





EVIDENCE List

IMMIGRANT VICTIMS APPLYING FOR VAWA SELF-PETITIONING¹

This is a comprehensive list. In most cases, these documents are not mandatory. However, the more documentation available, the easier it will be for a VAWA selfpetitioner to be successful in her application.

The following is a list of the requirements that must be met by an applicant, and some suggestions of evidence that may be offered to meet each requirement. Additionally, the Department of Homeland Security (DHS) is required to consider "any credible evidence" in its adjudication of an applicant's case. The suggested evidentiary documents in this memo are meant to be guidelines, and not exhaustive descriptions of the types of evidence that may be offered to support an application under the U Visa.

1. Proof of applicant's identity and immigration status

Exists	Brought In	
		Birth Certificate of applicant and her children
		Copies of passport and I-94 card on behalf of applicant and her children
		Other documents received from or sent to the Department of Homeland
		Security (DHS), U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS) and
		Immigration Court.

2. Evidence of spouse's/parent's/over 21 year old citizen son or daughter's immigration status

Exists Brought In

Copyright © National Immigrant Women's Advocacy Project, American University, Washington College of Law 2013

¹ This document has been updated and adapted from one developed jointly by Legal Momentum, Organization en California de Lideres Campesinas, and the Iowa Coalition Against Domestic Violence that was included in Breaking Barriers: A Complete Guild to Legal Rights and Resources for Battered Immigrants (Legal Momentum, Washington, D.C. 2004) and Legal Momentum and Organizacion en California de Lideres Campesinas, "Advocacy To Improve Service For Battered Migrant and Immigrant Women Living In Rural Communities: A Manual" (Legal Momentum, Washington, D.C. 2002).

This project was supported by Grant No. 2011-TA-AX-K002 awarded by the Office on Violence Against Women, U.S. Department of Justice. The opinions, findings, conclusions, and recommendations expressed in this publication/program/exhibition are those of the author(s) and do not necessarily reflect the views of the Department of Justice, Office on Violence Against Women.

This manual was made possible by Grant Number #90EV0402 from the Administration on Children, Youth and Families, Family and Youth Services Bureau, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services awarded to the National Resource Center on Domestic Violence with the Women of Color Network as the author and distributor. Its contents are solely the responsibility of the authors and do not necessarily represent the official views of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. It's contents are solely the responsibility of the authors and do not necessarily represent the official views of the Health Resources and Services Administration or the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.

 	Birth Certificate (if spouse/parent/over 21 year old son or daughter was born in the United States)
 	Naturalization Certificate
 	Lawful Permanent Resident Card (i.e "Green Card")
 	Copies of spouse/parent/over 21 year old citizen son or daughter's U.S. passport
 	US State Department Form FS-240 reporting the birth of a U.S. Citizen outside of the U.S.
 	I-551 Stamp in Spouse/parent's passport showing evidence of lawful permanent residence
 	Declaration for U.S. Consulate official certifying that spouse/parent/over 21 U.S. citizen child is a U.S. Citizen and possesses a valid US passport

3. Evidence of the marital relationship²

Exists	Brought In	
		Marriage Certificate.

4. Termination of previous marriages

Exists	Brought In	
		Divorce decree/ Final order of divorce
		Annulment decree
		Death certificate of deceased abusive spouse

5. Proof of good faith marriage

Exists	Brought In	
		Marriage Certificate
		Affidavit from the official who conducted the wedding ceremony
		Birth Certificates of children born of the marriage
		Affidavit from the applicant recounting the story of the
		engagement and wedding ceremony, include stories about the
		home and experiences the two shared
		Photographs of the wedding, vacations and other experiences the
		two shared before and after the wedding
		Correspondence including love letters
		Cards or letters from the abusive spouse to the applicant's family
		Names, addresses, telephone numbers of people that knew the applicant
		and the abusive spouse as a couple
		Letters from the applicant's employer or health care provider
		asserting that the applicant changed her name after the wedding

² Needed for abused spouses and for abused step-children (evidence of marriage between non-abusive immigrant parent and abusive citizen step-parent).

Adapted and updated from Legal Momentum and Organización en California de Líderes Campesinas, Inc.

 	Forms of identification (driver's license) indicating the change in applicant's surname after the wedding
	Police, court, medical, school or any other documents that provide
 	information reflecting that the applicant and the abuser are or have
	C 11
	been a married couple and the time period they resided together.
 	Signed affidavits from landlords, neighbors, friends, attesting to the fact that the parties reside or resided together.
	Insurance policy statements including names of parties and children
 	covered type of coverage (auto, health, life insurance).
	Copies of jointly filed tax forms during the marriage
 	Bank statements with both the applicant's and the abusive
 	spouse's names
 	Copies of the housing lease with both the applicant's and the
	abusive spouse's names
 	Mail addressed to both individuals as a couple
 	Proof of vacations taken together (copies of plane tickets showing they
	traveled together and sat together, photographs, receipts)
 	Receipts or payments from large jointly purchased items (cars,
	house, household appliances, etc.)
 	Copies of joint membership applications (gym, pool, other
	organizations)
 	Automobile registration for jointly owned vehicles
	Statements from friends, neighbors or family members, etc.
	Copies of utility bills-gas, telephone, electricity, water, etc.
	Academic bills or records naming the applicant and abusive
 	spouse as the children's parents
	Children's medical bills naming the applicant and the
 	abusive spouse as the parents

6. If abusive spouse has died within the last two years, the following is required:

Death Certificate

7. If the applicant has divorced her abusive spouse within the last two years, the following is required:

Exists	Brought In	
		Final Declaration of Divorce demonstrating the date of final divorce
		Copies of the relevant law that the criminal activity has violated
		Copies of any arrest warrants
		Copies of any complaint reports
		Copies of any police reports
		Copies of any domestic violence incident report

Adapted and updated from Legal Momentum and Organización en California de Líderes Campesinas, Inc.

Affidavit of the pertinent law enforcement officer regarding the nature of the criminal activity

8. If the abusive spouse is engaged in a bigamous relationship, the following is required:

Exists	Brought In	
		Marriage Certificate
		Copies of the application for the marriage license
		Photographs of the wedding ceremony
		Affidavit signed by the witnesses present at the
		wedding ceremony
		Affidavit signed by the self-petitioner indicating
		why she believed that she was legally married to the abuser
		and that to the best of her knowledge the wedding was legal

9. Proof of parent/child relationship

G
c
c
of age
of that
etween
ody
ent
usly
1
his/her

³ These requirements will vary depending on the laws of the country where the child was born. See generally, INA § 101(b)(1)(C), 8 U.S.C. § 1101(b)(1)(C); Matter of Martinez, 21 I & N Dec. 1035, 1038 (1997); Matter of Cabrera, 21 I & N Dec. 589 (BIA 1996); Matter of Obando, 16 I & N Dec. 278 (BIA 1977).

Adapted and updated from Legal Momentum and Organización en California de Líderes Campesinas, Inc.

Children included in the self petition

- child's birth certificate, listing the names of the child's parents along with an English translation, where applicable;
- if the self-petitioner is the child's father:
 - Marriage license or certificate documenting the child's parents were married;
 - Evidence of the child's legitimation; or
 - Evidence of a bona fide parent-child relationship (pictures, letters).

10. Proof of residence with abusive spouse/former spouse/parent/over **21** year old citizen child

Exists	Brought In	
		Birth certificates of children born both in the United States
		and/or in other countries
		Family photographs with family members together
		Cards or letters mailed to the petitioner at the residence shared with the
		abuser (including cancelled postmarks)
		Cards or letters mailed to the abuser at the residence shared with the
		Petitioner (including cancelled postmarks).
		Testimony or statements from family friends, landlords, neighbors who
		knew the family when they lived together. Include names, telephone
		numbers, and addresses of people that knew the couple
		Copies of tax forms
		U.S. legal documents with both of the names of the petitioner
		and the abuser
		Documents that indicate the names of the abuser and self-
		petitioner: employment, school registration, or
		children's school records
		Mail including both the names of the self-petitioner
		and abuser
		Mail separately addressed to the petitioner and the abuser,
		received on the same day and to the same address
		Mortgage payments, rental contracts, receipts from rent payment
		and related documents
		Utility bills
		Medical documents or medical bills
		Car insurance, health or life insurance that include both names
		Credit card bills
		Bank statements
		Rental agreements, property deeds, or lease agreements
		indicating jointly owned property
		Any correspondence in both names (magazines, newsletters)

Adapted and updated from Legal Momentum and Organización en California de Líderes Campesinas, Inc.

10. Proof of battering or extreme cruelty

Exists	Brought In	
		Personal Statement— Describe in detail what your spouse did to you
		(isolation, insults, threats, economic abuse, threats of deportation, etc.)
		and how it made you feel. If your spouse abused you physically, describe
		several events/occasions in detail. If there are no witnesses and you
		never called the police, your personal statement will be critical in the
		decision process.
		Police reports and documented police visits to the residence
		Copies of phones bills indicating phone calls made by the
		petitioner
		Official protection order or restraining orders obtained in any
		U.S. state
		Letters of support from priests, teachers, or friends
		from work
		Medical reports or psychological examinations
		Statements from witnesses of the abuse or people who knew
		or learned of any form of abusive behavior. (children, neighbors,
		family members, friends, etc.)
		Photographs of the inflicted wounds taken by the petitioner or
		any other person (lawyer, social worker, or police officer).
		The abusive spouse/parent/over 21 year old citizen child's criminal
		record documenting criminal conviction for aggression, property
		destruction or other acts of domestic violence
		Records from shelters or affidavits stating the date when
		petitioner entered the shelter and an account of the events that
		lead to seeking the refuge
		Damaged items or photographs of damaged items (clothes,
		telephones, etc.)
		Any document, report or affidavit signed by a police officer,
		judge, social worker or service provider
		Court orders regarding custody, visitation rights or child care
		Criminal court records for fiscal citations or indictment for
		domestic violence
		Medical records for treatment sought due to domestic violence,
		records of previously existing medical conditions

11. Good moral character

Exists	Brought In	
		Statement of self-petitioner Local or state police clearance records from the past three years
Ada	upted and updated from L	egal Momentum and Organización en California de Líderes Campesinas, Inc.

of every city the petitioner has lived in for more than six months. Fingerprints (may be used as an alternative to the above; should be taken at an official DHS location, through the FBI or another law enforcement agency).

The following additional forms of evidence may also submitted. However, this is in addition to the evidence listed above.

- 12. Dependent Children To Be Included in the Victims VAWA Self-Petition As Derivative Children

Birth certificates of the petitioner's children who are not U.S. citizens or lawful permanent residents

13. If you live outside of the United States

Exists	Brought In	
		Documents stating the name and the address of the employer of the abusive spouse/parent/U.S. son or daughter
		Pay stubs of the abuser
		Proof of employment
		Copy of the abuser's Military I.D.
		Copy of the abuser's U.S. Government I.D.
		Copies of military orders

Adapted and updated from Legal Momentum and Organización en California de Líderes Campesinas, Inc.