
	5/8-802.1)		nature of the communication is not waived by the presence at the	-Informant's privilege
			time of the communication of any additional persons, including	(735 ILCS 5/8-802.3)
	Disclosure of		but not limited to an interpreter, to further express the interests of	-Clergy-penitent (735
	location of DV		the domestic violence victim or by the advocate's or counselor's	ILCS 5/8-803)
	victim is a class		disclosure to such an additional person with the consent of the	- Husband-wife (735
	\mathbf{A}		victim when reasonably necessary to accomplish the purpose for	ILCS 5/8-801)
	misdemeanor.		which the advocate or counselor is consulted.	- Union Agent-union
	(720 ILL			member (735 ILCS §
	Comp. Stat.		Exceptions: in accordance with the provisions of the Abused and	5/8-803.5)
	5/12-3.6)		Neglected Child Reporting Act or in cases where failure to	-Confidentiality between
	(12 010)		disclose is likely to result in an imminent risk of serious bodily	personal counselors and
			harm or death of the victim or another person.	victims of violent crimes
			harm of death of the victim of thother person.	(735 ILCS 5/8-802.2)
			Rape Crisis Counselor:	(100 1100 010-002.2)
			Rape crisis counselor means a person who is a psychologist,	
			social worker, employee, or volunteer in any organization or	
			association defined as a rape crisis organization under this	
			Section, who has undergone 40 hours of training and is under the	
			control of a direct services supervisor of a rape crisis	
			organization.	
			organization.	
			This section is intended to protect victims of rape from public	
		1	21	

State	Confidential Relationships	Applicable Statute(s)	Statutory Language & Exceptions	Other Confidential Relationships
		Statute(S)	disclosure of statements they make in confidence to counselors of	
			organizations established to help them.	
			Exceptions: A rape crisis counselor may disclose a confidential communication without the consent of the victim if failure to disclose is likely to result in a clear, immindent risk of serious physical injury or death of the victim or another person.	
Indiana	Confidentiality	IC § 35-37-	Victim advocate means an individual employed or appointed by	- Attorney-client (IN ST
	between victim	6-1 → IC	or who volunteers for a victim services provider. This excludes	RPC Rule 1.6)
	advocate/	§ 35-37-6-	law enforcement and prosecuting attorneys. It does include	- Physician-patient (IC §
	victim service	17	programs that help victims of domestic or family violence, dating	34-46-3-1)
	provider and		violence, sexual assault, human and sexual trafficking, or	- Mental Health Service
	victim.		stalking.	Provider-patient (IC § 34-46-3-1)
			"Confidential information" includes personally identifying	- Psychologist-patient
			information, descriptions of physical appearance, the case file and	(IC § 34-46-2-23)
			the case history of the person who seeks, receives, or has received services from a victim advocate.	- Clergy privilege (IC § 34-46-3-1)
				- Spousal privilege (IC §
			Exceptions: Victim advocates are required to report suspected	34-46-3-1)
			abuse, neglect, battery or exploitation under IC 12-10-3, IC 31-33, or IC 35-46-13.	- Journalist privilege (IC § 34-46-4-2)
				- Social workers and
			Also, a victim does not waive the protections afforded by this chapter by testifying in court about an offense. However, if the victim partially discloses the contents of a confidential communication in the course of testifying, either party may	counselor privilege (IC § 34-46-2-20)
			request the court to rule that justice requires the protections of	
			this chapter to be waived, to the extent they apply to that portion	
			of the communication.	
			(b) A waiver under this section applies only to the extent	
			necessary to require any witness to respond to questions	
			concerning the confidential communication that are relevant to	
			the facts and circumstances of the case.	
			There is also an exception if the victim brings suit against the	

State	Confidential Relationships	Applicable Statute(s)	Statutory Language & Exceptions	Other Confidential Relationships
	•		victim advocate.	•
Iowa	Confidentiality between victim counselor and victim.	Iowa code Ann. § 915.20A	Victim counselor means a person who is engaged in a crime victim center, is certified as a counselor by the crime victim center, and is under the control of a direct services supervisor of a crime victim center, whose primary purpose is the rendering of advice, counseling, and assistance to the victims of crime. "Victim" means a person who consults a victim counselor for the pupose of securing advice, counseling, or assistance concerning a mental, physical, or emotional condition caused by a violent crime committed against the person. A victim counselor shall not be examined or required to give evidence in any civil or criminal proceeding as to any confidential communication made by a victim to the counselor.	Discussed in I.C.A. § 622.10: - Attorney-client (IA R 5.502) - Physician-patient - Nurse-patient - Mental health practitioner-patient - Stenographer and Confidential Clerk privilege - Counselor-client
			Exceptions: if a victim has deceased or has been declared to be incompetent; in matters of proof concerning the chain of custody of evidence, in matters of proof concerning the physical appearance of the victim at the time of the injury or the counselor's first contact with the victim after the injury, or where the counselor has reason to believe that the victim has given perjured testimony and the defendant or the state has made an offer of proof that perjury may have been committed; in a court of law if: the information sought is relevant and material evidence of the facts and circumstances involved in an alleged criminal act which is the subject of a criminal proceeding; the probative value of the information outweighs the harmful effect, if any, of disclosure on the victim, the counseling relationship, and the treatment services; the information cannot be obtained by reasonable means from any other source.	
Kansas	No	Kan. Stat.	The confidential relations and communications between a	- Counselor-client (KSA
	confidentiality for victim	Ann. § 65- 5810	licensed professional counselor and such counselor's client are placed on the same basis as provided by law for those between an	§ 65-5810) - Psychotherapist-

State	Confidential Relationships	Applicable Statute(s)	Statutory Language & Exceptions	Other Confidential Relationships
	Relationships advocates, but do have protection between licensed professional and clinical counselor and client.	Statute(s)	attorney and an attorney's client. Exception: Nothing in this section or in this act shall be construed to prohibit any licensed professional counselor or licensed clinical professional counselor from testifying in court hearings concerning matters of adult abuse, adoption, child abuse, child neglect, or other matters pertaining to the welfare of children or from seeking collaboration or consultation with professional colleagues or administrative superiors, or both, on behalf of the	patient (KSA § 74-5372) - Attorney-client (KSA § 60-426) - Physician-patient (KSA § 60-427) - Marital privilege (KSA § 60-428) - Penitential communication privilege
Kentucky	Confidentiality between counselor and client.	Ky. R. Evid. § 506 Ky. Rev. Stat. Ann. § 421.570 (2013)	client. There is no privilege under this section for information which is required to be reported to a public official. For the purposes of this rule, "counselor" includes: a certified school counselor, a sexual assault counselor, a certified professional art therapist, a licensed professional clinical counselor, an individual who provides crisis responsive servicesa s a member of the community crisis response team, a victim advocate as defined in KRS 421.570, and a Kentucky licensed	- Counselor-client (KRE § 506) - Psychotherapist-patient (KRE § 507) - Attorney-client (KRE § 503)
		(2013)	pastoral counselor. A sexual assault counselor is a person engaged in a rape crisis center, who has undergone 40 hours of training and is under the control of a direct services supervisor of a rape crisis center, whose primary purpose is the rendering of advice, counseling, or assistance to victims of sexual assault.	- Husband-wife (KRE § 504) - Religious privilege (KRE § 505)
			Exceptions: if the client is asserting his physical, mental, or emotional condition as an element of a claim of defense; or, after the client's death, in any proceeding in which any party relies upon the condition as an element of a claim or defense; or if the judge finds the substance of the communication is relevant to an essential issue in the case, there are no available alternate means to obtain the substantial equivalent of the communication, and the need for the information outweighs the interest protected by the privilege. The court may receive evidence in camera to make findings under this rule.	

State	Confidential Relationships	Applicable Statute(s)	Statutory Language & Exceptions	Other Confidential Relationships
Louisiana	Confidentiality between representatives or employees of community shelter and victim.	LSA-R.S. 46:2124.1	Privileged communication means a communication made to a representative or employee of a community shelter by a victim. It also means a communication not otherwise privileged made by a representative or employee of a community shelter to a victim in the course of rendering services. All law enforcement or judicial agencies shall provide a private setting for all interviewing of victims of crime. "Private setting" shall mean an enclosed room from which the occupants are not visible or otherwise identifiable and whose conversations cannot be heard from outside such room. Only those persons directly and immediately related to the interviewing of the victim, specifically the victim, a social worker, psychologist, or other professional, the victim advocate designated by the sheriff's office, or a representative from a not-for-profit victim service organization, including but not limited to rape crisis centers, domestic violence advocacy groups, and alcohol abuse or substance abuse groups providing emotional support to the victim, shall be present, unless the victim requests the exclusion of such person from the interview, and, when appropriate, the parent or parents of the victim.	- Spousal privilege (LSA-C.E. Art. 504-505) - Attorney-client (LSA-C.E. Art. 506) - Health care provider-patient (LSA-C.E. Art. 510) - Communications to clergymen (LSA-C.E. Art. 511) - Trained Peer Support Member privilege (LSA-C.E. Art. 518)
Maine	Confidentiality between sexual assault counselor or advocate or rape crisis center and victim.	16 Me. Rev. Stat. Ann. §§ 53-A, 53-B	Sexual assault counselor means a person who has: undergone a program of training from a rape crisis center which shall include, but not be limited to: Law, medicine, societal attitudes, crisis intervention, counseling techniques and referral services; and is either a staff member, paid or unpaid, or under the supervision of a staff member of a rape crisis center. Advocate means an employee or volunteer for a nongovernmental program for victims of domestic or family violence, who has undergone at least 30 hours of training, has a primary function with the program, counsels or assists victims, supervises employees or volunteers who perform that function or administer the program.	- Attorney-client (MRE Rule 502) - Health Care Professional, Mental Health Professional, Licensed Counseling Professional-patient (MRE Rule 503) - Husband-wife (MRE Rule 504) - Religious privilege (MRE Rule 505)

State	Confidential Relationships	Applicable Statute(s)	Statutory Language & Exceptions	Other Confidential Relationships
			Exceptions: when a court in the exercise of sound discretion deems the disclosure necessary to the proper administration of justice.	-
Maryland	No confidentiality	MD Code, Courts and Judicial Proceedin gs § 9-109		- Spousal privilege (MD CTS & JUD PRO § 9-106, 107) - Attorney-client (MD CTS & JUD PRO § 9-108) - Patient-therapist (MD CTS & JUD PRO § 9-109) - Professional Counselor-client (MD CTS & JUD PRO § 9-109.1) - Client-Psychiatric Nursing Specialist (MD CTS & JUD PRO § 9-109.1) - Accountant-client (MD CTS & JUD PRO § 9-109.1) - Accountant-client (MD CTS & JUD PRO § 9-110) - Clergy Person privilege (MD CTS & JUD PRO § 9-111) - News Media privilege (MD CTS & JUD PRO § 9-112) - Interpreter privilege (MD CTS & JUD PRO § 9-114) - Social Worker-client (MD CTS & JUD PRO § 9-114)

State	Confidential Relationships	Applicable Statute(s)	Statutory Language & Exceptions	Other Confidential Relationships
Massachuse tts	Confidentiality between sexual assault counselor and domestic violence victims' counselor and victim; and confidentiality of domestic violence victims' program and rape crisis center locations.	Mass. Gen. L Ann. Ch. 233 § 20J, 20K, 20L	A sexual assault counselor is a person who is employed by or is a volunteer in a rape crisis center, has undergone thirty-five hours of training, who reports to and is under the direct control and supervision of a licensed social worker, nurse, psychiatrist, psychologist or psychotherapist and whose primary purpose is the rendering of advice, counseling or assistance to victims of sexual assault. A domestic violence victims' counselor is a person who is employed or volunteers in a domestic violence victims' program, who has undergone a minimum of twenty-five hours of training and who reports to and is under the direct control and supervision of a direct service supervisor of a domestic violence victims' program, and whose primary purpose is the rendering of advice, counseling or assistance to victims of abuse. Exceptions: In criminal actions such confidential communication shall be subject to discovery and shall be admissible as evidence but only to the extent of information contained therein which is exculpatory in relation to the defendant; provided, however, that the court shall first examine such confidential communication and shall determine whether or not such exculpatory information is therein contained before allowing such discovery or the introduction of such evidence.	- Husband-wife (M.G.L.A. 233 § 20) - Communications with Clergymen (M.G.L.A. 233 § 20A) - Psychotherapist- patient (M.G.L.A. 233 § 20B) - Attorney-client (MA R S CT RULE 3:07 RPC Rule 1.6)
Michigan	Confidentiality between sexual assault or domestic violence counselor and victim.	Mich. Comp. Laws Ann. § 600.2157a	Sexual assault or domestic violence counselor means a person who is employed at or who volunteers service at a sexual assault or domestic violence crisis center, and who in that capacity provides advice, counseling, or other assistance to victims of sexual assault or domestic violence and their families. Exceptions: Except as provided by section 11 of the child protection law, Act No. 238 of the Public Acts of 1975, being section 722.631 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, a confidential communication, or any report, working paper, or statement contained in a report or working paper, given or made in	- Physician-patient (M.C.L.A. § 600.2157) Minister, Priest, Christian Science Practitioner privilege (M.C.L.A. § 600.2156) - Reporter-informant (M.C.L.A. § 767.5a(1)) - Attorney-client (M.C.L.A. § 767.5a(2)) - Psychologist-patient

State	Confidential	Applicable	Statutory Language & Exceptions	Other Confidential
	Relationships	Statute(s)		Relationships
			connection with a consultation between a victim and a sexual	(M.C.L.A. § 333.18237)
			assault or domestic violence counselor, shall not be admissible as	- Husband-wife
			evidence in any civil or criminal proceeding without the prior	(M.C.L.A. § 600.2162)
			written consent of the victim.	
Minnesota	Confidentiality	MN ST §	A sexual assault counselor, for the purpose of this section, means	- Attorney-client (52
	between sexual	13.822;	a person who has undergone at least 40 hours of crisis counseling	M.S.A., Rules of
	assault	(Minn.	training and works under the direction of a supervisor in a crisis	Prof.Conduct, Rule 1.6)
	counselor or	Stat. Ann.	center, whose primary purpose is to render advice, counseling, or	- Husband-wife
	domestic	§	assistance to victims of sexual assault.	- Clergy Member
	violence	595.02(k):		privilege
	counselor and	Proposed	Domestic abuse advocate, for the purposes of this section, means	- Licensed Physician,
	victim.	Legislation	an employee or supervised volunteer from a community-based	Surgeon, Dentist,
)	battered women's shelter and domestic abuse program eligible to	Chiropractor-patient
			receive grants under section 611A.32; that provides information,	- Registered nurse-
			advocacy, crisis intervention, emergency shelter, or support to	patient
			victims of domestic abuse and who is not employed by or under	- Psychologist,
			the direct supervision of a law enforcement agency, a prosecutor's	consulting psychologist-
			office, or by a city, county, or state agency.	patient
				- Licensed Social
			Exceptions: in investigations or proceedings related to neglect or	Worker-client
			termination of parental rights if the court determines good cause	- Interpreter privilege
			exists. In determining whether to compel disclosure, the court	- Chemical Dependency
			shall weigh the public interest and need for disclosure against the	Counselor-client
			effect on the victim, the treatment relationship, and the treatment	(M.S.A. § 595.02—
			services if disclosure occurs. Nothing in this clause exempts	Proposed Legislation)
			sexual assault counselors from compliance with the provisions of	
			sections 626.556 (reporting maltreatment of minors) and 626.557	
			(reporting maltreatment of vulnerable adults).	
Mississippi	No	N/A	Address Confidentiality Program: Miss. Code Ann. § 99-47-1.	- Licensed Professional
	confidentiality.			Counselor-client (M.S.A.
	3 ·			§ 73-30-17)
				- Attorney-client
				(M.R.E. Rule 502)
				- Psychologist-patient
				(M.S.A. § 73-31-29)
				(1V1.D.A. 8 / D-31-47)

State	Confidential	Applicable	Statutory Language & Exceptions	Other Confidential
Missouri	Confidentiality between shelters and victims.	V.A.M.S. 455.220	Law requires persons employed by or volunteering services to the shelter to maintain the confidentiality of any information that would identify individuals served by the shelter.	Relationships - Physician-patient (M.R.E. Rule 503) - Psychotherapist- patient (M.R.E. Rule 503) - Husband-wife (M.R.E. Rule 504) - Priest-penitent (M.R.E. Rule 505) - Attorney-client (V.A.M.S. § 491.060(3)) - Religious privilege (V.A.M.S. § 491.060(4)) - Physician-patient (V.A.M.S. § 491.060(5)) - Chiropractor-patient (V.A.M.S. § 491.060(5)) - Dentist-patient (V.A.M.S. § 491.060(5)) - Psychologist-patient (V.A.M.S. § 491.060(5)) - Professional Counselor-client (V.A.M.S. § 337.540) - Social Worker-client (V.A.M.S. § 337.636)
Montana	Confidentiality between advocate and victim.	M.C.A. § 26-1-812	Advocate means an employee or volunteer of a domestic violence shelter, crisis line, or victim's services provider that provides services for victims of sexual assault, stalking, or any assault on a partner or family member. Exceptions: if a report is otherwise required by law.	- Spousal privilege (M.C.A. § 26-1-802) - Attorney-client (M.C.A. § 26-1-803) - Clergy privilege (M.C.A. § 26-1-804) - Doctor-patient (M.C.A. § 26-1-805)

State	Confidential	Applicable	Statutory Language & Exceptions	Other Confidential
	Relationships	Statute(s)		Relationships
Nebraska	Confidentiality between victim and victim advocate regarding any criminal, civil, legislative, administrative, or other proceeding where the victim advocate is asked to give testimony or produce records, subject to a few	Neb. Rev. Stat. § 29- 4303	Advocate means any employee or supervised volunteer of a domestic violence and sexual assault victim assistance program or of any other agency, business, or organization that is not affiliated with a law enforcement or prosecutor's office, whose primary purpose is assisting domestic violence and sexual assault victims (Neb. Rev. Stat. § 29-4302).	- Speech Language Pathologist, Audoiologist-client (M.C.A. § 26-1-806) - Psychologist-client (M.C.A. § 26-1-807) - Employee of Education Institution-student (M.C.A. § 26-1-809) - Public Officer privilege (M.C.A. § 26-1-810) - Attorney-client (Neb. Rev. St. § 27-503) - Physician-patient (Neb. Rev. St. § 27-504) - Licensed Professional Counselor-victim (Neb. Rev. St. § 27-504) - Husband-wife (Neb. Rev. St. § 27-505) - Clergyman privilege (Neb. Rev. St. § 27-506)
Nevada	exceptions. Confidentiality between victim advocate and victim.	Nev. Stat. § 49.2546	Victim's advocate means a person who works for a nonprofit program that provides assistance to victims with or without compensation and who has received at least 20 hours of relevant training. The privilege provided pursuant to NRS 49.2547 may be claimed	- Attorney-client (N.R.S. § 49.095) - Accountant-client (N.R.S. § 49.185) - Psychologist-patient (N.R.S. § 49.209)

State	Confidential	Applicable	Statutory Language & Exceptions	Other Confidential
New	Confidentiality	Statute(s) NH Rev.	by: (a) The victim; (b) The guardian or conservator of the victim; (c) The personal representative of a deceased victim; and (d) The victim's advocate, but only on behalf of the victim. 2. The authority of a victim's advocate to claim the privilege is presumed in the absence of evidence to the contrary. Nev. Rev. Stat. Ann. § 49.2548 (West)	Relationships - Doctor-patient (N.R.S. § 49.225) - Marriage and Family Therapist-client (N.R.S. § 49.247) - Clinical Professional Counselor-client (N.R.S. § 49.2504) - Social Worker-client (N.R.S. § 49.252) - Confessor-confessant (N.R.S. § 49-255) - News Media privilege (N.R.S. § 49.275) - Counselor, Teacher-pupil (N.R.S. § 49.290-291) - Husband-wife (N.R.S. § 49.295) - Attorney-client (NH R
New Hampshire	Confidentiality between victim and sexual assault counselor or domestic violence counselor.	NH Rev. Stat. § 173- C:1 to C:10	Domestic violence counselor means any person who is employed or appointed or who volunteers in a domestic violence center who renders support, counseling, or assistance to victims of domestic abuse or attempted domestic abuse, who has satisfactorily completed 30 hours of training in a bona fide program. (N.H. Rev. Stat. Ann. § 173-C:1). Sexual assault counselor means any person who is employed or appointed or who volunteers in a rape crisis center who renders support, counseling, or assistance to victims of sexual assault or attempted sexual assault, who has satisfactorily completed 30 hours of training in a bona fide program (N.H. Rev. Stat. Ann. § 173-C:1).	- Attorney-chent (NH R Rev Rule 502) - Physician, Surgeon- patient (NH R Rev Rule 503) - Psychologist, Pastoral Counselor-client (NH R Rev Rule 503) - Husband-wife (NH R Rev Rule 504) - Religious Privilege (NH R Rev Rule 505) - Chiropractor-client (NH Rev. Stat. § 316- A:27) - Mental Health

State	Confidential	Applicable	Statutory Language & Exceptions	Other Confidential
New Jersey	Confidentiality between a victim and a victim counselor.	N.J. Stat. Ann. § 2A:84A- 22.15 (West)	Victim counselor means a person engaged in any office, institution or center defined as a victim counseling center by this act, who has undergone 40 hours of training and is under the control of a direct services supervisor of the center and who has a primary function of rendering advice, counseling or assisting victims of acts of violence. Victim counselor includes a rape care advocate as defined in section 4 of P.L.2001, c. 81 (C.52:4B-52) (N.J. Stat. Ann. § 2A:84A-22.14 (West)).	Relationships Professional-client (NH Rev. Stat. § 330-A:32) - Family Mediator privilege (NH Rev. Stat. § 328-C:9) - Social Worker-client (NH Rev. Stat. § 330-A:18) - Attorney-client (NJ Stat. Ann. Rule 504) - Psychologist-patient (NJ Stat. Ann. Rule 505) - Physician-patient (NJ Stat. Ann. Rule 506) - Newsperson's privilege (NJ Stat. Ann. Rule 508) - Marital privilege (NJ Stat. Ann. Rule 509) - Marriage Counselor-client (NJ Stat. Ann. Rule 510) - Priest-penitent (NJ Stat. Ann. Rule 511) - Social Worker-client (NJ Stat. Ann. Rule 518) - Mediator privilege (NJ Stat. Ann. Rule 519)
New Mexico	Confidentiality between victim and victim counselor.	N.M. Stat. Ann. §§ 31-25-1 through -6	Victim counselor means any employee or supervised volunteer of a victim counseling center or other agency, business or organization that provides counseling to victims who is not affiliated with a law enforcement agency or the office of a district attorney, has successfully completed forty hours of academic or other formal victim counseling training or has had a minimum of one year of experience in providing victim counseling and whose duties include victim counseling.	- Attorney-client (NMRA Rule 11-503) - Physician-patient (NMRA Rule 11-504) - Psychotherapist- patient (Rule 11-504) - Husband-wife (NMRA Rule 11-505)

State	Confidential Relationships	Applicable Statute(s)	Statutory Language & Exceptions	Other Confidential Relationships
				- Clergy privilege (NMRA Rule 11-506) - Probation Officer, Social Services Worker- client (NMRA Rule 11- 509)
New York	Confidentiality between rape crisis counselor and victim.	N.Y. C.P.L.R. 4510 (McKinney , Proposed Legislation)	Rape crisis counselor means any person who has been certified by an approved rape crisis program as having satisfied the training standards specified in subdivision fifteen of section two hundred six of the public health law, and who, regardless of compensation, is acting under the direction and supervision of an approved rape crisis program.	- Attorney-client (NY CPLR § 4503- Proposed Legislation) - Spouse privilege (NY CPLR § 4502) - Physician, Dentist, Podiatrist, Chiropractor, Nurse-patient (NY CPLR § 4504) - Clergy privilege (NY CPLR § 4505) - Psychologist-client (NY CPLR § 4507) - Social Worker-client (NY CPLR § 4508)
North Carolina	Confidentiality between victim and agent of a rape crisis center or domestic violence program. Agent cannot disclose any information which the agent	N.C. Gen. Stat. § 8- 53.12	Agent means an employee or agent of a center who has completed a minimum of 20 hours of training as required by the center, or a volunteer, under the direct supervision of a center supervisor, who has completed a minimum of 20 hours of training as required by the center. N.C. Gen. Stat. Ann. § 8-53.12 (West)	- Attorney-client (Rules Civ. Proc., G.S. § 1A-1, Rule 26- Proposed Legislation) - Physician-patient (NC ST § 8-53) - Clergymen-communicants (NC ST § 8-53.2) - Psychologist-client/patient (NC ST § 8-53.3)

State	Confidential Relationships	Applicable Statute(s)	Statutory Language & Exceptions	Other Confidential Relationships
	acquired during the provision of services to a victim and which information was necessary to enable the agent to render the services.	Statute(s)		- School Counselor privilege (NC ST § 8-53.4) - Licensed Marital and Family Therapist-client(s) (NC ST § 8-53.5) - Social Worker privilege (NC ST § 8-53.7) - Counselor-client (NC ST § 8-53.8) - Optometrist-patient (NC ST § 8-53.8) - Optometrist-patient (NC ST § 8-53.9) - Peer Support Group Counselors privilege (NC ST § 8-53.10) - Journalist privilege (NC ST § 8-53.11) - Nurse-patient (NC ST § 8-53.13) - Husband-wife (NC ST § 8-53.13)
North Dakota	Confidentiality between victim and all agents, employees, and volunteers participating in a domestic violence or sexual assault program.	N.D. Cent. Code § 14- 07.1-18	Exceptions include: a. A client consents to the release of information that relates only to that client or the client's dependents; b. The agent, employee, or volunteer operating a domestic violence or sexual assault program determines the disclosure of the information necessary for the efficient and safe operation of a domestic violence or sexual assault program; or for the protection of the safety of an employee, agent, volunteer, or client of a domestic violence or sexual assault program; or for the protection of a third party reasonably thought to be in need of protection; c. A court of competent jurisdiction orders the disclosure after an in camera review and a written finding by the court that the	- Attorney-client (N.D.R.Ev. Rule 502) - Physician-client (N.D.R.Ev. Rule 503) - Psychotherapist-client (N.D.R.Ev. Rule 503) - Husband-wife (N.D.R.Ev. Rule 504) - Religious privilege (N.D.R.Ev. Rule 504)

State	Confidential Relationships	Applicable Statute(s)	Statutory Language & Exceptions	Other Confidential Relationships
	Keittionsmips	Surve (s)	information directly and specifically relates to a determination of child abuse and neglect under chapter 50-25.1 or termination of parental rights under sections 14-15-19, 27-20-44, 27-20-45, 27-20-46, 27-20-47, and 27-20-48; or d. An agent, employee, or volunteer working with a domestic violence or sexual assault program has knowledge or reasonable cause to suspect a child has been abused or neglected as defined by section 50-25.1-02.	recutionships
Ohio	N/A	N/A	N/A	- Attorney-client (R.C. § 2317.02(A)) - Physician, Dentist-patient (R.C. § 2317.02(B)) - Clergy privilege (R.C. § 2317.02(C)) - Husband-wife (R.C. § 2317.02(D)) - School Guidance Counselor-client - Professional Clinical Counselor-client - Professional Counselor-client - Social Worker-client - Independent Social Worker-client - Marriage and Family Therapist or Independent Marriage and Family Therapist-client (R.C. § 2317.02(G)) - Mediator privilege (R.C. § 2317.02(H)) - Chiropractor-patient

State	Confidential	Applicable	Statutory Language & Exceptions	Other Confidential
	Relationships	Statute(s)		Relationships (R.C. § 2317.02(J)) - When a shelter for victims of domestic violence provides accommodations to a person, the shelter, on admitting the person, shall determine, if possible, the person's last known residential address and county of residence. The information concerning the address and county of residence is confidential and may be released only to a public children services agency pursuant to section 2151.422 of the Revised Code (R.C. § 3113.40)
Oklahoma	Confidentiality between state and local agencies and victims who have relocated.	22 Okl. Ann. § 60.14.	The purpose of this section is to enable state and local agencies to respond to requests for public records without disclosing the location of a victim of domestic abuse, sexual assault, or stalking, to enable interagency cooperation with the Attorney General in providing address confidentiality for victims of domestic abuse, sexual assault, or stalking, and to enable state and local agencies to accept an address designated by the Attorney General by a program participant as a substitute mailing address.	- Attorney-client (12 Okl. St. Ann. § 2502— Proposed Legislation) - Accountant-client (12 Okl. St. Ann. §2502.1) - Physician-patient (12 Okl. St. Ann. § 2503) - Psychotherapist- patient (12 Okl. St. Ann. § 2503) - Interpreter for the Deaf or Hard-of-Hearing privilege (12 Okl. St. Ann § 2503.1)

State	Confidential Relationships	Applicable Statute(s)	Statutory Language & Exceptions	Other Confidential Relationships
				- Spousal privilege (12
				Okl. St. Ann. § 2504)
				- Religious privilege (12
				Okl. St. Ann. § 2505)
				- Journalist's privilege
				(12 Okl. St. Ann. § 2506)
				- Peer Support
				Counseling
				confidentiality (12 Okl.
				St. Ann. § 2506.2)
Oregon	N/A	N/A	N/A	- Attorney-client (O.R.S.
				§ 40.225 Rule 503)
				- Psychotherapist-
				patient (O.R.S. § 40.230
				Rule 504)
				- Physician-patient
				(O.R.S. § 40.235 Rule
				504-1)
				- Nurse-patient (O.R.S. §
				40.240 Rule 504-2)
				- School Employee-
				student (O.R.S. § 40.245
				Rule 504-3)
				- Regulated Social
				Worker-client (O.R.S. §
				40.250 Rule 504-4)
				- Husband-wife (O.R.S. §
				40.255 Rule 505)
				- Clergy Member-
				penitent (O.R.S. § 40.260
				Rule 506)
				- Counselor-client
				(O.R.S. § 40.262 Rule
				507)
				- Stenographer-

State	Confidential Relationships	Applicable Statute(s)	Statutory Language & Exceptions	Other Confidential Relationships
Pennsylvani	Confidentiality between a victim and a domestic violence counselor/advo cate or a co participant who is present during domestic violence counseling/advocacy. No sexual assault counselor or an interpreter translating the	23 Pa. Cons. Stat. Ann. § 6116, 42 Pa.C.S.A. § 5945.1	A domestic violence counselor/advocate is an individual who is engaged in a domestic violence program, the primary purpose of which is the rendering of counseling or assistance to victims of domestic violence, who has undergone 40 hours of training (23 Pa. Cons. Stat. Ann. § 6102 (West)). Sexual assault counselor means a person who is engaged in any office, institution or center defined as a rape crisis center under this section, who has undergone 40 hours of sexual assault training and is under the control of a direct services supervisor of a rape crisis center, whose primary purpose is the rendering of advice, counseling or assistance to victims of sexual assault.	Relationships employer (O.R.S. § 40.265 Rule 508A) - Public Officer privilege (O.R.S. § 40.270 Rule 209) - Sign Language Interpreter privilege (O.R.S. § 40.272 Rule 509-1) - Interpreter privilege (O.R.S. § 40.273 Rule 509-2) - Attorney-client (Rules of Prof. Conduct, Rule 1.6, 42 Pa.C.S.A.) - Husband-wife (42 Pa.C.S.A. § 5923) - News Reporter privilege (42 Pa.C.S.A. § 5942) - Clergymen privilege (42 Pa.C.S.A. § 5943) - Psychiatrist, Licensed Psychologist-patient (42 Pa.C.S.A. § 5944) - School Personnel privilege (42 Pa.C.S.A. § 5945) - Peer Support Member privilege (42 Pa.C.S.A. § 5945) - Peer Support Member privilege (42 Pa.C.S.A. § 5952) - Physician-patient (42
	communication between a sexual assault			Pa.C.S.A. § 5929) - Interpreter, Translator privilege (63 P.S. §

State	Confidential Relationships	Applicable Statute(s)	Statutory Language & Exceptions	Other Confidential
	Relationships counselor and a victim may, without the written consent of the victim, disclose the victim's confidential oral or written communication s to the counselor nor consent to be examined in any court or criminal proceeding.	Statute(s)		Relationships 1725.7) - Crime Stopper, Anticrime Program privilege (42 Pa.C.S.A. 5945.2)
Rhode Island	Confidentiality between victim and sexual assault counselor. (Proposed Statute).	R.I. Const. art. I, § 10	Proposed statute would make communications privileged between sexual assault victim and sexual assault counselor. It would also provide for an in-camera hearing to permit trial judge to determine whether the counselor knows or has possession of material that is exculpatory in nature. An in-camera hearing would also ensure that no sensitive and irrelevant evidence is presented to the trier of fact. This strikes the requisite balance between an accused's constitutional right at trial and sexual assault victim's need for confidentiality in regard to any conversations between victim and counselor. R.I. Const. art. I, § 10 See also Advisory Opinion to the House of Representatives, 469 A.2d 1161, 1166-67 (R.I. 1983) 1. "Rape crisis center" shall mean any publicly or privately funded agency, institution, or facility, duly incorporated under the laws of this state, having as its purpose reducing the trauma of	- Attorney-client (Sup.Ct.Rules, Art. V, Rules of Prof.Conduct, Rule 1.6) - Physician-patient (RI ST § 9-17-24) - Clergy privilege (RI ST § 9-17-23) - Interpreter privilege (RI ST § 9-17-25) - Mental Health Counselor-client (RI ST § 5-63.2-18) - Marriage and Family Therapist-client (RI ST § 5-63.2-18) - Psychiatrist,

State	Confidential	Applicable	Statutory Language & Exceptions	Other Confidential
	Relationships	Statute(s)	convol account to convol account wintings and their femilies of	Relationships
			sexual assault to sexual assault victims and their families through crisis intervention, counseling, medical and legal information,	Psychologist-client (Gen.Laws 1956, § 5-
			and dissemination of educational information pertaining to the	37.3)
			crime of sexual assault.	37.3)
			2. "Sexual assault counselor" shall mean a person who (a) has	
			undergone twenty (20) or more hours of training from a rape	
			crisis center which shall include but not be limited to the	
			following areas: law, medicine, societal attitudes, crisis	
			intervention, counseling techniques, and referral services; and, (b)	
			is either a staff member, or under the supervision of a staff	
			member, of a rape crisis center.	
			3. "Sexual assault victim" shall mean a person who consults a sexual assault counselor for the purpose of securing information,	
			counseling, or assistance concerning a mental, physical, or	
			emotional condition caused by a sexual assault.	
			4. "Confidential communication" shall mean any communication	
			between a sexual assault victim and a sexual assault counselor	
			obtained in his or her professional capacity in the course of	
			rendering assistance or counseling to the sexual assault victim.	
South	N/A	N/A	N/A	- Attorney-client (Rule
Carolina				407, SCACR, Rules of
				Prof.Conduct, Rule 1.6)
				- Physician-patient (Code 1976 § 44-115-40)
				- Mental Health
				Provider-patient (Code
				1976 § 19-11-95)
South	Any program	SDCL §	Any shelter or service programs established pursuant to this	- Attorney-client (SDCL
Dakota	or shelter must	25-10-28	chapter shall have as its primary purpose the provision of services	§ 19-13-2)
	have	(West	to victims of domestic violence or sexual assault, or both, and	- Physician-patient
	confidentiality	2011)	shall include:	(SDCL § 19-13-6)
	of identity,		(1) Crisis telephone and referral services available twenty-four	- Psychotherapist-
	location,		hours per day, seven days per week;	patient (SDCL § 19-13-
	records, and information		(2) Shelter available twenty-four hours per day, seven days per week;	6) - Husband-wife (SDCL §
<u> </u>	ппогшаноп		wcck,	- masuana-whe (SDCL §

State	Confidential Relationships	Applicable Statute(s)	Statutory Language & Exceptions	Other Confidential Relationships
	pertaining to any person to whom services are or were provided, in order to receive funding.	Statute(s)	 (3) Prevention and education programs periodically available to the local community; (4) Victim advocacy; and (5) Confidentiality of identity, location, records, and information pertaining to any person to whom services are or were provided. 	19-13-12) - Religious privilege (SDCL § 19-13-16,17) - School Counselor- student (SDCL § 19-13- 21.1 and 2) - Sign Language Interpreter privilege (SDCL § 19-13-31) - Social Worker-client (SDCL § 36-26-30)
Tennessee	Confidentiality between domestic violence shelters and rape crisis centers and victims.	Tenn. Code Ann. § 36- 3-623	The records of domestic violence shelters and rape crisis centers shall be treated as confidential by the records custodian of such shelters or centers, unless the individual to whom the records pertain authorizes their release; or a court approves a subpoena for the records, subject to such restrictions as the court may impose, including in camera review.	- Attorney, Private Investigator-client (TN ST 24-1-209) - Marital privilege (TN ST § 24-1-207) - Clergy privilege (TN ST § 24-1-206) - Physician-patient, Psychiatrist-patient (TN ST § 24-1-207) - News Media privilege (TN ST § 24-1-208) - Interpreter privilege (TN ST § 24-1-210,211)
Texas	Confidentiality between advocate and survivor, or person claiming to be a survivor, except for use in a criminal investigation or proceeding in	Tex. Govt Code Ann. § 420.071 (Vernon)	Advocate means a person who provides advocacy services as an employee or volunteer of a sexual assault program (Tex. Govt Code Ann. § 420.003 (Vernon).	- Attorney-client (TX R Evid Rule 503) - Husband-wife (TX R Evid Rule 504) - Clergy privilege (TX R Evid Rule 505) - Physician-patient (TX R Evid Rule 509) - Mental Health Professional-patient (TX

State	Confidential Polationships	Applicable Statute(g)	Statutory Language & Exceptions	Other Confidential
	Relationships response to a subpoena issued in accordance with law.	Statute(s)		Relationships R Evid Rule 510)
Utah	Confidentiality between a victim and a sexual assault counselor.	U.C.A. 1953 § 77- 38-201 to 204	Sexual assault counselor means a person who is employed by or volunteers at a rape crisis center who has a minimum of 40 hours of training in counseling and assisting victims of sexual assault and who is under the supervision of the director or designee of a rape crisis center. Exceptions include: (1) the victim is a minor and the counselor believes it is in the best interest of the victim to disclose the confidential communication to the victim's parents; (2) the victim is a minor and the minor's parents or guardian have consented to disclosure of the confidential communication to a third party based upon representations made by the counselor that it is in the best interest of the minor victim to make such disclosure; (3) the victim is not a minor, has given consent, and the counselor believes the disclosure is necessary to accomplish the desired result of counseling; or (4) the counselor has an obligation under Title 62A, Chapter 4a, Child and Family Services, to report information transmitted in the confidential communication (Utah Code Ann. § 77-38-204 (West)).	- Husband-wife (UT R Rev Rule 502) - Clergy privilege (UT R Rev Rule 503) - Attorney-client (UT R Rev Rule 504) - Physician-patient (UT R Rev Rule 506) - Mental Health Therapist-patient (UT R Rev Rule 506) - News Reporter privilege (UT R Rev Rule 509)
Vermont	Confidentiality between victim and crisis worker	Vt. Stat. Ann. Tit. 12 § 1614(b)	Crisis worker means an employee or volunteer who provides direct services to victims of abuse or sexual assault for a domestic violence program or sexual assault crisis program incorporated or organized for the purpose of providing assistance, counseling or support services; has undergone 20 hours of training and works under the direction of a supervisor of the program, supervises employees or volunteers, or administers the program; and is certified by the director of the program.	- Attorney-client (VT R Rev Rule 502) - Physician, Dentist, Nurse-patient (VT R Rev Rule 503) - Mental Health Professional-patient (incl. Psychologist, Social Worker) (VT R Rev Rule 503)

State	Confidential Relationships	Applicable Statute(s)	Statutory Language & Exceptions	Other Confidential Relationships
				- Husband-wife (VT R Rev Rule 504) - Religious privilege (VT R Rev Rule 505)
Virginia	Confidentiality between programs and individuals providing services to victims of sexual assault or domestic violence and victims.	Va. Code Ann § 63.2- 104.1(B)	Programs shall include public and not-for profit agencies the primary mission of which is to provide services to victims of sexual or domestic violence. If release of information described in subsection B is compelled by statutory or court mandate, the service provider shall make reasonable attempts to provide notice to victims affected by the disclosure of information; and shall take steps necessary to protect the privacy and safety of the persons affected by the release of the information.	- Attorney-client (VA R S CT PT 6 § 2 RPC Rule 1.6) - Marital privilege (VA ST § 8.01-398) - Physician-patient (VA ST § 8.01-399) - Religious privilege (VA ST § 8.01-400) - Interpreter privilege (VA ST § 8.01-400.1, 406) - Mental Health Professional-client (incl. Licensed Professional Counselor, Clinical Social Worker, Psychologist, Marriage and Family Therapist) (VA ST § 8.01-400.2)
Washington	Confidentiality	Rev. Code	Sexual assault advocate means the employee or volunteer from a	- Attorney, Counselor-
	between victim and sexual	of Wash. Ann §	community sexual assault program or underserved populations provider, victim assistance unit, program, or association, that	client - Spousal privilege
	assault	5.60.060	provides information, medical or legal advocacy, counseling, or	- Clergy privilege
	advocate or		support to victims of sexual assault, who is designated by the	- Physician, Surgeon,
	domestic	Rev. Code	victim to accompany the victim to the hospital or other health	Osteopathic or Podiatric
	violence	of Wash.	care facility and to proceedings concerning the alleged assault,	Physician or Surgeon-
	advocate.	Ann §	including police and prosecution interviews and court	patient

¹⁴ Updated February 23, 2017.

State	Confidential Relationships	Applicable Statute(s)	Statutory Language & Exceptions	Other Confidential Relationships
	Retutionships	70.123.075	proceedings. Wash. Rev. Code Ann. § 5.60.060 (West) If disclosure of a victim's records is required by court order, the domestic violence program shall make reasonable attempts to provide notice to the recipient affected by the disclosure, and shall take steps necessary to protect the privacy and safety of the persons affected by the disclosure of the information. Wash. Rev. Code Ann. § 70.123.075 (West)	- Public Officer privilege - Peer Support Group Counselor-client - Mental Health Counselor-client - Independent Clinical Social Worker-client - Marriage and Family Therapist-client (WA ST § 5.60.060)
West Virginia ¹⁵	Confidentially between domestic violence program or shelter and victim, IF the program receives funds from the state.	W.Va. Code § 48- 26-701	Shelter means residential services offered by a licensed domestic violence program on a temporary basis, to persons who are victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, stalking or human trafficking, and their children. Domestic violence program means a licensed program of a locally controlled nonprofit organization, established primarily for the purpose of providing advocacy services, comprising both a shelter component and an outreach component, to victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, stalking or human trafficking, and their children: Provided, That the board may temporarily or permanently close either the shelter component or the outreach component of a domestic violence program. Requirement to disclose information pursuant to a court order is an exception to confidentiality.	- Attorney-client (Rules of Prof. Conduct, Rule 1.6) - Mental Health Professional-patient (WV ST § 27-3-1— Proposed Legislation) - Licensed Professional Counselor-client (WV ST § 30-31-16) - Social Worker-client (WV ST § 30-30-24) - Physician-patient (W. Va. Code, § 30-3-9)
Wisconsin ¹⁶	Confidentiality between victim and domestic violence or sexual assault	WSA § 905.045	Victim advocate means an individual who is an employee of or a volunteer for an organization the purpose of which is to provide counseling, assistance, or support services free of charge to a victim.	Physician-patientRegistered Nurse- patientChiropractor-patientPsychologist-patient

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State	Confidential	Applicable	Statutory Language & Exceptions	Other Confidential
	Relationships	Statute(s)		Relationships
	advocate.			- Social worker-patient
				- Marriage and Family
				Therapist-patient
				- Podiatrist-patient
				- Professional
				Counselor-patient
				(W.S.A. 905.04)
				- Interpreter privilege
				(W.S.A. 905.015)
				- Attorney-client (W.S.A.
				905.03)
				- Husband-wife (W.S.A. 905.05)
				- Clergy privilege (W.S.A. 905.06)
Wyoming ¹⁷	Confidentiality	Wyo. Stat.	Advocate or family violence or sexual assault advocate means a	- Attorney-client
wyoming	between victim	§ 1-12-	person who is employed by or volunteers services to any family	- Physician-patient
	and family	116(b)(i)	violence and sexual assault program, who is certified by the	- Religious privilege
	violence or	110(0)(1)	program as having undergone at least forty (40) hours of crisis	- Husband-wife
	sexual assault		advocacy training and whose work is directed and supervised	(W.S.1977 § 1-12-101)
	advocate.		under a family violence and sexual assault program.	(110012) 11 3 1 12 101)
	Confidentiality		, and an	
	provision only			
	relates to			
	examination of			
	a witness.			
Guam ¹⁸	Confidentiality	9 G.C.A. §	"Human trafficking caseworker" means a person who is	-Attorney-client
	between	26.40	employed by any organization whether financially compensated	privilege
	trafficking		or not, for the purpose of rendering advice or assistance to	-Spousal privilege
	victim and		victims of human trafficking, who has received specialized	-Physician-patient
	human		training in the counseling of victims of trafficking in persons, and	privilege
	trafficking		who meets one of the following requirements:	-Psychotherapist
	caseworker.		(1) holds a bachelor's degree or higher in counseling or a related	privilege

¹⁷ Updated February 23, 2017. ¹⁸ Updated February 23, 2017.

State	Confidential Relationships	Applicable Statute(s)	Statutory Language & Exceptions	Other Confidential Relationships
			field; or has one year of counseling experience, at least six months of which is in the counseling of victims of trafficking in persons; or (2) has at least 40 hours of training as specified in this paragraph and is supervised by an individual who qualifies as a counselor under subparagraph (1) or by a psychotherapist. The training, supervised by a person qualified under subparagraph (1), shall include, but need not be limited to, the following areas: history of human trafficking, civil and criminal law as it relates to human trafficking, societal attitudes towards human trafficking, peer counseling techniques, housing, public assistance and other financial resources available to meet the financial needs of trafficking victims, and referral services available to trafficking victims. A portion of this training must include an explanation of privileged communication.	-Clergyman-penitent privilege (6 G.C.A. § 504) -Disclosing location of trafficking victim, trafficking shelter, or domestic violence shelter is a misdemeanor. (9 G.C.A. § 26.41).
Puerto Rico	Confidentiality between crime victim and his/her counselor.	T. 32 Ap. I, Rule 26-A	Counselor.— Any person duly authorized, certified or licensed by the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico to carry out the functions of a counselor, orientator, consultant, therapist or any employee or supervised volunteer of a help and counseling center that offers treatment and help to crime victims.	-Attorney-client privilege -Spousal privilege -Clergyman-penitent privilege -Physician-patient privilege -Accountant-client privilege (T.32, Ap.I Rules 25-30).
Virgin Islands	No confidentiality			-Attorney-client privilege -Physician-patient privilege -Marital privilege -Priest-penitent privilege (5 V.I.C. § 854-57).